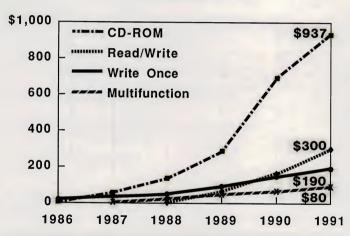
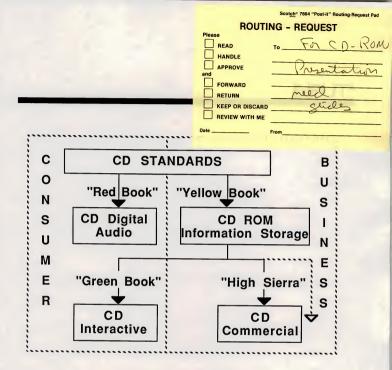
# OPTICAL DISK MARKETS, 1986-1991 (\$ Millions)









# COMPUTER INTEGRATED MANUFACTURING MARKETS, 1986-1990

Graham Kemp Vice President INPUT





#### **CIM: WHO NEEDS IT?**

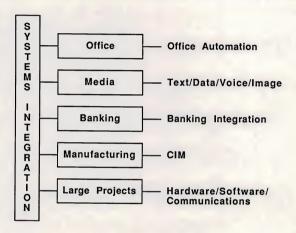
- 268,000 Manufacturing Plants in the U.S. (SIC Codes 20-39)
- 230,000 Have Less than 100 employees
- 75% Are Job Shop Manufacturers
- 15,000 Have More than 200 Employees
- 10,000 MRP Systems Installed



### CIM

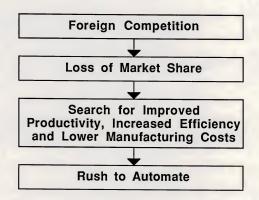
- Misnomer?
- CIM Is Systems Integration Applied to the Manufacturing Environment
- CIM and Automation Not Synonymous -(Process Integration Not Just Technology Integration)







#### WHY CIM?





<u>Year</u>	Planning/ Admin.	Product Design	Mfg.	Shop Floor
				• JiT
				• Robotics
1980	MRP II			• Al
	<ul> <li>Group</li> <li>Tech.</li> </ul>		CAD/     CAM	• FMS
1970	• MRP		Simulation	CNC/DNC
1960	<ul><li>Process Planning</li></ul>	• CAD	• CAM	<ul> <li>Programmable Controls</li> </ul>
1950	<ul><li>Inventory Control</li></ul>	<ul><li>Drafting</li></ul>		



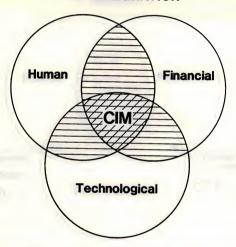


### **MANUFACTURING REALITIES 1986**

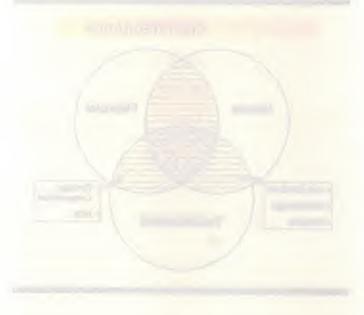
- Shorter Product Life Cycle, Production Runs
- Broader Product Mix
- Higher Quality, Lower Costs Needed
- Drive for Customer Responsiveness
- [ Team Spirit, Consensus Decision Making]



# CIM INTEGRATION



# TURK





### **CIM GOALS**

- Convert Batch Processes → Continuation of Real Time Processes
- Integrate Manufacturing Decision Making with Variable External Demand
- Integrate Manufacturing Processes
- Improve Quality/Productivity, Reduce Costs





### **CIM: LIMITED MARKET - SO FAR**

- Costly Strategic Option
- Large Corporation Option
- Piecemeal Adoption Possible
- Outsourcing?



# **CIM MARKETS**



#### CIM CAVEATS

- Easier to Talk about "Islands of Automation" (CAD/CAE, CAM, MRPII, Robotics, AGVS, NC, Process Control, etc, etc.)
- Most CIM Components Are People Systems Not Just Computer/Automation Systems
- Process Integration Requires a Game Plan; without It There Can Be No Vision of Steps to Take



### WHERE DO I START?

- MRP II?
- JiT/KANBAN?
- NC/CNC/DNC
- CAD/CAM/CAE?
- Robotics?



#### MRP II BEFORE JIT?

- Successful MRP II Good Springboard for Successful JiT - Controls Stockroom, Purchasing and Shop Floor
- MRP II Not Suitable for Small Lot, Fast Flow Common to JiT Environment
- JiT Means Continually Changing Operational Methods



#### MRP II AT NISSAN

- Parts Scheduled with Suppliers by Communications Links; Confirmed/Updated/ Changed Every 15'.
- Some Synchro Scheduling, Requiring Truck Loading to Be in Exact Sequence Cars Are Coming down the Assembly Line.
- Master Schedule: 99% on Time, Measured Hourly. Supplier On-time Delivery 99.9%, Manufactured 99.5%. Inventory of Purchased Parts Turned Once a Day.





#### **GROUP TECHNOLOGY**

- Grouping of Similar Products, Operations to Maximize Design/Manufacturing Efficiencies
- Data Base of Part Design and Manufacturing Characteristics plus Retrieval Software
- Interface with CAD and Process Planning



### JIT OBJECTIVES

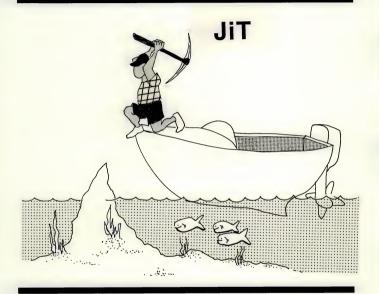
- Increase Manufacturing Responsiveness/ Flexibility
- Lower Manufacturing Costs
- Improve Product Quality
- Give Employees a Sense of Contribution/ Self Worth



#### JIT APPROACH

- Reduce Inventory to Expose Problems, Solve Them and Lower Inventory again
- Pull-through Production: Sales Driven
- Management/Labor Focus: Collaborative Solutions







#### JIT ADVANTAGES

- Increases Manufacturing Cycle Efficiency
- Synchronizes Operations Flow:
  - No Operations Scheduling
  - Little Materials Handling
  - Immediate Quality Feedback
  - Reduced Rework
- Involves Everyone in Problem-solving/ Decision-making

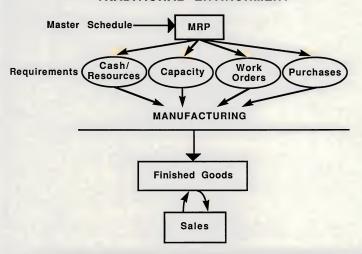


# TOYOTA'S JIT SPECIFIC OBJECTIVES

- Reduce Inventory 75%
- Increase Output/Worker 30-40%
- Reduce Defects 90%
- Align Production with Sales



## TRADITIONAL ENVIRONMENT





#### JIT APPLICATION

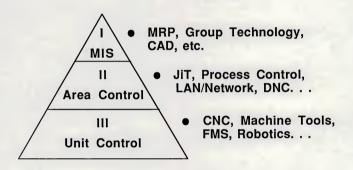
- Assembly Line/Job Shop
- Kanban Shop Floor Control (Electronic?)
- Pull versus Push
- Slow Process, Area by Area
- Mental Shift, Systems Shift



# STATUS OF CIM 1986



# CIM OPERATIONAL LEVELS





# CIM MARKETS



28 JJJJ GK2 J(s)28b



# U.S. MANUFACTURING PLANT AND EQUIPMENT EXPENDITURES

- U.S. Businesses Plan to Spend 2.5% Less in 1986 than in 1985
- Widespread Downward Revisions in Manufacturing Sector Growth
- Removal of Investment Incentives in Pending Tax Bill



## **CIM'S SLOW PROGRESS**

- Rapid Change in Technology; Far Ahead of U.S. Industry's Ability to Implement It
- Management Confused, III-prepared to Implement CIM, not Knowledgeable
- Traditional Organizational Resistance to Change
- Even Very Large Corporations Are Implementing CIM at a Slower than Anticipated Pace



# **EVEN "ISLAND" IMPLEMENTATION IS SLOW**

# **Example**

Amana refrigeration's implementation of MRP II will take three years to train engineering, service, manufacturing, purchasing, personnel, accounting and quality control departments in its use.



# **ROBOTICS**

- GM Cancels \$80 Million of Orders
- GMF Robotics Reduces Staff to 500 (from 700)
- Machine Vision International Lost \$7 Million in First Half 1986
- Slower Development than Forecast



#### THE HUMAN ELEMENT

- Introducing People to a New System Is a Lengthy Process, Requires Patience the U.S. Worker Views Technology As an Adversary
- Incremental Changes, Evolution Required, not Sudden Technological Revolution
- Japanese Advantage Is Their Culture and Painstaking Attention to Detail





#### U.S. VERSUS JAPAN

- Japanese Orientation Is for Process Improvement, Long-term Production Evolution
- U.S. View Has Been, "We're Behind, Technology Can Provide a Quick Fix, Go for It."
- Japanese Approach Tightens the Bond/Blurs the Distinction between Management and Workers; U.S. Approach Widens the Gap



#### TECHNOLOGY IS MIXED BLESSING

- Technological Change Has Instant But Short-term Impact
- Great Benefits Can Be Obtained, but Systems Are often Complex and Difficult to Use
- Automating a Poor Shop Floor Layout with Inefficient Product Designs and Poor Production Planning Is Not Progress





# MISDIRECTED?

- GM's Buick City Has Emphasis on Technology/Hardware (\$300M): 30% Reduction in Manufacturing Costs and Substantial Problems
- GM/Toyota Milpitas Plant Has Emphasis on People, Procedures and Production Process Plus Limited/Old Technology: 70% Reduction in Manufacturing Costs and Few Problems



### THE RETURN ON INVESTMENT HANG UP

- Larger, Public Companies Generally Screen Investment Decisions for Short-Term Quantifiable Returns (2 to 3 Yr. Payback)
- Traditional Payback Formulae Are Sometimes Difficult to Apply: The Accountant's View Is Likely To Be "I Can't Wholeheartedly Recommend this Investment".



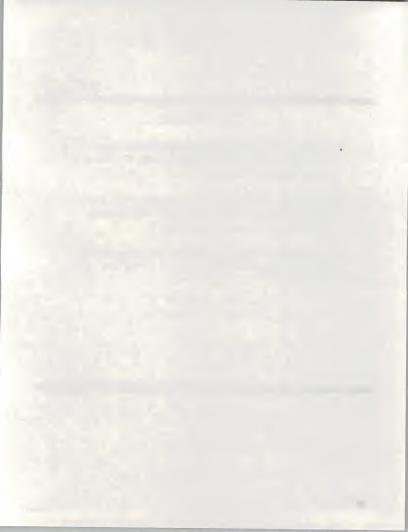
### SYSTEMS INTEGRATORS LACKING

- Few Companies Willing/Able to Assume Total Project Responsibility. Exceptions: Arthur Andersen, Systems Control, etc.
- Most Hardware Suppliers Are Not Interested in Being Anything Else = "Limit the Liability".
- Software Vendors Have a Broader View, but Many Won't Even Customize Their Product.



### CIM - A PAUSE

- A Lot of Small/Medium-sized Companies Are Not Looking to Change: Daily Routine Is All They Can Handle
- Inceasing Proportion of those Medium/Large Companies Who Have Bought Technology Are Having Trouble Digesting It
- Growing Concern of Those Who Might Have Made CIM Investments That It Might Be "Too Soon"



### **CIM's CURRENT STATUS**

- Some Large/Very Large Corporations Pressing Ahead with Revolutionary, Highstakes Automation/Networking/Integration
- Middle-size Corporations Cautiously Implementing One Aspect at a Time
- Most Small Corporations Doing Very Little



## CIM MARKET FORECAST AND SUMMARY



# CIM COMPONENTS, 1985-1990

	SALES (\$	Billions)
SEGMENT	1985	1990
CAD/CAM/CAE	\$3.2	\$11.1
MRP II	\$1.9	\$5.1
Process Control	\$1.1	\$2.3
FMS/FMC	\$0.4	\$1.8
Robotics	\$0.5	\$1.3
LAN/Networks	\$0.1	\$0.7
Totals	\$7.2 B	\$22.3 B



## CIM-INTEGRATION OF ISLANDS OF AUTOMATION

MARKET SEGMENT	PERCENT INTEGRATED
CAD/CAM/CAE	15%
MRP II	12%
Process Control	7%
Robotics	3%
LAN/Networks	80%





### **CIM SUMMARY**

- The Tools Are Secondary to the Process and to the Human Equation
- The Tools Can Wait, the Process Integration Can't
- Automation (e.g. Robotics) Has Well-defined Role
- Waiting for the Perfect Solution Is a Recipe for Losing Market Share



### **CIM SUMMARY**

### TEAMWORK...

- Problem-solving Culture Beats Automation
- User/Vendors (CIM)
- User/Suppliers (Manufacturing)
- Management/Supervisors/Workers

... AND PATIENCE!!

