Information Systems Program

1988 Planning Report

INPUT

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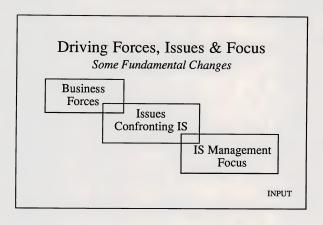


Topics

- · Research Methodology
- IS Environment—1987 versus 1988
- Information Systems Budget
- Application Development— Issues & Trends
- · Directions into the 1990's

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Information Systems Environment 1987 versus 1988

Driving Forces

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USM2-DT1-7		



Driving Forces—1987

- Rising Expectations of Senior Management
- Cost-Sensitive Business Environment
- Ability to Conceptualize More Complex Applications
- Expanding Wealth of Powerful Technology
- · Unstable Organizational Environment

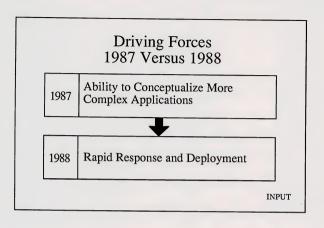
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Driving Forces 1987 Versus 1988 Rising Expectations of Senior Management Cost-Sensitive Business Environment 1988 "Bottom Line" Return

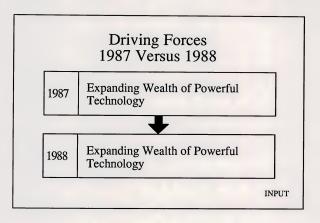
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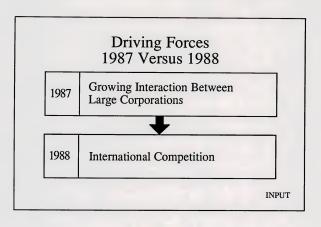
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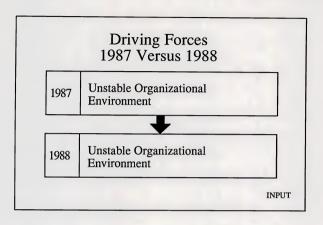
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Driving Forces—1988

- · "Bottom Line" Return
- · Rapid Response and Deployment
- Expanding Wealth of Powerful Technology
- International Competition
- Unstable Organizational Environment

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Information Systems Environment 1987 versus 1988

Major Issues

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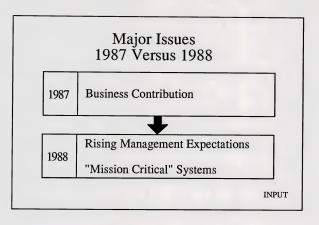


Major Issues—1987

- · Business Contribution
- Connectivity
- Development Productivity
- Data Management
- Integration
- User Involvement

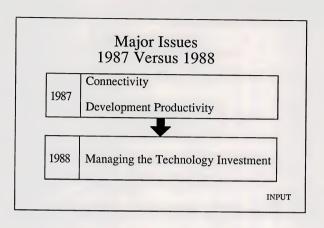
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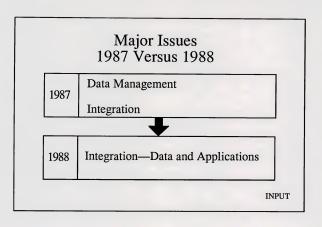
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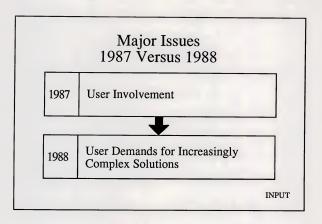
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USM2-DT1-19	





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USM2-DT1-20	



Major Issues—1988

- Rising Management Expectations
- User Demands for Increasingly Complex Solutions
- Managing the Technology Investment
- Integration—Data and Applications
- Development Productivity
- · "Mission Critical" Systems

NOTES:		
USM2-DT1-21		



Major Issues Survey Results

Issue	% Responses
General Economy	1
Industry Specific	10
Organization	4
Technology	27
Managing IS	25
IS Direction	9
Applications Needs	14

NOTES:			
USM2-DT1-22			



Information Services Vendor Shortcomings

Issue	% Responses	
Integration	4	-
Connectivity	11	
Standards	3	
Application Solutions	12	
Development Environn	nent 6	
Support	nent 6 29	
On-Time Delivery	6	
Cost Control	9	
Industry Knowledge	5	
NO PROBLEMS	15	INPUT

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USM2-DT1-23 & 23a	



Information Systems Budget

1987-1989 Trends

NOTES:		
USM2-DT1-24		



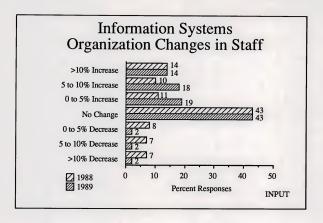
Factors Affecting IS Budget

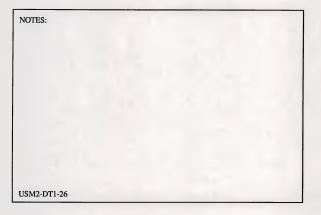
(Percent)			
Factor	'88	'89	
Economy	4	5	
Industry Climate	4	4	
Organization Climate	23	22	
IS Staff Costs	16	14	
Technology Costs	39	45	
Organization	6	3	
Competition	1	1	
Major Projects	7	6	
			INPUT

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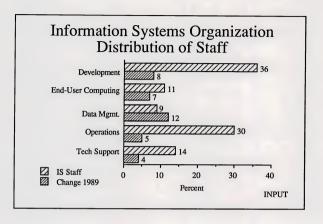
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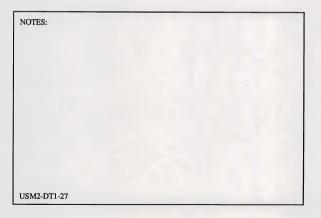




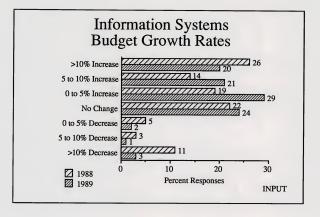


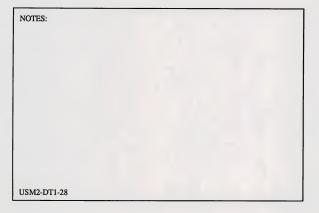














Information Systems Budget Budget Distribution and Growth

(Percent)

Category	'87	'88	'88 (Gro	'89 wth)
Personnel	41	38	-7	2
Computer Hardware	25	26	4	4
Communications	9	11	22	5
External Product &	14	15	7	2
Services				
Other	11	10	-9	0
				INPUT

NOTES:

USM2-DT1-29



Information Systems Budget Computer Hardware

(Percent)

Category	'87	'88	'88 (Gro	'89 wth)
Mainframes	43	45	5	4
Minicomputers	13	12	-8	2
Micros	9	9	0	7
Mass Storage	18	17	-6	1
Other	17	17	0	1

NOTES:		

USM2-DT1-30		



Information Systems Planned Computing Technologies

(Percent)

Development	12	Networking	14
AI/Expert Sys	8	Voice/Image	18
Applications	11	LAN/Dist Proc	8
Office Systems	4	Data Base	9
EDI	5	Intelligent WS	11

NOTES:		
USM2-DT1-31		



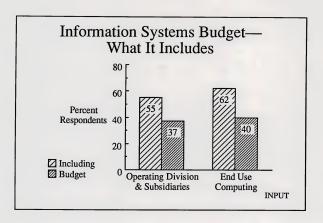
Information Systems Budget External Products and Services

(Percent)

(r creent)						
Category	'87	'88	'88 (Gro	'89 wth)		
Prof Services	13	13	0	-1		
Proc Services	5	4	-20	1		
Software	31	33	6	0		
Turnkey Systems	2	7	250	0		
Maintenance	36	36	0	2		
Other	13	7	-46	0		

NOTES:	
USM2-DT1-32	









Information Systems Budget Conclusions

- · Increased Growth in 1989 Over 1988
 - 5% versus 4%
 - Modest Personnel Growth
 - Mainframe and Micro Growth
- Unclear Forecast for External Products and Services
- · Budget Shifting to the End User

NOTES:			
USM2-DT1-34			



Application Development

Issues and Trends

NOTES:			
USM2-DT1-35			



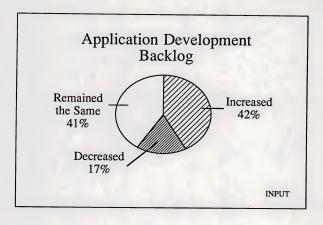
Application Development Key Issues

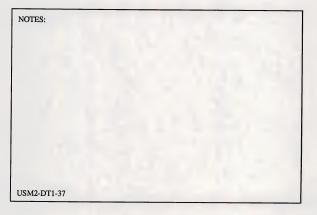
Issue	% Responses
Costs	8
Productivity & Quality	38
Responsiveness	14
Development Process	11
Organization & Direction	on 10
Maintenance	3
Use of Technology	16
	INPUT

NOTES:

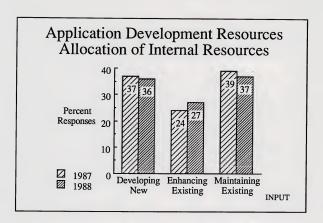
USM2-DT1-36

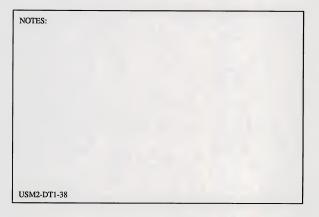




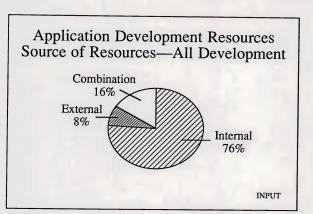






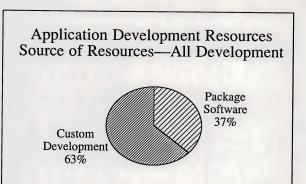






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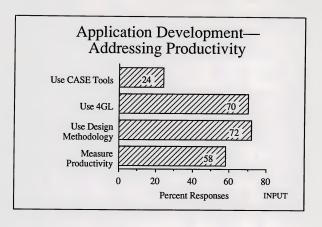


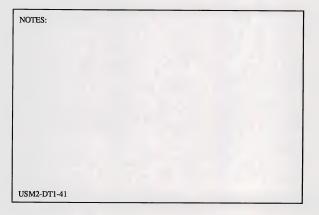
Application Development—Major Projects Source of Resources—Major Projects (Percent)

Source of Resources	Package Software	Custom Development	TOTAL
Internal Combined	22 52	78 48	56 43
External TOTAL	100 35	65	1 100

NOTES:		
USM2-DT1-40		









Application Development—End-User Production Systems Development

Question	Responses (Percent)
User Depts with IS Staffs	37
Developing Production Systems	52
Type of Computer:	
Mainframe	47
Mini	28
PC	74
Percent of Total Development	20
	INPUT

NOTES:

USM2-DT1-42



Application Development Conclusions

- · The Challenge Grows
- · New Technology Being Tried
 - CASE
 - Relational DBMS
- Use of Outsiders and Package Software Will Grow
- · End User Assuming an Active Role

NOTES:		
USM2-DT1-43	 	



Information Systems

Directions into the 1990s

NOTES:		
USM2-DT1-44		



Information Systems

Required Changes of Emphasis 1988 - 1993

Data Processing — Information Flow

Information Quantity - Information Quality

Automation of Improvement of Process

NOTES:	
USM2-DT1-45	



User Involvement in the 1990s

- Controlling Strategic Information Decisions
- Doing Majority of the Application Development
- Managing the Processing at Tier 2 and 3
- Working from a Broad Base of Experience

NOTES:			
USM2-DT1-46	 	 	



Information Systems Role in the 1990s

- Advisor versus Operator
- Consultant versus Developer
- Design the Architecture, Not the Application
- Run the Network,
 Not the Processing Points

NOTES:	
USM2-DT1-47	



Information Systems Responsibilities—1990s

- · Corporate Strategic Support
- · Architecture Engineering
- · Application Planning, Not Development
- Data Architecture and Core Data Base Management
- · Network Management
- Corporate Processing, Not Distributed Processing

NOTES:	
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USM2-DT1-48	



Information Systems Organization—1990s

- Smaller Corporate StaffExpert Based—Technology and Business
- Consultant Style
 - Information Engineers
 - Solution Builders
- Champions for Technology

NOTES:		
USM2-DT1-49		



Data Base Management

Current Trends and Challenges

(Research in Process) June 1988

NOTES:			
USM2-DT2-1			



Objectives

- Identify Data Management Trends and Issues

 - TechnologyResponsibilityResources

NOTES:	
USM2-DT2-2	



Objectives

- · Track Progress with Relational DBMS
 - By Information Systems
 - By End User
- Track Progress with Distributed DBMS
- * Set Objectives for Data Management in 1990s

NOTES:		
USM2-DT2-2a		



Research Demographics

- · Data Administration Managers
- · 100 F500-Size Corporations

NOTES:	
USM2-DT2-3	



Research Demographics

· 10 Industries

Discrete Mfg
Banking & Finance
Transportation
Utilities
Retail

Process Mfg Insurance Medical Services

Wholesale Dist'n

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USM2-DT2-3a		



Topics

- · DBMS Environment
- Data Management Function
- · Relational DBMS Application
- · Distributed DBMS Application
- Future Research

NOTES:		
USM2-DT2-4		



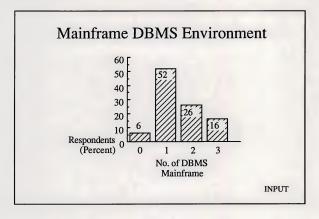
DBMS Environment How It Is Changing

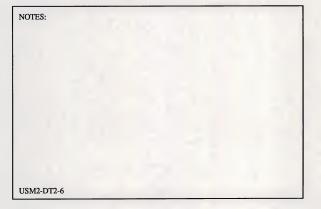
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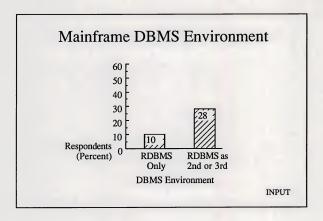
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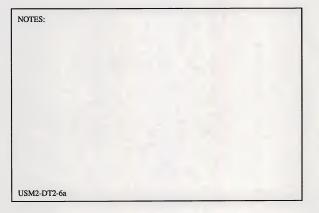














Minicomputer DBMS Environment

- DBMS Use
 - 58% Are Using
 - 32% Are Not Using
 - 10% Did Not Know
- RDBMS Use
 - 25% Are Using
 - 43% of Those Using DBMS

NOTES:			
USM2-DT2-7			



Considering New Data Bases

- 30% Have New DBMS Under Consideration
- · All Are Relational
- · Most Often Mentioned Are:
 - DB2
 - Oracle
 - Ingress

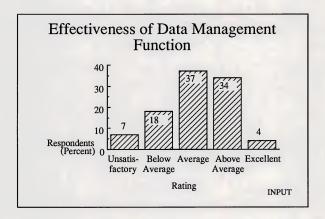
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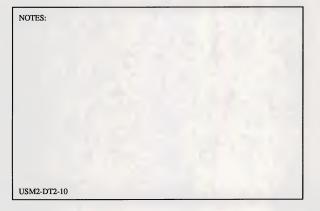


Data Management Function How Is It Changing?

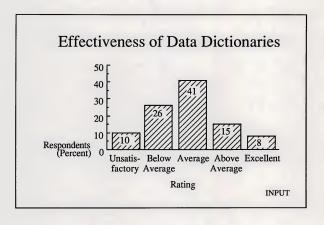
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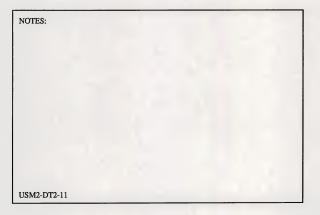




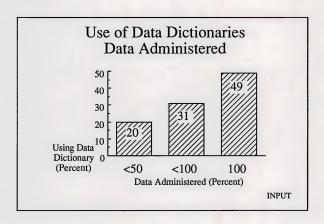


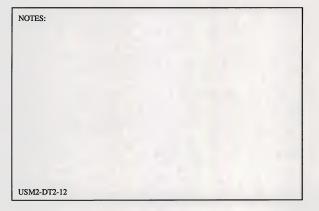






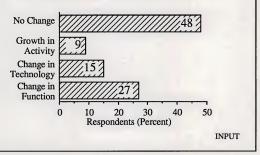








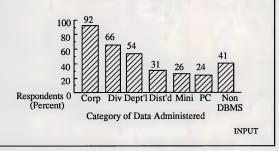
Data Management Changing Responsibilities

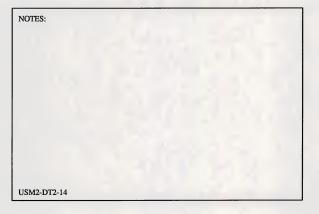




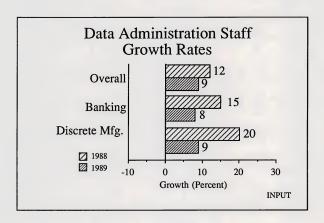


Data Administration Breadth of Responsibility



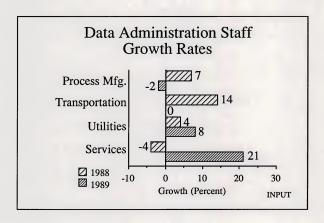


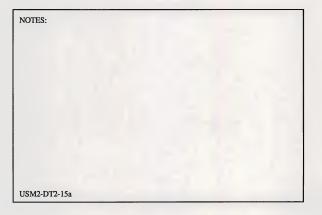




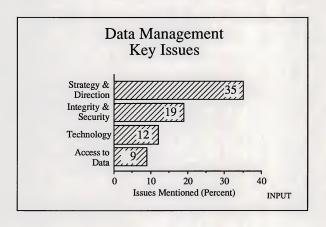


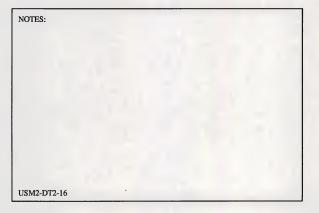




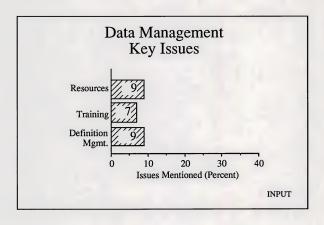


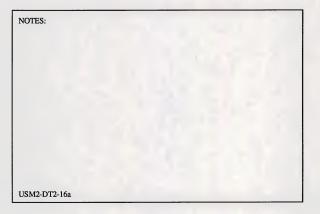














Key Issues Strategy & Direction

- · Managing Distributed Data
- Ownership—User versus IS Responsibilities
- Managing Growth and Technology

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Key Issues Strategy & Direction

- Planning for New Technology
- Management Support for Data Management Process

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USM2-DT2-17a	



Data Management Function Conclusions

- · YES, the Function Is Changing
- · Broader Data Responsibilities
- · Growing Staff
- · Looking for an Expanded Strategy
- · Major Change Is Still to Come

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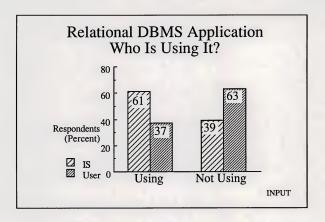


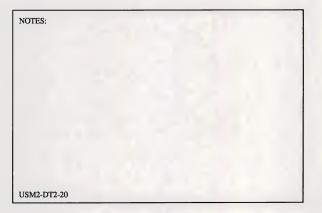
Relational DBMS Application

Who Is Using It? and How Is It Being Used?

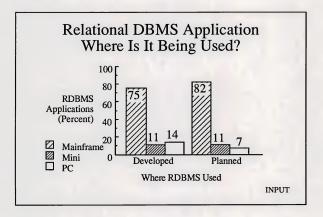
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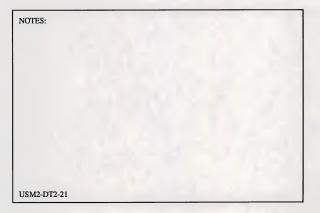




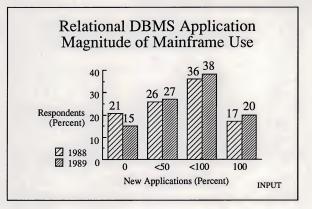


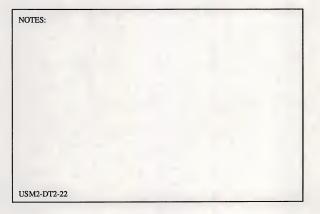




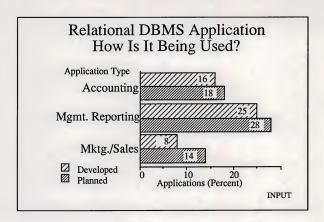


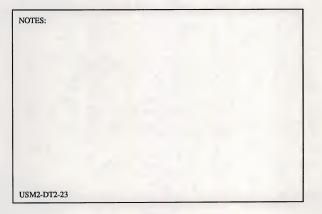




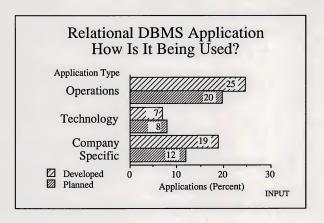


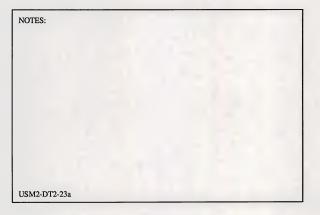




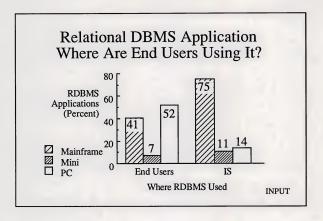


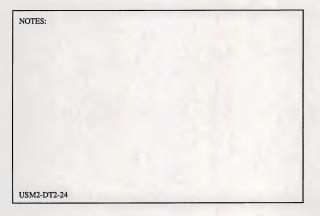






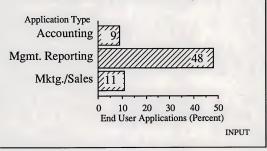


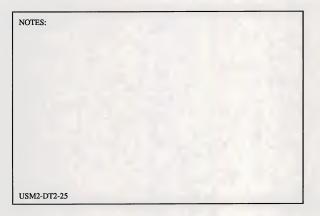






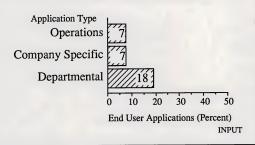
Relational DBMS Application How Are End Users Using It?

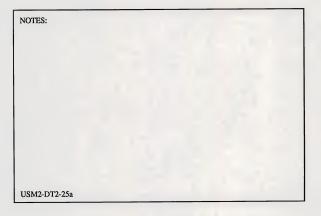






Relational DBMS Application How Are End Users Using It?







Relational DBMS Application Conclusions

- · Relational DBMS Technology Has Arrived
 - It Is out of the Pilot Stage
 - The Shift to Relational Is Speeding Up
- Users Seem to Be Adopting Relational

NOTES:				
USM2-DT2-2	6			



Relational DBMS Application Conclusions

- Application Focus Is on Data Access and Analysis
 - Financial Reporting
 - Departmental Computing
- · Learning Curve Will Soon Be Conquered

NOTES:			
USM2-DT2-26a			



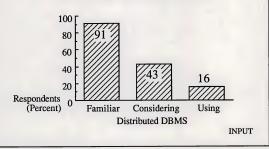
Distributed DBMS Application

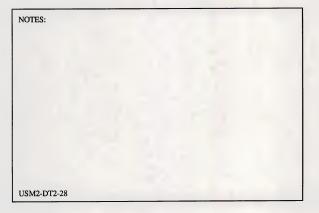
Is It Being Used?

NOTES:		
USM2-DT2-27		
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Distributed DBMS Application What Is the Activity Level?







Distributed DBMS Application Sample Applications

- · Customs Clearance
- · Shop Floor
- Retail Branch Operations
- Computer Aided-Engineering
- · Inventory Tracking
- Departmental Reporting

NOTES:	
USM2-DT2-29	



Distributed DBMS Application Conclusions

- There Is Some Experimentation
- · Planning Activity Has Started
- · More Smoke Than Fire

NOTES:		
USM2-DT2-30		



Future Research

What Do INPUT Clients Need To Know?

- · About Data Management in the 1990s
- About Using Relational DBMS
- About End Users Apply DBMS Applications
- · About Planning for Distributed DBMS

NOTES:	
USM2-DT2-31	



Data Management Current Trends & Challenges Conclusions

- · The Role Is Changing
- New DBMS Technology Is Being Used
- The End User Is Developing with RDBMS
- IS Management Needs to Increase Emphasis

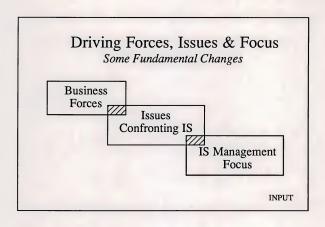
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Systems Integration: A Development Strategy

NOTES:			
USM2-DT3-1			





NOTES:			
USM2-DT3-2			



Business Forces



- "Bottom Line" Return
- · Rapid Response & Deployment
- International Competition
- Growing Technology Investments
- Unstable Organizational Environments

NOTES:		
USM2-DT3-3		



Issues Confronting Information Systems

1987 INPUT Annual User Survey



- · Rising Management Expectations
- · Expanding Wealth of Technologies
- · Intercompany Electronic Interaction
- User Demand for Increasingly Complex Applications
- · "Mission-Critical" Systems

NOTES:		
USM2-DT3-4		



IS Management Focus

1987 INPUT Annual User Survey



- Business Contribution
- · Development Productivity
- User Involvement
- Integration (Data/Applications)
- Connectivity (Infrastructure)

NOTES:	
USM2-DT3-5	



Blocking Factors

- Infrastructure Gridlock
- Lack of Qualified In-House Personnel
- Existing Applications Portfolio

NOTES:		
		7_
USM2-DT3-6		



IS Management Focus

Area	Requirements
Integration	Applications/Data/ Technology
Management of IS	Productivity of IS Simplification of Support User-Managed Development
Support of Miss	ion-Critical Systems
	INDIT

NOTES:	
USM2-DT3-7	



IS Management Focus Changing Emphasis

1987 - 1992

Data Processing → Information Flow

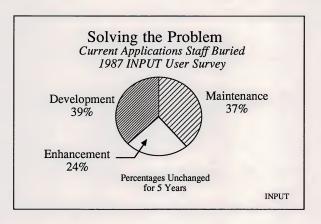
Information Quantity Quality

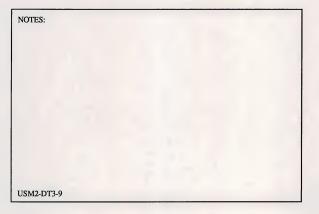
Automation of Process Improvement

INPUT

NOTES:		
		3
		-
USM2-DT3-8		









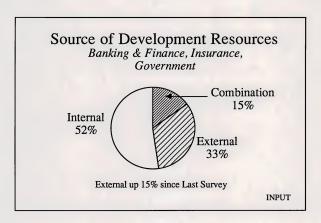
Solving the Problem

Increasing Use of Outside Resources 1987 INPUT User Survey

- · Professional Services
- · Software Products/Packages
- Network Services
- SYSTEMS INTEGRATION

NOTES:		
USM2-DT3-10		









Source of Development Resources Manufacturing, Distribution, Transportation Package 42% External 17% External up 18% since Last Survey INPUT





Systems Integration "The Provision of a Total Solution to a Multidisciplinary Information Systems Requirement" Applications

Infrastructure

NOTES:		
USM2-DT3-13		



Systems Integration Characteristics

- Total IS Solution from Design through Implementation
- Single-Source Control with Significant Program Management Responsibility
- Single-Source Accountability

NOTES:		
USM2-DT3-14		



Systems Integration Characteristics

- Application of Complex Multidisciplinary Tasks
- · Assumption by Contractor of Risk

NOTES:			
USM2-DT3-14a			



Systems Integration Case Study Ashland Chemical

- Integrated Plan Operations System
- · 2 Plants
- Order Entry, Inventory, Logistics, Accounting, MIS

NOTES:		77 -
		8
USM2-DT3-15		



Ashland Chemical—Roles

Systems Integrator	Company
Project Specification	Hardware Environment
Project Management	Infrastructure
CASE Methodology	50% of Programming
Applications Software	
Customization	

NOTES:		
		1
USM2-DT3-16		



Ashland Chemical—Contract

Systems Integrator: Arthur Andersen

Size: \$5.5 Million Duration: 30 Months

Terms: Time & Materials & Cost Plus

Schedule:

Feasibility 7/84 Award 9/85 Bid 10/84 Completion 1989

NOTES:	
USM2-DT3-17	



Ashland Chemical— Components

Software Products	\$ 0.7 M	13%
Professional Services	\$ 4.8 M	87%

NOTES:			
USM2-DT3-18			



Systems Integration Case Study Paper Manufacturer

- Four Large & Many Smaller Non-Integrated Systems
- · Multiple Mills
- Create One Integrated/Distributed Millwide System
 - Scheduling
 - Process Control
 - Materials Management

NOTES:	
USM2-DT3-19	



Paper Manufacturer—Roles

Systems Integrator	Company
Specification/Project Mgt. Hardware/Systems Software Applications Development Subcontractors - Hardware - Consultant	Interface to IBM Central Network

NOTES:		
USM2-DT3-20		



Paper Manufacturer—Contract

Systems Integrator: Oil Systems

Size: \$6.0 Million Duration: 21 Months

Terms: Fixed Price

Schedule:

Feasibility 4/86 Award 9/87 Bid 8/87 Completion 6/89

NOTES:	
USM2-DT3-21	



Paper Manufacturer— Components

Equipment	\$3.1 M	52%
Professional Services	\$1.6 M	27%
Software Development	\$0.5 M	8%
Other	\$0.8 M	13%

NOTES:				
USM2-DT3-22			 	



Systems Integration Case Study— K-Mart

- Replace Existing POS System in 50% of Stores
- Develop Single Nationwide POS Plan
- · Install PC-Based POS System at All Stores
- Integrate into Corporate Network

NOTES:			
USM2-DT3-23			



K-Mart—Roles

Systems Integrator	Company
Project Management	Feasibility
Design/Integration	Hardware Acquisition
Software Development Overnight Processing	Corporate Network Interface

NOTES:		
USM2-DT3	3-24	



K-Mart—Contract

Systems Integrator: Electronic Data Systems

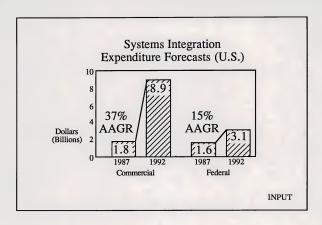
Size: \$143 Million Terms: Fixed Price

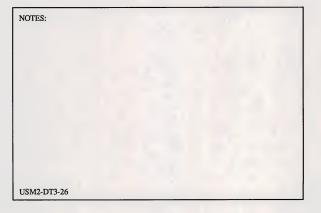
Schedule:

Feasibility 6/85 Award 6/86 Bid 2/86 Completion 1990

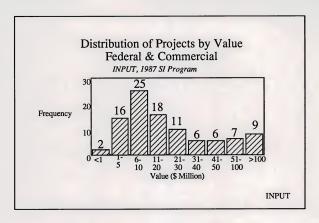
NOTES:		
USM2-DT3-25	 	

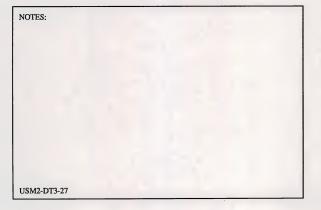














Leading Providers—Systems Integration Services

	Total	Federal	Commercial
Vendor	IBM EDS AA & Co. CSC CDC Unisys	EDS CSC IBM MM-DS BCS	IBM AA & Co. EDS CDC

NOTES:	
USM2-DT3-28	



Leading Providers—Systems Integration Services

	Total	Federal	Commercial
\$MM	3,400	1,600	1,800
Cum. %	49	50	47

NOTES:	
USM2-DT3-29	



Systems Integration Case Studies

Yield Information On:

- The Motivating Factors
- · Vendor Selection Criteria
- Probability for Success

NOTES:	10.7
USM2-DT3-30	12.5



Factors Motivating IS Management

- · Limited In-House Expertise/Negative Experience
- Single-Source Solution Preferred
 Vendor "Partners" Desired
- · Solutions are not Preconceived
- · Recommended by Outside Consultants

NOTES:				
USM2-DT3-31				



Vendor Selection Criteria

Factor	Weight (Percent)
Technical Credibility of Solution	40
Risk Avoidance - Experience/Capabilities - Project Management Approach	30 10
Cost:	20

NOTES:			
USM2-DT3-32			



The Risk Equation

"Over 35% of All Development Projects Fail to Meet Delivery Date or Cost Objectives."

NOTES:		
USM2-DT3-33		



The Risk Equation

Factors Include:

- Interference with Current Operations
- Lack of Experience with Required Technologies
- · Financial Exposure
- · Internal Lack of Focus

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USM2-DT3-33a	



Summary

- Changing Environments Are Motivating the Trend to Systems Integration
- Opportunities for Successful Deployment

NOTES:		
USM2-DT3-34		



Systems Solutions are Changing

•		0 0
Factor	Traditional	Future
Complexity	Modest	Significant
Technology	Standard	Multiple
Organization	Single Dept.	Multi- departmental
Orientation	Automation	Improvement
Value	Operational	Strategic

NOTES:		
USM2-DT3-35		



Develop	oment Processes	Evolving
Factor	Traditional	Future
Responsibility	Info. Systems	User Driven
Risk	Tactical	Strategic
Project Mgt.	Info. Systems	IS and Vendor
Appl. Knowledge	Internal	Internal/ External
Solution	Single Vendor	Multivendor

NOTES:			
USM2-DT3-36			



Opportunities for Successful Deployment

Lack of In-House Capability

- Large Backlog
- Technical Expertise
- · Integration Mgt. Experience
- · Applications Expertise

NOTES:	
USM2-DT3-37	



Opportunities for Successful Deployment

Solution Complexity

- · Solution Undefined
- · New Technologies
- · Network-Based Design
- · Multivendor Environment

NOTES:			
USM2-DT3-38			



