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European Software and Services Market Forecast: 1995–2000







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Abstract

This report is a summary of the research and analysis carried out by INPUT into the Computer Software and Services market.

The report examines the performance, status and growth potential of the computer software and services market. Forecasts are included for each individual European country market, with the exception of the former communist central and eastern European countries which are treated as a group.

The computer software and services market is defined by INPUT as comprising eight major sectors, processing services, turnkey systems, applications software products, system software products, professional services, network services, systems operations and systems integration.

The addition of the equipment services sector defines a market referred to as information services.

These different sectors, or delivery modes are further sub-divided into 24 subsectors for forecasting and analysing by country within the report.

Estimates of sector and country market growths are given for the years 1994 and 1995 together with annual size estimates for each year up to 2000.

There is an analysis of the country markets of France, Germany, the United Kingdom and Italy by vertical industry and cross industry sector.

Major market sectors are examined more fully and with more detailed commentary in separately published INPUT reports.

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Market Analysis Programme — Europe

European Software and Services Market Forecast: 1995-2000

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Table of Contents

Ι	roduction			
	A. Scope of the Report	1		
	1. Information Services Delivery Modes	2		
	2. Industry Sectors	3		
	3. Cross-Industry Sectors	3		
	4. Generic Sectors	4		
	B. Methodology	4		
	1. Sources	4		
	2. Market Sizing	5		
	3. Market Forecasts	7		
	C. Report Structure	8		
	D. Related INPUT Research Programme and Reports	9		
	1. European Market Sector Reports	9		
	2. US Reports	9		
	3. Worldwide Report	9		
II	Executive Overview			
	A. European Economy Moving into Growth Phase	1		
	B. Market Will Grow to \$130 Billion Market By 2000	3		
	C. Key Business Drivers for the Future	5		
	1. Vendor Consolidation and Internationalisation	5		
	2. Network Integration is a "Must"	6		
	3. A Greater Emphasis on 'Corporate Learning'	7		
	4. Vendors Are Adopting A Much More Business-Based			
	Perspective	8		
	5. New Markets and Technologies—Electronic Commerce			
	and Multimedia	8		
	a. Electronic Commerce	8		
	b. Multimedia	9		
	D. Country Market Analysis	11		
	1. The Four Major Economies	11		
	2. The Nordic Region	12		
	3. Eastern and Central Europe	13		
	4. The Mediterranean Economies, Ireland, Benelux, Austria			
	and Switzerland	14		

III	Economic and Market Growth Prospects Within the IT Services Industry						
	A.	Economic Environment—Growth Prospects Are Good 1. Cautious Growth For European Economy	1				
		2. Disinflationary Environment Persists	2				
		3. Specific Country Performance	3				
	B.	Market Environment—\$130 Billion Forecast by 2000	6				
		1. Information Services Market Continues To Grow	6				
		2. Market Sector Dynamics	7				
		3. The World Context	9				
IV		iture Development of the Information Services					
	In	dustry: Key Business Drivers					
	A.	Information Services Market Trends: Change Is The Only					
		Constant	1				
	B.	Information Services Market Trends: Vendor Consolidation and					
		Internationalisation	3				
		1. Think International, Act Local	3				
		2. The Rise of the Telecommunications Vendors	4				
	C.	Information Services Market Trends: "Network-Centricity" and					
		the Drive to Distributed Systems	6				
		1. Network Integration is a "Must"	6				
		2. Distributed Systems Management: A Growing Outsourcing					
		Segment	7				
		3. The Drive to Flexible Working	9				
	_	4. The Rise and Rise of the Internet	10				
	D.		4.0				
		Will Increasingly Utilise Intellectual Capital	12				
		1. The Digital Library Starts Here	12				
		2. Data Warehousing: Making Information Work For You	13				
	-	3. Corporate Learning: Simple But Effective	15				
	E.	Information Services Market Trends: Vendors Are Adopting A	1.5				
		Much More Business-Based Perspective	17				
		1. The Continual Search for Value-For-Money	17 18				
		2. Flexible Contract Pricing					
	יגו	3. Flexible IT Infrastructure	18				
	F.	Information Services Market Trends: New Markets and	20				
		Technologies—Electronic Commerce and Multimedia 1. Electronic Commerce	$\frac{20}{20}$				
			20				
		a. Cyberspace Trading: Security is Paramountb. Electronic Purses: Phone Me Some Money	21				
		-	22				
		c. Virtual Banking: What Does It Mean?	22				

	2. Multimedia	24
	a. Big Brands Are Watching You	25
	b. Merger-Mania Continues	26
	c. Diversify or Die?	27
	d. Watch Your Step	29
V	The European Information Services Market: Country Analysis	
	A. The Four Major Economies	1
	1. France	2
	2. Germany	5
	3. United Kingdom	9
	4. Italy	12
	B. Nordic Region	16
	C. Eastern and Central Europe	21
	D. The Mediterranean Economies, Ireland, Benelux, Austria and	
	Switzerland	24
	1. Benelux, Austria and Switzerland	24
	2. Spain, Greece, Portugal and Ireland	28
App	pendices	
A	Forecast Database, 1995-2000	A-1
	A. Market Forecast	A-1
	B. Forecast Database in ECUs	A-3
	C. Information Services Forecast Reconciliation	A-4
	D. Delivery Mode Country Comparisons	A-5
В.	Information Services Industry Forecast Database,	
Δ.	1995-2000 Austria	B-1
	A. Forecast Database in Local Currency (Sch Millions)	B-1
	B. Forecast Database in US Dollars	B-3
	C. Forecast Database in ECUs	B-4
	D. Information Services Forecast Reconciliation in Local Currency	B-5

C.	Information Services Industry Forecast Database, 1995-2000 Belgium	C-1
	A. Forecast Database in Local Currency (BF Millions)	C-1
	B. Forecast Database in US Dollars	C-3
	C. Forecast Database in ECUs	C-4
	D. Information Services Forecast Reconciliation in Local Currency	C-5
D.	Information Services Industry Forecast Database,	
	1995-2000 Denmark	D-1
	A. Forecast Database in Local Currency (DK Millions)B. Forecast Database in US Dollars	D-1 D-3
	C. Forecast Database in ECUs	D-4
	D. Information Services Forecast Reconciliation in Local Currency	D-5
E.	Information Services Industry Forecast Database,	
	1995-2000 Central and Eastern Europe	E-1
	A. Forecast Database in Local Currency (US\$ Millions)	E-1
	B. Forecast Database in US Dollars	E-3
	C. Forecast Database in ECUs	E-4
	D. Information Services Forecast Reconciliation in Local Currency	E-5
F.	Information Services Industry Forecast Database,	_
	1995-2000 Finland	F-1
	A. Forecast Database in Local Currency (FM Millions)	F-1
	B. Forecast Database in US Dollars	F-3
	C. Forecast Database in ECUs	F-4
	D. Information Services Forecast Reconciliation in Local Currency	F-5
G.	Information Services Industry Forecast Database,	-
	1995-2000 France	G-1
	A. Forecast Database in Local Currency (FF Millions)	G-1
	B. Forecast Database in US Dollars	G-3
	C. Forecast Database in ECUs	G-4
	D. Information Services Foregat Reconciliation in Local Currency	G-5

H.	Information Services Industry Forecast Database,				
	1995-2000 Germany	H-1			
	A. Forecast Database in Local Currency (DM Millions)	H-1			
	B. Forecast Database in US Dollars	H-3			
	C. Forecast Database in ECUs	H-4			
	D. Information Services Forecast Reconciliation in Local Currency	H-5			
 I.	Information Services Industry Forecast Database,				
	1995-2000 Greece	I-1			
	A. Forecast Database in Local Currency (Dra Millions)	I-1			
	B. Forecast Database in US Dollars	I-3			
	C. Forecast Database in ECUs	I-4			
	D. Information Services Forecast Reconciliation in Local Currency	I-5			
 J.	Information Services Industry Forecast Database,				
	1995-2000 Ireland	J-1			
	A. Forecast Database in Local Currency (IP Millions)	J-1			
	B. Forecast Database in US Dollars	J-3			
	C. Forecast Database in ECUs	J-4			
	D. Information Services Forecast Reconciliation in Local Currency	J-5			
 К.	Information Services Industry Forecast Database,				
	1995-2000 Italy	K-1			
	A. Forecast Database in Local Currency (Li Billions)	K-1			
	B. Forecast Database in US Dollars	K-3			
	C. Forecast Database in ECUs	K-4			
	D. Information Services Forecast Reconciliation in Local Currency	K-5			
L.	Information Services Industry Forecast Database,				
	1995-2000 Netherlands	L-1			
	A. Forecast Database in Local Currency (Dfl Millions)	L-1			
	B. Forecast Database in US Dollars	L-3			
	C. Forecast Database in ECUs	L-4			
	D. Information Services Forecast Reconciliation in Local Currency	L-5			

М.	Information Services Industry Forecast Database, 1995-2000 Norway	M-1
	A. Forecast Database in Local Currency (NK Millions)	M-1
	B. Forecast Database in US Dollars	M-3
	C. Forecast Database in ECUs	M-4
	D. Information Services Forecast Reconciliation in Local Currency	M-5
 N.	Information Services Industry Forecast Database,	
	1995-2000 Portugal	N-1
	A. Forecast Database in Local Currency (Esc Millions)	N-1
	B. Forecast Database in US Dollars	N-3
	C. Forecast Database in ECUs	N-4
	D. Information Services Forecast Reconciliation in Local Currency	N-5
0.	Information Services Industry Forecast Database,	
	1995-2000 Spain	O-1
	A. Forecast Database in Local Currency (Ptas Millions)	0-1
	B. Forecast Database in US Dollars	O-3
	C. Forecast Database in ECUs	0-4
	D. Information Services Forecast Reconciliation in Local Currency	O-5
P.	Information Services Industry Forecast Database,	
	1995-2000 Sweden	P-1
	A. Forecast Database in Local Currency (SK Millions)	P-1
	B. Forecast Database in US Dollars	P-3
	C. Forecast Database in ECUs	P-4
	D. Information Services Forecast Reconciliation in Local Currency	P-5
Q.	Information Services Industry Forecast Database,	
	1995-2000 Switzerland	Q-1
	A. Forecast Database in Local Currency (SF Millions)	Q-1
	B. Forecast Database in US Dollars	Q-3
	C. Forecast Database in ECUs	Q-4
	D. Information Sorvices Forecast Reconciliation in Local Currency	Ω -5

]	R.	Information Services Industry Forecast Database, 1995-2000 United Kingdom R-1				
		e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e				
		A. Forecast Database in Local Currency (PS Millions)	R-1			
		B. Forecast Database in US DollarsC. Forecast Database in ECUs	R-3 R-4			
		C. Forecast Database in ECUsD. Information Services Forecast Reconciliation in Local Currency	R-4 R-5			
	S.	Economic Assumptions	S-1			
•	υ.	•				
		A. European Exchange Rates	S-2			
		B. European Inflation Rates	S-3			
,	Т.	Forecast Reconciliation	T-1			
	V.	Definition of Terms	V-1			
		A. Introduction	V-1			
		B. Overall Definitions and Analytical Framework	V-1			
		1. Information Services	V-1			
		2. Market Forecasts/User Expenditures	V-3			
		3. Delivery Modes	V-3			
		4. Market Sectors	V-4			
		5. Trading Communities	V-4			
		6. Outsourcing	V-5			
		C. Delivery Modes and Submodes	V-7			
		1. Software Products	V-7			
		a. Systems Software Products	V-7			
		b. Applications Software Products	V-11			
		2. Turnkey Systems	V-11			
		3. Processing Services	V-14			
		4. Systems Operations	V-15			
		5. Systems Integration (SI)	V-16			
		6. Professional Services	V-19			
		7. Network Services	V-21			
		a. Electronic Information Services	V-22			
		b. Network Applications	V-22			
		8. Equipment Services	V-23			
		D. Computer Equipment	V-23			
		E. Sector Definitions	V-25			
		1. Industry Sector Definitions	V-25			
		2. Cross-Industry Sector Definitions	V-25			
		3. Delivery Mode Reporting by Sector	V-33			
		F. Vendor Revenue and User Expenditure Conversion	V-35			

List of Exhibits

I			
	-1	Base Year Market Sizing	5
	-2	Country Market Forecasts	7
 II			
	-1	European Information Services 1980-2000	2
	-2	Growth of European Market for Software and Services,	
		1995-2000 (\$ Billion)	3
 III			
	-1	Total IT Spending—Europe 1995-2000 Forecast Growth Rates	
		by Budget Category	6
	-2	Delivery Mode Analysis: European Information Services	
		Market	7
	-3	Major Revenue Opportunities—Europe, 1995-2000: Not	
		Limited to "Growth" Sectors	9
	-4	Global Distribution of Information Services Markets	10
	-5	Largest Information Services Country Markets, 1995-2000	10
 	-6	European Countries Comparative Market Size—1995-2000	11
IV			
	-1	European IT Vs IS Expenditures	1
	-2	Network Services: 16% Growth up to the Year 2000	6
	-3	Worldwide Electronic Commerce Expenditures	10
	-4	European Market Shares for Major Countries, 1995	11
	-5	Knowledge Creation Within A Supply Chain Environment	14
	-6	Top 5 Worldwide Technology Issues	23
	-7	Top 5 European Banking Trends	24
	-8	Phases in Research and Technology Development, Industry	
		Attention and Revenue	25
	-9	New Players Possess Powerful Brands	26
	-10	Multimedia Alliance Map	27

V

	-1	Growth Opportunities for France, Germany, United Kingdom	
		and Italy 1995-2000	2
	-2	Software and Services Market—France 1995-2000	3
	-3	Information Services Industry Analysis France, 1994	4
	-4	Software and Services Market—Germany 1995-2000	6
	-5	Information Services Industry Analysis Germany, 1994	8
	-6	Software and Services Market—United Kingdom 1995-2000	9
	-7	Information Services Industry Analysis United Kingdom, 1994	11
	-8	Software and Services Market—Italy 1995-2000	12
	-9	Information Services Industry Analysis Italy, 1994	14
	-10	Software and Services Market—Sweden 1995-2000	17
	-11	Software and Services Market—Denmark 1995-2000	18
	-12	Software and Services Market—Norway 1995-2000	19
	-13	Software and Services Market—Finland 1995-2000	20
	-14	Software and Services Market—Central and Eastern	
		Europe 1995-2000	21
	-15	Software and Services Market—Netherlands 1995-2000	24
	-16	Software and Services Market—Belgium 1995-2000	26
	-17	Software and Services Market—Austria 1995-2000	27
	-18	Software and Services Market—Switzerland 1995-2000	28
	-19	Software and Services Market—Spain 1995-2000	29
	-20	Software and Services Market—Ireland 1995-2000	30
	-21	Software and Services Market—Greece 1995-2000	31
	-22	Software and Services Market—Portugal 1995-2000	32
A	······································		
	-1	Top Level IT Expenditure, Europe	A-1
	-2	Information Services Market Forecast by Delivery Mode	
		and Submode Europe, 1995-2000	A-2
	-3	Forecast Database in ECUs Europe, 1995-2000	A-3
	-4	Forecast Reconciliation, Europe, 1994-1999	A-4
	-5	Software and Services Country Comparisons, Europe	A-5
	-6	Professional Services Country Comparisons, Europe	A-6
	-7	Systems Integration Country Comparisons, Europe	A-7
	-8	Systems Operations Country Comparisons, Europe	A-8
	-9	Processing Services Country Comparisons, Europe	A-9
	-10	Network Services Country Comparisons, Europe	A-10
	-11	System Software Country Comparisons, Europe	A-11
	-12	Applications Software Country Comparisons, Europe	A-12
	-13	Turnkey Systems Country Comparisons, Europe	A-13
	-14	Equipment Services Country Comparisons, Europe	A-14
	-15	Information Services Country Comparisons, Europe	A-15

В			
	-1	Top Level IT Expenditure, Austria	B-1
	-2	Information Services Market Forecast by Delivery Mode	
		and Submode Austria 1995-2000	B-2
	-3	Software and Services Market Forecast in Dollars Austria	
	,	1995-2000	B-3
	-4	Software and Services Market Forecast in ECUs, Austria	T) 4
	=	1995-2000 Forecast Passaciliation, Austria 1004, 1000	B-4
	-5	Forecast Reconciliation, Austria 1994-1999	B-5
 С			
	-1	Top Level IT Expenditure, Belgium	C-1
	-2	Information Services Market Forecast by Delivery Mode	
		and Submode Belgium 1995-2000	C-2
	-3	Software and Services Market Forecast in Dollars Belgium	
		1995-2000	C-3
	-4	Software and Services Market Forecast in ECUs, Belgium	
		1995-2000	C-4
	-5	Forecast Reconciliation, Belgium 1994-1999	C-5
D			
	-1	Top Level IT Expenditure, Denmark	D-1
	-2	Information Services Market Forecast by Delivery Mode	
		and Submode Denmark 1995-2000	D-2
	-3	Software and Services Market Forecast in Dollars Denmark	
		1995-2000	D-3
	-4	Software and Services Market Forecast in ECUs, Denmark	
		1995-2000	D-4
	-5	Forecast Reconciliation, Denmark 1994-1999	D-5
 E			
L	-1	Top Level IT Expenditure, Central and Eastern Europe	E-1
	-2	Information Services Market Forecast by Delivery Mode	
		101 10 11 15 4 5 1007 2000	E-2
		and Submode Central and Eastern Europe 1995-2000	12-2
	-3	Software and Services Market Forecast in Dollars Central	13-2
	-3		E-3
	-3 -4	Software and Services Market Forecast in Dollars Central	
		Software and Services Market Forecast in Dollars Central and Eastern Europe 1995-2000	
		Software and Services Market Forecast in Dollars Central and Eastern Europe 1995-2000 Software and Services Market Forecast in ECUs, Central	E-3

	${f F}$			
		-1	Top Level IT Expenditure, Finland	F-1
		-2	Information Services Market Forecast by Delivery Mode	
			and Submode Finland 1995-2000	F-2
		-3	Software and Services Market Forecast in Dollars Finland	
			1995-2000	F-3
		-4	Software and Services Market Forecast in ECUs, Finland	
			1995-2000	F-4
		-5	Forecast Reconciliation, Finland 1994-1999	F-5
	G			
		-1	Top Level IT Expenditure, France	G-1
		-2	Information Services Market Forecast by Delivery Mode	
			and Submode France 1995-2000	G-2
		-3	Software and Services Market Forecast in Dollars France	
			1995-2000	G-3
		-4	Software and Services Market Forecast in ECUs, France	
			1995-2000	G-4
		-5	Forecast Reconciliation, France 1994-1999	G-5
· 	H			
		-1	Top Level IT Expenditure, Germany	H-1
		-2	Information Services Market Forecast by Delivery Mode	
			and Submode Germany 1995-2000	H-2
		-3	Software and Services Market Forecast in Dollars Germany	
			1995-2000	H-3
		-4	Software and Services Market Forecast in ECUs, Germany	
			1995-2000	H-4
		-5	Forecast Reconciliation, Germany 1994-1999	H-5
	I			
		-1	Top Level IT Expenditure, Greece	I-1
		-2	Information Services Market Forecast by Delivery Mode	
			and Submode Greece 1995-2000	I-2
		-3	Software and Services Market Forecast in Dollars Greece	
			1995-2000	I-3
		-4	Software and Services Market Forecast in ECUs, Greece	
			1995-2000	I-4
		-5	Forecast Reconciliation, Greece 1994-1999	I-5

J			
J	-1	Top Level IT Expenditure, Ireland	J-1
	-2	Information Services Market Forecast by Delivery Mode	
		and Submode Ireland 1995-2000	J-2
	-3	Software and Services Market Forecast in Dollars Ireland	
		1995-2000	J-3
	-4	Software and Services Market Forecast in ECUs, Ireland	
		1995-2000	J-4
	-5	Forecast Reconciliation, Ireland 1994-1999	J-5
 K			
	-1	Top Level IT Expenditure, Italy	K-1
	-2	Information Services Market Forecast by Delivery Mode	
		and Submode Italy 1995-2000	K-2
	-3	Software and Services Market Forecast in Dollars Italy	
		1995-2000	K-3
	-4	Software and Services Market Forecast in ECUs, Italy	
		1995-2000	K-4
	-5	Forecast Reconciliation, Italy 1994-1999	K-5
 L			
	-1	Top Level IT Expenditure, Netherlands	L-1
	-2	Information Services Market Forecast by Delivery Mode	
		and Submode Netherlands 1995-2000	L-2
	-3	Software and Services Market Forecast in Dollars	
		Netherlands 1995-2000	L-3
	-4	Software and Services Market Forecast in ECUs,	
		Netherlands 1995-2000	L-4
	-5	Forecast Reconciliation, Netherlands 1994-1999	L-5
 M			
	-1	Top Level IT Expenditure, Norway	M-1
	-2	Information Services Market Forecast by Delivery Mode	
		and Submode Norway 1995-2000	M-2
	-3	Software and Services Market Forecast in Dollars	
		Norway 1995-2000	M-3
	-4	Software and Services Market Forecast in ECUs,	
		Norway 1995-2000	M-4
	-5	Forecast Reconciliation, Norway 1994-1999	M-5

N			
	-1	Top Level IT Expenditure, Portugal	N-1
	-2	Information Services Market Forecast by Delivery Mode	
		and Submode Portugal 1995-2000	N-2
	-3	Software and Services Market Forecast in Dollars	
		Portugal 1995-2000	N-3
	-4	Software and Services Market Forecast in ECUs,	
		Portugal 1995-2000	N-4
	-5	Forecast Reconciliation, Portugal 1994-1999	N-5
 O			• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
	-1	Top Level IT Expenditure, Spain	O-1
	-2	Information Services Market Forecast by Delivery Mode	
		and Submode Spain 1995-2000	0-2
	-3	Software and Services Market Forecast in Dollars	
		Spain 1995-2000	O-3
	-4	Software and Services Market Forecast in ECUs,	
		Spain 1995-2000	0-4
	-5	Forecast Reconciliation, Spain 1994-1999	O-5
 P			
	-1	Top Level IT Expenditure, Sweden	P-1
	-2	Information Services Market Forecast by Delivery Mode	
		and Submode Sweden 1995-2000	P-2
	-3	Software and Services Market Forecast in Dollars	
		Sweden 1995-2000	P-3
	-4	Software and Services Market Forecast in ECUs,	
		Sweden 1995-2000	P-4
	-5	Forecast Reconciliation, Sweden 1994-1999	P-5
Q			
•	-1	Top Level IT Expenditure, Switzerland	Q-1
	-2	Information Services Market Forecast by Delivery Mode	
		and Submode Switzerland 1995-2000	Q-2
	-3	Software and Services Market Forecast in Dollars	·
		Switzerland 1995-2000	Q-3
	-4	Software and Services Market Forecast in ECUs,	v
		Switzerland 1995-2000	Q-4
	-5	Forecast Reconciliation, Switzerland 1994-1999	Q-5
		,	· ·

R			
	-1	Top Level IT Expenditure, United Kingdom	R-1
	-2	Information Services Market Forecast by Delivery Mode	
		and Submode United Kingdom 1995-2000	R-2
	-3	Software and Services Market Forecast in Dollars	
		United Kingdom 1995-2000	R-3
	-4	Software and Services Market Forecast in ECUs,	
		United Kingdom 1995-2000	R-4
	-5	Forecast Reconciliation, United Kingdom 1994-1999	R-5
 S			
	-1	US Dollar and ECU Exchange Rates 1995	S-1
	-2	Inflation Assumptions 1994-1999 and 1995-2000	S-2
	-3	GDP Growth Rate Assumptions	S-3
T			
	-1	Impact of US Dollar Exchange Rate Changes, 1994-1995	T-2
 V			
	-1	Outsourcing Components—INPUT's View	V-6
	-2	Information Services Structure	V-9
	-3	Systems Software Products Market Structure	V-10
	-4	Application Products and Turnkey Systems	V-12
	-5	The Customisation Spectrum	V-14
	-6	Processing Services Structure	V-14
	-7	Products/Services in Systems Integration Projects	V-18
	-8	Professional Services Market Structure	V-20
	-9	Network Services Market Structure	V-21
	-10	Industry Sector Definitions	V-26
	-11	Delivery Mode versus Market Sector Forecast Content	V-34
	-12	Vendor Revenue to User Expenditure Conversion	V-36



Introduction

This forecast is produced as part of INPUT's European IT Intelligence Service for the computer software and services industry.

The forecast is an overview of the whole European market designed to assist vendors in identifying growing and declining markets.

Software and services markets continue to attract widespread vendor attention. This report is designed to assist vendors in achieving a consolidated view of each market in Europe.

This report can be read in conjunction with other INPUT reports in order to identify key market and product trends, vendor strategies and opportunities.

The report provides market sizes for 1994 and 1995 with forecasts for each year through to 2000.

Λ

Scope of the Report

These forecasts represent an on-going analysis of software and services markets in European countries.

For each European country there is an analysis and forecast of the total IT budget, including both internal and external IT-related spending. This is split into:

- Equipment sales expenditure on hardware products
- Equipment services expenditure on equipment maintenance and environmental services
- Software products all expenditure on systems software products and applications software product licences

- Other information services all expenditure on other services such as professional services, systems integration, systems operations, processing services, network services, turnkey systems and systems software products and applications software product support services
- Communications all expenditure on IT-related telecommunications equipment or services
- Facilities IT budget expenditure on overheads such as space, heating, lighting, furniture, vehicles etc
- Staff direct in-house staff costs including any temporary contract labour.

1. Information Services Delivery Modes

INPUT originally defined eight delivery modes within the *software* and services market. An additional delivery mode, equipment services, together with the original eight are collectively described in this report as the *information services market*. The complete list is as follows:

- Professional services
- Systems integration
- Systems operations
- Processing services
- Network services
- Systems software products
- Applications software products
- Turnkey systems
- Equipment services.

Spending on software and services is assessed and forecasted in relation to anticipated changes in the level of overall IT budgets.

The market is additionally analysed by industry sectors, cross-industry sectors and by generic product sectors for France, Germany, the United Kingdom and Italy.

2. Industry sectors

The industry sectors forecast for each of these major country economies include:

- Discrete Manufacturing
- Process Manufacturing
- Transportation
- Utilities
- Telecommuniations
- Retail Distribution
- Wholesale Distribution
- Banking and Finance
- Insurance
- Healthcare
- Education
- Local Government
- National Government
- Business Services
- Other Industries.

3. Cross-Industry Sectors

INPUT has identified seven cross-industry market sectors. These sectors or markets involve multi-industry applications:

- Accounting
- Education & Training
- Engineering & Scientific
- Human Resources
- Office Systems

- Planning & Analysis
- Other Cross-Industry.

4. Generic Sectors

Certain sectors or sub-sectors are considered independent of any industry or cross-industry influence. These are:

- Equipment services
- Systems software products
- General utility processing services
- General electronic information services.

The full description of each sector is given in INPUT's Definition of Terms which is included as Appendix V of this report.

В

Methodology

INPUT's methodology for market analysis and forecasting remains consistent with that used in past years.

Vendors and users are surveyed to determine what is being spent on software and services and to anticipate the likely trends in both the short and long term.

1. Sources

This report is based principally on research activities conducted by INPUT during 1994:

- A vendor research programme of interviews with over five hundred software and services vendors across Europe
- Further vendor and user interviews across European markets to determine trends and opinions within specific market sectors
- INPUT's continuous analysis of the delivery modes and vertical industry sectors comprising the information services market.

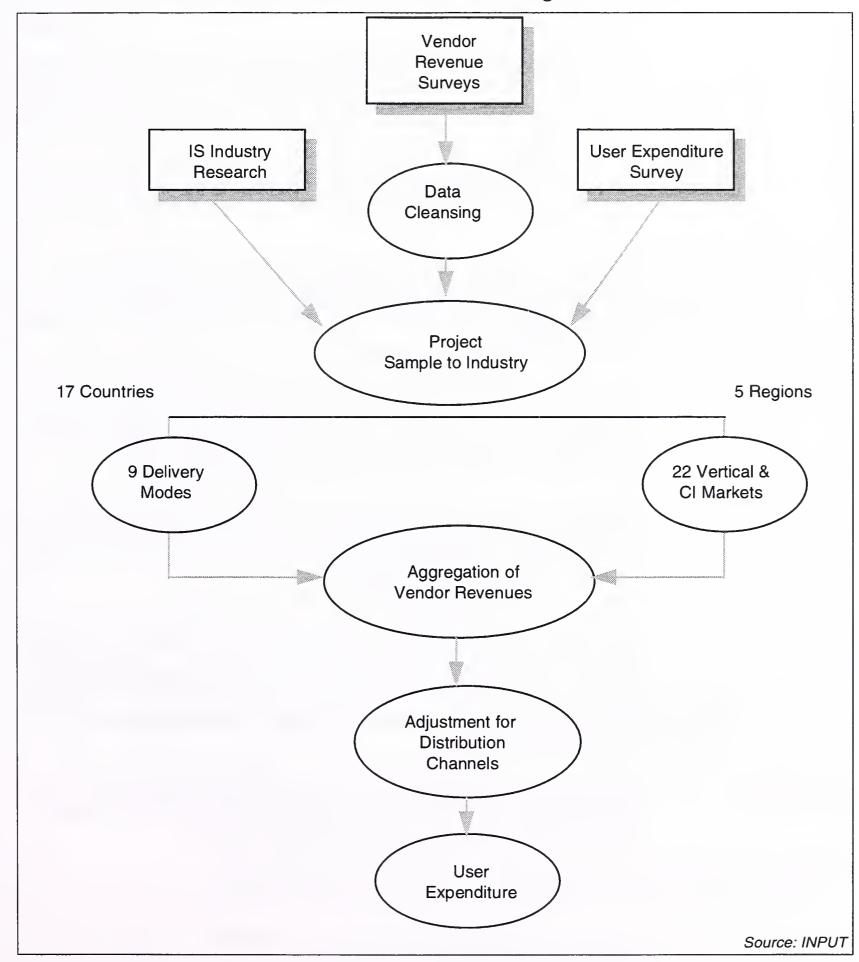
Additionally, INPUT's extensive library and data-base of information relating to the software and services industry was used.

2. Market Sizing

The process used to establish the base year market size (total user spending within that year) is shown in Exhibit I-1.

Exhibit I-1

Base Year Market Sizing



INPUT determines 'previous-year' software and services revenues for each country in 9 delivery modes and 22 vertical and cross-industry sectors for hundreds of vendors operating in European markets.

This research process is accomplished through interviews, use of public data such as press articles and annual company reports and estimates by INPUT consultants.

The country, industry sector, delivery mode and sub-sector revenues of each vendor are recombined to ensure that there is no double counting or overlap, for example between countries. Only revenues derived from within a country are included in the vendor revenues for that country.

Many vendors publish accounts which do not coincide with the end of the calendar-year. INPUT adjusts business generated by these firms to the calendar year for consistency.

The initial local currency data from the vendors is analysed and projected to represent the revenues of the entire country market based on INPUT's view of the contribution to be expected from the remaining minor vendors.

Adjustments are made to eliminate errors due to distribution channel overlap or mark-up and to ensure that captive market information is excluded. Captive markets are those revenues which a vendor receives from within the vendor's parent group of companies.

Demographic data have also been used to validate the market sizes. INPUT uses such sources as the *panorama of EC Industry* published by the European Commission, to check trends in sector expenditures and employee levels in different industries.

Across the different countries of Europe there is little consistency of methodology between different secondary sources. Different countries measure things differently. So INPUT has in most cases modified the resulting market assessments to provide a consistent view which better reflects the market understanding obtained from INPUT's continuous user and vendor research.

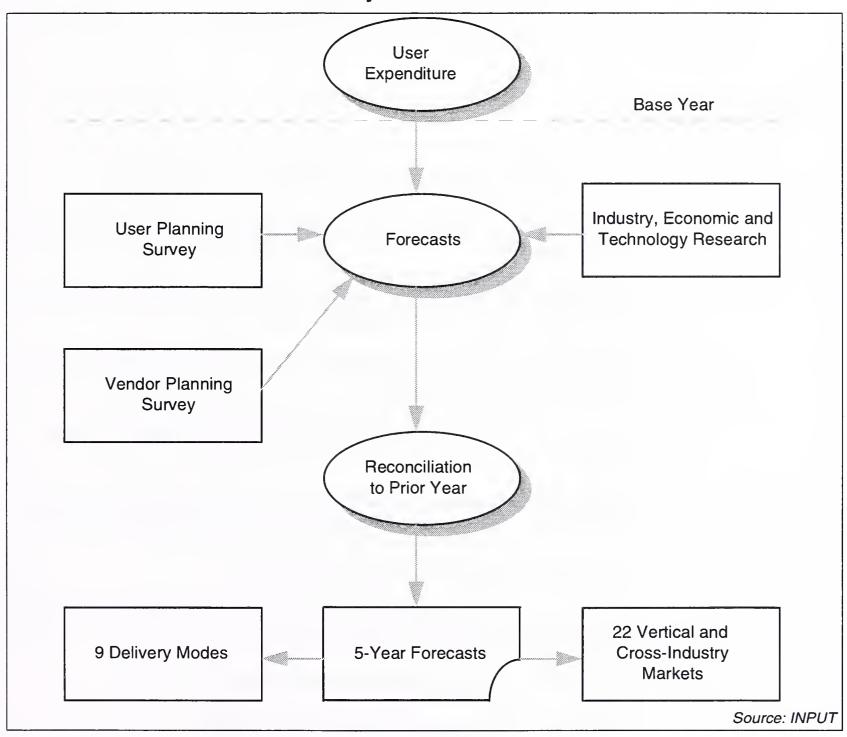
The end result is a base year (in this case 1994) software and services market figure representing user expenditure for each of the market sectors or delivery modes analysed for each country.

3. Market Forecasts

In the forecasting step, shown in Exhibit I-2, INPUT surveys IS (Information Systems) executives and finance directors to determine their projected expenditure levels on IT in general and software and services in particular.

Exhibit I-2

Country Market Forecasts



The market model which forms the basis for the forecasts includes GDP deflators (adjustments for predicted inflation rates) for each country.

Economic growth assumptions for each country and for each major industry sector are also factored into the forecasts.

In addition, vendor interviews are conducted to establish opinions of the market and views of the key opportunities.

INPUT consultants add their judgement to the resulting projects, testing the results to ensure they are reasonable.

In particular, this phase produces consolidated forecasts for the whole of each country by consolidating industry forecasts.

These are then combined into an overall forecast for each segment for Europe as a region.

C

Report Structure

The remainder of this report is structured in the follow way:

Chapter II is an executive perspective offering a summary of key points from the report.

Chapter III examines the economic and market conditions affecting the IT services industry across Europe.

Chapter IV provides a commentary on the future development of the information services industry.

Chapter V presents the market assessments and forecasts for each country.

Appendices A through R contain detailed tables of market data and forecasts for each country corresponding to the sections of Chapter V.

Appendices S through V contain respectively:

Economic assumptions, inflation, exchange rate and GDP assumptions used to compile the report (Appendix S)

Forecast reconciliation summary (Appendix T)

Analysis of vendor research sample (Appendix U)

Definition of terms (Appendix V).

D

Related INPUT Research Programme and Reports

The following reports contain detailed analysis of each market sector, offering commentary and recommendations for vendors. Further commentary and analysis of market sectors indentified in this report may be found in the reports listed below:

1. European Market Sector Reports

Systems Integration Market Analysis and Forecast, 1995-2000

Outsourcing Market Analysis and Forecast, 1995-2000

Software Product Support — European Market Futures 1995-2000

Customer Services Market Analysis and Forecast, 1995-2000

2. US Reports

US Information Services Annual Report

Forecast Compendium

US Professional Services Market

US Systems Software Product Market

US Processing Services Market

US Information Systems Outsourcing Market

US Applications Solutions Market

US Network Services Market

US Equipment Services Market

US Industry Market Reports

US Cross Industry Market Reports

3. Worldwide Report

Worldwide Market Forecast, 1994-1999

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Executive Overview

Δ

European Economy Moving into Growth Phase

In many European countries where recoveries have only recently become well-established the general mood has improved sharply during the past year. This appears to have contributed to buoyant household spending patterns in some countries. It is estimated that household spending will strengthen steadily as savings ratios fall, despite the fact that they are in some cases already low by historical comparison.

Recovery has been somewhat stronger than that predicted by the Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development (OECD). Confidence has risen sharply in the second half of 1994 in both household and business sectors and employment has already started to recover.

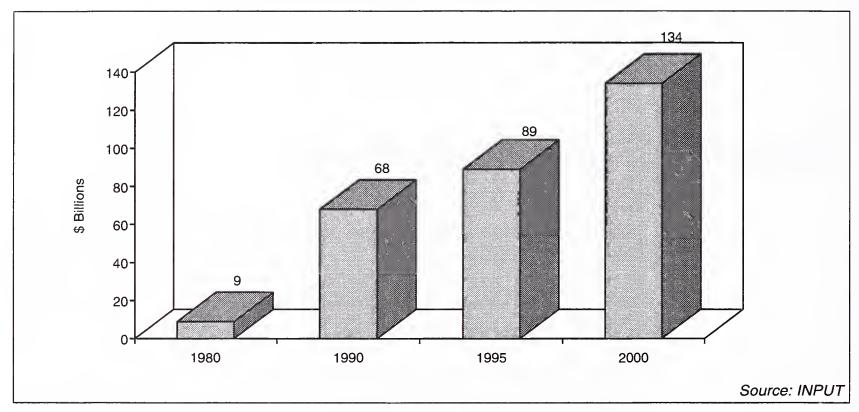
A strong rise in business investment is projected, largely as a response to an improving economic environment. It is thought that long-term interest rates will not adversely affect business investment to a significant degree in Europe where investment intentions are improving and profitability is good.

In Germany, France and other continental European countries solid economic growth has resumed. However, current *disinflationary* pressures may yet cause recovery to stall. The extent of disinflation in the past two years has been much stronger than had been expected by forecasters due to low wage settlements, high productivity gains and intense competition. Of the four major economies Germany has grown fastest (by an average of 2.8% a year) as unification gave a massive boost to domestic demand.

Exhibit II-1 illustrates the overall growth rate of the market over the last twenty years. This still offers significant growth opportunities, particularly when compared with growth expectations for user's total IT expenditure (estimated at 2% per annum through to the end of the century).

Exhibit II-1

European Information Services 1980-2000



This is an increase on growth rates for 1993 and 1994 which were 6% and 7% respectively, 1993 being the lowest growth rate recorded for the industry since its inception in the early 1970s.

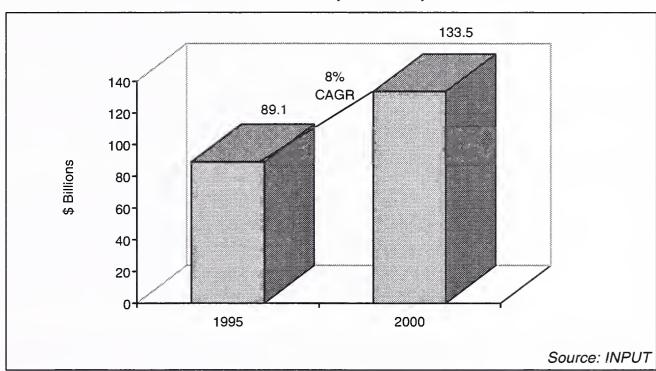
B

Market Will Grow to \$130 Billion Market By 2000

Given this context of a potential growth environment INPUT forecasts that the IT software and services market will grow at an average of 8% per annum for the next five years, giving a total market size of just over \$130 billion in the year 2000 (see Exhibit II-2).

Exhibit II-2

Growth of European Market for Software and Services, 1995-2000 (\$ Billion)



The European market, which is worth \$89 billion in 1995, accounts for 28% of the world IT services market, which, according to INPUT is valued at \$323 billion. This puts it firmly behind the USA market, valued at \$169 billion, which has a 52% share of the market. Europe is twice the size of Japan in terms of value - its market size is \$46 billion with a market share of 14%.

The four major economies of France, Germany, UK and Italy dominate the European market, accounting for 70% of all revenues. The next nine medium-sized countries account for 28%: these include Benelux (2 countries), the Nordic region (4 countries) and Spain, Switzerland and Austria.

The highest growth opportunity lies in the areas of systems operations. Extremely high growth rates for desktop outsourcing are causing this market segment to expand rapidly, although admittedly from a small base, in fact, the smallest of all delivery modes analysed. The debate

here is whether outsourcing will continue to exhibit higher growth rates once it is used as strategic tool rather than as a tactical instrument for cutting IT costs, as it has historically been used.

The internal network and the network outside of the enterprise is set to become one of the key competitive areas over the next five years. "Network-centricity" will become a major source of competitive advantage for utilising information across organisations, particularly those with international structures. Related to this development is the growth in Internet services and LAN/WAN *internetworking*.

Low growth areas include equipment services, systems software and professional services. Equipment services is experiencing "commoditisation" of the maintenance market, which fell by 4% during the last year. Maintenance contract costs are expected to continue declining as organisations either take out fewer contracts or force down the cost of existing contracts. Also, there is little opportunity for PC maintenance sales due to rapid technological advances in PC performance.

Systems software is a low growth area as enterprise systems' volumes are continuing to decline and competition is becoming much more intense as this segment of the market reaches maturity. Growth in PCs and workstations over the next five years (13%) is masked by mainframe volume declines (-6%).

Despite the growth of IS consulting and outsourcing of applications management (10% and 24% respectively) professional services growth is dampened by low demand for custom software development (1%) due to the increased reliance on "packaged" application products, such as SAP R/3, which is becoming ubiquitous in France, Germany and the UK.

The systems integration market will continue to grow as vendors adopt a business-based approach to projects, adding value rather than containing cost. International organisations are increasingly demanding international service provision, a trend which is playing to the strengths of American vendors such as EDS, Andersen Consulting, ISSC and CSC.

As packaged application software increases in use the key to growth will be to develop offerings around applications such as SAP R/3 as custom software development skills decline rapidly. The turnkey sector will also benefit from standardised hardware and software packages which reduce the level of project complexity.

C

Key Business Drivers for the Future

Information Services markets are experiencing profound change. No longer are they able to rely on double-digit growth, as was the case through the 1980s. It is not possible simply to rely on easy market conditions for continued year on year growth. User organisations are more critical than ever. They expect value for money and visible returns on investment rather than simple cost containment. Paradoxically, information technology is now being perceived to be of increasing significance to enterprises throughout Europe.

The major trends and drivers within the information services market can be summarised as follows:

- Consolidation and internationalisation of vendors with new market entrants from the telecommunications sector
- Increased emphasis on networks ("network-centricity") linked with a drive towards distributed systems
- Greater use of knowledge-based systems
- An increasingly business-based vendor perspective
- New markets and technologies: electronic commerce and multimedia.

1. Vendor Consolidation and Internationalisation

Multinational corporations are becoming increasingly international in outlook and operation. Their suppliers, therefore, are expected to support them regardless of the territories or time zones in which such companies choose to operate. As a result two competitive segments are emerging:

- International service vendors who can support multinational client operations
- Local players with strengths in one or two national markets.

Vendors of localised, bespoke offerings are finding it increasingly hard to compete with international players. International players, such as EDS, CSC and Andersen Consulting, have leveraged their European operations in providing support to multinational clients and attracted business within Europe by "tracking" their US client base to the European market. It is this global capability combined with 'thought

leadership' and extensive in-depth market coverage which has led to increased market share within Europe at the expense of local vendors. The exception to this is SAP.

European vendors are reacting by forming alliances or partnerships to increase critical mass and leverage their core competencies into new markets.

Vendors in the software and services market are increasingly working with telecommunications companies. This phenomenon is also linked to the growth in network services and the acceptance by many organisations that the *network-centric* model is the accepted business model for future development (see next section).

These huge international organisations have the potential to become major players over the next five years, particularly in the area of network services. They have global reach and are extremely experienced in handling a multinational client base.

2. Network Integration is a "Must"

There has been a renewed emphasis on distributed computing architectures, primarily in the form of networks. The internal network and the network interface outside of the organisation is set to become one of the key competitive areas over the next five years. INPUT forecasts that network services will grow at 16% over the next five years to a market size of \$15 billion by the year 2000.

The convergence of information technology and communications is finally becoming a reality. It will no longer be possible to think about these technologies in isolation. Rather, in these areas of convergence vendors will gain *smaller* shares of *larger* markets. In the next five years inter-connectivity, whether it be in the form of EDI, surfing the Internet or value added network services, will be a "must".

A clear message for vendors is that the *integration* of existing enterprise systems and their "islands" of information is a key focus for IT operations. Many businesses, faced with mounting costs and increasing network complexity, are seeking to consolidate their networks into one seamless and manageable system.

One of the fastest-growing segments in the outsourcing market is among distributed desktop and client/server networks. No one supplier yet has a dominant position so there is everything to play for. The fundamental trend affecting the development of the outsourcing industry is that of downsizing, coupled with client/server computing. Closely linked to this drive towards distributed systems is the effectiveness of what is termed 'flexible working' or 'tele-commuting'. An informal yet effective communications infrastructure enabled by networked IT and telecommunications services can create looser structures for team working, increase empowerment and reduce management hierarchy.

The other growth area within network services is the Internet. INPUT estimates that the number of Internet users is more than 25 million world-wide. The World Wide Web is the most frequently used part of the Internet and already contains over 50,000 sites. It is estimated that this population is doubling every two months and is regarded as the backbone for electronic commerce (see section 5).

3. A Greater Emphasis on 'Corporate Learning'

As alluded to earlier, a key focus for many organisations is how to link their "islands" of information given that data is held at different places and in different formats. It is this *indexation* of knowledge within an organisation which increases the possibilities for corporate learning. Although INPUT forecasts that on-line information services will grow by 9% over the next five years from \$3.7 billion to \$6.3 billion the real opportunities lie in the development of new kinds of databases which offer more than just hard facts.

Services on the Internet, particularly the Web, are beginning to realise this potential by using HTML (Hypertext Mark-up Language) when displaying information. This allows a user access to any part of a document simply by highlighting one particular aspect of the text. It will become a useful future tool for training and education along with other advanced multimedia techniques.

Data mining - or 'information prospecting', a more helpful term - is an example where in-house systems are providing added-value information and greater in-depth knowledge of the customer. Using massively parallel processing power within a relational database customers are able to launch complex queries against mountains of data either directly from a database screen or by using a business intelligence tool.

Although nowhere near as powerful as the parallel computers used for data mining, simple PC systems have been used to good effect to create a 'learning organisation' culture where information is shared and discussed. Groupware such as Lotus Notes has provided many companies with a networked database which can be added to and shared by all members of the organisation. Such systems actively enhance knowledge creation and knowledge transfer.

However, employees feel uncomfortable about putting their intellectual capital on to any form of database. In doing so they feel they are being "robbed" of their individual contribution to the business. Consequently, their services may no longer be required if anyone can quickly and easily inherit their personal knowledge base.

4. Vendors Are Adopting A Much More Business-Based Perspective

Large IT users are demanding that IT systems deliver real value as defined by the enterprise. For too long customers have been sold systems which are justified simply on classic investment criteria, such as rate of return.

Two markets which have seen an increase in emphasis by vendors on value creation (as oppose to cost containment) are the systems integration and professional services markets.

In effect, services within these markets have been positioned as business solutions, as oppose to IT solutions. There is a much greater focus on the needs of the business. Value-based pricing includes the ability to directly measure any business benefits accruing from the project and to link such changes in performance with payment to the vendor. It is more than coincidence that those vendors who are offering 'value for money contracts' are among the key players in the industry.

But there is still work to be done by vendors in this area. Genuine process expertise is kept in-house while technology-intensive projects are put out to systems integrators.

Both in the UK and increasingly within the rest of Europe, the most common form of outsourcing is where operations and support tasks - not process or application-specific tasks - are given to a vendor and where development activity based on expertise of a specific industry or application is retained within the corporation.

5. New Markets and Technologies — Electronic Commerce and Multimedia

a. Electronic Commerce

By developing key electronic commerce application skills vendors can exploit specific opportunities such as electronic commerce on the Internet, electronic purse and smart card applications and the emergence of 'virtual' banking Security is paramount to any commercial system and many institutions have serious concerns regarding electronic transactions. But there are encouraging signs that this will not stall potential buyers and sellers from operating within *cyberspace*.

However, there are still problems in navigating around a "cybermall". Shops need to be easy to find and customers need to be able to compare prices without too much effort. Also, the cost of setting up business is not simply an investment of \$40,000 in computer hardware. Customers expect high quality product presentations and customer service, not cheap computer graphics. The issues (and the costs) are akin to opening up a new store or restaurant.

Electronic cash is part of a wider drive to encourage customers to deal directly with their bank accounts, rather than via the costly branch network. However, the emergence of various payment systems such as Internet shopping centres, interactive cable television, smart cards and electronic purses, could cause problems for banks. Internal mainframe computers need to adapt to the multitude of payment systems, some of which have still to be put on trial.

"Virtual banking" involves customers accessing bank services via multiple delivery channels including automated teller machines (ATM), telephones, multimedia kiosks, interactive TVs and home PCs. The traditional brick-and-mortar branch is slowly giving way to an organisation which is reaching out to its customers in non-traditional ways. In the USA banks plan to increase the number of ATMs to 135,000 - a growth of 50% - by 1997.

Barclays Bank announced plans in July 1995 to introduce a home computer banking service in the UK. The pilot package is aimed at 2,000 Barclays customers with plans to make the service nationwide in a year's time. Using a modem to link their personal computer to the telephone customers will be able to pay bills, transfer funds, set up standing orders and check the balance of their accounts from home.

b. Multimedia

There has been a great deal of hype and confusion over what exactly multimedia means and what it will deliver. In reality, the revenues generated by multimedia applications are relatively small and the adoption of video-on-demand or PC-based video is still in the medium to long term. Multimedia still remains a stand-alone, non-interactive software tool, primarily in the format of CD-ROM.

Now that the initial hype is over, as evidenced by a growing media disillusionment concerning its impact, the real revenue opportunities for information services vendors are becoming apparent. The next major development is the entry of new players from backgrounds of *content* production and distribution.

Vendors should evaluate the opportunities inherent in making alliances with such organisations. Service opportunities will centre around the delivery of new forms of content. However, although alliances are key to gaining market share, the way forward is extremely complex. As the number of opportunities declines so the cost of acquisition increases, as evidenced by the recent \$19 billion Disney/Capital Cities-ABC merger, America's second largest ever.

Multimedia is a concept, not a market or a product. Consequently, it is difficult to predict how the various markets will work together. Because of the drivers mentioned above firms are diversifying into markets where they have little real business understanding. AT&T's 1991 acquisition of NCR for \$7.5 billion in order to enter into the computer business is still struggling to show returns, as evidenced by the recent AT&T demerger announcement.

Firms making money from the distribution of their products (publishers, software, studios) will find it much harder to retain control once products are turned into digits. It is hard to enforce copyright laws in cyberspace.

D

Country Market Analysis

1. The Four Major Economies

The four major countries (France, Germany, UK and Italy) account for 70% of European revenues and will continue to do so for the next five years. The French market, worth FF 112 billion (\$ 21 billion) in 1995, is still the largest market for software and services in Europe, growing at 6% per annum until the year 2000. However, by 1999 Germany will become the largest information services market (excluding equipment services), with a market size of DM 42 billion (\$27.1 billion).

There is a relative lack of growth across the French information services market when compared to other European countries. There is a high reliance on custom software development which, although a large segment of professional services, is a declining element of the overall market due to intense price pressure.

Increased IT consultancy skills, to deal with more complex user requirements, are needed in the banking and finance, health, insurance and government sectors.

The German economy is moving out of a recessionary environment, spurred on by demand in eastern Europe and strong growth within the services sector generally.

Demand for client/server migration and open systems is strong. UNIX-based packaged solutions are particularly resilient in the banking and manufacturing sectors. Also, the application tools segment, particularly database management systems, are expanding at high rates.

Germany's aversion to outsourcing operations has begun to change rapidly and it will exhibit the highest growth rate across Europe over the next five years. This has been aided by the growth in SAP outsourcing which is gradually changing from a mainframe-based processing service to a form of client/server systems management.

The UK market is the third largest in Europe, worth £9.6 billion (\$15 billion) in 1995. It has the highest growth rate (10%) of the four countries due to upward trends in systems integration, outsourcing and network services.

The UK systems integration, outsourcing and network services markets are the largest in Europe. The systems integration market has the highest growth rate (14%) across Europe for the next five years and will be worth \$3 billion at the end of the decade. Likewise, the UK shows a

high propensity to outsource operations compared to the rest of Europe. The UK market accounts for 35% of the total European outsourcing market.

The Italian market is valued at Lira 12.6 trillion (\$7.8 billion) in 1995 and will grow at 8% per annum reaching a market size of Lira 18.7 trillion (\$11.5 billion) by the year 2000. Key areas for growth are outsourcing, network services and application software, with rates above the European average.

Italian information services vendors, with the exception of Olivetti, are characterised by their dependence on the national market for the majority of their business. Finsiel, the largest Italian vendor, generates over 90% of its business from within Italy. The Italian market is composed of many small and medium-sized companies who are served on a local basis by software vendors. Consequently, the threat from US vendors entering the Italian market is growing rapidly.

2. The Nordic Region

The Nordic region's share of the total European market will decline from 10.0% to 9.6% over the next five years.

The major areas for growth within the Nordic region are professional services and application software. Apart from Norway, all other countries experienced above average growth rates in professional services. The Nordic region as a whole will increase its share of the professional services market from 11.3% in 1995 to 13.2% in the year 2000. This is due to strong Swedish growth.

Professional services in Sweden accounted for 42% of the software and services market in 1994 as compared to the European average of 28%. Custom software development is the driving force in this sector growing at 7% in Sweden over the next five years, compared with a European average of 1%.

The outlook is similar for outsourcing in Sweden. It has the highest compound growth rate of all the Nordic countries (19%) and outsourcing accounts for 9% of the total Swedish software and services market compared to a European average of 4%.

Denmark, which is forecast to grow at 6%, will experience an increasing adoption of standardised software packages, particularly within midrange systems. This is because Open systems based on UNIX are already accepted in the Danish market. Downsizing is not a major issue in Denmark as there are few installations of large systems.

The major growth opportunities for Norway include outsourcing, systems integration, network services and application software.

Because of falling software prices there is an increasing separation between companies who develop software and those who market it. Few companies can afford to own every operation in-house from production to distribution. This new requirement has led users and vendors to search for cheaper labour sources.

Off-shore programming is becoming more common, particularly in Scandanavia, as well as some Baltic and eastern European countries. Even though the market is still in embryonic form it will become a credible alternative as pan-European data networks emerge and user organisations continue to integrate on an international scale.

3. Eastern and Central Europe

This market is valued at \$720 million but will increase to \$2 billion by the end of the decade with an annual average growth rate of 19%. One source of potential growth stems from the small size of the average IT hardware market in eastern Europe.

But this does not necessarily imply a major growth market for hardware vendors desperately seeking new sources of revenue. At the start of the nineties hardware vendors predicted major service and support contracts on the back of mainframe deals. However, 50% of mainframes in centrally planned economies have been taken out as operations downsized or split up.

Other sources of vendor activity include IT consulting for large scale projects, particularly in the areas of banking and finance, government and education and training.

Improvements in communications are being obtained through the installation of cellular-based mobile networks either in place of or in existence with fixed network projects. Network services will expand once a telecommunications infrastructure is established.

Although customers in this region used to prefer hardware and systems tools then develop their own application, now the emphasis is on buying a working application from the vendor, despite its potential complexity.

The region is the fourth largest in Europe for systems integration, valued in 1994 at \$410 million. It will grow at 17% per annum to become a one billion dollar market by the year 2000. Major hardware vendors, such as Digital, ICL, Bull and IBM have been setting up new

infrastructures to support banking and central government over the last three to four years.

Joint ventures are seen as technical alliances which are not legally binding (partly due to the lack of enforcement with an immature legal system) rather than formal business arrangements. There is also an increasing trend to work with local, post-communist entrepreneurs.

There is a strong intellectual base which means the labour force is often as good as the West (if not better) but not as expensive. Historically, eastern European labour has excelled at working with statistical software and solving technical problems, as compared with creating applications and solutions to business problems. However, the situation is changing dramatically as a Western 'corporate culture' mentality begins to pervade the workforce.

4. The Mediterranean Economies (Spain, Portugal, Greece), Ireland, Benelux, Austria and Switzerland

These four countries accounted for 14.6% of the total European software and services market in 1994. This will hardly move over the next five years (14.7% by 2000).

The Netherlands market for software and services is the fifth largest in Europe. INPUT forecasts that the market will grow by 8% annually over the next five years from \$5.3 billion to \$7.9 billion.

In 1995 professional services accounted for 35% of business within the Netherlands, compared to the European average of 28%. By 1998 the Netherlands will have overtaken Italy to become the fourth largest professional services market within Europe and will be worth \$2.75 billion by the end of the decade. The key areas of growth in this market are outsourcing (21% over the next five years), network services (18%) and systems integration (13%).

Belgium is characterized by a high proportion of business within the application software market, accounting for 16% in 1994 — the second highest after Italy — and rising to 22% by the year 2000. Its primary high growth opportunities lie in the area of application solutions, especially network services, outsourcing and systems integration. Custom software development continues to decline as a proportion of the software and services market.

Austria has similar characteristics to the German market with systems software and turnkey being the dominant delivery modes. Turnkey systems in Austria accounted for 25% of business within the software and services market in 1995, the highest proportion in Europe and

equivalent to Germany. In 1995 the Austrian market was worth \$1.7 billion; this will grow at 7% to \$2.3 billion by the end of the decade

The Swiss market for information services will grow at 10% per annum reaching \$5.2 billion by the end of the decade from a 1995 base of \$3.2 billion. With the exception of systems integration and network services, all of its delivery modes are growing at above average European rates.

Spain, Greece, Portugal and Ireland's market share will increase from 4.2% in 1995 to 4.5% by the year 2000, primarily due to a strong Spanish performance.

Government and banking and finance are the two most dynamic sectors in Spain. Public institutions are facing restructuring as the authorities reorganise their assets and seek to exploit their technological potential.

The Spanish market will grow from \$2.6 billion in 1995 to \$4.1 billion by the end of the decade — a 10% growth rate. IS consulting, application software, outsourcing and network services will continue to provide good growth opportunities. Network applications will grow strongly over the next five years (22%) as the major Spanish telecoms operator, Telefonica SA, which has a significant presence in the information services market, continues to invest in infrastructure development.

The Irish market is characterised by strong growth in professional services (7%), the only area where growth is above the European average rate. In 1994 this was the largest segment of the Irish market. Overall, the Irish market will see significant movement in the outsourcing and network services markets, growing at 18% and 16% respectively. The Irish market will grow at 8% reaching \$0.9 billion by the year 2000.

Greece and Portugal are both working from a small base and therefore exhibit high rates of growth in virtually all areas. Again, as in Ireland, the largest segment in the Greek market is professional services due to the domination of custom software development. This market will be worth \$0.6 billion by the end of the decade.

Portugal is a slightly smaller market than Greece, valued at \$0.4 billion by the year 2000, but has a higher growth rate (14%) over the next five years. Network services (25%) and outsourcing (20%) provide the major sources of growth.

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Economic and Market Growth Prospects Within the IT Services Industry

This chapter examines the improving economic prospects for the majority of European markets, how this will interact with the persistent disinflationary forces and how specific countries have performed. It provides analysis of how the European IT services market will grow over the next five years and which segments will experience significantly high growth rates.

Δ

Economic Environment — Growth Prospects Are Good

1. Cautious Growth For European Economy

In many European countries where recoveries have only recently become well-established the general mood has improved sharply during the past year. This appears to have contributed to buoyant household spending patterns in some countries. It is estimated that household spending will strengthen steadily as savings ratios fall, despite the fact that they are in some cases already low by historical comparison. The exceptions are Belgium and Denmark, where in 1995 personal savings will account for 22% and 16.2% of household income respectively.

A strong rise in business investment is projected, largely as a response to an improving economic environment. It is thought that long-term interest rates will not adversely affect business investment to a significant degree in Europe where investment intentions are improving and profitability is good. It could be put in question if other demand components, notably household spending, weakened. Consequently, projected European expansion is vulnerable to any deterioration of confidence that makes households' attitudes toward spending more cautious.

However, recovery has been somewhat stronger than that predicted by the Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development (OECD). Confidence has risen sharply in the second half of 1994 in both household and business sectors and employment has already started to recover. This recovery has been faster than in previous cycles, perhaps, in some countries, due to labour market reforms that have occurred since the last recession in the early 1980s:

- UK labour market reforms in the early eighties included a number of measures to reduce union power: closed shops were banned, secondary picketing was made illegal, hiring and firing rules were relaxed, wages councils were abolished and employment flexibility increased substantially, with very strong growth in part-time employment.
- Amendments to employment law in Spain in 1984 included increased flexibility of working hours, a weakening of job demarcation rules and liberalisation of conditions justifying redundancy. This has resulted in a rapid and sustained rise in employment.
- In 1991 Italy introduced a national scheme tying wage growth to company productivity, abolished formal wage indexation and initiated tax measures to stimulate youth employment.

If employment growth were to strengthen more rapidly than that projected by the OECD this would obviously strengthen consumption and domestic demand during the next two years.

2. Disinflationary Forces Persist

In the UK, where the recovery is relatively well advanced, there has been no significant increase in wage or price inflation plus a 3.5% growth rate which shows little sign of slowing. However, with a growth rate of this size there is a risk of lack of spare capacity which could contribute to inflation pressures next year.

In Germany, France and other continental European countries solid economic growth has resumed. However, current disinflationary pressures may yet cause recovery to fall. The extent of disinflation in the past two years has been much stronger than had been expected by forecasters due to low wage settlements, high productivity gains and intense competition. This trend, highlighted last year in INPUT's report 'The European Market for Software and Services, 1994-1999', has forced the software and services market to adjust to an environment of downward price pressure and intense competition in areas of operational costs.

However, services markets are inherently less cyclical than industries. This is because they are less subject to big swings in inventories (it is difficult to build stocks of haircuts) and because government services rarely decline during recessions. The difference between the two sectors was particularly stark during the most recent recession, according to a recent Bank of England study. During the downturn, industrial output fell by substantially more than services output in the USA, France, Germany, Italy and the UK. Although output of goods fell significantly in Italy (5.0%) and America (3.4%) output of services did not move at all.

3. Specific Country Performance

Of the four major economies Germany has grown fastest (by an average of 2.8% a year) as unification gave a massive boost to domestic demand. However, national statistics have recently been re-classified due to EC regulations and reliable data has not yet been produced. The German Institute for Economic Research estimates 2% growth for the whole of 1995.

The UK economy has been growing for the last three years but there has been a slowdown in the first half of 1995. Although there are fears of a return to recession, a resumption of growth is more likely. Consumers are likely to have increased disposable income next year through windfalls as building societies turn into banks and as tax-free savings accounts (TESSAs) mature. There may even be tax cuts.

Italy should experience growth of around 3% next year given this year's budgetary objective to reduce the ratio of Italy's debt to GDP from 7.4% to 5.8% in 1996. This is in addition to tax increases in the Spring of this year and major pensions reform (the latter alone will save four trillion lira next year). Other cuts are planned in health and transport.

France is in a similar position to Italy. It has to cut its near-record deficit of 5.7% of GDP to the 3% required for the Maastricht criteria on European economic and monetary union. In July 1995 a supplementary budget was presented to Parliament which will raise an extra FF 30 billion by the end of the year. There are planned cuts of FF 22 billion in this year's budget alone, of which over a third will come from defence.

Two economies have contracted. In 1994 Finland's GDP was 9% smaller than in 1989: it's exports were affected by the collapse of the Russian economy. Sweden's GDP also shrank, by an average of 0.3% a year. The 20% devaluation of the krona in 1993 has created an export boom but feeble growth in domestic demand is expected to restrain recovery as Sweden attempts to tackle its rampant fiscal deficit.

After suffering a nasty recession in 1993, the Belgian economy has staged an equally strong recovery. Belgium's GDP grew 2.3% in 1994 after a 1.7% drop the previous year. The recovery is being led by sharp increases in exports and business investment, though consumer spending is still lacklustre. Despite the improving economy, however, Belgium's labour market problems still seem intractable. Unemployment is forecast to be 12.4% in 1995, well above the OECD average of 7.9%.

In Norway the booming oil and gas sectors continue to fuel the country's economic recovery. Oil and gas production grew by 12.0% in 1994. The recovery of Norway's mainland economy, which began in 1992, gained momentum, bringing overall GDP growth to 3.6% in 1994. The continuing recovery has cut Norway's unemployment rate, which was already two percentage points lower than the OECD average. In 1994, unemployment fell to 5.4% from 6.0% in the previous year.

After a deep recession in 1993, Portugal's economy began to recover modestly last year. Its GDP grew by 1.0%, well below the OECD average of 2.8%. However, its prospects look good: OECD estimates include 2.6% growth in 1995 and 2.9% a year later, the latter equal to the OECD average for 1996. Portugal's unemployment rate of 6.8% remains below the OECD average of 8.2%, mainly because its labour market is extremely flexible. But the proportion of unemployed who have been out of work for over a year has risen from 27% in 1992 to over 34% in 1994.

With slow growth, a large fiscal deficit and high inflation, Greece's economic situation remains fraught. Like Portugal, output grew by only 1% in 1994. This year's forecast growth rate is 1.5%, half of what other OECD countries are expected to produce. In preparation for European monetary union Greece has a medium-term "convergence" programme to reduce the deficit to 1% by 1999. To reach that target the government plans to severely cut expenditure. Reducing inflation will also be crucial. Consumer prices rose by 11% last year.

Being the fastest growing economy in the European Union with GDP rising at more than 5% in 1994, Ireland is forecast to continue at 5% for the next two years, fuelled by rises in personal consumption and business investment. The devaluation of the Irish pound by 10% in early 1993 removed pressure on interest rates but did not increase inflation. Despite brisk growth Ireland has made few inroads into its high level of unemployment. Almost 15% of the labour force is out of work. Among OECD countries only Spain and Finland have higher rates of unemployment.

The Finnish economy has rebounded strongly from a deep recession caused by the combined effects of the collapse of its trade with the former Soviet Union, a banking crisis and world recession. Between 1990 and mid-1993 GDP fell by almost 15% and unemployment jumped from 3.5% to 19%. Recovery has been led by an export boom, assisted by a 30% devaluation between 1991 and 1993. GDP grew by 3.5% in 1994 and is forecast to be around 4.5% up to the end of 1996. Inflation remains low at 2%.

In line with these positive economic forecasts for many countries the IT services sector continues to grow, having proved one of the most recession-proof segments of the industry, albeit at lower rates than that of the early 1980s where double-digit rates were experienced. As many countries' economies slowly move out of a recession the IT services markets will benefit from increased business confidence and greater levels of investment.

B

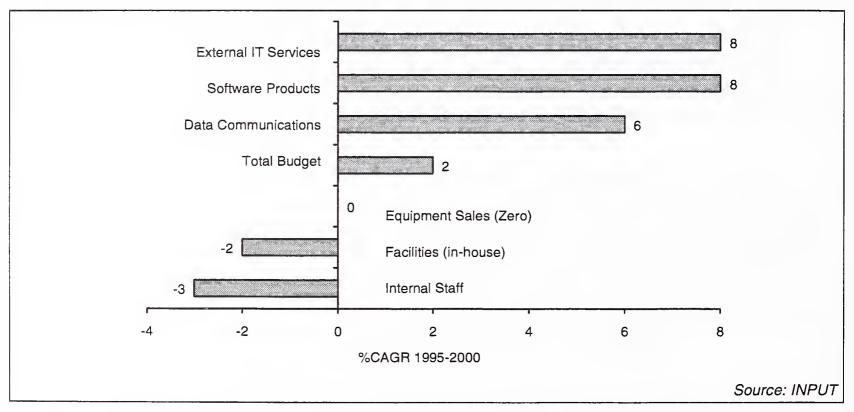
Market Environment — \$130 Billion Forecast by 2000

1. Information Services Market Continues To Grow

INPUT forecasts that the IT software and services market will grow at an average of 8% per annum for the next five years, giving a total market size of just over \$130 billion in the year 2000. This is an increase on growth rates for 1993 and 1994 which were 6% and 7% respectively, 1993 being the lowest growth rate recorded for the industry since its inception in the early 1970s. This still offers significant growth opportunities, particularly when compared with growth expectations for user's total IT expenditure (estimated at 2% per annum through to the end of the century). Exhibit III-1 breaks out the elements of estimated IT expenditure in Europe and compares their growth rates with that of the IT services market.

Exhibit III-1

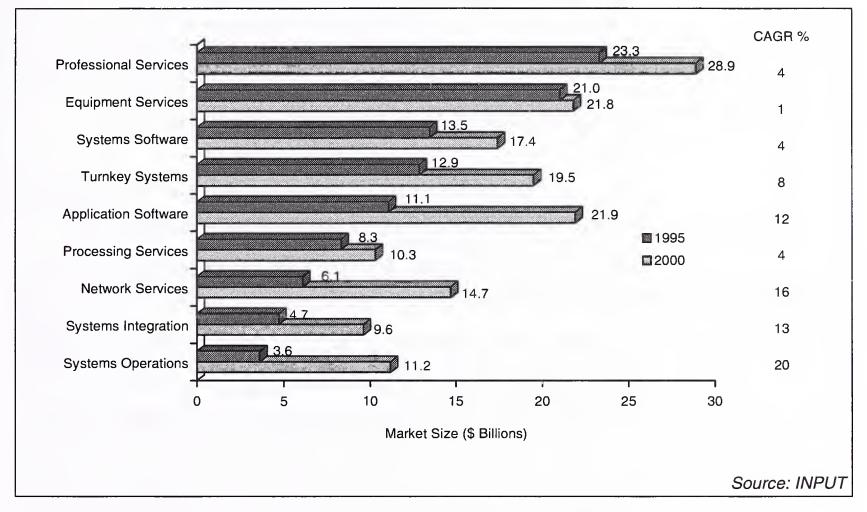
Total IT Spending — Europe 1995-2000 Forecast Growth Rates by Budget Category



High and low growth segments are obviously disguised by the overall market growth rate. These are shown explicitly in Exhibit III-2.

Exhibit III-2

Delivery Mode Analysis: European Information Services Market



2. Market Sector Dynamics

The highest growth opportunities lie in the areas of:

- Systems Operations: extremely high growth rates for desktop outsourcing are causing this market segment to expand rapidly, although admittedly from a small base, in fact, the smallest of all delivery modes analysed. The debate here is whether outsourcing will continue to exhibit higher growth rates once it is used as strategic tool rather than as a tactical instrument for cutting IT costs, as it has historically been used.
- **Network Services**: the internal network and the network outside of the enterprise is set to become one of the key competitive areas over the next five years. "Network-centricity" will become a major source of competitive advantage for utilising information across organisations, particularly those with international structures. Related to this development is the growth in Internet services and LAN/WAN *internetworking*.

Lowest growth areas include:

- Equipment Services: this is due to commoditisation of the maintenance market which fell by 4% during the last year. Maintenance contract costs are expected to continue declining as organisations either take out fewer contracts or force down the cost of existing contracts. Also, there is little opportunity for PC maintenance sales due to rapid technological advances in PC performance.
- **Systems Software**: enterprise systems' volumes are continuing to decline and competition is becoming much more intense as this segment of the market reaches maturity. Growth in PCs and workstations over the next five years (13%) is masked by mainframe volume declines (-6%).
- **Professional Services**: the growth of IS consulting and outsourcing of applications management (10% and 24% respectively) is dampened by low demand for custom software development (1%) due to the increased reliance on "packaged" application products, such as SAP R/3, which is becoming ubiquitous in France, Germany and the UK.
- Processing Services: traditional services in this segment are either outsourced or under intense price pressure. The growth segment here is that of business continuity services, where in recent years there has been a shift in emphasis by leading vendors from IT disaster planning to general business protection and recovery. INPUT forecasts that this market will grow to \$1.3 billion by the year 2000, a growth rate of 15%.

Other sectors of importance include:

- Systems Integration: this market will continue to grow as vendors adopt a business-based approach to projects, adding value rather than containing cost. International organisations are increasingly demanding international service provision, a trend which is playing to the strengths of American vendors such as EDS, Andersen Consulting, ISSC and CSC.
- Application Software: as packaged application software increases in use the key to growth will be to develop offerings around applications such as SAP R/3 as custom software development skills decline rapidly.

 Turnkey Systems: this sector will also benefit from standardised hardware and software packages which reduce the level of project complexity.

Exhibit III-3 illustrates the fact that major commercial opportunities are not necessarily restricted to "growth" sectors, particularly as such markets have a small base. Areas such as professional services and application software represent valuable revenue opportunities over the five year forecast period.

Exhibit III-3

Major Revenue Opportunities—Europe, 1995-2000: Not Limited to "Growth" Sectors

* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	CAGR (%)	Revenue Increase (\$ bn)
High Growth		
Systems Operations	20	6.6
Network Services	16	7.8
Systems Integration	13	4.3
Low Growth		
Professional Services	4	5.0
Application Software	12	9.7
Turnkey Systems	8	6.0

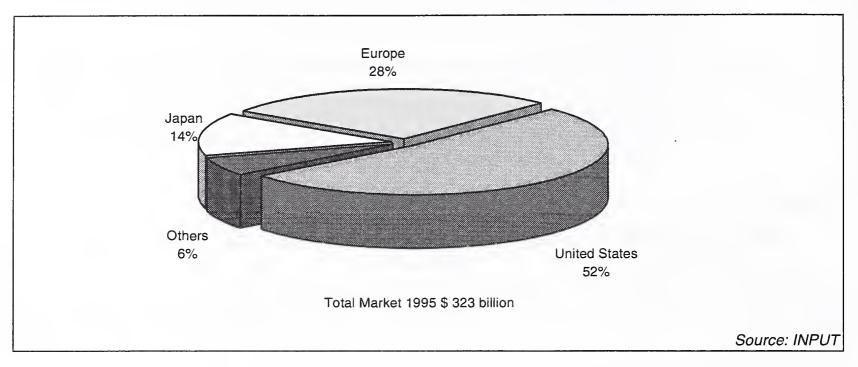
Source: INPUT

3. The World Context

The European market, which is worth \$89 billion, accounts for 28% of the 1995 world information services market, which, according to INPUT is valued at \$323 billion. This puts it firmly behind the USA market, valued at \$169 billion, which has a 52% share of the market. Europe is twice the size of Japan in terms of value — its market size is \$46 billion with a market share of 14%. Exhibit III-4 illustrates this global distribution of market share.

Exhibit III-4

Global Distribution of Information Services Markets



The four major economies of France, Germany, UK and Italy dominate the European market, accounting for 70% of all revenues. The next nine medium-sized countries account for 28%: these include Benelux (2 countries), the Nordic region (4 countries) and Spain, Switzerland and Austria. Exhibits III-5 shows the relative strengths of these countries when compared with the USA and Japan. Exhibit III-6 gives individual growth projections for the four major European economies.

Exhibit III-5

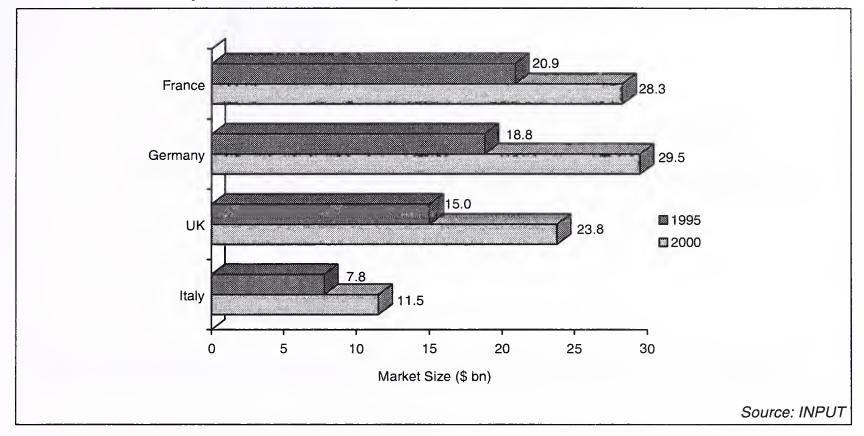
Largest Information Services Country Markets, 1995-2000

* *	Market Size 1995 (\$ bn)	CAGR 1995-2000 (%)
USA	169	12
Japan	45.5	9
France	20.9	6
Germany	18.8	9
United Kingdom	15.0	10
Italy	7.8	8
Europe	89.0	8
World	323.0	11

Source: INPUT

Exhibit III-6

European Countries Comparative Market Size — 1995-2000



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Future Development of the Information Services Industry: Key Business Drivers

A

Information Services Market Trends: Change Is The Only Constant

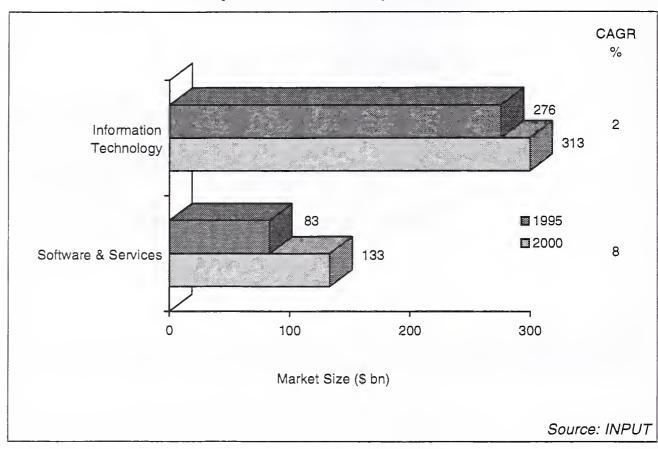
Information Services markets are experiencing profound change. No longer are they able to rely on double-digit growth, as was the case through the 1980s. It is not possible simply to rely on easy market conditions for continued year on year growth. User organisations are more critical than ever. They expect value for money and visible returns on investment rather than simple cost containment. It is no longer possible to argue that the benefits of IT infrastructure are intangible and therefore not open to commercial investment evaluation.

However, information technology is being perceived to be of increasing significance to enterprises throughout Europe. Though the promise of gaining real competitive advantage through the use of IT has faded somewhat, few organisations believe they can compete internationally without a strong technology base. This is reflected in many user organisations' choice of *international* service companies (usually American) to provide them with global support. This, in turn, puts pressure on companies which are strong only in one country and have little capability outside their home market. This process has forced vendors to focus on specific delivery modes or vertical markets where growth opportunities are evident.

In this context, the information services market still represents an overall higher growth opportunity than other IT markets. This is shown in Exhibit IV-1 which contrasts forecast growth in the information services arena with that of the total expected growth for other IT sectors.

Exhibit IV-1

European IT Vs IS Expenditures



The major trends and drivers within the information services market can be summarised as follows:

- Consolidation and internationalisation of vendors with new market entrants from the telecommunications sector
- Increased emphasis on networks ("network-centricity") linked with a drive towards distributed systems
- Greater use of knowledge-based systems
- An increasingly business-based vendor perspective
- New markets and technologies: electronic commerce and multimedia.

B

Information Services Market Trends: Vendor Consolidation and Internationalisation

1. Think International, Act Local

Multinational corporations are becoming increasingly international in outlook and operation. Their suppliers, therefore, are expected to support them regardless of the territories or time zones in which such companies choose to operate. This is particularly the case in the markets for systems integration and outsourcing. As a result two competitive segments are emerging:

- International service vendors who can support multinational client operations
- Local players with strengths in one or two national markets.

Vendors of localised, bespoke offerings are finding it increasingly hard to compete with international players. A single country market focus is no longer a sustainable niche. Global competition demands a global response. European vendors have been slow to capitalise on the globalisation process. This is a result of vendors operating within 'protected' markets (due either to legislation or cultural practice) and, in many cases (such as Olivetti, Bull and SNI), having to focus on returning to profitability.

International players, such as EDS, CSC and Andersen Consulting, have leveraged their European operations in providing support to multinational clients and attracted business within Europe by "tracking" their US client base to the European market. It is this global capability combined with 'thought leadership' and extensive in-depth market coverage which has led to increased market share within Europe at the expense of local vendors.

The exception to this is SAP. However, even SAP are experiencing lower growth rates in Europe (19% in Germany for the latest financial year) compared to the USA (157%) as users absorb their current software and become more critical of SAP R/3's ability to deliver costeffective solutions.

In parallel to this strategy of growing market share through globalisation, international players are also acquiring companies at breakneck speed. ISSC has acquired 14 companies in six countries over the last three years alone. Across all European countries the top 30 vendors are accounting for a greater proportion of market share, leading to higher barriers to market entry.

European vendors are reacting by forming alliances or partnerships to increase critical mass and leverage their core competencies into new markets. ICL has placed greater emphasis on partnerships by creating alliances with EDS (in the area of information security) and IBM (tailoring its Search Accelerator for use by the RS/6000). Olivetti launched Telemedia in September 1994. This is essentially an alliance with two American firms, Redgate Communications and Hughes Network Systems (part of GM), as well as a consolidation of their multimedia interests. Through Omnitel Pronto Italia Olivetti has also won Italy's second digital mobile phone license, again by forging links with Bell Atlantic and Air Touch, both US organisations. Collaboration, rather than competition, seems to be a powerful strategy for maintaining market share growth in the face of American near-virtual domination of the European market place.

2. The Rise of the Telecommunications Vendors

Vendors in the software and services market are increasingly working with telecommunications companies. This is due to three inter-related forces. Increasing deregulation of European telecoms markets has, in turn, lead to increased competition from new entrants which, as a result, has forced telecoms carriers to find new markets for their services in addition to offering improved customer support for their traditional offerings. This phenomenon is also linked to the growth in network services and the acceptance by many organisations that the network-centric model is the accepted business model for future development (see next section).

In August 1995 IBM announced an agreement with Stet, a privately-owned Italian telecommunications company with revenues of \$21 billion, 140,000 employees and 3 million subscribers in Europe. The intention is for the alliance to sell a variety of "value added network-centric services" which includes network outsourcing, systems outsourcing (Stet is number two in this area), EDI (electronic data interchange) and LAN (local area networks) services, Internet access, e-mail, electronic commerce, video on demand, videoconferencing services and interactive multimedia. The claim is that they are the *first* organisation to offer voice, data and network outsourcing in one package to multinational clients. The exercise will start off in Italy then roll out to other regions of the world.

AT&T's new unit, AT&T Solutions, is a recognition of the potential in offering high value-added network management services. AT&T have also announced their corporate Internet strategy. By way of contrast, BT, through Syntegra and Syncordia, has been offering systems integration and network outsourcing services respectively for many years. These huge international organisations have the potential to become major players over the next five years, particularly in the area of network services. They have global reach and are extremely experienced in handling a multinational client base. Interestingly, vendors that have experience in developing large, complex integrated systems are finding a ready market for their service offering as telecoms carriers and cable television companies develop comprehensive new systems capabilities, such as electronic imaging systems, new information services and network switching devices.

Because of the increasing complexity of user requirements there has been an increase in the number of management consulting firms entering the European market. This has taken two forms:

- There has been a surfeit of general management consulting firms specialising in the area of IT consulting or introducing change management techniques, such as business process re-engineering.
- Many vendors have strengthened their consulting capabilities, predominantly through acquisition. This is a segment of the market which will continue to grow over the next five years but with a greater emphasis on partnering clients through implementation services, rather than 'pure' consulting.

C

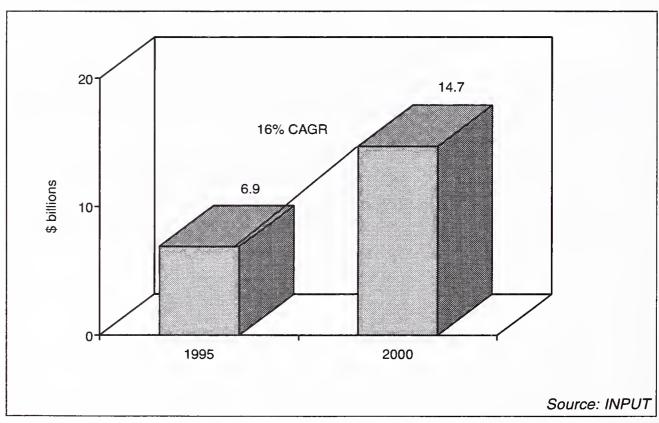
Information Services Market Trends: "Network-Centricity" and the Drive to Distributed Systems

1. Network Integration is a "Must"

With the emergence of new technologies such as client/server there has been a renewed emphasis on distributed computing architectures, primarily in the form of networks. The internal network and the network interface outside of the organisation is set to become one of the key competitive areas over the next five years. INPUT forecasts that network services will grow at 16% over the next five years to a market size of \$15 billion by the year 2000 (see Exhibit IV-2).

Exhibit IV-2

Network Services: 16% Growth up to the Year 2000



The combination of information technology and communications is becoming pervasive. It will no longer be possible to think about these technologies in isolation. Rather, in these areas vendors will tend to gain *smaller* shares of *larger* markets. In the next five years interconnectivity, whether it be in the form of EDI, surfing the Internet or value added network services, will be a "must".

A clear message for vendors is that the *integration* of existing enterprise systems and their "islands" of information is a key focus for IT operations. Many businesses, faced with mounting costs and increasing network complexity, are seeking to consolidate their networks into one seamless and manageable system. This has the advantage of bringing staff closer to the customer as decision-making is taken at the customer contact level, rather than by senior management. This has also increased staff productivity and allowed greater access to company information for a wider audience. Organisations are now realising that utilising in-house intellectual capital is the next major challenge. Far from needing *more* information companies need to manage, access and utilise information that already exists. The problem historically has been that such information exists in different systems, in different departments and in different formats (as well as in people's heads) and in some cases is simply unobtainable. Integration of cross-functional information systems is a major priority as it avoids writing off huge financial investments and starting again.

Related to the growth in internetworking (LAN and WAN (wide area networks) integration services) is the desire for organisations to increase the bandwidth capacity of their network to handle the evergrowing volume of traffic generated by client/server applications. This has been prompted by the increasing interest in multimedia. The issue appears to be a technological one: whether to use asynchronous transfer mode (ATM), frame relay or switched multi-megabit data services (SMDS) to replace X.25 services. However, the slow availability of ATM-based services is partly a result of telecoms carriers viewing ATM voice and data capabilities as a threat to their service-based revenues. Much larger amounts of voice and data can be pushed through the network with relatively little management overheads. The list of competitors wanting to expand their data communications business into areas previously the domain of international carriers is increasing rapidly. It ranges from systems integrators (such as EDS, CSC, Sema and CGS) through WAN technology providers (Bay Networks, Cisco) to hardware vendors (IBM, ICL, DEC and Unisys). Fierce competition is driving prices down but the ensuing confusion over service packages, technologies and market directions will not be resolved quickly.

2. Distributed Systems Management: A Growing Outsourcing Segment

One of the fastest-growing segments in the outsourcing market is among distributed desktop and client/server networks. No one supplier yet has a dominant position so there is everything to play for. The fundamental trend affecting the development of the outsourcing industry is that of downsizing, coupled with client/server computing. Changes in technology, such as networked computing devices and the Internet, will strengthen this trend. We are entering a highly distributed, globally networked and fully mobile working environment where investment in networking infrastructure has reached that level of critical mass which is leading to a new type of outsourcing: distributed systems management (DSM).

However, users are beginning to realise that client/server is more costly than first imagined and significantly more complex to manage. While PC networks are cheap to install, the operating costs are similar to those of a centralised system, and can even be more expensive. As investment in client/server reaches maturity over the next few years and users struggle to achieve some of the benefits they hoped for, they will turn for help from the specialists. The market for DSM will grow in inverse proportion to the decline in traditional data centre outsourcing.

The DSM market will be characterised by remote management diagnostics as opposed to traditional mainframe management skills. Unlike data systems where personnel costs have been driven down hard distributed systems have commodity-based pricing but people-intensive support requirements. Thus, it will be difficult to achieve cost savings for both supplier and customer. The way forward is to achieve economies of scale through remote management using modems and a variety of monitoring and control tools to carry out all the routine systems management tasks from a single site. This permits a reduction in on-site support staff and the ability to secure significant cost benefits.

There will be room for two types of organisations:

- Small, flexible, low cost companies with a 'no-frills' infrastructure, with access to readily available skills and technologies; these types of organisation will succeed in winning LAN and PC management contracts
- Large organisations focusing on the management of highly complex systems for international firms, where price is not the dominant factor; they are more likely to win contracts managing UNIX and midrange installations and WANs.

Despite low barriers to entry we have seen in the more mature data centre outsourcing industry that large firms with a track record and strong industry position are hard to budge. This will continue to be the case. One of the issues fundamental to the growth of distributed systems management is the lack of systems management tools. Although software development tools have matured to the point where they are capable of creating highly functional, highly distributed client/server applications, these applications are still not supported by powerful systems management tools. In many cases, the emerging tools lack the ability to scale to large numbers of servers and clients, are functionally incomplete and only cover single points in the systems management cycle. Moreover they offer little or no integration with the traditional mainframe or minicomputer systems management software that is still in use in most companies. Also, as the dividing line between systems and networks becomes more fuzzy, there is also a need to bring the disciplines of systems management and network management closer together. Consequently, database vendors will become more important in this sector. Oracle, Sybase and Informix have all launched ambitious systems centered around data management, although it would appear that such efforts are still closely linked to their own database platforms.

3. The Drive to Flexible Working

Closely linked to this drive towards distributed systems is the effectiveness of what is termed 'flexible working' or 'tele-commuting'. Flexible organisations allow workers the opportunity to spread their working hours between home and work and can, in some circumstances, re-define what is meant by the term 'working hours' itself. An informal yet effective communications infrastructure enabled by networked IT and telecommunications services can create looser structures for team working, increase empowerment and reduce management hierarchy. Apart from cost savings due to better utilisation of desk space (through 'hot desking') where people are free to organise their work and work patterns to suit them as individuals and the nature of the work they do, almost without exception they return higher quality work, they work more hours and are better motivated. It is estimated that by the year 2010 between 10% to 25% of tomorrow's work force will be telecommuting.

Digital's Stockholm office, where computer terminals drop down from the ceiling, has led to 50 per cent space savings, 60 per cent cuts in energy costs, nearly zero sickness rates, negligible staff turnover and a team performance which is beating targets by over 60 per cent. There are significant cultural obstacles to this approach including middle manager resistance (seeing their structures fade away), avoiding feelings of isolation and the problem of measuring staff on their output. However, it is clear that flexible working does offer a real alternative with major benefits. Using IT as an enabler to promote this as a viable option will certainly drive its use among businesses in the near future.

4. The Rise and Rise of the Internet

The other growth area within network services is the Internet. INPUT estimates that the number of Internet users is more than 25 million world-wide. The World Wide Web is the most frequently used part of the Internet and already contains over 50,000 sites. It is estimated that this population is doubling every two months and is regarded as the backbone for electronic commerce. The Internet is creating a market for goods and services which moves easily across geographies and time zones. It provides a wealth of information at the fingertips of the purchaser and reduces transaction speed significantly. It is now possible to browse through 'virtual' shopping centres within a truly global market place. Many organisations are using innovative ways to market their products over the Internet either through samples of free software or the instantaneous distribution of electronic catalogues to selected mailing lists. INPUT estimates that the worldwide market for electronic commerce, worth \$100 million in 1994, will grow at a compound annual rate of 33% to reach a market size of \$415 billion by the year 1999 (see Exhibit IV-3).

Exhibit IV-3

Worldwide Electronic Commerce Expenditures

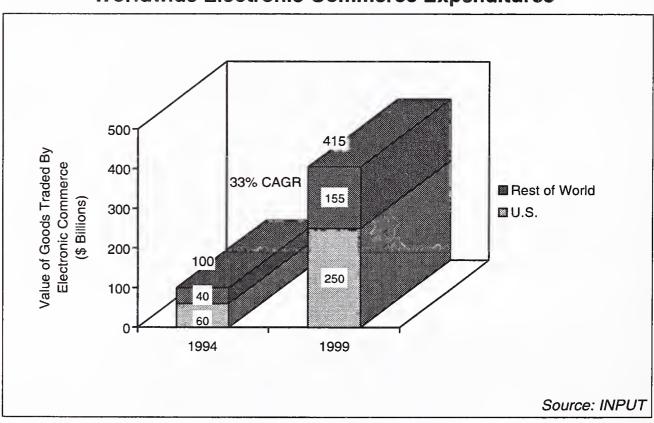
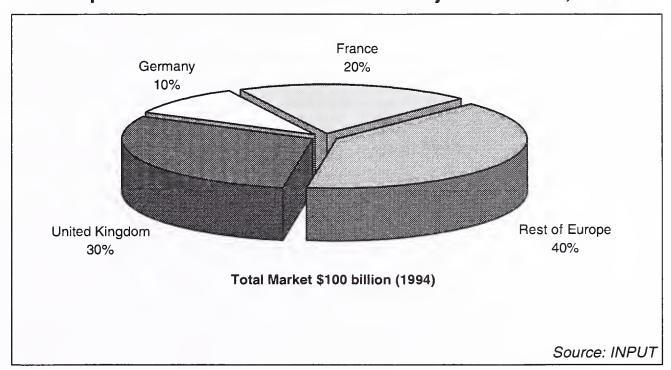


Exhibit IV-4 shows the relative proportions the major country markets represent of the overall European Internet market in terms of revenues generated from services related to building or supporting the Internet. The total European market is estimated to be worth \$100 billion.

Exhibit IV-4

European Internet Market Shares for Major Countries, 1995



D

Information Services Market Trends: Knowledge-Based Systems Will Increasingly Utilise Intellectual Capital

Knowledge-based strategies are likely to become a key competitive differentiator in the future. There are three aspects to this development:

- The creation of external digital knowledge bases
- The generation of *internal* company databases, such as data warehouses
- The development of simple *corporate learning* systems using PC-based systems.

As alluded to earlier, a key focus for many organisations is how to link their "islands" of information given that data is held at different places and in different formats. It is this *indexation* of knowledge within an organisation which increases the possibilities for corporate learning. Although INPUT forecasts that on-line information services will grow by 9% over the next five years from \$3.7 billion to \$6.3 billion the real opportunities lie in the development of new kinds of databases which offer more than just hard facts. Services on the Internet, particularly the Web, are beginning to realise this potential by using HTML (Hypertext Mark-up Language) when displaying information. This allows a user access to any part of a document simply by highlighting one particular aspect of the text. It will become a useful future tool for training and education along with other advanced multimedia techniques.

1. The Digital Library Starts Here

A good example of a recent initiative in this area is that of IBM, which has set up an alliance with a multimedia storage and retrieval company, MARS, to develop a system whereby programme, commercial or event producers can access music on-line for inclusion in productions. The system allows producers to select music for film, TV or other use, electronically gain clearance and obtain a license within minutes. The strength of this offering is shown by the variety of the customer base:

- Dreamworks SKG, a new entertainment company set up by Stephen Spielberg in October 1994;
- The Vatican Library, where rare manuscripts are distributed to scholars globally;

- Institute for Scientific Information, which provides scientific information electronically to researchers around the world;
- Indiana University School of Music, one of the first large-scale multimedia projects providing students with easy access to musical scores and recordings.

By providing advanced technologies for authentication, royalties management, encryption and watermarking, the IBM library offers effective rights management functions to content creators, content hosts and users. It also allows search management facilities for information based on image content, based on colours, shapes and textures: "search for images like this" is now a real query. Thus, while providing protection against unauthorised copying, its search capabilities allow users to find precise information amidst the wealth of material easily and quickly.

2. Data Warehousing: Making Information Work For You

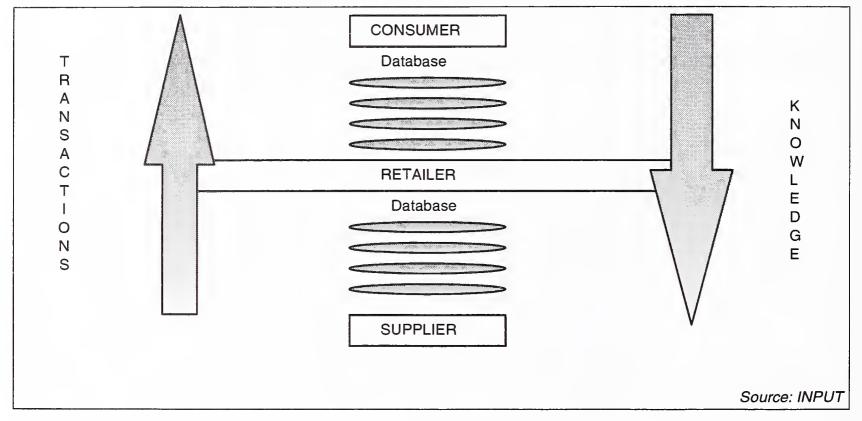
Data mining — or 'information prospecting', a more helpful term — is an example where in-house systems are providing added-value information and greater in-depth knowledge of the customer. The growth of interest in data warehousing stems from the Teredata database search engine which was launched in 1985. Until 1993 Teredata was the data warehousing market. Using massively parallel processing power within a relational database customers are able to launch complex queries against mountains of data either directly from a database screen or by using a business intelligence tool.

A good example is EPOS data from supermarkets. Traditionally, EPOS data has been used for basic purposes such as stock control and, at best, monitoring local or national promotions. A more creative use would be to analyse customer purchasing patterns linked to their charge card or smart card. Most supermarket customers are creatures of habit. Some studies suggest that shoppers buy 80% of the same products as they bought on previous visits. If this is true then information systems can form the basis on which a long-term relationship with the customer can be structured. For instance, all customers have to do is advise their local supermarket in advance of their expected time of arrival and their 80% habitual purchase will be ready for them, pre-packed, waiting to be picked up. This would give customers more time to browse around and possibly buy more items. Giant databases of historical data are of little use unless connections between the data can be highlighted and lessons learned regarding customers' behaviour. Data mining does exactly that.

Data mining can provide the same advantages to suppliers of retail chains. Some retailers are already differentiating themselves by providing suppliers with sales information on specific lines within a region or even a sub-set of retail outlets. Suppliers are thus able to monitor the effects of a local promotion while it is taking place and can evaluate its success within hours of it having finished. Exhibit IV-5 illustrates the way data warehouse concepts can be utilised within a supply chain environment.

Exhibit IV-5

Knowledge Creation Within A Supply Chain Environment



There are many benefits associated with this approach:

- Such systems make effective use of mountains of raw data which could not otherwise be analysed;
- Meaningful links between the data are highlighted;
- Information is distributed to those people who need it most
- Such systems provide access to information in a form which is easily accessible and usable, even if it is image or voice;
- It assists the sales and marketing effort in generating additional revenue and establishing closer customer relationships.

The limitations of this approach are shown when analysing data which has more than three dimensions, although executive information services and on-line analytical processing vendors are already producing increasingly sophisticated graphics packages. By far the most important aspect is ensuring uniformity in the way data is brought in and packaged within the warehouse. This includes data cleansing and definitions of consistent business terminology. Without consistency of data and data types access times are greatly increased and implementation much less successful.

3. Corporate Learning: Simple But Effective

Although nowhere near as powerful as the parallel computers used for data mining, simple PC systems have been used to good effect to create a 'learning organisation' culture where information is shared and discussed. Groupware such as Lotus Notes has provided many companies with a networked database which can be added to and shared by all members of the organisation. Such systems actively enhance knowledge creation and knowledge transfer. After only two years in the market groupware has become such a major application that Microsoft plans to launch its own version, Exchange, in 1995. The advantages of using such a network are numerous:

- Competitive intelligence can be supplied by the sales force
- Sales leads can be tracked
- New products can be developed by marketing and R&D
- Account management can access customer details, possibly at the customer's site
- Access can be gained to a corporate 'memory bank'
- On-line databases can be searched and downloaded onto the database and re-used at a later date.

Such systems are particularly powerful when used across multinational corporations. It allows for one region to work on a particular issue during their working day and then for another task force in a different time zone to continue the project within a twenty four hour cycle. The explosion of multimedia has helped to make relationships within such a database easier to monitor as text is embedded and links can be forged with other parts of the database. Research has shown that groupware enhances productivity and gives returns on investment of around 40 per cent.

However, employees feel uncomfortable about putting their intellectual capital on to any form of database. In doing so they feel they are being "robbed" of their individual contribution to the business. Consequently, their services may no longer be required if anyone can quickly and easily inherit their personal knowledge base. Also, there are cultural variations. In North America groupware is driven by workgroups in an ad hoc manner. In Europe it tends to be driven centrally by IT departments and is allied to strategy, even sometimes being used as part of a re-engineering project. However, in Japan there is little interest in groupware as Japanese culture depends heavily on face-to-face meetings and great reliance is placed on facial expressions and body language. Hence, electronic communication is inappropriate.

Paradoxically groupware will probably disappear as a separate category of software within about five years. As computing becomes more of a primary communications medium and object technology becomes more established users will come to expect to share information objects.

E

Information Services Market Trends: Vendors Are Adopting A Much More Business-Based Perspective

1. The Continual Search for Value-For-Money

Large IT users are demanding that IT systems deliver real value as defined by the enterprise. For too long customers have been sold systems which are justified simply on classic investment criteria, such as rate of return. Justifying IT infrastructure has become a political game involving the careful choice of discount rates in order to persuade the board that this particular IT investment is necessary and will add benefit to the organisation. Two markets which have seen an increase in emphasis by vendors on value creation (as oppose to cost containment) are the systems integration and professional services markets. In effect, services within these markets have been positioned as business solutions, as oppose to IT solutions. There is a much greater focus on the needs of the business. Value-based pricing includes the ability to directly measure any business benefits accruing from the project and to link such changes in performance with payment to the vendor. The fact that IT has been part of the implementation process and has enabled these solutions to be delivered is, in one sense, incidental. But this new style of project delivery is in embryonic form. However, it is more than coincidence that those vendors who are offering 'value for money contracts' are among the key players in the industry.

This re-assessment of the role of IT has led vendors to offer more consultancy services as part of an overall service offering, particularly in the realm of business process re-structuring or re-engineering. Such vendors wish to be perceived as offering genuinely business-oriented services. Re-engineering has been recognised as being important in this context as most, if not all, re-engineering projects require significant change in IT platforms, applications and solutions. This has led to the increasing complexity of systems integration projects and the desire by organisations to therefore outsource such projects as the skill sets do not exist in-house.

However, IT departments do see re-engineering projects as a means of changing their role in the organisation and so are very supportive of their company's initiatives. They are conscious of the need to reposition (and re-invent) themselves, especially given the rise in outsourcing and the widespread perception that IT departments do not really understand the business agenda.

But there is still work to be done by vendors in this area. The major focus for systems integration projects is still in non-process contexts, not that of translating business aims into technical solutions. Genuine process expertise is kept in-house while technology-intensive projects are put out to systems integrators. This is also the case in the outsourcing market. Both in the UK and increasingly within the rest of Europe, the most common form of outsourcing is where operations and support tasks - not process or application-specific tasks - are given to a vendor and where development activity based on expertise of a specific industry or application is retained within the corporation.

2. Flexible Contract Pricing

Long term partnerships and payments by results systems are particularly appropriate to systems projects which last five to ten years. As an organisation changes over time, so a contract needs to be flexible in terms of delivering to a *changing business need* as well as providing a specifically contracted service. Over-specification of tenders is the greatest handicap to this process. EDS' agreement with the UK Inland Revenue in 1994 and Koperativa Forbundet of Sweden in 1993 are good examples of this kind of flexible arrangement. But in order to enter into this kind of long-term commitment large resources and financial strength are required. This ultimately limits the number and type of vendors operating within this market. The advantage is that it ties the supplier very closely to the customers' business and provides the opportunity and the incentive to show how the supplier can contribute to the customer's continuing prosperity.

3. Flexible IT Infrastructure

This increasingly business-based approach by vendors is not to be confused with the current fad of aligning IT strategy with business strategy. Business and IT strategies are fundamentally mismatched. To update old, rigid, inflexible systems takes up most of an IT department's time and financial resources. Businesses, on the other hand, are highly dynamic and constantly changing. The way forward is to develop a flexible IT infrastructure that can change in accordance with the needs of the business - and within a timescale set by the organisation. This would include various elements:

- The ability to store information in a way that can be easily *accessed* via groupware through in-house knowledge bases
- The ability to *convert* information into a customer-oriented format which the internal customer can utilise

- The ability to move information around the business and to customers, suppliers and partners using advanced network services
- The ability to decide who can use which pieces of information.

This fluid approach to infrastructure development offers the enterprise the possibility of responding flexibly to dynamic changes in the current business environment and allows IT to play a more business-related role.

F

Information Services Market Trends: New Markets and Technologies — Electronic Commerce and Multimedia

1. Electronic Commerce

Electronic data interchange (EDI) has traditionally been the medium for any direct transmission of data between corporations' information systems. However, this is becoming increasingly complicated by the possibility of business on the Internet, smart card technology and developments in home banking.

Such phenomena are causing companies to radically re-think the ways in which they carry out their business. By developing key electronic commerce application skills vendors can exploit specific opportunities such as:

- Electronic commerce on the Internet
- Electronic purse and smart card applications
- The emergence of 'virtual' banking.

a. Cyberspace Trading: Security is Paramount

Security is paramount to any commercial system and many institutions have serious concerns regarding electronic transactions. But there are encouraging signs that this will not stall potential buyers and sellers from operating within *cyberspace*.

Netscape Communications, publisher of the Navigator programme for the World Wide Web and recently launched on the US stock market to tremendous acclaim, has introduced a new version of its browser programme. This prevents others from entering the network by creating a secure channel through the use of an encryption system. Navigator also authenticates the identity of parties involved in electronic transactions and ensures that messages cannot be altered en route. An alternative approach has been developed by Terisa Systems, a joint venture between Enterprise Integration Technologies and RSA Data Security, developers of electronic commerce and data encryption systems respectively. To avoid conflict over standards, Netscape, in addition to IBM, Compuserve, America On-line and Prodigy, have taken equity stakes within Terisa Systems and by combining the two security standards aim to create a unified approach acceptable to all major players. Commercial products based on the standard should be available by the fourth quarter of 1995.

However, there are still problems in navigating around a "cybermall". Shops need to be easy to find and customers need to be able to compare prices without too much effort. Also, the cost of setting up business is not simply an investment of \$40,000 in computer hardware. Customers expect high quality product presentations and customer service, not cheap computer graphics. The issues (and the costs) are akin to opening up a new store or restaurant.

b. Electronic Purses: Phone Me Some Money

Smart cards — plastic cards which store information on a microchip — have been used by retailers and, more recently, mobile phone companies, as a method of generating customer loyalty, understanding buying patterns and segmenting the customer base on the basis of attitude and lifestyle. Such cards have been used by petrol companies in conjunction with retailers to allow customers to accumulate points for each purchase. These points can then be converted into cash at a store as part payment towards the total cost of the product. It is only a small step from this position to accepting plastic as if it were cash in hand, which is essentially the principle behind the 'electronic purse'.

The two main systems for delivering the electronic purse concept are either re-chargeable cards which do not need to be linked to a central computer or a much faster debit card which adds up small transactions throughout the shopping day. Portugal launched one of the most sophisticated versions of the electronic purse in February 1995. It is the first card that can be issued by any bank and used to pay for any service anywhere. Denmark and Finland have also developed electronic purses.

In the UK, National Westminster and Midland banks launched Mondex in July 1995, an electronic purse initially being tested in the town of Swindon with a target of 40,000 residents and 1,000 retailers. Unlike a debit card, Mondex never looks at a bank account. The cash is on the card. The amount can be increased via telephones (BT is also a partner in the project) or at cash point machines. The card can be used to shop from home on the Internet or cable television, to pay fares on public transport and to send cash to relatives abroad. Smart card technology has the potential to carry further information, such as travel season tickets and even medical records.

There are plans in place to test Mondex in Canada next year and through the Hong Kong Shanghai Bank (Midland Bank's parent company) in China, India, Singapore, Thailand and the Philippines.

The sub-plot for the banks is to reduce the costs of handling cash. At present this costs the financial services industry in the UK \$3.2 billion

a year. Electronic cash is also part of a wider drive to encourage customers to deal directly with their bank accounts, rather than via the costly branch network. Mastercard, Visa and Europay are developing their own cards for similar trials as well as collaborating on the development of global standards for chip cards.

However, the emergence of various payment systems such as Internet shopping centres, interactive cable television, smart cards and electronic purses, could cause problems for banks. Internal mainframe computers need to adapt to the multitude of payment systems, some of which have still to be put on trial.

c. Virtual Banking: What Does It Mean?

Virtual banking involves customers accessing bank services via multiple delivery channels including automated teller machines (ATM), telephones, multimedia kiosks, interactive TVs and home PCs. A virtual bank is the contact point through which these services are provided, often by third parties. Pressure for cost reduction and improved customer service levels are helping shape a new banking environment, which will be characterised by a wider range of delivery channels, complex organisational relationships and greater use of technology. The traditional brick-and-mortar branch is slowly giving way to an organisation which is reaching out to its customers in non-traditional ways.

Among the new delivery mechanisms are ATMs and telephones. In the USA banks plan to increase the number of ATMs to 135,000 - a growth of 50% - by 1997. Home banking, using interactive set-top television boxes or PCs, appears to be finally taking root in the USA due to advances in high performance telecom technologies such as asynchronous transfer mode and integrated digital services network connections and the growth of home computing and on-line service subscriptions. In the UK telephone banking is becoming more and more accepted as an alternative delivery channel. This is evidenced by the growth of First Direct, a subsidiary of Midland Bank, which recently announced it had reached a base of 500,000 customers since it launched its UK telephone banking service five years ago. Over the next five years, telephone banking in the UK is expected to increase ten-fold with the total number of calls per month rising from 2 million to 20 million.

Barclays Bank announced plans in July to introduce a home computer banking service in the UK. The pilot package is aimed at 2,000 Barclays customers with plans to make the service nationwide in a year's time. Using a modem to link their personal computer to the telephone customers will be able to pay bills, transfer funds, set up standing orders and check the balance of their accounts from home.

The recent INPUT study into worldwide banking analysed the potential impact of electronic commerce. Among the key findings were:

- Banks are very interested in electronic banking since it can expand their ability to serve clients through home banking, electronic commerce on public networks and the Internet, rapid information on corporate activity (cash management, in effect), expanded ATM services and on-line input or receipt of instructions and information
- Electronic services can also improve a bank's ability to provide customer services and this may be the best method banks have of competing with non-banks
- Banks are anxious to reduce costs in existing work and systems and will consider dropping, changing or simply not upgrading services that cannot be delivered at a profit
- In terms of key technology issues electronic banking was perceived as the second most important issue on a global scale (see Exhibit IV-6) after client-server computing.

Exhibit IV-6

Top 5 Worldwide Technology Issues—Banking and Finance Sector

	Relative Importance to Bank Respondents	
How fast to pursue client-server use	4.0	
Importance of Electronic Banking	3.8	
Need for BPR prior to projects	3.7	
Need for Open Systems	3.5	
Whether imaging saves money and personnel	3.3	

5 = High and 1 = Low

Source: INPUT

- Electronic banking was regarded as the second most important trend within Europe (see Exhibit IV-7) after the need to expand retail banking requirements (this included improvement of branch operations, integration of accounts and on-line operations)
- Within France the development and use of Minitel by the general population has provided a stimulus for electronic banking to provide capabilities via home networks.

Exhibit IV-7

Top 5 European Banking Trends

	Relative Ranking by Bank Users and Vendors
Expanding Retail banking Requirements	4.1
Use of Electronic Banking	3.8
Increased processing and outsourcing work from banks	3.5
Cost reduction pressures	3.4
BPR and other engineering activies	3.4

5 = High and 1 = Low Source: INPUT

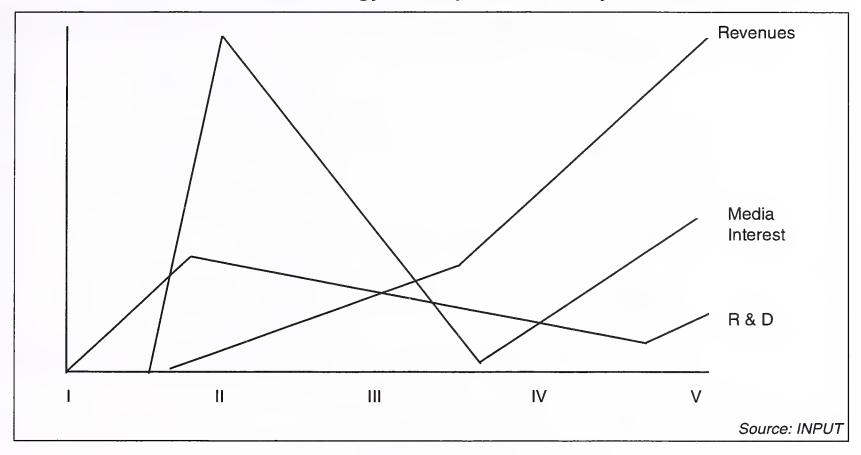
As technology reaches into the home and new interactive services are developed so the concept of banking as a nine-to-five service will become redundant. This reflects the growing trend towards 24 hour retailing whereby customers demand greater choice, better value, excellent customer service and speedy delivery - even if the order is taken at three o'clock in the morning.

2. Multimedia

There has been a great deal of hype and confusion over what exactly multimedia means and what it will deliver. During 1993 and 1994 the media generated a huge amount of excitement and argued for dramatic changes in the way people work and live as a result of the introduction of multimedia technology. In reality, the revenues generated by multimedia applications are relatively small and the adoption of video-on-demand or PC-based video is still in the medium to long term. Exhibit IV-8 is a generic model which shows the relationship between research, media attention and subsequent revenue generation for new technologies. Multimedia still remains a stand-alone, non-interactive software tool, primarily in the format of CD-ROM.

Exhibit IV-8

Phases in Research and Technology Development, Industry Attention and Revenue



a. Big Brands Are Watching You

Now that the initial hype is over, as evidenced by a growing media disillusionment concerning its impact, the real revenue opportunities for information services vendors are becoming apparent. The next major development is the entry of new players from backgrounds of content production and distribution. These companies have significant brand strength and will be extremely influential in guiding customers through the maze of information which interactive multimedia technology will produce. It is significant that Microsoft has recently begun to aggressively market itself through advertising in order to become a brand name of the future with its "Where Do You Want To Go Today?" strap-line. Exhibit IV-9 shows some of the major brands who are already heavily involved in this market.

Exhibit IV-9

New Players Possess Powerful Brands

Sector	Company
Publishing	Reed Elsevier Daily Telegraph Group Bertlesmann Associated Newspapers
Broadcasting	British Broadcasting Corporation Canal + News International
Retail	Thomas Cook WH Smith Argyll
Airlines	Virgin United Airlines British Airways

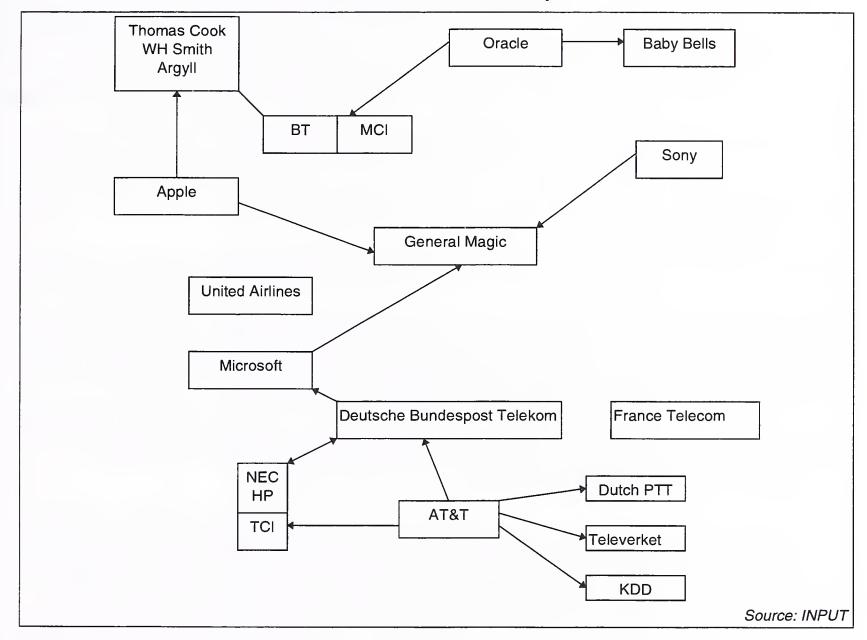
Source: INPUT

b. Merger-Mania Continues

Vendors should evaluate the opportunities inherent in making alliances with such organisations. Service opportunities will centre around the delivery of new forms of content. However, although alliances are key to gaining market share, the way forward is extremely complex. Exhibit IV-10 illustrates alliances between the current players. Merger and acquisition activity between media and content organisations also continues at an amazing rate with major agreements being announced almost on a weekly basis. As the number of opportunities declines so the cost of acquisition increases, as evidenced by the recent \$19 billion Disney/Capital Cities-ABC merger, America's second largest ever. Because of the way in which companies from different sectors are working with each other new value chains are emerging which reflect this process. This has caused vendors to re-evaluate their approach to such markets and demands careful analysis in order to ensure service offerings reflect current business needs.

Exhibit IV-10

Multimedia Alliance Map



c. Diversify or Die?

There are three business drivers prompting the rapid take-up of multimedia technology:

- The fear of standing by and watching competitors gain market share (Smith Corona, the inventor of the typewriter, missed the computer age altogether and filed for bankruptcy in July 1995)
- Deregulation of telephony and cable TV markets
- The potential size of a newly converged market which includes telecoms operators, TV and cable networks, publishers, software companies and film studios.

Multimedia is a concept, not a market or a product. Consequently, it is difficult to predict how the various markets will work together. Because of the drivers mentioned above firms are diversifying into markets where they have little real business understanding. AT&T's 1991 acquisition of NCR for \$7.5 billion in order to enter into the computer business is still struggling to show returns, as evidenced by the recent AT&T demerger announcement. Today's emerging standards may become tomorrow's wasted technology. If cheap wireless transmission can be made to work cable companies may have wasted millions digging up roads to lay fibre-optics. For every multimedia success (such as CD-ROM) there are spectacular failures (such as video phones or personal digital assistants).

Some of the boldest diversification strategies have come from network providers who also want to control what travels along them. Many of the alliances over the last two years have involved media (telecoms, cable, software) and messages (TV and film studios, publishers, banks). The rationale is that there may be many ways of delivering films (say) into a home but there will never be more than one 'Citizen Kane'. However, there is little evidence that technology companies are good at managing content. The retreat of Sony and Matsushita from Hollywood during 1995 illustrates the difficulty of the "hardware /software synergy" argument.

Likewise, firms making money from the distribution of their products (publishers, software, studios) will find it much harder to retain control once products are turned into digits. It is hard to enforce copyright laws in cyberspace. Microsoft and NBC's recent agreement to make broadcast material available on-line will be seriously undermined by the fact that much of the same material will be available for free on the Internet. Banks who have agreements with Microsoft or Intuit to provide on-line services will have even less influence over the quality and security of their services. As such services move to a common interface (such as Intuit's software) customers will come to care less and less about which bank is at the other end of the line. However, Microsoft faces the same issue as it moves into the content business. Nobody looks for a brand name on a film or CD-ROM, even if it is online. A study by Harvard Business School led by Michael Porter found that firms abandoned more than half of all acquisitions made in new industries and as many as 75% of those made in wholly unrelated fields.

d. Watch Your Step

The key lesson appears to be that in order to effectively partner with "big brand" organisations two criteria need to be met:

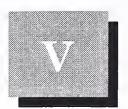
- The company must have the financial muscle to be able to afford to take risks (and ultimately make losses on some projects)
- Any multimedia alliance must focus on sectors or products where the vendor has considerable strength and expertise.

The sectors where adoption of multimedia technology has been quickest include financial services (banking booths), travel (multimedia workstations) and retail fashion (tailoring/ordering booths). Examples of vendor initiatives in these sectors include:

- Banking: in conjunction with a consortium of UK and overseas banks BT and Oracle have developed banking "booths" where customers can generate transactions through video and on-line access to accounts at supermarkets and railway stations, as well as in banks themselves.
- Travel: CGS has been working with the travel industry to develop a workstation which presents details of holiday and travel locations using video and voice recognition techniques.
- Retail: European retailers have been using interactive in-store terminals for some time. Multimedia booths allow customers the opportunity to order and purchase clothing, watch fashion show videos and access home shopping TV channels.

Recent INPUT research shows that the key areas of multimedia technology for vendors are videoconferencing, the use of video within a desktop environment and whiteboards. Videoconferencing is still very expensive, uses extremely complicated technology and is still of unproved business benefit. The integration of full motion video onto the desktop is seen as the primary technology of the multimedia age. Television feeds are widely available within the financial services sector, as seen on dealing room floors. However, although networked systems integration is a major market already well served by vendors, full PC/TV integration is still at an early stage of development and at present has a low installed base. Whiteboard technology, essentially a workflow application, allows ideas and decisions to be shared in real time across networked workstations using a shared whiteboard or notepad facility. It is particularly useful within global manufacturing for processes such as the design of new models.

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The European Information Services Market: Country Analysis

This chapter contains key highlights of the analysis and forecasts for each country market in Europe. The countries have been segmented into four groups:

- The four major economies: France, Germany, UK and Italy
- The Nordic region: Sweden, Norway, Finland and Denmark
- Eastern and Central Europe
- The Mediterranean economies (Spain, Portugal, Greece) Ireland, Benelux, Austria and Switzerland.

Λ

The Four Major Economies

France, Germany, the UK and Italy together account for 70% of European revenues and will continue to do so for the next five years. The French market, worth FF 112 billion (\$ 21 billion) in 1995, is still the largest market for software and services in Europe, growing at 6% per annum until the year 2000. However, by 1999 Germany will become the largest information services market (excluding equipment services), with a market size of DM 42 billion (\$27.1 billion); France will be worth FF 142 billion (\$26.6 billion). The German market, worth DM 29.2 billion (\$18.8 billion) in 1995 will grow at a compound rate of 9% to DM 45.8 billion (\$29.5 billion) in 2000.

The reason for this movement is due to specific growth opportunities within Germany in the outsourcing, processing services, network services and application software markets. These will all grow at above

the average European rate for each of these sectors. By way of contrast, France has no segments which are growing faster than the average European rate. Exhibit V-1 analyses where the growth opportunities lie for the four major economies when compared on this basis.

Exhibit V-1

Growth Opportunties for France, Germany, United Kingdom and Italy 1995-2000

Segment	Average European Growth Rate %	France	Germany	UK	Italy
Professional Services	4	В	В	В	В
Systems Integration	13	В	В	Α	В
Systems Operations	20	В	A	С	Α
Processing Services	4	В	Α	Α	В
Network Services	16	В	Α	В	Α
Systems Software	4	В	С	Α	С
Application Software	12	В	Α	С	A
Turnkey Systems	8	В	С	В	В
Equipment Services	1	В	В	В	С
A = Above Average	Total A	0	4	3	3
B = Below Average	В	9	3	4	4
C = Average	С	0	2	2	2

Source: INPUT

1. France

INPUT forecasts that the French market will grow over the next five years by 6% per annum. As mentioned above, there is a relative lack of growth across the French information services market when compared to other European countries. There is a high reliance on custom software development which, although a large segment of professional services, is a declining element of the overall market due to intense price pressure. Professional services accounts for 37% of the French information services market in 1995; this compares to a European average of 28% (only Sweden is higher at 42%). Also, France is the only European country to maintain a strong national presence in its home market. This may raise problems in the future given the trend towards organisations working with vendors who possess international, as oppose to national, capability (see previous chapter). In 1995 France represented just under 24% of the European market; this will decline to 21% by the year 2000.

Exhibit V-2 provides an analysis of the French Market divided into the nine separate delivery modes identified by INPUT. Full details of the year by year forecasts are given in Appendix G.

Exhibit V-2

Software and Services Market — France, 1995-2000

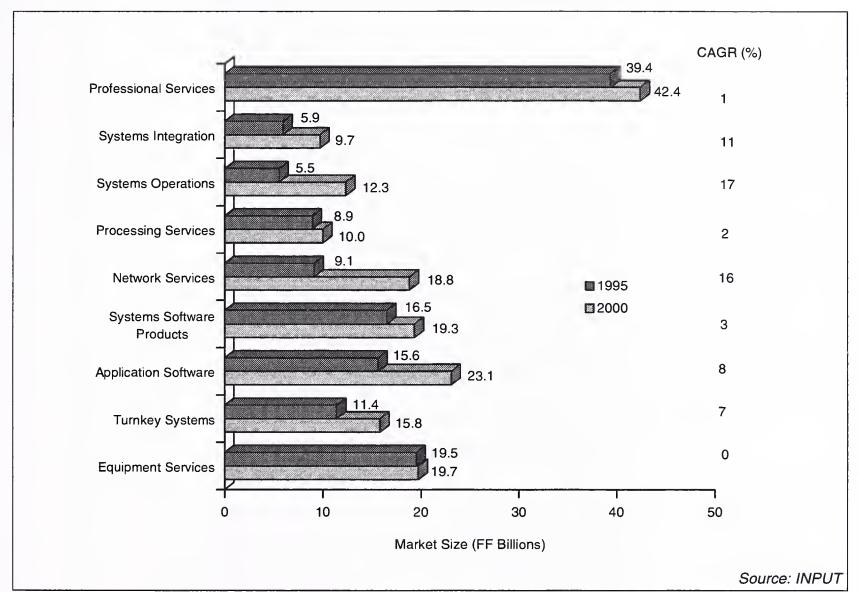


Exhibit V-3 gives a breakdown of the French market by industry, cross industry and generic sectors, the latter being equipment services, software products and other processing services sectors. Increased IT consultancy skills, to deal with more complex user requirements, are needed in the banking and finance, health, insurance and government sectors. As a result of this approach there is also increased demand for education and training. Traditionally, systems vendors controlled hardware and (to some extent) software, especially system software. Training was therefore linked to the vendor. Now, independent service vendors and IT consultants are entering this area, particularly within manufacturing, health and government sectors. The drive to open systems has meant that there is now no reason to be linked to a specific vendor.

Exhibit V-3

Information Services Industry Analysis France, 1994

Market Sector	Market Size (FF Millions)	Per cent of Total
Total Information Services	128,000	100
Industry Sector Total	79,000	62
Discrete Manufacturing	9,900	8
Process Manufacturing	6,300	5
Transportation	5,550	4
Utilities	3,750	3
Telecommunications	4,000	3
Retail Distribution	2,750	2
Wholesale Distribution	3,550	3
Banking & Finance	14,500	11
Insurance	5,250	4
Healthcare	3,650	3
Education	1,420	1
Local Government	6,150	5
Central Government	6,050	5
Business Services	4,150	3
Other Industries	2,250	2
Cross-Industry Sectors Total	9,300	7
Accounting	2,150	2
Education & Training	315	0
Engineering & Scientific	670	1
Human Resources	1,350	1
Office Systems	2,050	2
Planning & Analysis	1,750	1
Other Cross-Industry	1,000	1
Generic Sectors Total	39,300	31
Equipment Services	19,900	16
System Software Products	15,800	12
Utility and Other Processing	1,230	1
Other Electronic Info Services	2,350	2

^{*}Software and Services excludes equipment services

Source: INPUT

2. Germany

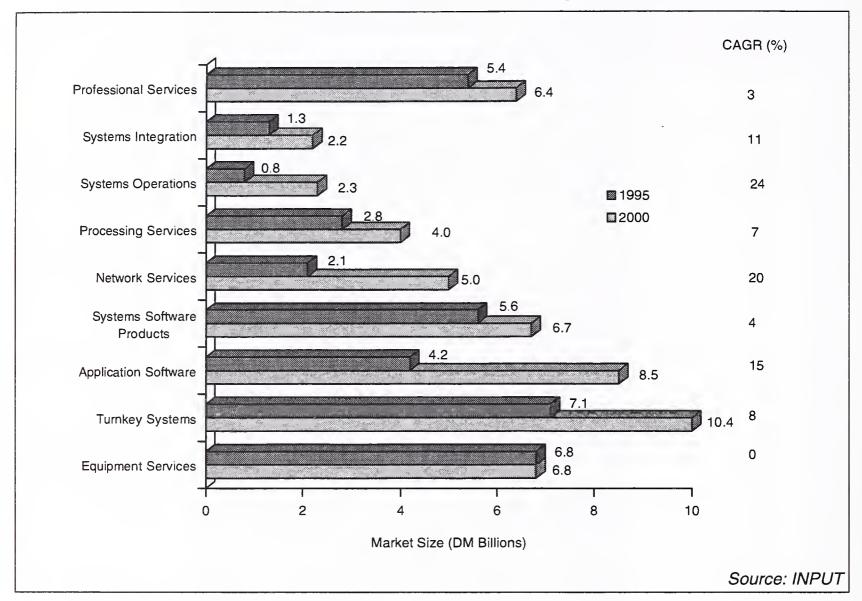
The German economy is moving out of a recessionary environment, spurred on by demand in eastern Europe and strong growth within the services sector generally. It is estimated by the Institut der Deutschen Wirtschaft (IWD) that in 1994 employees in all service industries, except retailing, generated more added value per head than manufacturing's overall DM 90,000 a year. The IWD also discovered that two-thirds of all new jobs created in the 1980s emerged in the services category. Eastern Germany is still missing higher value-added service businesses, such as software houses. One forecast for the next 15 years predicts the creation of 2.5 million new German service jobs.

Within the information services market Germany is expecting strong compound growth of 9% up to the year 2000. Germany will account for 22% of the European market by the end of the decade, a whole percentage point up on its current market share position. This increase is worth just under \$1.3 billion in absolute terms by the end of the decade. Demand for client/server migration and open systems is strong. UNIX-based packaged solutions are particularly resilient in the banking and manufacturing sectors. Also, the application tools segment, particularly database management systems, are expanding at high rates. There is a new generation of managers emerging who are less sensitive to the traditional data processing perspective, have no fear over losing their installed hardware base and emphasis the strategic value of information rather than the infrastructure.

Exhibit V-4 analyses the German market by major delivery mode. By way of contrast with France, the professional services market in Germany has a much lower profile, accounting for only 18% of the German information services market in 1995. The custom software sub-sector continues to decline due to the severe curtailment of the use of contract labour.

Exhibit V-4

Software and Services Market, Germany 1995-2000



Another area where Germany has historically lagged behind other European countries is outsourcing. In 1995 outsourcing accounted for just 2% of the total German market; this is forecast to grow to 5% by the year 2000. INPUT forecasts that this sector of the market will increase by 24% per annum over the next five years, a 4% increase from last year's estimate. Germany's aversion to outsourcing operations has begun to change rapidly and it will exhibit the highest growth rate across Europe over the next five years.

This has been aided by the growth in SAP outsourcing which is gradually changing from a mainframe-based processing service to a form of client/server systems management. The first contracts for SAP R/3 outsourcing began to appear towards the end of 1994. These contracts will be increasingly characterised by remote management of a distributed systems environment and have much in common with other client/server management contracts. INPUT forecasts that growth in this area will be 10% per annum producing a market worth just under

DM 1 billion by the year 2000. The key sectors for growth will be manufacturing and financial services. IBM has already won a contract with the insurance organisation Gothaer Versicherungen AG valued at \$700 million over ten years.

The German market has always had a strong reliance on turnkey systems, accounting for 34% of the European turnkey market in 1995, twice the share of the UK, its nearest rival. INPUT forecasts that the German turnkey market will grow by 8% to \$6.7 billion in the year 2000.

The conservative German market remains a difficult market for foreign software companies to penetrate. The industry is composed of a large number of smaller developers often dependent on a small number of clients. The industry will concentrate as users increasingly demand lower-priced packaged solutions and become more familiar with powerful, but user-friendly, programming tools. Pressure on prices will continue as fixed costs contracts tend to be preferred to traditional time and materials-based arrangements.

IT consulting is also becoming a growth market in Germany as systems integration projects become more and more sophisticated. The sectors where demand is greatest are discrete manufacturing, retail and government. Exhibit V-5 gives a breakdown of the German market by industry, cross industry and generic sectors. Detailed forecasts of the components of each delivery mode are shown in Appendix H.

Exhibit V-5

Information Services Industry Analysis Germany, 1994

Market Sector	Market Size (DM Millions)	Per cent of Total
Total Information Services	34,000	100
Industry Sector Total	19,100	56
Discrete Manufacturing	3,400	10
Process Manufacturing	1,600	5
Transportation	890	3
Utilities	460	1
Telecommunications	450	1
Retail Distribution	660	2
Wholesale Distribution	830	2
Banking & Finance	4,350	13
Insurance	1,550	5
Healthcare	1,040	3
Education	250	1
Local Government	730	2
Central Government	1,050	3
Business Services	950	3
Other Industries	900	3
Cross-Industry Sectors Total	1,750	5
Accounting	400	1
Education & Training	105	0
Engineering & Scientific	115	0
Human Resources	290	1
Office Systems	290	1
Planning & Analysis	215	1
Other Cross-Industry	325	1
Generic Sectors Total	13,200	39
Equipment Services	6,950	20
System Software Products	5,300	16
Utility and Other Processing	470	1
Other Electronic Info Services	480	1

^{*} Software and Services excludes equipment services

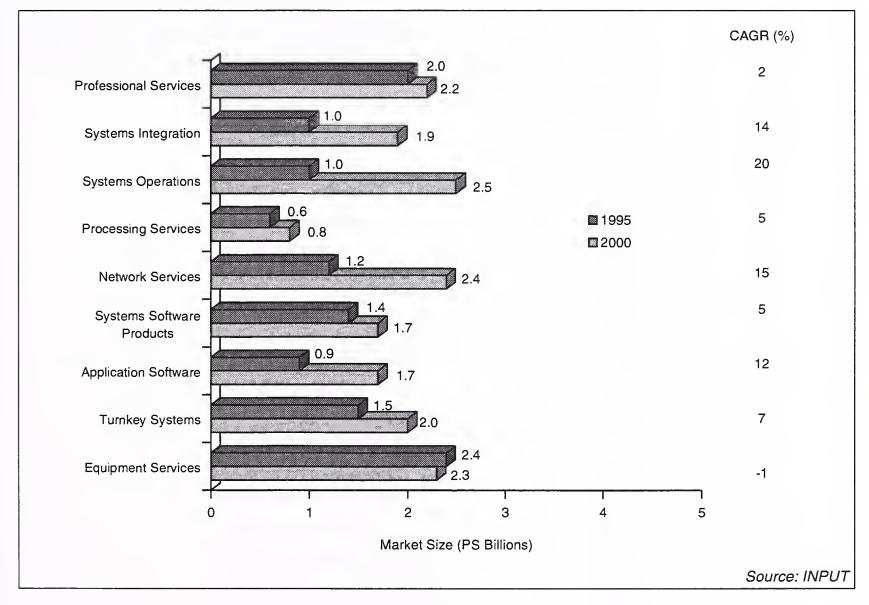
Source: INPUT

3. United Kingdom

The UK market is the third largest in Europe, worth £9.6 billion (\$15 billion) in 1995. It has the highest growth rate (10%) of the four countries due to upward trends in systems integration, outsourcing and network services. This is partly due to the maturity of the outsourcing market in the UK, enhanced by the government's Public Finance Initiative which has boosted local and central government markets, plus a higher proportion of larger-sized systems integration contracts in the UK as compared with the rest of Europe. Exhibit V-6 illustrates the differential growth rates of the various UK delivery modes.

Exhibit V-6

Software and Services Market — United Kingdom, 1995-2000



The UK systems integration, outsourcing and network services markets are the largest in Europe. The systems integration market has the highest growth rate (14%) across Europe for the next five years and will be worth \$3 billion at the end of the decade.

Likewise, the UK shows a high propensity to outsource operations compared to the rest of Europe. The UK market accounts for 35% of the total European outsourcing market. The slowing of growth in local government outsourcing in 1994, probably a short-term phenomenon due to the more relaxed timetable for Compulsory Competitive Tendering (CCT), will increase in 1996, with all authorities undergoing CCT by early 1999. Central government activity has compensated for this lull. Following the decision by the Inland Revenue to outsource using EDS, a number of other government departments have now outsourced IT functions, including the Department of Trade & Industry, the Home Office and, in 1995, the Department of Social Security.

Network Services will grow by 15% to \$3.7 billion by the end of the decade. The UK market is particularly advanced due to the deregulation of the telecommunications and cable TV industries and the influence of the City of London's demands for global financial services. Exhibit V-7 gives a breakdown of the UK market by sector. Detailed forecasts of the components of each delivery mode are shown in Appendix R.

Exhibit V-7

Information Services Industry Analysis, United Kingdom, 1994

Market Sector	Market Size (£ Millions)	Per cent of Total
Total Information Services	11,000	100
Industry Sector Total	6,400	58
Discrete Manufacturing	680	6
Process Manufacturing	590	5
Transportation	450	4
Utilities	275	3
Telecommunications	145	1
Retail Distribution	325	3
Wholesale Distribution	185	2
Banking & Finance	1,560	14
Insurance	465	4
Healthcare	350	3
Education	80	1
Local Government	395	4
Central Government	585	5
Business Services	240	2
Other Industries	70	1
Cross-Industry Sectors Total	505	5
Accounting	125	1
Education & Training	25	0
Engineering & Scientific	40	0
Human Resources	55	1
Office Systems	120	1
Planning & Analysis	65	1
Other Cross-Industry	70	1 1
Generic Sectors Total	4,085	37
Equipment Services	2,370	22
System Software Products	1,250	11
Utility and Other Processing	140	1
Other Electronic Info Services	325	3

^{*} Software and Services excludes equipment services

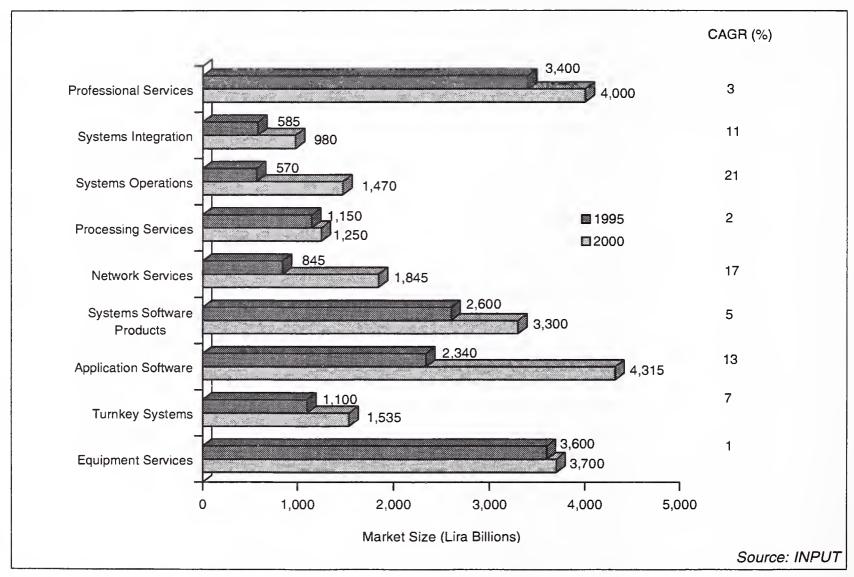
Source: INPUT

4. Italy

The Italian market is valued at Lira 12.6 trillion (\$7.8 billion) in 1995 and will grow at 8% per annum reaching a market size of Lira 18.7 trillion (\$11.5 billion) by the year 2000. The Italian market is approximately half that of the UK and around 40% of France and Germany. The market forecast for the nine information services delivery modes is shown in Exhibit V-8. Key areas for growth are outsourcing, network services and application software, with rates above the European average.

Exhibit V-8

Software and Services Market — Italy, 1995-2000



Italian information services vendors, with the exception of Olivetti, are characterised by their dependence on the national market for the majority of their business. Finsiel, the largest Italian vendor, generates over 90% of its business from within Italy. The Italian market is composed of many small and medium-sized companies who are served on a local basis by software vendors. Systems software and application software account for 21% and 18% respectively of the Italian market; this is well above the European average (16% and 13% respectively). Such vendors have limited resources to address larger markets or to boost research and development activity. However, there is an increasing adoption of vertical market sectors and matrix-based structures which recognises that a *niche* approach is more pertinent, given the limited resources available to such vendors. Exhibit V-9 gives the breakdown by sector for the Italian market.

Exhibit V-9

Information Services Industry Analysis, Italy, 1994

Market Sector	Market Size (Lira Millions)	Per cent of Total
Total Information Services	15,500	100
Industry Sector Total	8,250	53
Discrete Manufacturing	1,115	7
Process Manufacturing	695	4
Transportation	510	3
Utilities	360	2
Telecommunications	260	2
Retail Distribution	240	2
Wholesale Distribution	305	2
Banking & Finance	1,400	9
Insurance	505	3
Healthcare	520	3
Education	115	1
Local Government	610	4
Central Government	875	6
Business Services	430	3
Other Industries	295	2
Cross-Industry Sectors Total	880	6
Accounting	215	1
Education & Training	25	0
Engineering & Scientific	60	0
Human Resources	135	1
Office Systems	195	1
Planning & Analysis	175	1
Other Cross-Industry	75	0
Generic Sectors Total	6,300	41
Equipment Services	3,560	23
System Software Products	2,400	15
Utility and Other Processing	130	1
Other Electronic Info Services	210	1

^{*} Software and Services excludes equipment services

Source: INPUT

Another approach is to leverage access to capital and markets through strategic partnerships. Again, Olivetti has been the most active in this area through its multimedia alliance with two American firms, Redgate Communications and Hughes Network Systems (part of GM), as well as consolidating their in-house multimedia interests. Through Omnitel Pronto Italia Olivetti has also won Italy's second digital mobile phone license, again by forging links with Bell Atlantic and Air Touch, both US organisations.

The threat from US vendors entering the Italian market is growing rapidly. In 1993 EDS acquired the S&M Group, a local vendor focusing on the financial services sector. EDS has subsequently increased its share of the outsourcing market through acquiring a major deal in 1994 with INA, an insurance company. This contract is for ten years and is valued at \$400 million. CSC and IBM ISSC are also adopting similar sector-specific strategies by concentrating on the manufacturing sector, which is often one of the early adopters of outsourcing in a country.

Detailed forecasts of the components of each delivery mode are shown in Appendix K.

B

The Nordic Region

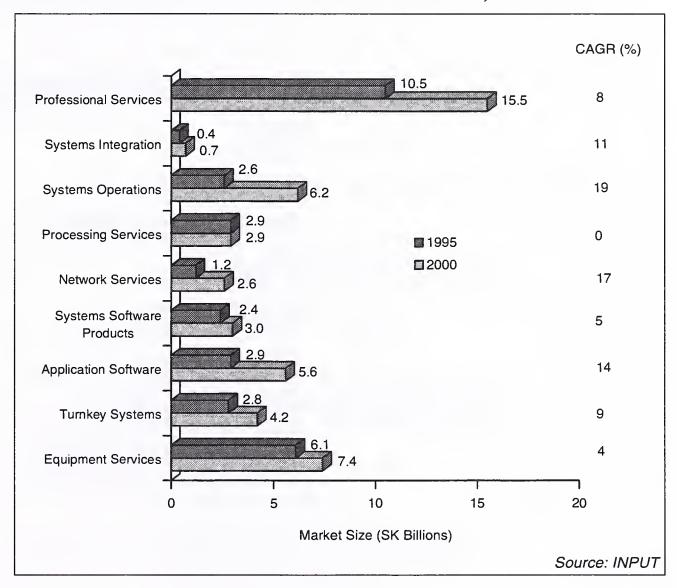
The Nordic region's share of the total European market will decline from 10.0% to 9.6% over the next five years. This is due to increased share on the part of eastern Europe (an increase of 0.6% between 1995 and 2000) and growth in Spain, Portugal, Greece and Ireland (a 0.3% increase for these four countries in total over the next five years). By way of comparison, the top four countries' share will also decline slightly from 70.3% in 1994 to 69.7% by the year 2000.

The major areas for growth within the Nordic region are professional services and application software. Apart from Norway, all other countries experienced above average growth rates in professional services. The Nordic region as a whole will increase its share of the professional services market from 11.3% in 1995 to 13.2% in the year 2000. This is due to strong Swedish growth.

Professional services in Sweden accounted for 42% of the software and services market in 1994 as compared to the European average of 28%. Custom software development is the driving force in this sector growing at 7% in Sweden over the next five years, compared with a European average of 1%. The outlook is similar for outsourcing in Sweden. It has the highest compound growth rate of all the Nordic countries (19%) and outsourcing accounts for 9% of the total Swedish software and services market compared to a European average of 4%. Outsourcing will increase to a 15% share of the Swedish market by the year 2000 which is almost on a par with the UK (outsourcing will account for 16% of the UK software and services market in the year 2000). Outsourcing in Sweden is characterised by a considerable focus on the public sector, in particular local government and health. The health sector is, at present, a better established opportunity in Sweden than in the UK. Sweden is the largest of the Nordic markets and is also the fastest growing. INPUT forecasts 10% growth over the next five years. Exhibit V-10 shows the Swedish market forecast for the nine information services delivery modes. A detailed forecast of the components of each delivery mode are shown in Appendix P.

Exhibit V-10

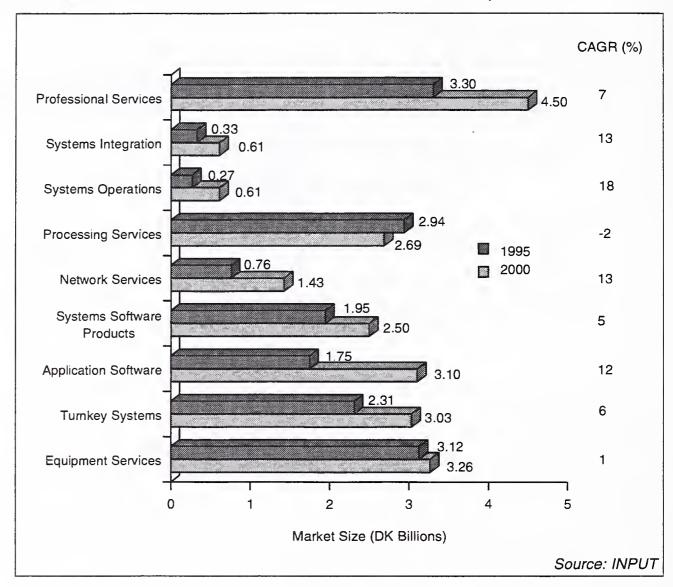
Software and Services Market — Sweden, 1995-2000



The application software market is growing at above the European average rate (12%) for all Nordic countries over the next five years, with the exception of Denmark. Denmark, which is forecast to grow at 12%, will, however, experience an increasing adoption of standardised software packages, particularly within mid-range systems. This is because Open systems based on UNIX are already accepted in the Danish market. Downsizing is not a major issue in Denmark as there are few installations of large systems. Exhibit V-11 shows the differential growth rates for the Danish market within the various delivery modes. Appendix D gives a detailed forecast of the components of each delivery mode.

Exhibit V-11

Software and Services Market — Denmark, 1995-2000



Systems software within the Nordic region is also growing at above average European rates in all countries except Finland. However, this element of the software and services market accounted for a relatively low proportion of the Nordic region's revenues in 1994, approximately 10% to 14% (the average across Europe is 16%). Similarly, systems integration accounts for only 2% to 4% of each country's total software and services revenues compared to an average of 6% for Europe. Within Europe the Nordic region has the lowest level of penetration for systems integration services, primarily due to the lack of major project opportunities at present. INPUT believes that this segment of the market will offer opportunities in the future.

By way of contrast, processing services are particularly important in the Norwegian (28% of the total Norwegian market), Danish (23%) and Finnish (15%) markets - these are the top three countries within Europe for these services in terms of market share of the segment - but growth is limited. Agriculture and financial services are the sectors where

most activity occurs. Within Denmark, for example, the market for processing services will decline 2% over the next five years. Likewise, Norway will stay flat over the same time period. The major growth opportunities for Norway include outsourcing, systems integration, network services and application software. The growth rates for these segments, along with other Norwegian delivery modes, are shown in Exhibit V-12. Appendix M gives a more detailed forecast.

Exhibit V-12

Software and Services Market — Norway, 1995-2000

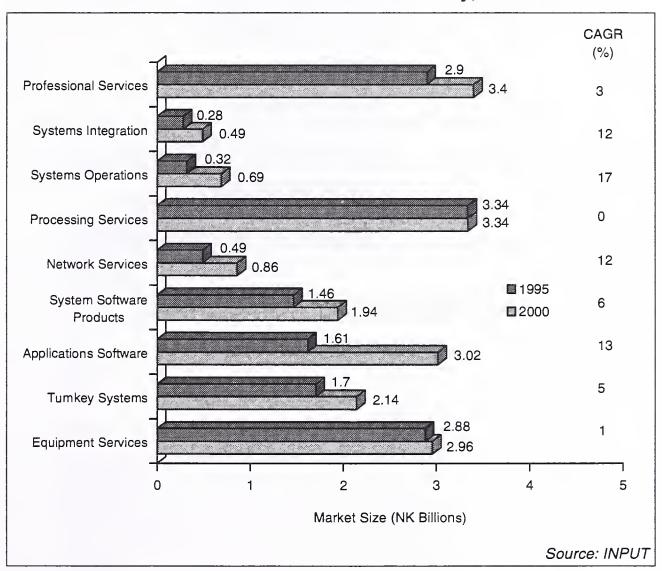
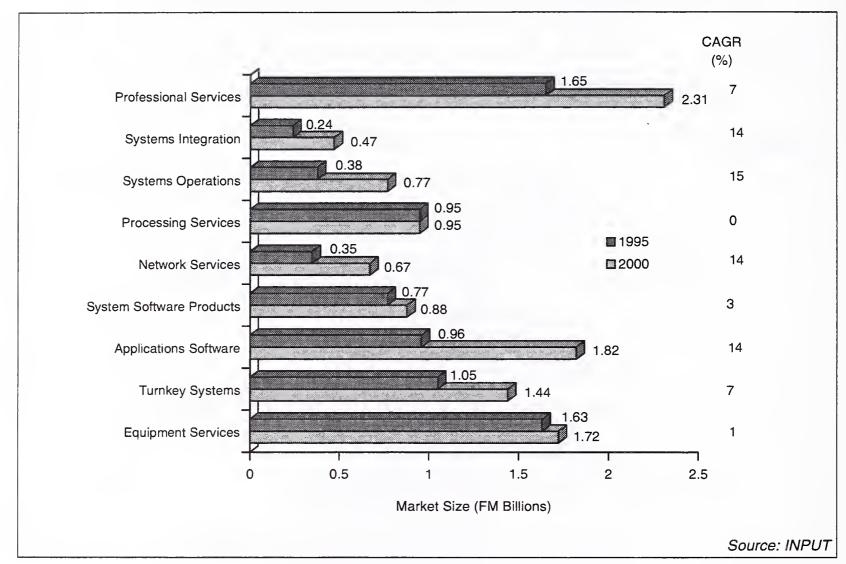


Exhibit V-13 gives the INPUT forecast for Finland. There are similar opportunities for growth up to the year 2000 to that of Norway, namely in the areas of outsourcing (15%), systems integration (14%) and network services (14%). A detailed forecast of the components of each delivery mode is shown in Appendix F.

Exhibit V-13

Software and Services Market — Finland, 1995-2000



Because of falling software prices there is an increasing separation between companies who develop software and those who market it. Few companies can afford to own every operation in-house from production to distribution. This new requirement has led users and vendors to search for cheaper labour sources. Off-shore programming is becoming more common, particularly in Scandanavia, as well as some Baltic and eastern European countries. In Europe this trend is aided by the gradual dismantling of trade barriers within Europe. Even though the market is still in embryonic form it will become a credible alternative as pan-European data networks emerge and user organisations continue to integrate on an international scale.

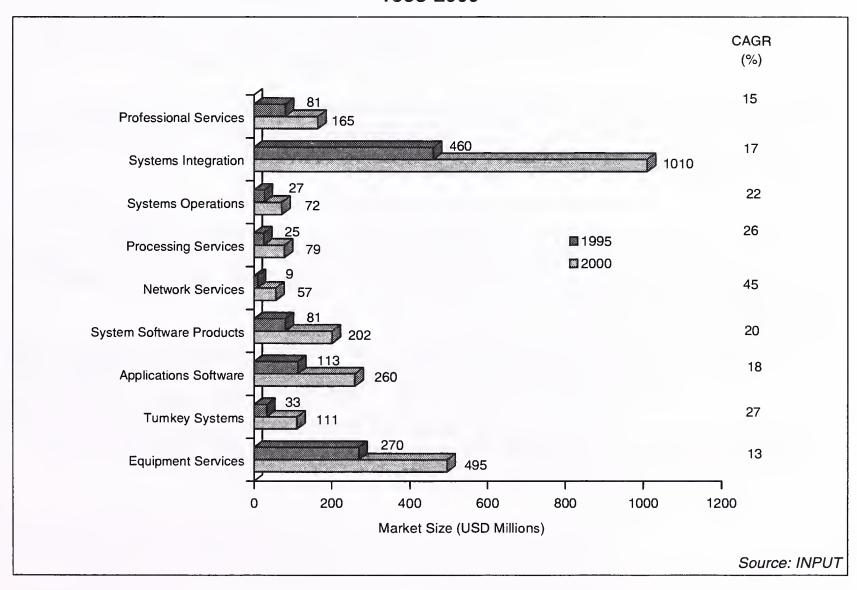
C

Eastern and Central Europe

For the purposes of this forecast eastern Europe is defined as comprising Poland, Hungary, the Czech Republic and Slovakia, Bulgaria, Romania, Estonia, Latvia, Lithuania, the independent states emerging from former Yugoslavia, Albania and the new Commonwealth of former states of the Soviet Union (Byelorussia, Ukraine, the Russian Federation *et al*). This market is valued at \$720 million but will increase to \$2 billion by the end of the decade with an annual average growth rate of 19%. Exhibit V-14 provides a forecast of this market analysed by the major software and services delivery modes.

Exhibit V-14

Software and Services Market, Central and Eastern Europe, 1995-2000



One source of potential growth stems from the small size of the average IT hardware market in eastern Europe. An analysis of IT expenditure (see Appendix E for more details) shows that hardware spending in the region is much lower than that of the average country market in

western Europe, despite programmes for expanding IT infrastructures. But this does not necessarily imply a major growth market for hardware vendors desperately seeking new sources of revenue. At the start of the nineties hardware vendors predicted major service and support contracts on the back of mainframe deals. However, 50% of mainframes in centrally planned economies have been taken out as operations downsized or split up.

As much of the region's IT activity is limited to PCs and related technologies most growth in this sector is due to sales of packaged software (such as application tools for database development and management), networking and software support services. Other sources of vendor activity include IT consulting for large scale projects, particularly in the areas of banking and finance, government and education and training.

Improvements in communications are being obtained through the installation of cellular-based mobile networks either in place of or in existence with fixed network projects. Network services will expand once a telecommunications infrastructure is established.

Other recurring problems when working in this region include an immature legal system, poor security, political instability and currency and exchange issues. However, some trends are emerging:

- Market segments are forming, providing opportunities for niche players. For example, Sun Microsystems opened a Moscow subsidiary to target applications not covered by its software partners. Advanced network management tools are perceived as a possible niche.
- Different market segments are emerging in different countries. The Russian market is experiencing significant growth in PC sales (IBM shipped 100,000 units in 1994) while the more mature central European markets such as Poland, Hungary and the Czech republic are finding mid-range systems more popular, particularly with client/server configurations.
- Although customers in this region used to prefer hardware and systems tools then develop their own application, now the emphasis is on buying a working application from the vendor, despite its potential complexity.

- The region is the fourth largest in Europe for systems integration, valued in 1994 at \$410 million. It will grow at 17% per annum to become a one billion dollar market by the year 2000. Major hardware vendors, such as Digital, ICL, Bull and IBM have been setting up new infrastructures to support banking and central government over the last three to four years.
- Joint ventures are seen as technical alliances which are not legally binding (partly due to the lack of enforcement with an immature legal system) rather than formal business arrangements. There is also an increasing trend to work with local, post-communist entrepreneurs. Oracle has set up informal partnerships with a view to corporate integration in the medium-term future (usually 18 months). ICL has two joint ventures in Russia. One is with Moscowbased KMECS (one of the country's largest mainframe manufacturers) to produce mid-range systems and PCs; the other is with Marine Computer Systems, a St. Petersburg-based software developer. ICL plan to invest \$5 million in the former project, which is valued at \$8 million.
- Due to the lack of budget and planning disciplines vendor investment strategy tends to be understandably conservative and focuses on two criteria: whether the country has an existing democratic political structure and if the World Bank has made any commitment to the national economy.
- There is a strong intellectual base which means the labour force is often as good as the West (if not better) but not as expensive. Historically, eastern European labour has excelled at working with statistical software and solving technical problems, as compared with creating applications and solutions to business problems. However, the situation is changing dramatically as a Western 'corporate culture' mentality begins to pervade the workforce.

Overall, prospects are encouraging given that IT demand for systems is increasing and doing business is much easier than in the EC, where there are constraints such as value added taxation.

The Mediterranean Economies (Spain, Portugal, Greece), Ireland, Benelux, Austria and Switzerland

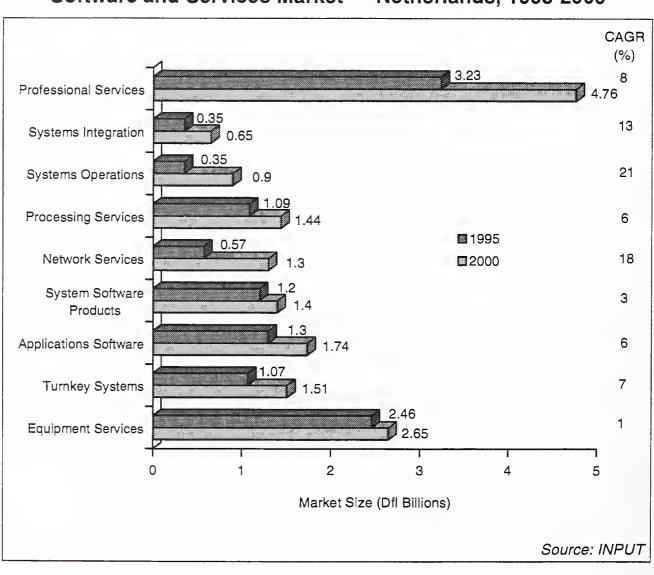
1. Benelux, Austria and Switzerland

These four countries accounted for 14.6% of the total European software and services market in 1994. This will hardly move over the next five years (14.7% by 2000).

The Netherlands market for software and services is the fifth largest in Europe. INPUT forecasts that the market will grow by 8% annually over the next five years from \$5.3 billion to \$7.9 billion. The major delivery mode forecasts are shown in Exhibit V-15. Appendix L provides a more detailed analysis.

Exhibit V-15

Software and Services Market — Netherlands, 1995-2000

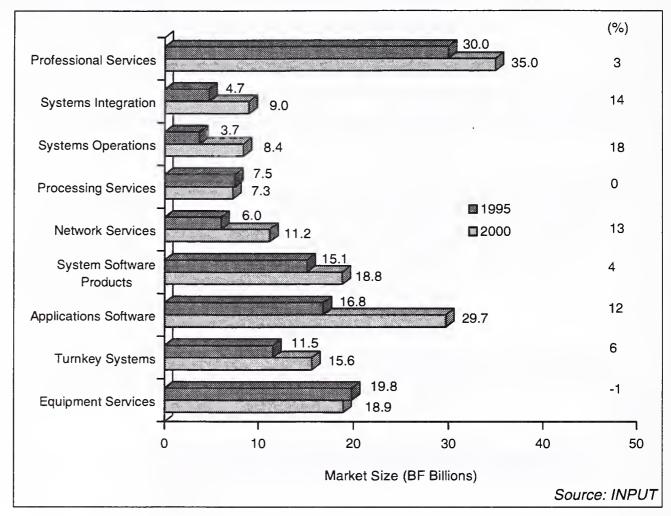


In 1995 professional services accounted for 35% of business within the Netherlands, compared to the European average of 27%. By 1998 the Netherlands will have overtaken Italy to become the fourth largest professional services market within Europe and will be worth \$2.75 billion by the end of the decade. It's share of the total European professional services market will grow from 7.7% in 1995 to 9.5% by the year 2000. The key areas of growth in this market are outsourcing (21% over the next five years), network services (18%) and systems integration (13%).

Belgium is characterized by a high proportion of business within the application software market, accounting for 16% in 1994 — the second highest after Italy — and rising to 22% by the year 2000. Its primary high growth opportunities lie in the area of application solutions, network services, outsourcing and systems integration. Custom software development continues to decline as a proportion of the software and services market. Exhibit V-16 gives a breakdown by delivery mode. Appendix C provides greater detail. The Belgian market will grow at 7% per annum up to the year 2000 to reach \$4.2 billion.

Exhibit V-16

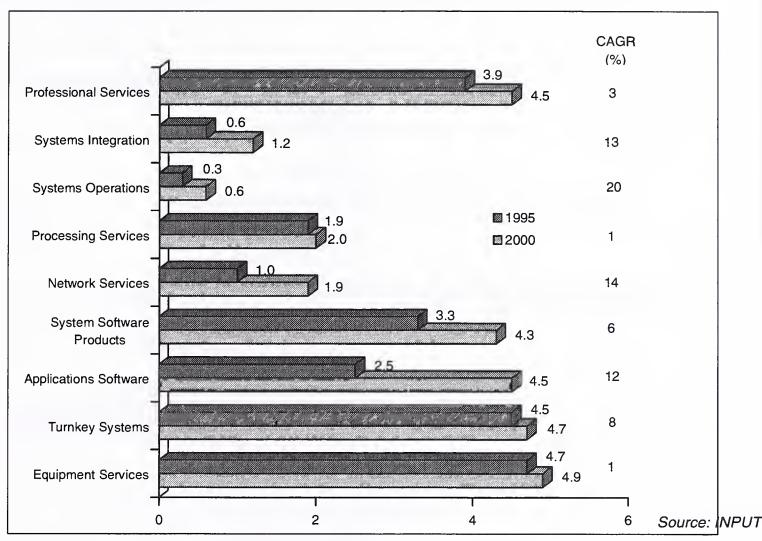
Software Services Market, Belgium, 1995-2000



Austria has similar characteristics to the German market with systems software and turnkey being the dominant delivery modes. Turnkey systems in Austria accounted for 25% of business within the software and services market in 1995, the highest proportion in Europe and equivalent to Germany. In 1995 the Austrian market was worth \$1.7 billion; this will grow at 7% to \$2.3 billion by the end of the decade. Exhibit V-17 illustrates that the key areas for growth are similar to Belgium and the Netherlands: outsourcing (20% compound growth per annum), network services (14%) and systems integration (13%). A detailed analysis is provided in Appendix B.

Exhibit V-17

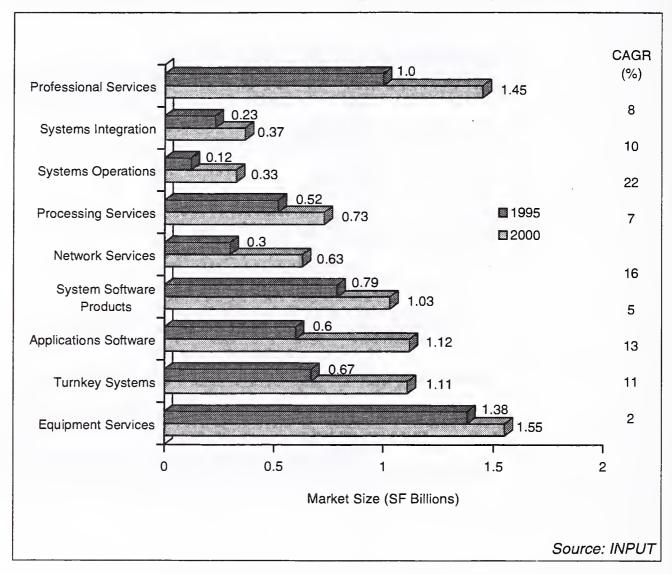
Software and Services Market, Austria, 1995-2000



The Swiss market for information services will grow at 10% per annum reaching \$5.2 billion by the end of the decade from a 1995 base of \$3.2 billion. With the exception of systems integration and network services, all of its delivery modes are growing at above average European rates. Exhibit V-18 shows the performance of each segment. Appendix Q gives a more detailed breakdown. The Swiss market has one of the highest proportions of business within the European equipment services market (35% in 1994), but due to declining maintenance markets this is forecast to grow by only 2% up to the year 2000.

Exhibit V-18

Software and Services Market, Switzerland, 1995-2000



2. Spain, Greece, Portugal and Ireland

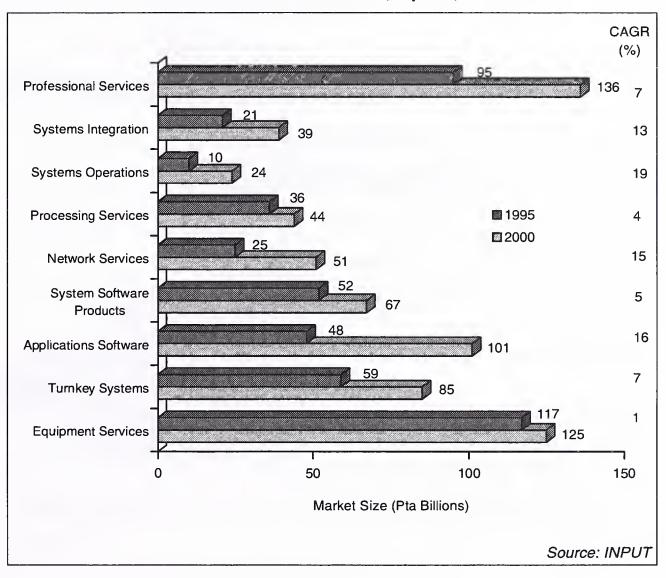
These four countries' share of the European market will increase from 4.2% in 1995 to 4.5% by the year 2000, primarily due to a strong Spanish performance.

The market for software and services in Spain (the largest of these four markets) has been affected by a rapidly decelerating economy and an austere economic policy. In particular, vendors positioned in the public sector faced difficult conditions due to severe public spending reductions. Competitive challenges are increasing as the IT market rapidly integrates with the European Union. Local software and services vendors are either being acquired by German, French and US-based organisations or competing directly with them as they set up local offices.

Government and banking and finance are the two most dynamic sectors. Public institutions are facing restructuring as the authorities reorganise their assets and seek to exploit their technological potential. This trend will increase as the government seeks to fully utilise its state assets. Due to mergers and acquisitions in the banking sector there has been a significant increase in demand for systems integration and outsourcing services. Exhibit V-19 gives an analysis of the growth in the various segments of the market (Appendix O gives greater detail).

Exhibit V-19

Software and Services Market, Spain, 1995-2000

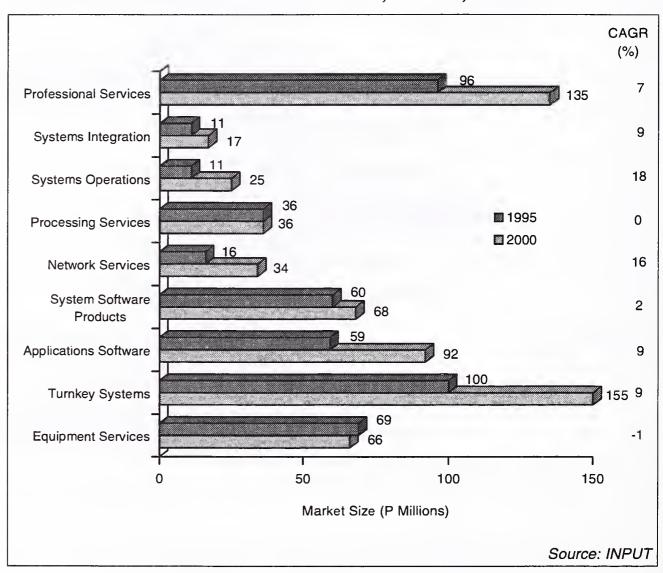


The Spanish market will grow from \$2.6 billion in 1995 to \$4.1 billion by the end of the decade - a 10% growth rate. IS consulting, application software, outsourcing and network services will continue to provide good growth opportunities. Network applications will grow strongly over the next five years (22%) as the major Spanish telecoms operator, Telefonica SA, which has a significant presence in the information services market, continues to invest in infrastructure development.

The Irish market is characterised by strong growth in professional services (7%), the only area where growth is above the European average rate. In 1994 this was the largest segment of the Irish market. Exhibit V-20 shows the performance of the market by delivery mode (Appendix J gives a more detailed forecast). Overall, the Irish market will see significant movement in the outsourcing and network services markets, growing at 18% and 16% respectively. The Irish market will grow at 8% reaching \$0.9 billion by the year 2000.

Exhibit V-20

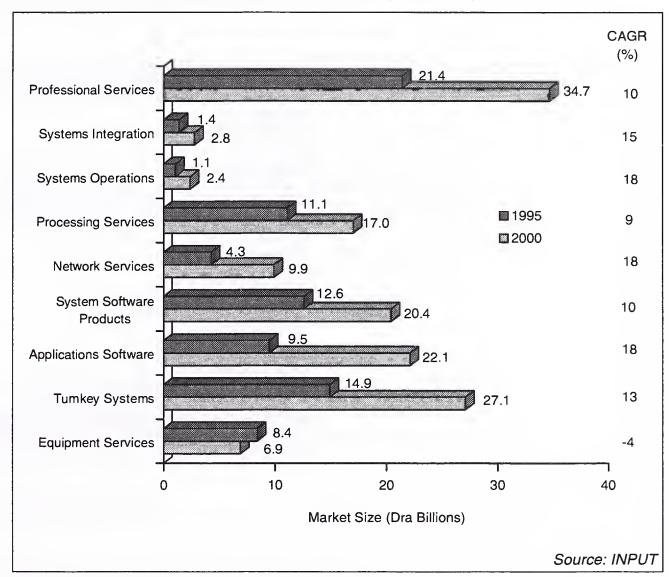
Software and Services Market, Ireland, 1995-2000



Greece and Portugal are both working from a small base and therefore exhibit high rates of growth in virtually all areas. Again, as in Ireland, the largest segment in the Greek market is professional services due to the domination of custom software development. This market will be worth \$0.6 billion by the end of the decade. Exhibit V-21 gives an analysis of the movements within this market and Appendix I provides greater detail.

Exhibit V-21

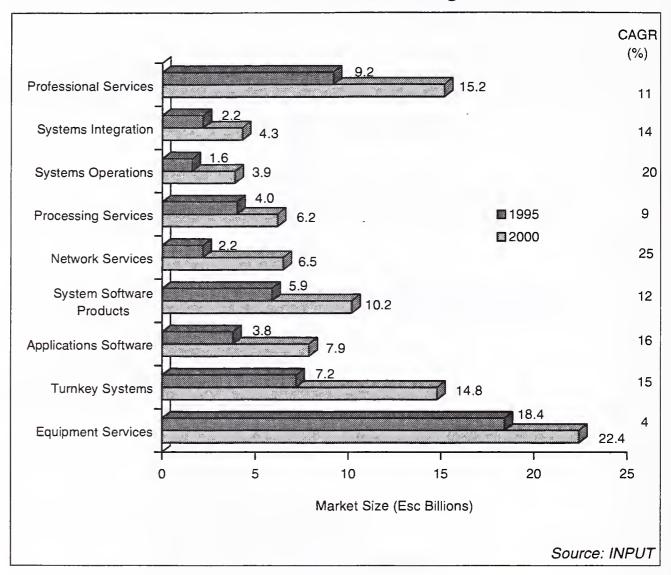
Software and Services Market, Greece, 1995-2000



Portugal is a slightly smaller market than Greece, valued at \$0.4 billion by the year 2000, but has a higher growth rate (14%) over the next five years. Network services (25%) and outsourcing (20%) provide the major sources of growth. Exhibit V-22 breaks down the delivery mode movements over the next five years, supported by detailed analysis in Appendix N.

Exhibit V-22

Software and Services Market, Portugal, 1995-2000



Appendices





Forecast Database, 1995-2000 Europe

A

Market Forecast

Exhibit A-1

Top Level IT Expenditure, Europe

	US\$ Million								
		94-95	-		X X= 1	1 1 1 7 7 7			95-00
Sector	1994	(%)	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	CAGR (%)
Equipment Sales	50,750	-2	49,580	48,700	48,550	48,360	48,300	48,520	0
Mainframe	8,990	-11	7,970	6,800	6,030	5,180	4,460	3,900	-13
Minicomputer	12,810	-4	12,330	12,030	11,790	11,430	10,990	10,790	-3
PC/Workstation	28,950	1	29,280	29,870	30,730	31,750	32,850	33,830	3
Equipment Services	21,080	0	20,990	21,030	21,120	21,300	21,470	21,690	1
Software Products	24,400	8	26,420	30,350	32,400	34,020	37,020	39,190	8
Other Information Services	51,490	7	55,150	59,480	64,800	70,720	77,490	84,810	9
Data Communications	20,070	7	21,450	22,650	24,120	25,710	27,300	28,970	6
Facilities/Administration	25,440	-4	24,510	23,760	23,220	23,020	22,780	22,580	-2
In-house Staff	81,780	-4	78,250	75,100	72,490	70,060	68,240	66,490	-3
IT Budget Total	275,000	1	276,400	281,100	286,700	293,200	302,600	312,300	2

Information Services Market

Forecast by Delivery Mode and Submode

			Europe	<u>, 1995-200</u>	0				
					US\$ Million	n			
Delivery Modes		94-95							95-00
	1994	(%)	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	CAGR(%)
Software and Services Total	02.200	7	00.400	07.700	405 200	442 200	400 400	422 200	0
(ex. Equipment Services)	83,300	'	89,100	97,700	105,300	113,300	123,400		8
Professional Services - IS Consulting	23,290 3,590	3 10	23,930 3,940	24,660 4, 2 90	25,610 4,700	26,510 5,160	27,630 5,700		10
- Education & Training	2,650	6	2,820	3,010	3,210	3,420	3,700 3,650		
- Custom Software	16,760	0	16,780	16,930	17,330	17,440	17,700		1
- Application Management	230	26	290	360	460	570	710	850	24
Systems Integration	4,710	12	5,260	5,900	6,710	7,550	8,490		13
- Equipment - Application Software	1,190 830	6 19	1,260 990	1,260 1,190	1,300 1,490	1,370 1,800	1,420		
- System Software	350	13	390	430	480	530	2,220 590		11
- Professional Services	2,150	12	2,400	2,780	3,140	3,480	3,860		12
- Other	200	10	220	260	290	370	380	460	16
Systems Operations	3,620	26	4,570	5,670	6,880	8,200	9,640		20
- Platform Operations - Application Operations	1,030 2,080	14 31	1,170 2,730	1,350 3,450	1,490 4,250	1,690 5,100	1,860 6,040		11 21
- Desktop Services	490	33	650	860	1,110	1,410	1,750		27
Processing Services	8,290	3	8,560	8,800	9,130	9,510	9,840	10,300	4
- Transaction Processing	7,090	2	7,240	7,390	7,600	7,840	8,060	8,320	3
- Utility Processing - Other Processing	270 950	0 8	270	270	270	270	270		1
Network Services	1	13	1,030	1,140	1,260	1,390	1,540		10
I- Electronic Info Svcs	6,110 3,740	9	6,890 4,090	7,930 4,520	9,210 4,960	10,710 5,380	12,580 5,850	14,780 6,270	16 9
- Network Applications	1,800	21	2,180	2,720	3,460	4,410	5,630		
- Network Management	560	11	620	700	800	920	1,080	1,310	16
System Software	13,450	5	14,130	15,340	15,700	16,170	16,960		4
- Mainframe - Minicomputer	5,550 4,270	-4 5	5,310	5,090	4,820	4,500	4,210		-6
- Workstation /PC	3,590	21	4,480 4,330	4,720 5,470	4,940 5,9 2 0	5,210 6,420	5,470 7,250	5,750 7,890	5 13
Application Software	11,100	10	12,230	15,010	16,680	17,830	20,130	21,730	12
- Mainframe	860	-7	800	770	720	690	670	630	-5
- Minicomputer	3,080	6	3,250	3,460	3,750	4,110	4,450	4,830	8
- Workstation /PC	7,120	15	8,190	10,870	12,300	12,990	14,930	16,180	15
Turnkey Systems - Equipment	12,890 6,260	5 2	13,530 6,410	14,300 6,620	15,350 6,870	16,600 7,160	18,010 7,480	19,460 7,760	8
- Application Software	2,580	10	2,840	3,050	3,420	3,840	4,350	4,870	11
- System Software	730	3	750	800	840	900	950	1,000	6
- Professional Services	3,310	8	3,560	3,850	4,230	4,690	5,240	5,790	10
Equipment Services	21,060	0	20,990	21,000	21,030	21,280	21,490	21,790	1
- Equipment Maintenance - Environmental Services	13,300 7,760	-4 7	12,760	12,060	11,650	11,270	10,710	10,360	-4 7
Grand Total	1	<i>'</i>	8,340	8,850	9,480	10,010	10,870	11,440	7
Information Service Market	104,810	5	110,200	118,370	126,060	135,030	145,110	155,180	/

Forecast Database in ECUs

Exhibit A-3

Forecast Database in ECUs

Europe, 1995-2000

	Europe, 1995-2000 ECU Millions (rounded)									
Delivery Modes		94-95	.::	- 4 3		unaca)	-		95-00	
	1994	(%)	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	CAGR(%)	
Software and Services Total (ex. Equipment Services)	67,900	7	72,600	79,600	85,800	92,300	100,600	108,600	8	
Professional Services - IS Consulting - Education & Training - Custom Software - Application Management	18,981 2,926 2,160 13,659 187	3 10 6 0 26	19,503 3,211 2,298 13,676 236	20,098 3,496 2,453 13,798 293	20,872 3,831 2,616 14,124 375	21,606 4,205 2,787 14,214 465	22,518 4,646 2,975 14,426 579	23,521 5,110 3,154 14,515 693	4 10 7 1 24	
Systems Integration - Equipment - Application Software - System Software - Professional Services - Other	3,839 970 676 285 1,752 163	12 6 19 11 12 10	4,287 1,027 807 318 1,956 179	4,809 1,027 970 350 2,266 212	5,469 1,060 1,214 391 2,559 236	6,153 1,117 1,467 432 2,836 302	6,919 1,157 1,809 481 3,146 310	7,824 1,271 2,152 546 3,472 375	13 4 22 11 12 16	
Systems Operations - Platform Operations - Application Operations - Desktop Services	2,950 839 1,695 399	26 14 31 33	3,725 954 2,225 530	4,621 1,100 2,812 701	5,607 1,214 3,464 905	6,683 1,377 4,157 1,149	7,857 1,516 4,923 1,426	9,112 1,638 5,697 1,760	20 11 21 27	
Processing Services - Transaction Processing - Utility Processing - Other Processing	6,756 5,778 220 774	3 2 0 8	6,976 5,901 220 839	7,172 6,023 220 929	7,441 6,194 220 1,027	7,751 6,390 220 1,133	8,020 6,569 220 1,255	8,395 6,781 228 1,377	4 3 1 10	
Network Services - Electronic Info Svcs - Network Applications - Network Management	4,980 3,048 1,467 456	13 9 21 11	5,615 3,333 1,777 505	6,463 3,684 2,217 571	7,506 4,042 2,820 652	8,729 4,385 3,594 750	10,253 4,768 4,588 880		16 9 27 16	
System Software - Mainframe - Minicomputer - Workstation /PC	10,962 4,523 3,480 2,926	5 -4 5 21	11,516 4,328 3,651 3,529	12,502 4,148 3,847 4,458	12,796 3,928 4,026 4,825	13,179 3,668 4,246 5,232	13,822 3,431 4,458 5,909	3,130 4,686	4 -6 5 13	
Application Software - Mainframe - Minicomputer - Workstation /PC	9,047 701 2,510 5,803	10 -7 6 15	9,967 652 2,649 6,675	12,233 628 2,820 8,859	587 3,056	14,531 562 3,350 10,587	16,406 546 3,627 12,168	17,710 513 3,936 13,187	12 -5 8 15	
Turnkey Systems - Equipment - Application Software - System Software - Professional Services	10,505 5,102 2,103 595 2,698	5 2 10 3 8	11,027 5,224 2,315 611 2,901	11,655 5,395 2,486 652 3,138	5,599 2,787 685	13,529 5,835 3,130 734 3,822	14,678 6,096 3,545 774 4,271	6,324	8 4 11 6 10	
Equipment Services - Equipment Maintenance - Environmental Services	17,164 10,840 6,324	0 -4 7	17,107 10,399 6,797	17,115 9,829 7,213	7,726	17,343 9,185 8,158	17,514 8,729 8,859	17,759 8,443 9,324	1 -4 7	
Grand Total Information Service Market	85,420	5	89,813	96,472	102,739	110,049	118,265	126,472	7	

C

Information Services Forecast Reconciliation

Exhibit A-4

Forecast Reconciliation, Europe, 1994-1999

Currency: US\$ Million		Andrew Andre w	farket	OII, Eui	ope, 1994-	1999 N	Aarket		1994	1995
Delivery Mode	1994 Report	1995 Report	1994-19 Varian	ce	1994 Report	1995 Report	1994-1 Variar	ice	Report %CAGR	Report %CAGR
	(Fcst)	(Act)	(Amount)	(%)	(Fcst)	(Fcst)	(Amount)	(%)	(Fcst)	(Fost)
Software and Services Total (ex Equipment Services)	76,000	83,300	7,300	10	109,600	123,400	13,800	13	8	8
Professional Services - IS Consulting - Education & Training - Custom Software - Application Management	21,000 3,250 2,400 15,300 210	23,290 3,590 2,650 16,760 230	2,290 340 250 1,460 20	11 10 10 10 10	25,000 5,200 3,000 16,100 665	27,630 5,700 3,650 17,700 710	2,630 500 650 1,600 45	10 22 10	4 10 5 1 26	3 10 7 1 25
Systems Integration - Equipment - Application Software - System Software - Professional Services - Other	4,600 1,200 890 360 2,050 95	4,710 1,190 830 350 2,150 200	110 -10 -60 -10 100 105	2 -1 -7 -3 5 111	8,000 1,750 2,680 540 2,850 210	8,490 1,420 2,220 590 3,860 380	490 -330 -460 50 1,010 170	-19 -17 9	12 8 25 8 7 17	13 4 22 11 12 14
Systems Operations - Platform Operations - Application Operations - Desktop Services	3,200 930 1,850 400	3,620 1,030 2,080 490	420 100 230 90	13 11 12 23	7,650 1,600 4,750 1,300	9,640 1,860 6,040 1,750	1,990 260 1,290 450		19 11 21 27	22 13 24 29
Processing Services - Transaction Processing - Utility Processing - Other Processing	7,600 6,400 250 860	8,290 7,090 270 950	690 690 20 90	9 11 8 10	9,000 7,300 250 1,390	9,840 8,060 270 1,540	840 760 20 150	9 10 8 11	3 3 0 10	3 3 0 10
Network Services - Electronic Info Svcs - Network Applications - Network Management	5,600 3,400 1,650 490	6,110 3,740 1,800 560	510 340 150 70	9 10 9 14	11,600 5,200 5,350 1,010	12,580 5,850 5,630 1,080	980 650 280 70	8 13 5 7	16 9 27 16	16 9 26 14
System Software - Mainframe - Minicomputer - Workstation/PC	12,200 5,100 3,900 3,250	13,450 5,550 4,270 3,590	1,250 450 370 340	10 9 9 10	14,500 3,600 4,950 5,900	16,960 4,210 5,470 7,250	2,460 610 520 1,350	17 11	4 -7 5 13	5 -5 5 15
Application Software - Mainframe - Minicomputer - Workstation/PC	10,100 780 2,800 6,500	11,100 860 3,080 7,120	1,000 80 280 620	10 10 10 10	17,200 610 4,300 12,200	20,130 670 4,450 14,930	2,930 60 150 2,730	10 3	11 -5 9 13	13 -5 8 16
Turnkey Systems - Equipment - Application Software - System Software - Professional Services	11,700 5,700 2,350 660 3,000	12,890 6,260 2,580 730 3,310	1,190 560 230 70 310	10 10 10 11 11	16,600 6,900 4,050 870 4,900	18,010 7,480 4,350 950 5,240	1,410 580 300 80 340	8 8 7 9 7	7 4 12 6 10	7 4 11 5 10
Equipment Services - Equipment Maintenance - Environmental Services	19,200 12,100 7,100	21,060 13,300 7,760	1,860 1,200 660	10 10 9	19,100 9,700 9,400	21,490 10,710 10,870	2,390 1,010 1,470	13 10 16	0 -4 6	0 -4 7
Grand Total	95,000	104,810	9,810	10	129,000	145,110	16,110	12	6	7

D

Delivery Mode Country Comparisons

Exhibit A-5

Software and Services Country Comparisons, Europe

				× -	US\$ Million			1.5	
		94-95							95-00
Country	1994	(%)	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	CAGR(%)
Total (rounded)	83,000	7	89,000	98,000	105,000	115,000	125,000	135,000	8
France	20,000	4	21,000	22,500	23,500	24,500	26,500	28,500	6
Germany	17,500	8	19,000	20,500	22,500	24,500	27,000	29,500	9
United Kingdom	13,500	10	15,000	16,500	18,500	20,000	22,000	24,000	10
Italy	7,300	6	7,800	8,600	9,200	9,900	10,500	11,500	8
Sweden	3,200	7	3,400	3,800	4,200	4,600	5,000	5,500	10
Denmark	2,100	6	2,250	2,400	2,600	2,750	2,900	3,000	6
Norway	1,750	3	1,800	1,900	2,000	2,100	2,250	2,350	6
Finland	1,300	5	1,350	1,450	1,550	1,650	1,800	1,950	8
Netherlands	4,900	7	5,300	5,700	6,200	6,600	7,200	7,900	8
Belgium	2,800	7	3,000	3,300	3,500	3,700	4,000	4,200	7
Switzerland	3,000	8	3,200	3,600	3,900	4,300	4,700	5,200	10
Austria	1,500	9	1,650	1,850	1,950	2,100	2,250	2,350	7
Spain	2,450	7	2,600	2,900	3,200	3,400	3,800	4,100	10
Portugal	200	14	225	260	300	340	390	430	14
Greece	285	10	320	360	400	450	510	570	12
Ireland	560	7	600	660	700	750	810	870	8
Eastern Europe	720	16	830	990	1,200	1,400	1,650	1,950	19

Professional Services Country Comparisons, Europe

U w y	US\$ Million									
		94-95							95-00	
Country	1994	(%)	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	CAGR(%)	
Total (rounded)	23,500	3	24,000	24,500	25,500	26,500	27,500	29,000	4	
France	7,300	2	7,400	7,500	7,600	7,700	7,800	7,900	1	
Germany	3,400	4	3,500	3,600	3,800	3,900	4,100	4,100	3	
United Kingdom	3,100	3	3,200	3,300	3,300	3,400	3,400	3,500	2	
Italy	2,100	0	2,100	2,100	2,200	2,200	2,300	2,500	3	
Sweden	1,350	4	1,400	1,500	1,650	1,800	1,950	2,100	8	
Denmark	500	7	540	570	610	650	690	740	7	
Norway	430	0	430	440	450	480	490	510	3	
Finland	340	2	350	370	390	410	450	490	7	
Netherlands	1,750	6	1,850	1,950	2,100	2,250	2,450	2,750	8	
Belgium	930	2	950	980	1,000	1,050	1,050	1,100	3	
Switzerland	740	3	770	800	860	930	1,000	1,100	8	
Austria	340	5	360	370	390	400	410	420	3	
Spain	690	4	720	760	820	890	960	1,050	7	
Portugal	52	12	58	64	71	79	87	95	11	
Greece	81	9	89	97	105	120	130	145	10	
Ireland	145	2	150	155	165	175	195	210	7	
Eastern Europe	71	14	81	93	105	125	145	165	15	

Systems Integration Country Comparisons, Europe

	US\$ Million								
		94-95	114141	× × =	- 12 m	4. 00 13.00			95-00
Country	1994	(%)	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	CAGR(%)
Total (rounded)	4,700	12	5,300	5,900	6,700	7,600	8,500	9,600	13
France	1,000	8	1,100	1,200	1,350	1,500	1,650	1,800	11
Germany	710	14	810	870	1,000	1,100	1,250	1,400	11
United Kingdom	1,350	14	1,550	1,800	2,050	2,350	2,650	3,000	14
Italy	330	9	360	400	440	490	550	600	11
Sweden	50	8	54	61	68	74	84	90	11
Denmark	50	8	55	60	69	78	89	100	13
Norway	37	10	41	46	52	58	64	72	12
Finland	45	14	51	58	67	76	86	98	14
Netherlands	180	13	200	235	265	300	330	370	13
Belgium	130	12	150	165	185	210	245	280	14
Switzerland	160	10	175	190	220	240	265	285	10
Austria	51	15	58	64	73	82	93	105	13
Spain	145	11	160	180	205	225	255	295	13
Portugal	12	16	14	17	19	22	24	27	14
Greece	5	13	6	7	8	9	10	12	15
Ireland	14	22	17	17	19	23	23	27	9
Eastern Europe	410	12	460	530	630	740	870	1,000	17

Systems Operations Country Comparisons, Europe

					US\$ Million	n			
		94-95							95-00
Country	1994	(%)	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	CAGR(%)
Total (rounded)	3,600	26	4,600	5,700	6,900	8,200	9,600	11,000	20
France	880	18	1,050	1,250	1,500	1,700	2,000	2,300	17
Germany	310	58	490	650	830	1,050	1,250	1,450	24
United Kingdom	1,250	28	1,600	2,000	2,450	2,900	3,400	3,900	20
Italy	270	33	350	440	550	650	780	910	21
Sweden	290	22	350	430	520	610	720	830	19
Denmark	38	17	45	53	63	74	86	100	18
Norway	39	19	47	55	65	75	88	100	17
Finland	68	17	79	91	105	120	140	160	15
Netherlands	165	21	200	240	290	350	430	510	21
Belgium	100	16	115	135	160	190	220	265	18
Switzerland	79	19	94	115	140	175	210	250	22
Austria	20	19	23	28	34	41	48	56	20
Spain	64	19	76	92	110	130	160	185	19
Portugal	8	20	10	12	14	18	21	25	20
Greece	4	24	4	5	6	7	9	10	18
Ireland	14	22	17	20	23	27	33	39	18
Eastern Europe	20	35	27	32	42	50	60	72	22

Processing Services Country Comparisons, Europe

					US\$ Million				
		94-95		f. 41.4		384			95-00
Country	1994	(%)	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	CAGR(%)
Total (rounded)	8,300	3	8,600	8,800	9,100	9,500	9,800	10,500	4
France	1,650	0	1,650	1,650	1,700	1,700	1,800	1,850	2
Germany	1,700	8	1,800	1,950	2,150	2,300	2,400	2,550	7
United Kingdom	890	7	950	980	1,050	1,100	1,150	1,200	5
Italy	710	0	710	710	710	740	740	770	2
Sweden	380	0	380	380	380	390	390	390	0
Denmark	490	-1	480	480	470	470	460	440	-2
Norway	490	0	490	490	490	490	490	490	0
Finland	200	0	200	200	200	200	200	200	0
Netherlands	590	6	630	660	700	740	780	830	6
Belgium	240	-2	235	235	235	235	235	230	0
Switzerland	370	7	400	420	450	480	520	560	7
Austria	175	2	180	180	185	185	190	190	1
Spain	260	4	275	280	295	310	320	330	4
Portugal	23	13	25	28	30	34	36	39	9
Greece	42	9	46	50	54	59	65	70	9
Ireland	56	0	56	56	56	56	56	56	0
Eastern Europe	20	25	25	29	36	45	59	79	26

Network Services Country Comparisons, Europe

	US\$ Million											
		94-95							95-00			
Country	1994	(%)	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	CAGR(%)			
Total (rounded)	6,100	13	6,900	7,900	9,200	10,500	12,500	15,000	16			
France	1,550	9	1,700	1,900	2,150	2,500	2,950	3,500	16			
Germany	1,150	15	1,300	1,550	1,850	2,200	2,650	3,200	20			
United Kingdom	1,600	16	1,850	2,100	2,450	2,800	3,300	3,700	15			
Italy	460	14	520	600	700	820	970	1,150	17			
Sweden	145	12	160	190	220	260	300	350	17			
Denmark	110	13	125	145	165	190	210	235	13			
Norway	68	7	73	79	89	100	115	125	12			
Finland	66	13	74	85	95	110	125	140	14			
Netherlands	290	14	330	380	450	530	640	750	18			
Belgium	170	11	190	215	245	275	320	350	13			
Switzerland	205	11	225	265	310	360	420	480	16			
Austria	81	11	90	100	115	130	150	170	14			
Spain	170	12	190	220	255	295	340	380	15			
Portugal	11	23	14	17	22	28	34	41	25			
Greece	15	16	18	21	25	30	35	41	18			
Ireland	22	14	25	30	34	40	45	53	16			
Eastern Europe	8	13	9	13	19	27	39	57	45			

System Software Country Comparisons, Europe

						US\$ Million				
		94-95		-					95-00	
Country	1994	(%)	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	CAGR(%)	
Total (rounded)	13,500	5	14,000	15,500	15,500	16,000	17,000	17,500	4	
France	2,950	4	3,100	3,300	3,300	3,400	3,500	3,600	3	
Germany	3,400	6	3,600	3,900	3,900	4,000	4,200	4,300	4	
United Kingdom	2,000	8	2,100	2,300	2,400	2,500	2,600	2,700	5	
Italy	1,500	8	1,600	1,800	1,900	1,900	2,000	2,000	5	
Sweden	310	2	320	350	360	370	390	400	5	
Denmark	295	8	320	360	370	390	410	410	5	
Norway	210	4	215	235	245	255	275	285	6	
Finland	165	-3	160	170	170	175	180	185	3	
Netherlands	690	0	690	750	750	810	810	810	3	
Belgium	450	6	480	520	530	550	580	590	4	
Switzerland	580	4	610	650	670	700	750	780	5	
Austria	280	8	310	340	360	370	400	400	6	
	000									
Spain	380	5	390	420	430	450	480	510	5	
Portugal	33	11	37	43	47	53	58	64	12	
Greece	48	9	52	59	64	70	77	85	10	
Ireland	91	2	93	97	100	105	105		2	
Eastern Europe	67	21	81	100	120	140	170	200	20	

Applications Software Country Comparisons, Europe

	US\$ Million											
		94-95							95-00			
Country	1994	(%)	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	CAGR(%)			
Total (rounded)	11,000	10	12,000	15,000	16,500	18,000	20,000	21,500	12			
France	2,800	5	2,900	3,400	3,600	3,700	4,100	4,300	8			
Germany	2,400	14	2,700	3,400	3,800	4,200	4,900	5,500	15			
United Kingdom	1,300	15	1,500	1,800	2,100	2,200	2,500	2,600	12			
Italy	1,300	11	1,400	1,800	2,000	2,200	2,500	2,700	13			
Sweden	340	15	390	490	560	610	690	760	14			
Denmark	265	9	290	360	410	440	480	510	12			
Norway	215	11	240	300	340	360	410	450	13			
Finland	185	10	205	255	285	310	350	390	14			
Netherlands	700	7	750	880	920	930	980	1,000	6			
Belgium	460	14	530	670	750	800	880	940	12			
Switzerland	410	13	460	580	650	700	790	860	13			
Austria	200	14	230	290	330	350	400	420	12			
Spain	320	13	360	470	540	600	690	770	16			
Portugal	20	19	24	31	36	41	45	50	16			
Greece	33	19	39	52	62	69	81	92	18			
Ireland	82	11	91	110	120	125	135	140	9			
Eastern Europe	94	20	115	150	175	195	230	260	18			

Turnkey Systems Country Comparisons, Europe

			-1-1		US\$ Million				
		94-95	14.	· · · · · · ·					95-00
Country	1994	(%)	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	CAGR(%)
Total (rounded)	13,000	5	13,500	14,500	15,500	16,500	18,000	19,500	8
France	2,050	4	2,150	2,250	2,350	2,550	2,750	2,950	7
Germany	4,400	4	4,600	4,800	5,300	5,700	6,200	6,700	8
United Kingdom	2,150	6	2,250	2,350	2,500	2,700		3,100	7
Italy	670	2	680	720	770	830	1	950	7
Sweden	350	6	370	400	420	470	520	570	9
Denmark	360	6	380	400	430	460	480	500	6
Norway	245	4	250	260	270	285	300	320	5
Finland	210	5	220	235	255	270	285	300	7
Netherlands	590	4	620	630	660	710	780	870	7
Belgium	340	8	360	380	410	440	470	490	6
Switzerland	480	6	510	570	620	690	770	850	11
Austria	370	10	410	450	490	540	590	610	8
Spain	430	4	450	480	510	550	600	640	7
Portugal	40	14	45	52	60	71	82	93	15
Greece	57	10	62	69	77	88	100	115	13
Ireland	140	11	155	170	185	200	225	240	9
Eastern Europe	27	22	33	43	54	69	69	110	27

Equipment Services Country Comparisons, Europe

					US\$ Million	1				
		94-95							95-00	
Country	1994	(%)	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	CAGR(%)	
Total (rounded)	21,000	0	21,000	21,000	21,000	21,500	21,500	22,000	1	
France	3,730	-2	3,650	3,650	3,640	3,640	3,670	3,690	0	
Germany	4,500	-2	4,400	4,300	4,300	4,300	4,300	4,400	0	
United Kingdom	3,700	0	3,700	3,700	3,600	3,600	3,600	3,600	-1	
Italy	2,200	0	2,200	2,200	2,200	2,300	2,300	2,300	1	
Sweden	790	3	820	860	880	920	960	1,000	4	
Denmark	510	2	520	520	530	530	540	540	1	
Norway	430	0	430	430	430	430	440	440	1	
Finland	340	1	350	350	350	360	360	370	1	
Netherlands	1,400	1	1,400	1,450	1,450	1,450	1,500	1,550	1	
Belgium	630	-1	625	620	620	610	600	600	-1	
Switzerland	1,050	1	1,050	1,100	1,100	1,150	1,150	1,200	2	
Austria	430	1	430	430	440	440	450	450	1	
Spain	880	1	890	910	920	930	940	950	1	
Portugal	110	4	115	120	125	130	135	140	4	
Greece	36	-3	35	33	32	31	30	29	-4	
Ireland	110	-1	105	105	105	105	100	100	-1	
Eastern Europe	245	10	270	300	340	390	440	500	13	

Information Services Country Comparisons, Europe

					US\$ Million) 				
		94-95	i				7° M		95-00	
Country	1994	(%)	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	CAGR(%)	
Total (rounded)	105,000	5	110,000	120,000	125,000	135,000	145,000	155,000	7	
France	24,000	3	24,500	26,000	27,000	28,500	30,000	32,000	5	
Germany	22,000	6	23,000	25,000	27,000	29,000	31,000	34,000	8	
United Kingdom	17,000	8	19,000	20,000	22,000	24,000	26,000		8	
	· 1		· ·	, i	· 1	i	·	27,000		
Italy	10,000	3	10,000	11,000	11,000	12,000	13,000	14,000	7	
Sweden	4,000	6	4,300	4,700	5,100	5,500	6,000	6,500	9	
Denmark	2,650	6	2,800	2,950	3,200	3,300	3,500	3,600	5	
Norway	2,150	3	2,200	2,300	2,450	2,550	2,650	2,800	5	
Finland	1,600	4	1,700	1,800	1,900	2,050	2,150	2,300	7	
								1		
Netherlands	6,400	5	6,700	7,200	7,600	8,100	8,700	9,400	7	
Belgium	3,500	5	3,600	3,900	4,100	4,400	4,600	4,900	6	
Switzerland	4,100	6	4,300	4,700	5,000	5,400	5,900	6,400	8	
Austria	1,950	7	2,050	2,250	2,400	2,550	2,700	2,800	6	
Spain	3,400	5	3,500	3,800	4,100	4,400	4,800	5,100	8	
Portugal	310	11	340	380	420	470	520		11	
Greece	320	10	350	390	430	480	540		11	
Ireland	670	6	710	760	800	860	910	970	6	
Eastern Europe	960	15	1,100	1,300	1,500	1,750	2,100	2,450	17	





Information Services Industry Forecast Database, 1995-2000 Austria

Α

Forecast Database in Local Currency (Sch Millions)

Exhibit B-1

Top Level IT Expenditure, Austria

T S			× ,		Sch Million	1S			
		94-95	- 1			* -			95-0
Sector	1994	(%)	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	CAGR (%)
Total IT Spending	54,500	2	55,500	58,000	59,500	61,000	62,500	61,500	2
Equipment Sales	15,500	2	15,800	15,800	16,100	16,300	16,300	15,900	0
Mainframe	2,700	0	2,700	2,300	2,100	2,000	1,800	1,600	-10
Minicomputer	4,200	-2	4,100	4,000	3,900	3,800	3,600	3,300	-4
PC/Workstation	8,600	5	9,000	9,500	10,100	10,500	10,900	11,000	4
Equipment Services	4,650	1	4,700	4,700	4,800	4,800	4,850	4,850	1
Software Products	5,250	10	5,800	6,800	7,400	7,850	8,600	8,850	9
Other Information Services	9,200	8	9,900	10,800	11,500	12,400	13,000	13,600	7
Data Communications	3,000	7	3,200	3,400	3,600	3,800	4,000	4,000	5
Facilities/Administration	3,300	0	3,300	3,400	3,400	3,500	3,500	3,400	1
In-house Staff	13,500	-4	13,000	13,000	12,500	12,500	12,000	11,000	-3

Exhibit B-2

Information Services Market Forecast by Delivery Mode and Submode Austria, 1995-2000

	Austria, 1995-2000 Sch Millions											
Delivery Modes	1994	94-95	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	95-0 CAGR(%)			
Software and Services Total (ex. Equipment Services)	16,500	9	18,000	20,000	21,500	23,000	24,500	25,500				
Professional Services	3,650	5 10	3,850	4,000	4,200	4,300	4,400	4,500	3			
- IS Consulting - Education & Training - Custom Software - Application Management	520 430 2,700 20	4 4 10	570 447 2,800 22	630 465 2,900 25	690 484 3,000 30	740 498 3,050 35	790 513 3,050 45	i	8 3 2 21			
Systems Integration - Equipment - Application Software - System Software - Professional Services - Other	550 143 121 43 231 12	15 8 16 16 16 25	630 155 140 50 267 15	700 165 155 60 305 17	790 173 181 63 346 24	890 186 204 62 382 53	1,010 192 253 81 455 30	1,150 196	13 5 18 10			
Systems Operations - Platform Operations - Application Operations - Desktop Services	210 45 120 45	19 16 21 22	250 52 145 55	300 60 175 65	370 67 225 80	440 75 260 105	520 85 300 135	610 90 340 180	20 12 19 27			
Processing Services - Transaction Processing - Utility Processing - Other Processing	1,910 1,675 68 170	2 1 -3 6	1,940 1,690 66 180	1,950 1,700 64 185	1,990 1,730 62 200	2,030 1,760 61 210	2,070 1,790 59 220	2,080 1,790 57 230				
Network Services - Electronic Info Svcs - Network Applications - Network Management	875 675 155 45	11 9 23 11	975 735 190 50	1,110 815 240 55	1,265 905 300 60	1,425 985 370 70	1,630 1,090 460	1,850 1,190 565 95	14 10 24 14			
System Software - Mainframe - Minicomputer - Workstation/PC	3,050 1,240 1,030 800	8 -1 9 19	3,300 1,230 1,120 955	3,650 1,210 1,220 1,212	3,850 1,200 1,330 1,309	4,050 1,190 1,450 1,414	1,170	4,350 1,100 1,630 1,636	-2 8			
Application Software - Mainframe - Minicomputer - Workstation/PC	2,200 165 640 1,400	14 0 9 17	2,500 165 700 1,640	3,150 165 770 2,230	3,550 165 850 2,525	3,800 165 930 2,700	4,300 165 1,020 3,095	4,500 155 1,070 3,275	-1			
Turnkey Systems - Equipment - Application Software - System Software - Professional Services	4,080 1,945 855 240 1,040	10 8 16 8 9	4,480 2,100 990 260 1,130	4,920 2,260 1,145 280 1,230	5,360 2,410 1,315 300 1,330	5,830 2,570 1,510 320 1,430	6,380 2,750 1,735 340 1,550	6,670 2,810 1,910 345 1,600	8 6 14 6 7			
Equipment Services - Equipment Maintenance - Environmental Services	4,650 2,890 1,740	1 -2 6	4,700 2,832 1,844	4,700 2,747 1,974	4,800 2,665 2,112	4,800 2,558 2,259	4,850 2,456 2,395	4,850 2,333 2,515	1 -4 6			
Grand Total Information Service Market	21,200	7	22,600	24,500	26,200	27,600	29,500	30,600	6			

Forecast Database in U.S. Dollars

Exhibit B-3

Software and Services Market Forecast in Dollars Austria, 1995-2000

		U.S. \$ Million (rounded)											
Delivery Modes		94-95							95-0				
	1994	(%)	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	CAGR(%)				
Software and Services Total	. 5.15	•	4.050	4.005	4.070	0.140	0.050	0.040					
(ex. Equipment Services)	1,515		1,650	1,835	1,970	2,110	2,250	2,340	7				
Professional Services	335	5	355	365	385	395	405	415	3				
- IS Consulting	48	10	53	58	64	68	73	77	8				
- Education & Training - Custom Software	40 250	4	41 255	43 265	45 275	46 280	47 280	49 280	3 2				
- Application Management	250	4 10	200	203	3	200	4	5	21				
	1	15	50	64	73	93	•		13				
Systems Integration - Equipment	51 13	8	58 14	15	16	82 17	93 18	106 18	13 5				
- Application Software	11	16	13	14	17	19	23	30	18				
- System Software	4	16	5	6	6	6	7	7	10				
- Professional Services	21	16	25	28	32	35	42	47	14				
- Other	1	25	1	2	2	5	3	4	25				
Systems Operations	20	19	23	28	34	41	48	56	20				
- Platform Operations	4	16	5	6	6	7	8	9	12				
- Application Operations	11	21	14	16	21	24	28	31	19				
- Desktop Services	4	22	5	6	7	10	12	17	27				
Processing Services	175	2	178	179	183	186	190	191	1				
- Transaction Processing	154	1	155	156	159	162	164	164	1				
- Utility Processing	6	-3	6	6	6	6	6	5	-3				
- Other Processing	16	6	17	17	19	20	20	21	5				
Network Services	81	11	90	102	116	131	150	170	14				
- Electronic Info Svcs	62	9	68	75	83	91	100	109	10				
Network ApplicationsNetwork Management	14	23 11	18 5	22 5	28	34	42	52 9	24 14				
	4			!	6	070	8						
System Software - Mainframe	280 114	8	305 113	335	355	370	395 108	400 101	6 -2				
- Minicomputer	95	-1 9	103	111 112	110 122	109 133	144	150	-2 8				
- Workstation/PC	74	19	88	111	120	130	145	150	11				
Application Software	200	14	230	290	325	350	395	415	12				
- Mainframe	15	0	15	15	15	15	15	14	-1				
- Minicomputer	59	9	64	71	78	86	94	98	9				
- Workstation/PC	130	17	150	205	230	250	285	300	15				
Turnkey Systems	375	10	411	452	492	535	586	612	8				
- Equipment	179	8	193	208	221	236	253	258	6				
- Application Software	79	16	91	105	121	139	159	175	14				
- System Software	22	8	24	26	28	29	31	32	6				
- Professional Services	96	9	104	113	122	131	142	147	7				
Equipment Services	425		430	430	440	440	445	445	1				
- Equipment Maintenance	265		260	250	245	235	225	215	-4				
- Environmental Services	160	6	170	180	195	205	220	230	6				
Grand Total	1,950	7	2,050	2,250	2,400	2,550	2,700	2,800	6				
Information Service Market													

C

Forecast Database in ECUs

Exhibit B-4

Software and Services Market Forecast in ECUs Austria, 1995-2000

	ECU Millions (rounded)										
Delivery Modes		94-95							95-0		
and the second s	1994	(%)	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	CAGR(%)		
Software and Services Total									_		
(ex. Equipment Services)	1,230	9	1,345	1,495		1,715		1,905	7		
Professional Services	270	5	285	300	315	320	330	335	3		
- IS Consulting	39	10	43	47	52	55	59	63	8		
- Education & Training	32	4	34	35	36	37	39	40	3		
- Custom Software	200	4	210	215	225	230	230	230			
- Application Management	2	10	2	2	2	3	4	5	21		
Systems Integration	41	15	47	52	59	67	76	86	13		
- Equipment	11	8	12	13	13	14	15	15	5		
- Application Software	9	16	10	12	14	15	19	24	18		
- System Software	3	16	4	5	5	5	6	6	10		
- Professional Services	17	16	20	23	26	29	34	38	14		
- Other		25	1	1	2	4	2	3	25		
Systems Operations	16	19	19	23	28	33	39	46	20		
- Platform Operations	4	16	4	5	5	6	7	7	12		
- Application Operations	9	21	11	13	17	20	23	26	19		
- Desktop Services	3	22	4	5	6	8	10	13	27		
Processing Services	143	2	145	146	149	152	155	155	1		
- Transaction Processing	125	1	126	127	129	132	134	134	1		
- Utility Processing	5	-3	5	5	5	5	5	5	-3		
- Other Processing	13	6	14	14	15	16	17	17	5		
Network Services	66	11	73	. 83	95	107	122	138	14		
- Electronic Info Svcs	51	9	55	61	68	74	82	89	10		
- Network Applications	12	23	14	18	23	28	35	4 2	24		
- Network Management	4	11	4	4	5	5	6	7	14		
System Software	230	8	245	270	285	300	320	325	6		
- Mainframe	93	-1	92	91	90	89	88	82	-2		
- Minicomputer	77	9	84	91	100	108	117	122	8		
- Workstation/PC	60	19	71	91	98	106	118	122	11		
Application Software	165	14	185	235	265	285	320	335	12		
- Mainframe	13	0	13	13	13	13	13	12	-1		
- Minicomputer	48	9	52	58	64	70	76	80	9		
- Workstation/PC	105	17	123	167	189	202	231	245	15		
Turnkey Systems	305	10	335	367	400	435	476	498	8		
- Equipment	145	8	157	169	180	192	205	210	6		
- Application Software	64	16	74	86	98	113	130	143	14		
- System Software	18	8	19	21	22	24	25	26	6		
- Professional Services	78	9	85	92	100	107	116	120	7		
Equipment Services	345	1	350	350	360	360	360	360	1		
- Equipment Maintenance	215	-2	210	205	200	190	185	175	-4		
- Environmental Services	130	6	140	145	160	170	180	190	6		
Grand Total	1,600	7	1,700	1,850	1,950	2,050	2,200	2,300	6		
Information Service Market											

D

Information Services Forecast Reconciliation in Local Currency

Exhibit B-5

Forecast Reconciliation, Austria, 1994-1999

Currency: Sch Millions		1994 N		- Jarah	uia, 1334	1999 N	/larket		1994	1995
7.2.	1994	1995	1994-1	995	1994	1995	1994-	1995	Report	Report
Delivery Mode	Report	Report	Variar	nce	Report	Report	Varia	nce	%CAGR	%CAGR
	(Fcst)	(Act)	(Amount)	(%)	(Fcst)	(Fcst)	(Amount)	(%)	(Fcst)	(Fcst)
Software and Services Total										
(ex Equipment Services)	16,500	16,500	0	0	23,000	24,500	1,500	7	7	8
Professional Services	3,650	3,650	0	0	4,250	4,400	150	4	3	4
- IS Consulting	520	520	0	0	760	790	30	4	8	9
- Education & Training	430	430	0	0	470	513	43	9	2	4
- Custom Software	2,700		0	0	2,950	3,050		3	2	2
- Application Management	19	20	1	5	57	45	-12	-21	25	18
Systems Integration	500	550	50	10	890	1,010		13	12	13
- Equipment	130	143	13	10	180	192	12	7	7	6
- Application Software	110	121	11	10	340	253		-26	25	16
- System Software - Professional Services	39 210	43	21	10 10	68	81	13	19 63	12 6	14 15
- Professional Services - Other	12	231 12	0	0	280 24	455 30	175 6	25	15	20
			Ĭ	_			i			i I
Systems Operations - Platform Operations	210 46	210 45	0	0 -2	495 82	520 85	25 3	5 4	19 12	20 14
- Application Operations	120	120	0	-2	275	300	25	9	18	20
- Desktop Services	45	45	0	0	140	135	I	-4	25	25
Processing Services	1,890	1,910	20	1	1,990	2,070	80	4	1	2
- Transaction Processing	1,660	1,675		1	1,730	1,790		3		1
- Utility Processing	68	68	0	0	58	59	1	2	-3	-3
- Other Processing	160	170	10	6	205	220	15	7	5	5
Network Services	875	875	0	0	1,625	1,630	5	0	13	13
- Electronic Info Svcs	675	675	0	0	1,085	1,090		0	10	10
- Network Applications	155	155	0	0	445	460	15	3	23	24
- Network Management	46	45	-1	-2	93	80	-13	-14	15	12
System Software	3,050	3,050	0	0	3,950	4,300	350	9	5	7
- Mainframe	1,240	1,240		0	1,110	1,170	60	5	-2	-1
- Minicomputer	1,020	1,030		1	1,490	1,570	80	5	8	9
- Workstation/PC	790	800	10	1	1,340	1,581	241	18	11	15
Application Software	2,200	2,200	0	0	3,850	4,300	450	12	12	14
- Mainframe	165	165	0	0	155	165	10	6	-1	0
- Minicomputer	640	640	0	0	980	1,020	40	4	9	10
- Workstation/PC	1,400	1,400	0	0	2,700	3,095	1		14	17
Turnkey Systems	4,060	4,080		0	6,000	6,380		6	8	9
- Equipment	1,940	1,945	5	0	2,595	2,750	155	1	6	7
- Application Software - System Software	850 235	855 240	5 5	1 2	1,640 315	1,735 340	95 25	6 8	14	15 7
- System Software - Professional Services	1,030	1,040	10	1	1,450	1,550	100	7	7	8
1								-	'	4
Equipment Services - Equipment Maintenance	4,650 2,890	4,650 2,890		0 0	4,450 2,300	4,850 2,456	400 156	9 7	-1 -4	-3
- Environmental Services	1,740	1,740		0	2,300	2,430 2,395		10	5	-3 7
Grand Total	21,100	21,200		0	27,500	29,500	2,000		5	7
Oranu Total	21,100	21,200	100	U	21,500	29,500	2,000	/	<u> </u>	/





Information Services Industry Forecast Database, 1995-2000 Belgium

A

Forecast Database in Local Currency (BF Millions)

Exhibit C-1

Top Level IT Expenditure, Belgium

					BF Million	S		× , - i;-	
		94-95							95-0
Sector	1994	(%)	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	CAGR (%)
Total IT Spending	299,000	1	301,000	311,000	320,000	327,000	337,000	341,000	3
Equipment Sales	61,500	-2	60,400	61,400	62,600	63,200	63,500	63,600	1
Mainframe	13,200	-11	11,700	10,700	9,800	8,800	7,900	7,000	-10
Minicomputer	14,100	-3	13,700	13,800	13,900	13,800	13,600	13,300	-1
PC/Workstation	34,200	2	35,000	36,900	38,900	40,600	42,000	43,300	4
Equipment Services	20,100	-1	19,800	19,600	19,500	19,300	19,100	18,900	-1
Software Products	29,000	10	31,900	37,400	40,700	43,000	46,400	48,500	9
Other Information Services	54,000	5	56,800	60,100	64,600	69,100	74,400	79,300	7
Data Communications	23,000	4	24,000	25,500	27,100	28,900	30,700	31,900	6
Facilities/Administration	24,800	-2	24,200	24,000	23,900	23,700	23,600	22,900	-1
In-house Staff	87,000	-3	84,000	83,000	82,000	80,000	79,000	76,000	-2

Exhibit C-2

Information Services Market Forecast by Delivery Mode and Submode Belgium, 1995-2000

	Beigiani, 1995 2000								
Delivery Modes		94-95	1005	1000		4000	4000		95-0
	1994	(%)	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	CAGR(%)
Software and Services Total (ex. Equipment Services)	89,000	7	95,000	104,000	112,000	119,000	128,000	135,000	7
Professional Services	29,400	2	30,000	31,000	31,800	32,900	34,100	35,000	3
- IS Consulting	4,970	9	5,440	6,010	6,570	7,250	8,000	8,720	10
- Education & Training	2,420	2	2,468	2,542	2,619	2,697	2,805	2,917	3
- Custom Software	21,900	0	22,000	22,300	22,400	22,700	23,000	23,000	1
- Application Management	100	15	115	140	175	225	290	365	26
Systems Integration	4,200	12	4,700	5,200	5,900	6,650	7,750	8,950	14
- Equipment	966	12	1,081	1,200	1,297	1,399	1,468	1,517	7
- Application Software	924	12	1,034	1,148	1,356	1,532	1,932	2,499	19
- System Software	336	26	423	443	472	466	618	625	8
- Professional Services	1,722	15	1,974	2,243	2,594	2,864	3,477	3,927	15
- Other	252	-25	188	183	177	400	232	357	14
Systems Operations	3,190	16	3,710	4,290	5,040	5,970	7,050	8,430	18
- Platform Operations	1,000	15	1,150	1,300	1,500	1,650	1,850	2,050	12
- Application Operations	2,000	15	2,300	2,650	3,100	3,750	4,500	5,500	19
- Desktop Services	190	37	260	335	435	565	700	880	28
Processing Services	7,640	-2	7,470	7,400	7,450	7,440	7,510	7,340	0
- Transaction Processing	6,750	-3	6,550	6,450	6,450	6,400	6,400	6,200	-1
- Utility Processing	200	-3	195	190	185	180	180	175	-2
- Other Processing	690	4	720	760	810	860	925	960	6
Network Services	5,400	11	6,000	6,800	7,800	8,800	10,100	11,200	13
- Electronic Info Svcs	3,200	8	3,450	3,800	4,150	4,500	4,950	5,200	9
- Network Applications	2,000	18	2,350	2,850	3,400	4,050	4,850	5,600	19
- Network Management	150	10	165	180	210	240	290	360	17
System Software	14,300	6	15,100	16,300	16,900	17,500	18,500	18,800	4
- Mainframe	6,400	-1	6,350	6,300	6,250	6,200	6,200	6,000	-1
- Minicomputer	4,700	6	5,000	5,300	5,650	6,000	6,400	6,650	6
- Workstation/PC	3,150	19	3,750	4,650	4,950	5,300	5,850	6,100	10
Application Software	14,700	14	16,800	21,100	23,800	25,500	27,900	29,700	12
- Mainframe	1,050	0	1,050	1,050	1,050	1,050	1,050	1,000	-1
- Minicomputer	4,250	11	4,700	5,200	5,750	6,350	7,000	7,550	10
- Workstation/PC	9,4 0 0	18	11,075	14,805	16,960	18,130	19,845	21,145	14
Turnkey Systems	10,650	8	11,460	12,220	13,020	13,890	14,910	15,590	6
- Equipment	5,000	4	5,200	5,300	5,400	5,500	5,700	5,700	2
- Application Software	2,350	13	2,650	2,950	3,300	3,700	4,100	4,450	11
- System Software	475	5	500	530	555	580	605	615	4
- Professional Services	2,820	10	3,110	3,440	3,760	4,110	4,500	4,820	9
Equipment Services	20,100	-1	19,800	19,600	19,500	19,300	19,100	18,900	-1
- Equipment Maintenance	13,300	-5	12,672	12,165	11,679	11,211	10,651	10,118	-4
- Environmental Services	6,800	4	7,088	7,442	7,814	8,127	8,452	8,790	4
Grand Total Information Service Market	110,000	5	115,000	124,000	131,000	138,000	147,000	154,000	6

Forecast Database in U.S. Dollars

Exhibit C-3

Software and Services Market Forecast in Dollars Belgium, 1995-2000

			eigium, 1		\$ Million (re	ounded)			
Delivery Modes		94-95	1 -	1000					95-0
	1994	(%)	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	CAGR(%)
Software and Services Total (ex. Equipment Services)	2,800	7	2,985	3,270	3,520	3,740	4,025	4,245	7
Professional Services - IS Consulting - Education & Training - Custom Software - Application Management	925 157 76 690 3	2 9 2 0 15	945 171 78 690 4	975 189 80 700	1,000 207 83 705 6	1,035 228 85 715 7	1,070 252 88 725 9	1,100 274 92 725 12	3 10 3 1 26
Systems Integration - Equipment - Application Software - System Software - Professional Services - Other	132 31 29 11 54 8	12 12 12 26 15 -25	148 34 33 13 62 6	164 38 36 14 71 6	186 41 43 15 82 6	209 44 48 15 90 13	244 46 61 19 110 7	282 48 79 20 124 11	14 7 19 8 15 14
Systems Operations - Platform Operations - Application Operations - Desktop Services	101 32 63 6	16 15 15 37	117 36 73 8	135 41 84 11	159 47 98 14	188 52 118 18	222 58 142 22	265 65 173 28	18 12 19 28
Processing Services - Transaction Processing - Utility Processing - Other Processing	241 213 7 22	-2 -3 -3 4	235 206 6 23	233 203 6 24	235 203 6 26	234 202 6 27	236 202 6 29		-2
Network Services - Electronic Info Svcs - Network Applications - Network Management	170 101 63 5	11 8 18 10	189 109 74	214 120 90 6	246 131 107 7	277 142 128 8	318 156 153 9	164	
System Software - Mainframe - Minicomputer - Workstation/PC	450 202 148 99	6 -1 6 19	475 200 157 118	515 198 167 146	530 197 178 156	550 195 189 167	580 195 202 184	590 189 209 192	
Application Software - Mainframe - Minicomputer - Workstation/PC	460 33 134 295		530 33 148 350	665 33 164 465	750 33 181 535	800 33 200 570	33	32 238	-1 10
Turnkey Systems - Equipment - Application Software - System Software - Professional Services	335 157 74 15 89	8 4 13 5 10	361 164 84 16 98	385 167 93 17 108	170 104 17	437 173 117 18 129	129 19	491 179 140 19 152	6 2 11 4 9
Equipment Services - Equipment Maintenance - Environmental Services	630 420 215	-1 -5 4	625 400 225	615 385 235	365 245	605 355 255	335 265	275	-1 -4 4
Grand Total Information Service Market	3,450	5	3,600	3,900	4,100	4,350	4,600	4,850	6

Forecast Database in ECUs

Exhibit C-4

Software and Services Market Forecast in ECUs Belgium, 1995-2000

	ECU Millions (rounded)								
Delivery Modes	1 12	94-95		-	- 1411110113 (10	Jundeuj	* *************************************		95-0
	1994	(%) _{is}	-1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	CAGR(%)
Software and Services Total (ex. Equipment Services)	2,280	7	2,435	2,665	2,870	3,050	3,280	3,460	7
Professional Services - IS Consulting - Education & Training - Custom Software - Application Management	755 128 62 560 3	2 9 2 0 15	770 140 64 565	795 154 65 570 4	815 169 67 575	845 186 69 580 6	72	224 75	3 10 3 1 26
Systems Integration - Equipment - Application Software - System Software - Professional Services - Other	108 25 24 9 44 6	12 12 12 26 15 -25	121 28 27 11 51	134 31 29 11 58 5	152 34 35 12 67 5	171 36 39 12 74 10	199 38 50 16 89 6	230 39 64 16 101	14 7 19 8 15
Systems Operations - Platform Operations - Application Operations - Desktop Services	82 26 52 5	16 15 15 37	95 30 59 7	110 34 68 9	129 39 80 11	153 43 96 15	181 48 116 18	216 53 141 23	18 12 19 28
Processing Services - Transaction Processing - Utility Processing - Other Processing	196 173 5 18	-2 -3 -3 4	192 168 5 19	190 166 5 20	191 166 5 21	191 164 5 22	193 164 5 24	188 159 5 25	0 -1 -2 6
Network Services - Electronic Info Svcs - Network Applications - Network Management	139 82 52 4	11 8 18 10	154 89 61 4	175 98 73 5	200 107 87 6	226 116 104 6	259 127 125 8	287 134 144 9	13 9 19 17
System Software - Mainframe - Minicomputer - Workstation/PC	365 164 121 81	6 -1 6 19	385 163 128 96	420 162 136 119	435 161 145 127	450 159 154 136	475 159 164 150	154 171	4 -1 6 10
Application Software - Mainframe - Minicomputer - Workstation/PC	375 27 109 241	14 0 11 18	430 27 121 284	540 27 134 380	610 27 148 435	655 27 163 465	715 27 180 509	760 26 194 542	12 -1 10 14
Turnkey Systems - Equipment - Application Software - System Software - Professional Services	273 128 61 12 73	8 4 13 5 10	294 134 68 13 80	314 136 76 14 88	334 139 85 14 97	356 141 95 15 106	383 146 105 16 116	400 146 114 16 124	6 2 11 4 9
Equipment Services - Equipment Maintenance - Environmental Services	515 340 175	-1 -5 4	510 325 180	505 310 190	500 300 200	495 285 210	490 275 215	485 260 225	-1 -4 4
Grand Total Information Service Market	2,800	5	2,950	3,200	3,350	3,550	3,750	3,950	6

Information Services Forecast Reconciliation in Local Currency

Exhibit C-5

Forecast Reconciliation, Belgium, 1994-1999

Currency: BF Millions		1994 N	// // // // // // // // // // // // //	V01130		1999 N	/larket		1994	1995
	1994	1995	1994-1	995	1994	1995	1994	1995	Report	Report
Delivery Mode	Report	Report	Variar	nce	Report	Report	Vana	nce	%CAGR	%CAGR
	(Fcst)	(Act)	(Amount)	(%)	(Fcst)	(Fcst)	(Amount)	(%)	(Fcst)	(Fcst)
Software and Services Total										
(ex Equipment Services)	88,000	86,000	-2,000	-2	137,000	118,000	-19,000	-14	9	7
Professional Services	29,900	28,800	-1,100	-4	42,600			-23	7	3
- IS Consulting	4,540	4,540		0	7,880	7,250		-8	12	10
- Education & Training - Custom Software	2,390	2,390		0 -5	2,870			-9	4 7	2
- Application Management	22,900 80	21,800 80	-1,100 0	-5	31,600 250	22,700 250	-8,900 0	-28 0	26	26
Systems Integration	5,000	4,750	-250	-5	10,000	8,150	-1,850	-19	15	11
- Equipment	1,350	1,300	1	-4	2,100	1,900		-10	9	8
- Application Software	900	850	-50	-6	3,600	1		-25	32	26
- System Software	400	370	-30	-8	700	510		-27	12	7
- Professional Services	2,250	2,150	1	-4	3,300	2,830	-470	-14	8	6
- Other	100	90	-10	-10	310			-39	25	16
Systems Operations	2,690	2,690		0	5,900	6,590		12	17	20
- Platform Operations	1,700 950	900	-800 700	-47 74	3,600	1,650		-54 105	16 18	13 22
Application OperationsDesktop Services	40	1,650 140	100	250	2,150 150	4,400 535	2,250 385	257	30	31
Processing Services	7,860	7,820	-40	-1	8,310	7,610		-8	1	-1
- Transaction Processing	6,990	6,950	1	-1	7,230	6,550		-9		-1
- Utility Processing	208	208	0	0	205	185	-20	-10	0	-2
- Other Processing	660	660	0	0	870	875	i .	1	6	6
Network Services	4,800	4,800	0	0	9,000	8,900	-100	-1	13	13
- Electronic Info Svcs	2,860	2,950		3	4,100	4,550	1	11	7	9
- Network Applications	1,790	1,700		-5	4,550	4,050		-11	21	19
- Network Management	135	130	-5	-4	355	300	-55	-15	21	18
System Software	14,000	13,700		-2	19,100	16,700		-13	6	4
MainframeMinicomputer	6,590 4,410	6,450 4,410		-2 0	6,810 6,690			9- 12-	9	-1 6
- Workstation/PC	2,970	2,850		-4	5,640	4,600		-12	14	10
Application Software	13,700	13,200		-4	26,700	23,400	-3,300	-12	14	12
- Mainframe	1,060	1,050		-1	990	1,050		6	-1	0
- Minicomputer	3,940	3,850		-2	6,250	6,300		1	10	10
- Workstation/PC	8,650	8,250	-400	-5	19,500	16,000	-3,500	-18	18	14
Turnkey Systems	10,000	9,900	-100	-1	15,700	13,660	-2,040	-13	9	7
- Equipment	4,800	4,800		0	6,100	5,400	1	-11	5	2
- Application Software	2,330	2,100		-10	4,460	3,650		-18	14	12
- System Software - Professional Services	270 2,600	450 2,550		67 -2	365 4,770	565 4,040	t i	55 -15	6 13	5 10
					·	, i	i l			
Equipment Services - Equipment Maintenance	21,000 14,650	20,000 13,600	-1,000 -1,050	-5 -7	24,500 16,500	19,100 11,000	-5,400 -5,500	-22 -33	3	-1 -4
- Equipment Maintenance - Environmental Services	6,340	6,350		-7	7,980	8,050	t I	-55 1	5	- 4 5
Grand Total	109,000	106,000	1		162,000		j !	-15	8	5
oraria rotal	100,000	100,000	0,000	ر	102,000	_ 101,000	20,000	10	I	J J





Information Services Industry Forecast Database, 1995-2000 Denmark

Α

Forecast Database in Local Currency (DK Millions)

Exhibit D-1

Top Level IT Expenditure, Denmark

					DK Million	S		- ;: 4	
	-	94-95							95-0
Sector	1994	(%)	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	CAGR (%)
Total IT Spending	43,000	1	43,500	45,000	46,000	47,500	48,000	48,500	2
Equipment Sales	8,700	1	8,800	9,100	9,400	9,400	9,200	9,300	1
Mainframe	1,800	-11	1,600	1,500	1,400	1,200	1,000	900	-11
Minicomputer	2,200	0	2,200	2,300	2,300	2,300	2,200	2,200	0
PC/Workstation	4,700	6	5,000	5,300	5,700	5,900	6,000	6,200	4
Equipment Services	3,070	2	3,120	3,170	3,210	3,230	3,250	3,260	1
Software Products	2,880	28	3,700	4,350	4,700	5,000	5,350	5,600	9
Other Information Services	8,900	-1	8,800	9,200	9,800	10,400	11,100	11,700	6
Data Communications	3,000	8	3,250	3,500	3,750	4,050	4,250	4,450	6
Facilities/Administration	3,200	0	3,200	3,300	3,300	3,300	3,300	3,200	0
In-house Staff	13,000	-4	12,500	12,500	12,000	12,000	11,500	11,000	-3

Exhibit D-2

Information Services Market Forecast by Delivery Mode and Submode Denmark, 1995-2000

			-2-, -	333-2000	DK Million	าร			
Delivery Modes	2001	94-95	4005	4000	4007	4000	4000	0000	95-0
Cofficer and Coming Tabel	1994	(%)	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	CAGR(%)
Software and Services Total (ex. Equipment Services)	12,800	6	13,600	14,700	15,700	16,600	17,600	18,500	6
Professional Services	3,050	i .	3, 25 0	3,450	3,700				
- IS Consulting	570		630	700	780			1,070	11
- Education & Training - Custom Software	270 2,200	l	284	301	319 2,550				5 5
- Application Management	2,200	20	2,300 30	2,400 30	2,550	42	2,850 52	3,000 70	18
Systems Integration	305	8	330	365	415		540	İ	
- Equipment	70	4	73	77	83		87	103	
- Application Software	49	14	56	62	79	108	141	170	25
- System Software	24	8	26	31	29	33	38	43	11
- Professional Services	143	6	152	172	200		260	268	12
- Other	18	28	23	24	25	24	16	24	1
Systems Operations	230	17	270	320	380		520		18
- Platform Operations	60	17	70	80	90		110	1	12
- Application Operations - Desktop Services	110	14 27	125 70	145 95	165 120		2 3 0 180	265 220	16 26
·	1								
Processing Services - Transaction Processing	2,960 2,700	1	2,940 2,670	2,910 2,640	2,880 2,600			2,690 2,400	-2 -2
- Utility Processing	53	-2	52	2,0 4 0	50	2,330 48	2,400	2,400	-3
- Other Processing	205	5	215	220	230		240	245	3
Network Services	670	13	760	880	1,010	1,150	1,280	1,430	13
- Electronic Info Svcs	3 90		420	470	520	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	600	630	
- Network Applications	260	19	310	380	460	550	640	I	19
- Network Management	23	9	25	28	30	35	40	50	15
System Software	1,800	8	1,950	2,150	2,250	2,350	2,450	2,500	5
- Mainframe	680	1	690	680	680	670	660	640	-1
- Minicomputer	630		680	730	780	830	860	890	6
- Workstation/PC	480		580	735			940		
Application Software - Mainframe	1,600 87	9 -5	1,750	2,200	2,450	2,650			
- Minicomputer	470		83 495	82 540	81 590	79 635	76. 675.	7 3 710	-3 7
- Workstation/PC	1,020		1,170	1,580	1,800	1,930	2,160		
Turnkey Systems	2,170		2,310	2,460			2,920	· ·	
- Equipment	1,000		1,030	1,055	1,085	1,105	1,110	1,105	
- Application Software	420		460	505	555		650	690	
- System Software	135		143	151	160	168	174	178	4
- Professional Services	610	11	680	750	830	910	990	1,060	9
Equipment Services	3,070		3,120	3,170			3,250	3,260	
- Equipment Maintenance	1,765		1,712	1,644	1,578	1,499	1,424	1,339	- 5
- Environmental Services	1,305		1,409	1,522	1,629	1,726	1,830	1,922	6
Grand Total	16,000	6	17,000	18,000	19,000	20,000	21,000	22,000	5
Information Service Market									

Forecast Database in U.S. Dollars

Exhibit D-3

Software and Services Market Forecast in Dollars Denmark, 1995-2000

		4	iiiiain, i		\$ Million (re	ounded)			
Delivery Modes		94-95							95-0
	1994	(%)	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	CAGR(%)
Software and Services Total (ex. Equipment Services)	2,105	6	2,235	2,420	2,580	2,730	2,895	3,045	6
Professional Services	500	7	535	565	610	650	690	740	7
- IS Consulting	94	11	104	115	129	143	160	176	11
- Education & Training	45	5	47	50	53	55	58	61	5
- Custom Software	360	ľ	380	395	420	445	470	I	
- Application Management	4	20	5	5	6	7	9	12	18
Systems Integration	50	8	55	60	69	78	89	101	13
- Equipment	12	4	12	13	14	14	15	17	7
- Application Software	8	14	9	10	13	18	23	28	25
- System Software	4	8	4 25	5	5	5	6	7	11
- Professional Services - Other	24	6 28	25	29 4	33 4	37 4	43	44	12
	_		4	Ī	·	·			1 10
Systems Operations	38	17	45	53	63	74	86	101	18
- Platform Operations	10 18	17 14	12 21	13 24	15 27	17 32	18 38	21 44	12 16
- Application Operations - Desktop Services	9	27	12	24 16	20	25	30	36	26
·									
Processing Services - Transaction Processing	487 444	-1 -1	484 439	479 434	474 428	466 420	456 408	443 395	-2 -2
- Utility Processing	9	-2	9	9	8	8	8	7	-2 -3
- Other Processing	34	5	36	36	38	39	40	41	3
Network Services	110	13	125	145	166	189	211	235	
- Electronic Info Svcs	64	8	69	78	86	92	99	104	8
- Network Applications	43	19	51	63	76	91	106		
- Network Management	4	9	4	5	5	6	7	8	15
System Software	295	8	320	355	370		405		5
- Mainframe	112	1	114	112	112	110	109		
- Minicomputer	104	8	112	120	129	137	142		6
- Workstation/PC	79	21	96	121	131	139	155	1	
Application Software	265	9	290	360	405	435			12
- Mainframe	15	-5	14	14	14	13	13	12	-3
- Minicomputer	78	5	82	89	97	105	111	117	7
- Workstation/PC	170	15	190	260	295	315	355	380	14
Turnkey Systems	357	6	380	405	433	459	481	499	6
- Equipment	165	3	170	174	179	182	183	182	1
- Application Software	69	10	76	83	92	100	107		8
- System Software	22	6	24	25	26	28	29	29	4
- Professional Services	101	11	112	124	137	150	163	175	9
Equipment Services	505	2	515	520	530	530	535	535	1
- Equipment Maintenance	290	-3	280	270		245	235	220	
- Environmental Services	215	8	230	250	270	285	300	315	6
Grand Total	2,650	6	2,800	2,950	3,150	3,300	3,450	3,600	5
Information Service Market									

Forecast Database in ECUs

Exhibit D-4

Software and Services Market Forecast in ECUs Denmark, 1995-2000

			nmark, 1		Millions (n	ounded)			
Delivery Modes		94-95		- 83944					95-0
	1994	(%)	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	CAGR(%)
Software and Services Total (ex. Equipment Services)	1,715	6	1,825	1,970	2,105	2,225	2,360	2,480	6
Professional Services - IS Consulting - Education & Training - Custom Software - Application Management	410 77 36 295 4	7 11 5 5 20	435 85 38 310 4	460 94 41 320 4	495 105 43 340 5	530 117 45 360 6	130 47	605 144 50 400 10	7 11 5 5 18
Systems Integration - Equipment - Application Software - System Software - Professional Services - Other	41 10 7 3 19 2	8 4 14 8 6 28	44 10 8 4 21 3	49 11 8 4 23 3	56 11 11 4 27 3	63 12 15 4 30 3	73 12 19 5 35	82 14 23 6 36 3	13 7 25 11 12
Systems Operations - Platform Operations - Application Operations - Desktop Services	31 8 15 7	17 17 14 27	36 10 17 9	43 11 20 13	51 12 22 16	61 14 26 20	70 15 31 24	82 17 36 30	18 12 16 26
Processing Services - Transaction Processing - Utility Processing - Other Processing	397 362 7 28	-1 -1 -2 5	394 358 7 29	390 354 7 30	386 349 7 31	380 342 7 32	371 333 6 32	361 322 6 33	-2 -2 -3 3
Network Services - Electronic Info Svcs - Network Applications - Network Management	90 53 35 3	13 8 19 9	102 57 42 4	118 63 51 4	136 70 62 4	154 75 74 5	172 81 8 6	192 85 101 7	13 8 19 15
System Software - Mainframe - Minicomputer - Workstation/PC	240 91 85 65	8 1 8 21	260 93 91 78	290 91 98 99	300 91 105 107	315 90 112 114	330 89 116 126	335 86 120 132	5 -1 6 11
Application Software - Mainframe - Minicomputer - Workstation/PC	215 12 63 137	9 -5 5 15	235 11 67 157	295 11 73 212	330 11 79 242	355 11 85 259	390 10 91 290	415 10 95 309	12 -3 7 14
Turnkey Systems - Equipment - Application Software - System Software - Professional Services	291 134 57 18 82	6 3 10 6 11	310 138 62 19 91	330 142 68 20 101	353 146 75 21 112	374 148 81 23 122	392 149 87 23 133	406 148 93 24 142	6 1 8 4 9
Equipment Services - Equipment Maintenance - Environmental Services	410 235 175	2 -3 8	420 230 190	425 220 205	210 220	435 200 230		435 180 260	1 -5 6
Grand Total Information Service Market	2,150	6	2,300	2,400	2,550	2,700	2,800	2,950	5

Information Services Forecast Reconciliation in Local Currency

Exhibit D-5

Forecast Reconciliation, Denmark, 1994-1999

Currency: DK Millions		1994 N		- *	IIain, 133	1999 N	farket		1994	1995
	1994	1995	1994-1	995	1994	1995	1994-1	1995	Report	Report
Delivery Mode	Report	Report	Variar	nce	Report	Report	Varia	nce	%CAGR	%CAGR
	(Fcst)	(Act)	(Amount)	(%)	(Fcst)	(Fcst)	(Amount)	(%)	(Fcst)	(Fcst)
Software and Services Total										
(ex Equipment Services)	12,600	12,300	-300	-2	17,700	15,900	-1,800	-10	7	5
Professional Services	3,100	2,950	-150	-5	4,250	3,850	-400	-9	7	5
- IS Consulting	520	520	_ 1	0	850	860	10	1	10	11
- Education & Training	260	260	0	0	350	320	-30	-9	6	4
- Custom Software	2,300 20	2,150 20	-150	-7 0	3,000 60	2,600 66	- 4 00	-13 10	5 25	4 27
- Application Management			ر ا	, i					<u>l</u>	
Systems Integration	390	385	-5 -5	-1 -5	970	635	1 1	-35	20	11
- Equipment - Application Software	105 70	100 70	-5	-5 0	205 350	1 4 5 190	-60 -160	-29 -46	14 38	8 22
- System Software	30	30	0	0	65	50	-100	-23	17	11
- Professional Services	175	175	· · ·	0	320	235	1 1		13	6
- Other	10	10	0	0	29	15	-14	-48	24	8
Systems Operations	180	180	0	0	430	470	40	9	19	21
- Platform Operations	65	50	-15	-23	145	95	-50	-34	17	14
- Application Operations	75	90	15	20	180	240	60	33	19	22
- Desktop Services	40	40	0	0	100	130	30	30	20	27
Processing Services	3,010	3,010	0	0	2,750	2,720	-30	-1	-2	-2
- Transaction Processing	2,750	2,750	0	0	2,480	2,440	-40	-2	-2	-2
- Utility Processing	55	55	0	0	45	46	1	2	-4	-4
- Other Processing	200	200		0	220	230	10	5	2	3
Network Services	620	610		-2	1,350	1,080	-270	-20	17	12
- Electronic Info Svcs	365	365		0	500	530	i 1	6	6	8
- Network Applications - Network Management	235 19	220 20	-15	-6 5	790 60	510 44	-280 -16	-35 -27	27 26	18 17
	1		_ (20	
System Software - Mainframe	1,750 710	1,700 680	-50 -30	-3 -4	2,400 710	2,100 630	-300 -80	-13 -11	0	-2
- Minicomputer	600	590	-30 -10	- 4 -2	7 10 750	770	20	3	5	- <u>-</u> 2 5
- Workstation/PC	450	425	-25	-6	950	710	-240	-25	16	11
Application Software	1,500	1,450	-50	-3	2,750	2,400		-13	13	11
I- Mainframe	92	92	0	0	78	78	0	0	-3	-3
- Minicomputer	445	445	0	0	620	620	0	0	7	7
- Workstation/PC	950	920	-30	-3	2,050	1,680	-370	-18	17	13
Turnkey Systems	2,050	2,040	-10	0	2,770	2,650	-120	-4	6	5
- Equipment	980	980	0	0	1,075	1,050	-25	-2	2	1
- Application Software	395	385	-10	-3	660	575		-13	11	8
- System Software	128	128	0	0	160	158	1 1	-1	5	4
- Professional Services	550	550		0	870	870		0	10	10
Equipment Services	3,080	3,000	-80	-3	3,340	3,120	1 1	-7	2	1
- Equipment Maintenance	1,875	1,800	-75	-4	1,750	1,470	-280	-16	-1	-4 7
- Environmental Services	1,200	1,200		0	1,590	1,650	60	4	6	7
Grand Total	16,000	15,000	-1,000	-6	21,000	19,000	-2,000	-10	6	5





Information Services Industry Forecast Database, 1995-2000 Central and Eastern Europe

Α

Forecast Database in Local Currency (US\$ Millions)

Exhibit E-1

Top Level IT Expenditure, Central and Eastern Europe

100		a.,	, × , = ,	ii- mi	US\$ Million	ns 🗼	n Agaraij		
		94-95	-	*	* * * * * *				95-0
Sector	1994	(%)	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	CAGR (%)
Total IT Spending	2,350	11	2,600	2,950	3,350	3,800	4,300	4,900	14
Equipment Sales	579	12	646	730	826	929	1,038	1,182	13
Mainframe	59	-2	58	58	58	57	56	56	-1
Minicomputer	106	6	112	120	128	136	143	153	6
PC/Workstation	414	15	476	552	640	736	839	973	15
Equipment Services	245	10	270	300	335	385	435	495	13
Software Products	161	20	194	249	292	335	398	462	19
Other Information Services	450	16	520	610	740	890	1,070	1,270	20
Data Communications	110	14	125	145	165	195	225	260	16
Facilities/Administration	140	4	145	145	150	155	160	165	3
In-house Staff	660	8	710	760	820	890	980	1,070	9

Exhibit E-2

Information Services Market Forecast by Delivery Mode and Submode Central and Eastern Europe, 1995-2000

		i di di di	Eastern		US\$ Millio				
Delivery Modes		94-95	, ¹ =						95-0
	1994	(%)	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	CAGR(%)
Software and Services Total (ex. Equipment Services)	715	16	830	990	1,175	1,385	1,655	1,955	19
Professional Services	71	14	81	93	107	125	144	165	15
IS ConsultingEducation & Training	2 41	0 15	47	55	64	76	89	105	0 1 7
- Custom Software	28	14	32	36	41	47	53		13
- Application Management	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Systems Integration	410 94	12 7	460	530	625	735	865		17
- Equipment - Application Software	57	30	101 74	111 90	119 125	125 162	147 207		11 29
- System Software	33	-3	32	37	44	52	52	71	17
- Professional Services	193	12	216	249	294	346	405	l .	16
- Other	33	12	37	42	44	52	52	61	11
Systems Operations	20	35	27	32	42	50 25	60	1	22
- Platform Operations - Application Operations	9	33 38	12 11	15 12	20 15	25 15	28 20		24 15
- Desktop Services	3	33	4	5	7	10	12		30
Processing Services	20	25	25	29	36	45	59	79	26
- Transaction Processing	10	20	12	13	15	17	20	24	15
- Utility Processing - Other Processing	6 4	17 50	6	9	8 13	8 20	9 30	10 45	7 49
Network Services	8	13	9	13	19	27	39	57	49 45
- Electronic Info Svcs	1	0	1	13	2	2/	3	37	43
- Network Applications	4	50	6	9	14	21	31	47	51
- Network Management	3	-7	3	3;	4	4	5	7	20
System Software	67	21	81	101	119	141	170		20
- Mainframe - Minicomputer	15 21	0 19	15 25	15 29	15 35	15 42	16 50	16 60	1 19
- Workstation/PC	31	32	41	57	69	84	104	126	25
Application Software	94	20	113	148	173	194	228	260	18
- Mainframe	10	0	10	11	11	11	11	11	2
- Minicomputer - Workstation/PC	30 54	17 26	35 68	41	47	54 130	62 155	71	15 21
Turnkey Systems	27	20	33	96	115	129	155		21 27
- Equipment	13	22	16	43 20	54 25	69 31	88 39	1	27 25
- Application Software	5	20	6	8	10	13	17	22	30
- System Software	1	0	1	2	2	3	_3	4	32
- Professional Services	8	25	10	13	17	22	29	37	30
Equipment Services - Equipment Maintenance	245 195	10 9	270	300	335	385	435		
- Environmental Services	48	19	213 57	232 68	255 82	283 101	308 127	333 163	9 23
Grand Total	960	15	1,100	1,290	1,510	1,770	2,090		17
Information Service Market			,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	.,255	.,2.0	.,	_,500	_,	

Forecast Database in U.S. Dollars

Exhibit E-3

Software and Services Market Forecast in Dollars Central and Eastern Europe, 1995-2000

U.S. \$ Million (rounded)									
Delivery Modes		94-95			-		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	-	95-0
	1994	- (%) -	1995	1996	1997	1998 -	1999	2000	CAGR(%)
Software and Services Total (ex. Equipment Services)	715	16	830	990	1,175	1,385	1,655	1,955	19
Professional Services - IS Consulting	71	14 0	81 2 47	93 2	107 2 64	125 2 76	144 2	165 2	15 0 17
Education & TrainingCustom SoftwareApplication Management	28 0	15 14 0	32 0	55 36 0	41	76 47 0	89 5 3 0	105 58 0	17 13 0
Systems Integration - Equipment - Application Software - System Software - Professional Services - Other	410 94 57 33 193 33	12 7 30 -3 12 12	460 101 74 32 216 37	530 111 90 37 249 42	625 119 125 44 294 44	735 125 162 52 346 52	865 147 207 52 405 52	1,010 172 262 71 444 61	17 11 29 17 16 11
Systems Operations - Platform Operations - Application Operations - Desktop Services	20 9 8 3	35 33 38 33	27 12 11 4	32 15 12 5	42 20 15 7	50 25 15	60 28 20 12	72 35 22 15	22 24 15 30
Processing Services - Transaction Processing - Utility Processing - Other Processing	20 10 6 4	25 20 17 50	25 12 7 6	29 13 7 9	36 15 8 13	45 17 8 20	59 20 9 30	79 24 10 45	26 15 7 49
Network Services - Electronic Info Svcs - Network Applications - Network Management	8 1 4 3	13 0 50 -7	9 1 6 3	13 1 9 3	19 2 14 4	27 2 21 4	39 3 31 5	57 3 47 7	45 43 51 20
System Software - Mainframe - Minicomputer - Workstation/PC	67 15 21 31	21 0 19 32	81 15 25 41	101 15 29 57	119 15 35 69	141 15 42 84	170 16 50 104	202 16 60 126	20 1 19 25
Application Software - Mainframe - Minicomputer - Workstation/PC	94 10 30 54	20 0 17 26	113 10 35 68	148 11 41 96	173 11 47 115	194 11 54 129	228 11 62 155	260 11 71 178	18 2 15 21
Turnkey Systems - Equipment - Application Software - System Software - Professional Services	27 13 5 1 8	22 23 20 0 25	33 16 6 1 10	43 20 8 2 13	54 25 10 2 17	69 31 13 3 22	88 39 17 3 29	111 48 22 4 37	27 25 30 32 30
Equipment Services - Equipment Maintenance - Environmental Services	245 195 48	10 9 19	270 213 57	300 232 68	335 2 5 5 82	385 283 101			13 9 23
Grand Total Information Service Market	960	15	1,100	1,290	1,510	1,770	2,090	2,450	17

Forecast Database in ECUs

Exhibit E-4

Software and Services Market Forecast in ECUs Central and Eastern Europe, 1995-2000

Central and Eastern Europe, 1995-2000											
		nec - n Mari		ECU	Millions (n	ounded)			of an indifference		
Delivery Modes	1994	94-95 (%)	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	95-0 CAGR(%)		
Software and Services Total (ex. Equipment Services)	877	16	1,018	1,215	1,442	1,699	2,031	2,399	19		
Professional Services - IS Consulting - Education & Training - Custom Software - Application Management	87 3 50 34 0	14 0 15 14 0	99 3 58 39 0	114 3 68 44 0	131 3 79 50 0	153 3 93 58 0	177 3 109 65 0		0		
Systems Integration - Equipment - Application Software - System Software - Professional Services - Other	503 115 70 40 237 40	12 7 30 -3 12 12	564 124 91 39 265 45	650 136 110 45 306 52	767 146 153 54 361 54	902 153 199 64 425 64	1,061 180 254 64 497 64	321 87	11 29 17 16		
Systems Operations - Platform Operations - Application Operations - Desktop Services	25 11 10 4	35 33 38 33	33 15 14 5	39 18 15 6	52 25 18 9	61 31 18 12	74 34 25 15	1	24 15		
Processing Services - Transaction Processing - Utility Processing - Other Processing	25 12 7 5	25 20 17 50	31 15 9 7	36 16 9 11	44 18 10 16	55 21 10 24	72 25 11 36	1	15		
Network Services - Electronic Info Svcs - Network Applications - Network Management	10 1 5 4	13 0 50 -7	11 1 7 3	16 1 11 4	23 2 17 5	33 3 25 5	48 3 38 6	70 4 57 9	45 43 51 20		
System Software - Mainframe - Minicomputer - Workstation/PC	82 18 26 38	21 0 19 32	99 18 31 50	124 18 36 70	146 18 43 85	173 18 52 103	209 20 61 128	248 20 74 155	1 19		
Application Software - Mainframe - Minicomputer - Workstation/PC	115 12 37 66	20 0 17 26	139 12 43 83	182 14 50 118	212 14 58 141	238 14 66 158	280 14 76 190	319 14 87 218	18 2 15 21		
Turnkey Systems - Equipment - Application Software - System Software - Professional Services	33 16 6 1	22 23 20 0 25	41 20 7 1 12	53 25 10 2 16	66 31 12 2 21	85 38 16 4 27	108 48 21 4 36	59 27 5	27 25 30 32 30		
Equipment Services - Equipment Maintenance - Environmental Services	301 239 59	10 9 19	331 261 70	368 285 83	411 313 101	472 347 124	534 378 156		13 9 23		
Grand Total Information Service Market	1,180	15	1,350	1,580	1,850	2,170	2,560	3,010	17		

Information Services Forecast Reconciliation in Local Currency

Exhibit E-5

Forecast Reconciliation, Central and Eastern Europe, 1994-1999

Currency: US\$ Millions	ist ivecome	1994 N		- ×.	L.T.H				1994	1995
	1994	1995	1994-1	995	1994	1995	1994-	1995	Report	Report
Delivery Mode	Report	Report	Variar	nce	Report	Report	Vana	nce	%CAGR	%CAGR
	(Fcst)	(Act)	(Amount)	(%)	(Fcst)	(Fcst)	(Amount)	(%)	(Fcst)	(Fcst)
Software and Services Total										
(ex Equipment Services)	695	715	20	3	1,690	1,655	-35	-2	19	18
Professional Services	71	71	0	0	127	144	17	13	12	1 5
- IS Consulting	2	2	0	0	2	2	0	0	0	0
- Education & Training	41	41	0	0	75	89	14	19	13	17
Custom SoftwareApplication Management	28	28 0	0	0	50	53	3 0	6 -100	12	14 -100
_	200		20	_	000	005	}	1	'	
Systems Integration - Equipment	390 105	410 94	20 -11	5 -10	920 205	865 14 7	-55 -58	-6 - 2 8	19 14	16 9
- Application Software	80	57 57	-23	-10 -29	325	207	-30 -118	1	32	29
- System Software	30	33	3	10	65	52	-13	-20	17	10
- Professional Services	170	193		14	295	405	110	37	12	16
- Other	7	33	1 1	371	29	52	23	79	33	10
Systems Operations	20	20	0	0	81	60	-21	-26	32	25
- Platform Operations	9	9	0	0	26	28		8	24	25
- Application Operations	8	8	0	0	40	20	-20	-50	38	20
- Desktop Services	3	3	0	0	15	12	-3	-20	38	32
Processing Services	20	20	0	0	58	59	1	2	24	24
- Transaction Processing	10	10	0	0	21	20	-1	-5	16	15
- Utility Processing	6	6	0	0	9	9	0	0	8	8
- Other Processing	4	4	0	0	28	30	2	7	47	49
Network Services	7	8	1	14	41	39	1	-5	42	37
- Electronic Info Svcs] 1	1	0	0	3	3	'	1 ''	43	38
- Network Applications	4	4	0	0	30	31	2 -3	5	49	51
- Network Management	3	3	0	/	8	5		!	23	11
System Software - Mainframe	67	67 45	0	0	162	170		5	19	20
- Minicomputer	15 21	15 21	0	0	16 52	16 50	0 -2	0 -4	20	19
- Workstation/PC	31	31	0	0	94	104	10	11	25	27
Application Software	94	94	0	0	207	228	21	10	17	19
- Mainframe	10	10	0	0	11	11	0	0	2	2
- Minicomputer	30	30	0	0	62	62	ő	0	16	16
- Workstation/PC	54	54	0-	0	134	155	1	16	20	23
Turnkey Systems	27	27	0	0	92	88		-4	28	27
- Equipment	13	13	1	0	41	39	-2	-5	26	25
- Application Software	5	5	0	0	19	17	-2	-11	31	28
- System Software	1	1	0	0	4	3	-1	-25	32	25
- Professional Services	8	8	0	0	28	29	1	4	28	29
Equipment Services	245	245		0	415	435	1	5	11	12
- Equipment Maintenance	195	195		0	295	308		4	9	1 0
- Environmental Services	48	48	0:	0	120	127	7	6	20	21
Grand Total	940	960	20	2	2,105	2,090	-15	-1	17	1 7





Information Services Industry Forecast Database, 1995-2000 Finland

Α

Forecast Database in Local Currency (FM Millions)

Exhibit F-1

Top Level IT Expenditure, Finland

	FM Millions										
16.5		94-95	x -x	, = 1					95-0		
Sector	1994	(%)	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	CAGR (%)		
Total IT Spending	24,000	2	24,500	25,000	26,000	26,500	27,500	29,000	3		
Equipment Sales	6,000	0	6,000	6,100	6,300	6,400	6,400	6,700	2		
Mainframe	1,250	-12	1,100	950	850	750	650	600	-11		
Minicomputer	1,350	0	1,350	1,400	1,450	1,450	1,450	1,500	2		
PC/Workstation	3,400	4	3,550	3,750	3,950	4,150	4,300	4,550	5		
Equipment Services	1,620	1	1,630	1,640	1,670	1,690	1,700	1,720	1		
Software Products	1,660	4	1,730	2,000	2,160	2,280	2,510	2,700	9		
Other Information Services	3,900	5	4,100	4,400	4,700	5,000	5,500	6,000	8		
Data Communications	2,200	5	2,300	2,450	2,600	2,800	3,000	3,200	7		
Facilities/Administration	2,250	-2	2,200	2,200	2,200	2,200	2,200	2,200	0		
In-house Staff	6,400	-2	6,300	6,300	6,300	6,300	6,300	6,300	0		

Exhibit F-2

Information Services Market Forecast by Delivery Mode and Submode Finland, 1995-2000

			niand, 19	00 2000	FM Million	ns es			
Delivery Modes		94-95							95-0
	1994	(%)	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	CAGR(%)
Software and Services Total (ex. Equipment Services)	6,070	5	6,350	6,910	7,390	7,900	8,590	9,300	8
Professional Services - IS Consulting - Education & Training - Custom Software - Application Management	1,620 285 150 1,180	5 1	1,650 300 152 1,190 8	1,730 325 156 1,240 8	1,820 355 162 1,290 10	1,950 395 170 1,370 12	2,120 445 179 1,480 15	2,310 500 190 1,600 20	11 5
Systems Integration - Equipment - Application Software - System Software - Professional Services - Other	210 48 29 17 99	14 10 31 12 14 0	240 53 38 19 113 17	275 58 47 23 130 18	315 60 63 25 149 19	360 65 83 25 166 22	405 69 98 24 192 24	465 79 120 28 208 28	8 26 8
Systems Operations - Platform Operations - Application Operations - Desktop Services	320 110 185 25	17 15 15 32	375 127 213 33	430 145 245 40	495 165 280 50	575 185 330 60	665 205 385 73	225	15 12 16 22
Processing Services - Transaction Processing - Utility Processing - Other Processing	950 850 25 77	0 -1 -4 4	950 845 24 80	950 845 22 84	950 840 21 88	955 840 20 93	945 830 19 96	945 825 18 100	0 0 -6 5
Network Services - Electronic Info Svcs - Network Applications - Network Management	310 165 105 38	13 9 19 11	350 180 125 42	400 200 150 45	450 220 180 50	510 240 215 58	580 260 2 5 5 67	670 285 305 80	1
System Software - Mainframe - Minicomputer - Workstation/PC	790 290 270 225	-3 -14 0 11	770 250 270 250	800 225 275 295	800 205 285 305	820 190 300 325	850 175 320 350	880 165 340 375	-8 5
Application Software - Mainframe - Minicomputer - Workstation/PC	870 60 255 550	10 -8 8 14	960 55 275 625	1,200 53 305 845	1,360 51 340 965	1,460 49 375 1,035	1,660 47 420 1,195	1,820 45 465 1,310	-4 11
Turnkey Systems - Equipment - Application Software - System Software - Professional Services	1,000 460 200 61 275	5 2 10 5 7	1,050 470 220 64 295	1,120 490 240 69 325	1,200 505 265 73 355	1,270 520 290 77 385	1,360 535 320 82 420	1,440 550 350 87 455	7 3 10 6 9
Equipment Services - Equipment Maintenance - Environmental Services	1,620 990 625	1 -3 7	1,630 960 669	1,640 922 722	1,670 885 780	1,690 850 835	1,700 807 893	1,720 767 956	1 -4 7
Grand Total Information Service Market	7,700	4	8,000	8,500	9,100	9,600	10,300	11,000	7

Forecast Database in U.S. Dollars

Exhibit F-3

Software and Services Market Forecast in Dollars Finland, 1995-2000

			niand, 19		\$ Million (ro	ounded)			
Delivery Modes		94-95	!-	-		B 84			95-0
	1994	(%)	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	CAGR(%)
Software and Services Total (ex. Equipment Services)	1,280	5	1,340	1,460	1,560	1,665	1,810	1,960	8
Professional Services - IS Consulting - Education & Training - Custom Software - Application Management	340 60 32 250 2	2 5 1 1 14	350 64 32 250 2	365 69 33 260 2	385 75 34 270 2	410 84 36 290 3	445 94 38 310 3	485 106 40 340 4	7 11 5 6 20
Systems Integration - Equipment - Application Software - System Software - Professional Services - Other	45 10 6 4 21 4	14 10 31 12 14 0	51 11 8 4 24 4	58 12 10 5 28 4	67 13 13 5 32 4	76 14 18 5 35	86 15 21 5 41 5	98 17 25 6 44 6	14 8 26 8 13 10
Systems Operations - Platform Operations - Application Operations - Desktop Services	68 23 39 5	17 15 15 32	79 27 45 7	91 31 52 8	105 35 59 11	122 39 70 13	141 43 81 15	162 48 95 19	15 12 16 22
Processing Services - Transaction Processing - Utility Processing - Other Processing	201 180 6 16	0 -1 -4 4	201 179 5 17	201 179 5 18	201 177 5 19	202 177 4 20	200 175 4 21		0 0 -6 5
Network Services - Electronic Info Svcs - Network Applications - Network Management	66 35 22 8	13 9 19 11	74 38 27 9	85 42 32 10	95 47 38 11	108 51 46 12	123 55 54 14	142 60 65 17	14 10 20 14
System Software - Mainframe - Minicomputer - Workstation/PC	165 61 57 48	-3 -14 0 11	160 53 57 53	170 48 58 62	170 43 60 65	175 40 64 69	180 37 68 74	35	3 -8 5 8
Application Software - Mainframe - Minicomputer - Workstation/PC	185 13 54 115	-8 8	205 12 58 130	255 11 65 180	285 11 72 205	310 11 79 220	350 10 89 250	10 98	14 -4 11 16
Turnkey Systems - Equipment - Application Software - System Software - Professional Services	211 97 42 13 58	5 2 10 5 7	222 99 47 14 62	237 104 51 15 69	253 107 56 15 75	268 110 61 16 81	287 113 68 17 89	304 116 74 18 96	7 3 10 6 9
Equipment Services - Equipment Maintenance - Environmental Services	340 210 130	1 -3 7	345 205 140	345 195 150	350 185 165	355 180 175	170	160	-4 7
Grand Total Information Service Market	1,600	4	1,700	1,800	1,900	2,050	2,150	2,300	7

Forecast Database in ECUs

Exhibit F-4

Software and Services Market Forecast in ECUs Finland, 1995-2000

			manu, re		Millions (m	ounded) 🌸			
Delivery Modes	1994	94-95	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	95-0 CAGR(%)
Software and Services Total (ex. Equipment Services)	1,045	5	1,090	1,185	1,270	1,355	1,475	1,600	8
Professional Services - IS Consulting - Education & Training - Custom Software - Application Management	280 49 26 205 1	2 5 1 1 1	285 52 26 205 2	295 56 27 215 2	61 28	335 68 29 235 2	365 77 31 255 3	86 33	11 5
Systems Integration - Equipment - Application Software - System Software - Professional Services - Other	36	14	41	48	54	62	70	80	14
	8	10	9	10	11	11	12	14	8
	5	31	7	8	11	14	17	21	26
	3	12	3	4	4	4	4	5	8
	17	14	20	23	26	29	33	36	13
	3	0	3	3	3	4	4	5	10
Systems Operations - Platform Operations - Application Operations - Desktop Services	55	17	65	74	85	99	115	132	15
	19	15	22	25	29	32	35	39	12
	32	15	37	42	48	57	66	78	16
	4	32	6	7	9	10	13	15	22
Processing Services - Transaction Processing - Utility Processing - Other Processing	164	0	163	164	163	164	163	162	0
	146	-1	145	145	145	145	143	142	0
	5	-4	4	4	4	4	4	3	-6
	13	4	14	15	15	16	17	17	5
Network Services - Electronic Info Svcs - Network Applications - Network Management	54 29 18 7	13 9 19 11	60 31 22 7	69 35 26	78 38 31 9	88 41 37 10	100 45 44 12	115 49 53 14	14 10 20 14
System Software - Mainframe - Minicomputer - Workstation/PC	135	-3	130	135	135	140	145	150	3
	50	-14	43	39	35	33	30	29	-8
	47	0	47	48	49	52	55	59	5
	39	11	43	51	53	56	60	65	8
Application Software - Mainframe - Minicomputer - Workstation/PC	150	10	165	205	235	250	285	315	14
	11	-8	10	9	9	9	8	8	-4
	44	8	48	53	59	65	72	80	11
	95	14	108	145	166	178	206	225	16
Turnkey Systems - Equipment - Application Software - System Software - Professional Services	172	5	181	193	206	218	234	248	7
	79	2	81	84	87	90	92	95	3
	35	10	38	41	46	50	55	60	10
	11	5	11	12	13	13	14	15	6
	48	7	51	56	61	66	72	78	9
Equipment Services - Equipment Maintenance - Environmental Services	280	1	280	280	285	290	290	295	1
	170	-3	165	160	150	145	140	130	-4
	105	7	115	125	135	145	155	165	7
Grand Total Information Service Market	1,300	4	1,350	1,450	1,550	1,650	1,750	1,900	7

Information Services Forecast Reconciliation in Local Currency

Exhibit F-5

Forecast Reconciliation, Finland, 1994-1999

Currency: FM Millions		1994 N	// // // // // // // // // // // // //			1999 N	Market		1994	1995
	19 94	1995	1994-1	99 5	1994	1995	1994-	1995	Report	Report
Delivery Mode	Report	Report	Variar	nce	Report	Report	Varia	nce	%CAGR	%CAGR
	(Fcst)	(Act)	(Amount)	(%)	(Fcst)	(Fcst)	(Amount)	(%)	(Fcst)	(Fcst)
Software and Services Total										
(ex Equipment Services)	6,080	6,070	-10	0	8,310	8,590	280	3	5	7
Professional Services	1,620	1,620	o	0	2,130	2,120	-10	0	5	6
- IS Consulting	285	285		0	445	445		0	8	9
- Education & Training	150	150	0	0	185	179	-6	-3	3	4
- Custom Software	1,180	1,180	0	0	1,480	1,480	0	0	5	5
- Application Management	6	7	1	17	15	15	0	0	25	16
Systems Integration	300	210	-90	-30	600	405	-195	-33	22	14
- Equipment	80	48	-32	-40	135	69	-66	-49	16	8
- Application Software	60	29	-31	-52	195	98		-50	40	28
- System Software	24	17	-7	-29	44	24	-20	-45	20	7
- Professional Services	130	99	-31	-24	210	192	-18	-9	14	14
- Other	7	17	10	143	14	24	10	71	30	7
Systems Operations	250	320	70	28	535	665	130	24	17	16
- Platform Operations	85	110	25	29	150	205		37	16	13
- Application Operations	145	185		28	330	385	1	17	17	16
- Desktop Services	19	25	6	32	53	73	20	38	25	24
Processing Services	950	950	0	0	900	945	45	5	-5	0
- Transaction Processing	850	850	0	0	790	830	40	5	-5	0
- Utility Processing	25	25	0	0	18	19	1	6	-7	-5
- Other Processing	77	77	0	0	92	96	4	4	-1	5
Network Services	300	310	10	3	560	580	20	4	9	13
- Electronic Info Svcs	165	165	0	0	245	260	15	6	2	10
- Network Applications	105	105	1	0	250	255	5	2	11	19
- Network Management	29	38	9	31	63	67	4	6	27	12
System Software	790	790	0	0	820	850	30	4	1	1
- Mainframe	290	290	0	0	180	175	-5	-3	-8	-10
- Minicomputer	270	270	0	0	320	320	0	0	2	3
- Workstation/PC	225	225	0	0	320	350	30	9	11	9
Application Software	870	870	o	0	1,470	1,660	190	13	7	14
- Mainframe	60	60	0	0	45	47	2	4	-7	-5
- Minicomputer	255	255	0	0	400	420	20	5	5	10
- Workstation/PC	550	550	0	0	1,020	1,195	175	17	10	17
Turnkey Systems	1,000	1,000	0	0	1,290	1,360	70	5	4	6
- Equipment	460	460	0	0	505	535	30	6	0	3
- Application Software	200	200	0	0	310	320	10	3	7	10
- System Software	61	61	0	0	79	82	3	4	3	6
- Professional Services	275	275	0	0	400	420	20	5	7	9
Equipment Services	1,620	1,620	0	0	1,690	1,700	10	1	-3	1
- Equipment Maintenance	990	990	0	0	810	807	-3	0	-5	-4
- Environmental Services	625	625	0	0	880	893	13	1	0	7
Grand Total	7,700	7,700	0	0	10,000	10,300	300	3	4	6





Information Services Industry Forecast Database, 1995-2000 France

A

Forecast Database in Local Currency (FF Millions)

Exhibit G-1

Top Level IT Expenditure, France

		1			FF Million	S		1 1 1 1	
	÷	94-95			*			-:	95-0
Sector	1994	(%)	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	CAGR (%)
Total IT Spending	316,000	-2	311,000	309,000	308,000	310,000	320,000	328,000	1
Equipment Sales	49,900	-8	46,100	42,200	39,400	37,900	37,200	36,400	-5
Mainframe	8,300	-17	6,900	5,600	4,600	3,800	3,100	2,600	-18
Minicomputer	14,000	-7	13,060	12,230	11,480	10,740	10,090	9,720	-6
PC/Workstation	27,600	-5	26,100	24,400	23,300	23,400	24,000	24,100	-2
Equipment Services	19,900	-2	19,500	19,500	19,400	19,400	19,600	19,700	0
Software Products	30,700	5	32,100	35,600	36,900	37,800	40,600	42,400	6
Other Information Services	70,500	3	72,900	77,300	81,900	86,700	93,600	100,500	7
Data Communications	20,000	5	21,000	21,900	23,000	24,600	26,400	28,000	6
Facilities/Administration	33,100	-4	31,800	30,400	29,100	28,200	27,800	27,500	-3
In-house Staff	91,700	-5	87,300	82,400	78,700	75,600	74,600	73,700	-3

Exhibit G-2

Information Services Market Forecast by Delivery Mode and Submode France, 1995-2000

	France, 1995-2000 FF Millions										
Delivery Modes		94-95							95-0		
	1994	(%)	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	CAGR(%)		
Software and Services Total (ex. Equipment Services)	108,000	4	112,000	120,000	126,000	132,000	142,000	151,000	6		
Professional Services - IS Consulting - Education & Training - Custom Software - Application Management	38,800 4,800 3,610 30,100 260	2 10 6 -1 35	39,400 5,300 3,827 29,900 350	40,100 5,550 4,094 29,950 460	5,900 4,381 29,900	6,250 4,644	6,700 4,923 29,250	7,150 5,218 28,950	6 6 -1		
Systems Integration - Equipment - Application Software - System Software - Professional Services - Other	5,400 1,352 973 432 2,541 108	8 14 8 6 8	5,850 1,460 1,109 467 2,684 117	6,500 1,490 1,361 454 2,980 194	1,496 1,639 499	1,503 1,977 554	1,580 2,370 614	1,641 2,703 676 4,248	2 20 8		
Systems Operations - Platform Operations - Application Operations - Desktop Services	4,700 1,580 2,600 520	18 12 18 35	5,540 1,770 3,070 700	6,700 2,000 3,750 950	l	2,450 5,150	2,700 5,900	2,900 6,850	10		
Processing Services - Transaction Processing - Utility Processing - Other Processing	8,900 7,650 355 875	0 -1 0 10	8,900 7,600 355 965	8,850 7,450 345 1,060	340	7,550 340	7,850 345	8,150 350	2 1 0 9		
Network Services - Electronic Info Svcs - Network Applications - Network Management	8,350 4,700 2,810 840	9 9 7 17	9,100 5,100 3,015 985	10,185 5,500 3,535 1,150	4,265	6,350 5,325	7,000 6,855	7,650 8,900	16 8 24 18		
System Software - Mainframe - Minicomputer - Workstation/PC Application Software - Mainframe - Minicomputer - Workstation/PC	15,800 6,300 5,300 4,200 14,900 860 4,340 9,700	4 -4 4 18 5 -14 1	16,500 6,050 5,500 4,935 15,600 740 4,380 10,475	17,500 5,800 5,600 6,110 18,100 640 4,450 13,010	5,450 5,750 6,425 19,300 565 4,690	5,050 6,000 6,830 19,900 505 5,065	4,700 6,350 7,675 21,900 465 5,365	4,250 6,750 8,305 23,100 430 5,505	3 -7 4 11 8 -10 5		
Turnkey Systems - Equipment - Application Software - System Software - Professional Services	11,000 5,400 2,600 190 2,800	4 2 6 5 6	11,400 5,500 2,750 200 2,960	11,900 5,600 2,950 215 3,170	5,750	13,500 5,950 3,550 240 3,750	6,200 3,950 255	6,450	7 3 10 6 10		
Equipment Services - Equipment Maintenance - Environmental Services Grand Total Information Service Market	19,900 12,600 7,300 128,000	-2 -7 7 3	19,500 11,718 7,811 132,000	19,500 11,015 8,436 139,000	19,400 10,354 9,026 145,000	19,400 9,836	19,600		0 -5 6 5		

Forecast Database in U.S. Dollars

Exhibit G-3

Software and Services Market Forecast in Dollars France, 1995-2000

	U.S. \$ Million (rounded)									
Delivery Modes		94-95	1005						95-0	
0-4	1994	(%)	1995	::1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	CAGR(%)	
Software and Services Total (ex. Equipment Services)	20,225	4	20,975	22,470	23,595	24,720	26,590	28,275	6	
Professional Services			·						4	
- IS Consulting	7,265 899	2 10	7,380 993	7,510 1,040	7,640 1,105	7,715 1,171	7,830 1,255		6	
- Education & Training	676	6	717	767	821	870	922	977	6	
- Custom Software	5,635	-1	5,600	5,610	5,600	5,535	i	5,420	-1	
- Application Management	49	35	66	86	112	139	174	206	26	
Systems Integration	1,011	8	1,096	1,217	1,339	1,480	1,629	1,807	11	
- Equipment	253	8	274	279	280	282	296	1 ' 1	2	
- Application Software	182	14	208	255	307	370	444	506	20	
- System Software	81	8	87	85	93	104	115	127	8	
- Professional Services	476	6	503	558	614	682	723	1	10	
- Other	20	8	22	36	40	44	49	72	27	
Systems Operations	880	18	1,038	1,255	1,489	1,723	1,985	2,294	17	
- Platform Operations	296	12	332	375	412	459	506	543	10	
- Application Operations	487	18	575	702	843	965	1,105	1,283		
- Desktop Services	97	35	131	178	234	300	375	468	29	
Processing Services	1,667	0	1,667	1,658	1,676	1,714	1,789		2	
- Transaction Processing	1,433	-1	1,423	1,395	1,395	1,414	1,470		1	
- Utility Processing	67	0	67	65	64	64	65		0	
- Other Processing	164	10	181	199	217	237	257	276	9	
Network Services	1,564	9	1,704	1,908		2,483				
- Electronic Info Svcs	880	9	955	1,030	1,105	1,189	1,311	1,433		
- Network Applications	526	17	565	662	799	997	1,284		24	
- Network Management	158	17	185	216	252	297	351	418	18	
System Software	2,960	4	3,090	3,275		3,350			3	
- Mainframe	1,180 993	-4	1,133	1,086	1,021	946	880	796	-7 4	
- Minicomputer - Workstation/PC	787	4 18	1,030 924	1,049 1,144	1,077 1,203	1,124 1,279	t e	1,264 1,555		
Application Software	2,790	5	2,920	3,390						
- Mainframe	161	-14	139	120	106	95	87	81	-10	
- Minicomputer	813	1	820	834		949	1,005		5	
- Workstation/PC	1,815	8	1,960	2,435		2,690	3,015		10	
Turnkey Systems	2,060	4	2,135	2,229	2,341	2,528	2,734	2,959	7	
- Equipment	1,011	2	1,030	1,049	1,077	1,114	1,161	1,208		
- Application Software	487	6	515	553	590	665		824		
- System Software	36	5	37	40	43	45	48	51	6	
- Professional Services	525	6	555	594	633	702	791	880	10	
Equipment Services	3,725	-2	3,650	3,650	3,635	3,635	3,670			
- Equipment Maintenance	2,360	-7	2,195	2,065	1,940	1,840	1,770	1,700	-5	
- Environmental Services	1,365	7	1,465	1,580	1,690	1,790	1,900	l .	6	
Grand Total	23,950	3	24,700	26,050	27,150	28,300	30,150	32,000	5	
Information Service Market										

Forecast Database in ECUs

Exhibit G-4

Software and Services Market Forecast in ECUs France, 1995-2000

			ance, 19		Millions (n	ounded)			
Delivery Modes	1994	94-95	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	95-0 CAGR(%)
Software and Services Total (ex. Equipment Services)	16,515	4	17,125	18,350	19,265	20,185	21,715	23,090	6
Professional Services - IS Consulting - Education & Training - Custom Software - Application Management	5,935 734 552 4,600 40	10 6	6,025 811 585 4,570 54	6,130 849 626 4,580 71	6,240 902 670 4,570 92	956 710	1,025 753	1,094 798	6 6
Systems Integration - Equipment - Application Software - System Software - Professional Services - Other	826 207 149 66 389 17	8 14 8	895 223 170 71 411 18	994 228 208 69 456 30	1,094 229 251 76 501 33	1,208 230 302 85 557 36	1,331 242 362 94 591 40	1,476 251 413 103 650 59	2 20 8
Systems Operations - Platform Operations - Application Operations - Desktop Services	719 242 398 80	18 12 18 35	847 271 470 107	1,025 306 574 145	1,216 337 688 191	1,407 375 788 245	1,621 413 902 306	1,873 444 1,048 382	17 10 17 29
Processing Services - Transaction Processing - Utility Processing - Other Processing	1,358 1,170 55 134	0 -1 0 10	1,364 1,162 55 148	1,354 1,139 53 162	1,368 1,139 52 177	1,400 1,155 52 194	1,463 1,201 53 210	1,525 1,246 54 226	1 0
Network Services - Electronic Info Svcs - Network Applications - Network Management	1,277 719 430 129	9 9 7 17	1,392 780 461 151	1,558 841 541 176	1,760 902 652 206	2,028 971 814 243	2,405 1,071 1,048 287	2,872 1,170 1,361 341	16 8 24 18
System Software - Mainframe - Minicomputer - Workstation/PC Application Software - Mainframe - Minicomputer - Workstation/PC	2,415 964 811 642 2,280 132 664 1,483	-14 1	2,525 925 841 755 2,385 113 670 1,602	2,675 887 857 935 2,770 98 681 1,990	2,690 834 879 983 2,950 87 717 2,142	2,735 772 918 1,045 3,045 77 775 2,197	719 971 1,174	650 1,032 1,270 3,530 66 842	-7 4 11
Turnkey Systems - Equipment - Application Software - System Software - Professional Services	1,682 826 398 29 428	4 2 6 5 6	1,743 841 421 31 453	1,820 857 451 33 485	1,912 879 482 35 517	2,064 910 543 37 574	2,233 948 604 39 646	2,416 986 673 41 719	7 3 10 6 10
Equipment Services - Equipment Maintenance - Environmental Services Grand Total Information Service Market	3,045 1,925 1,115 19,550	-2 -7 7 3	2,980 1,790 1,195 20,200	2,980 1,685 1,290 21,250	2,965 1,585 1,380	2,965 1,505 1,465	2,995 1,445 1,550 24,600	3,010 1,385 1,630 26,150	0 -5 6 5

Information Services Forecast Reconciliation in Local Currency

Exhibit G-5

Forecast Reconciliation, France, 1994-1999

Currency: FF Millions	1994 Market 1999 Market							1994	1995	
12.11.1	1994	1995	1994-1	995	1994	1995	1994-1	1995	Report	Report
Delivery Mode	Report	Report	Variar	nce	Report	Report	Varia	nce	%CAGR	%CAGR
	(Fcst)	(Act)	(Amount)	(%)	(Fcst)	(Fost)	(Amount)	(%)	(Fcst)	(Fcst)
Software and Services Total										
(ex Equipment Services)	108,000	108,000	0	0	141,000	142,000	1,000	1	5	6
Professional Services	38,800	38,800	0	0	41,300	41,800	500	1	1	2
- IS Consulting	4,800	4,800	1	0	6,450	6,700	1 1	4	6	7
- Education & Training	3,610	3,610	1	0	4,410		1	12	4	6
- Custom Software	30,100	30,100		0	29,600	29,250		-1	0	-1
- Application Management	260	260		0	790	930		18	25	29
Systems Integration	5,500	5,400		-2	9,100	8,700		-4	11	10
- Equipment	1,450	1,352	-98	-7	2,050	1,580		-23	7	3
- Application Software	1,000 450	973 432	-27 -18	-3 -4	2,800 650	2,370 614		-15 -6	23	19 7
System SoftwareProfessional Services	2,500	2,541	41	2	3,300	3,862		-6 17	6	9
- Other	120	108	-12	-10	275	263		-4	18	19
Systems Operations	4,510	4,700		4	9,870	10,600		7	17	18
- Platform Operations	1,580	1,580		0	2,535	2,700	1 1	7	10	11
- Application Operations	2,600	2,600	ol	0	6,210	5,900		-5	19	18
- Desktop Services	325	520	195	60	1,120	2,000		79	28	31
Processing Services	8,900	8,900	0	0	9,900	9,550	-350	-4	2	1
- Transaction Processing	7,650	7,650	0	0	8,200	7,850	1 1	-4	1	1
- Utility Processing	355	355	0	0	350	345	-5	-1	0	-1
- Other Processing	875	875	0	0	1,340	1,370	30	2	9	9
Network Services	8,350	8,350	0	0	17,000	15,730	-1,270	-7	15	14
- Electronic Info Svcs	4,700	4,700		0	7,000	7,000		0	8	8
- Network Applications	2,810	2,810		0	8,310				24	20
- Network Management	840	840	0	0	1,690	1,875	185	11	15	17
System Software	15,800	15,800		0	17,700	18,700		6	2	3
- Mainframe	6,300	6,300		0	4,350	4,700		8	-7	-6
- Minicomputer	5,300	5,300		0	6,450	6,350		-2	4	4
- Workstation/PC Application Software	4,200 14,900	4,200 14,900		0	6,900 21,200	7,675 21,900		11 3	10	13 8
- Mainframe	860	14,900 860	0	0	490	21,900 465		-5	-11	-12
- Minicomputer	4,340	4,340		0	5,460	5,365	1 1	-2	5	4
- Workstation/PC	9,700	9,700	1 1	0	15,200	16,090	1 1	6	9	11
Turnkey Systems	11,000	11,000	01	0	15,200	14,600		-4	7	6
- Equipment	5,400	5,400		0	6,350	6,200		-2	3	3
- Application Software	2,600	2,600		0	4,200	3,950	1	-6	10	9
- System Software	190	190	0	0	240	255	15	6	5	6
- Professional Services	2,800	2,800	0	0	4,450	4,220	-230	-5	10	9
Equipment Services	19,900	19,900	0	0	19,200	19,600	t I	2	-1	0
- Equipment Maintenance	12,600	12,600	0	0	9,500	9,443	1 1	-1	-5	-6 -
- Environmental Services	7,300	7,300	0	0	9,700	10,142	i l	5	6	7
Grand Total	128,000	128,000	0	0	160,000	161,000	1,000	1	5	5





Information Services Industry Forecast Database, 1995-2000 Germany

A

Forecast Database in Local Currency (DM Millions)

Exhibit H-1

Top Level IT Expenditure, Germany

	DM Millions											
		94-95						* si: - * *	95-0			
Sector	1994	(%)	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	CAGR (%)			
Total IT Spending	104,000	0	104,000	104,000	106,000	108,000	111,000	114,000	2			
Equipment Sales	18,300	-3	17,800	17,200	17,000	16,800	16,600	16,400	-2			
Mainframe	3,300	-12	2,900	2,500	2,300	1,900	1,600	1,400	-14			
Minicomputer	4,600	-4	4,410	4,310	4,220	4,120	3,930	3,830	-3			
PC/Workstation	10,400	1	10,500	10,400	10,500	10,800	11,100	11,200	1			
Equipment Services	6,950	-2	6,800	6,700	6,700	6,700	6,700	6,750	0			
Software Products	9,000	9	9,800	11,200	12,000	12,700	14,100	15,200	9			
Other Information Services	14,400	10	15,800	17,200	19,300	21,300	23,600	26,100	11			
Data Communications	8,400	8	9,100	9,600	10,300	11,000	11,700	12,500	7			
Facilities/Administration	9,000	-6	8,500	8,100	7,900	7,900	7,800	7,800	-2			
In-house Staff	38,200	-5	36,300	34,300	32,900	31,900	30,800	29,700	-4			

Exhibit H-2

Information Services Market Forecast by Delivery Mode and Submode Germany, 1995-2000

	DM Millions								
Delivery Modes	1994	94-95	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	95-0 CAGR(%)
Software and Services Total (ex. Equipment Services)	27,000		29,200	32,100	35,100	37,900	41,700	45,400	9
Professional Services	5,200		5,400	5,600		6,100	6,300		3
- IS Consulting - Education & Training	930	12 8	1,040 1,188	1,165 1,295	1,335 1,399	1,480 1,496	1,635 1,601		11 7
- Custom Software	3,150	-2	3,100	3,100	3,100	3,000	2,900	· ·	
- Application Management	33	36	45	60	75	95	120	140	25
Systems Integration	1,100	14	1,250	1,350	1,550	1,700	1,900	2,150	11
- Equipment	303	6	321	274	276	289	305	344	1
- Application Software	225	21	272	288	353	425	514	602	17
- System Software	79	9 7	86	96	107	119	133	151	12
- Professional Services - Other	460 56	11	494 62	658 55	737 61	782 85	857 95	946 108	14 12
Systems Operations	480	58	760	1,000	1,290	1,620	1,930		
- Platform Operations	100	15	115	130	145	165	180	200	12
- Application Operations	275	80	495	670	870	1,100	1,300	1,500	25
- Desktop Services	105	38	145	200	270	350	450	570	31
Processing Services	2,600	8	2,800	3,050	3,300	3,550	3,700	3,950	7
- Transaction Processing	2,150	7	2,300	2,500	2,650	2,850	2,950	3,100	6
- Utility Processing	120	0	120	120	120	120	120	120	0
- Other Processing	350	13	395	450	505	575	645	720	13
Network Services	1,780	15	2,050	2,405	2,890	3,435	4,120		20
- Electronic Info Svcs	1,200	10	1,320	1,465	1,630	1,740	1,850	1,960	8
- Network Applications - Network Management	395 185	34 8	530 200	715 225	1,015 245	1,415 280	1,945 325	2,670 390	38 14
System Software	5,300	6	5,600	6,000	6,100	6,200	6,500	6,700	4
- Mainframe	2,400	-4	2,300	2,200	2,050	1,800	1,600	,	-
- Minicomputer	1,550	3	1,600	1,700	1,800	1,900	2,000		6
- Workstation/PC	1,350	23	1,660	2,060	2,275	2,540	2,935		
Application Software	3,700	14	4,200	5,200	5,900	6,500	7,600	8,500	15
- Mainframe	390	-5	370	350	340	330	320	310	-3
- Minicomputer	1,050	10	1,150	1,260	1,410	1,620	1,895	2,265	15
- Workstation/PC	2,250	18	2,665	3,610	4,170	4,550	5,335		17
Turnkey Systems	6,800	4	7,100	7,500		8,800	9,600	·	
- Equipment	3,300	0	3,300	3,400	3,500	3,600	3,700		3
Application SoftwareSystem Software	1,300 460	12 2	1,450 470	1,550 495	1,850 515	2,050 545	2, 4 00 570	2,700 595	13 5
- Professional Services	1,750	9	1,910	2,070	2,340	2,610	2,940		11
Equipment Services	6,950	-2	6,800	6,700	6,700	6,700	6,700	6,750	0
- Equipment Maintenance	4,360	-2 -7	4,055	3,771	3,545	3,367	3,199	3,071	-5
- Environmental Services	2,590	6	2,745	2,938	3,143	3,332	3,498	3,673	6
Grand Total	34,000	6	36,000	39,000	42,000	44,500	48,500	52,000	8
Information Service Market	, , , , ,		-,,,,,,,		_,,,,,,	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	-,	_,	-

Forecast Database in U.S. Dollars

Exhibit H-3

Software and Services Market Forecast in Dollars Germany, 1995-2000

	Germany, 1995-2000 U.S. \$ Million (rounded)											
Delivery Modes	:: Auft x	94-95		x =	d	Serie.			95-0			
	1994	(%)	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	CAGR(%)			
Software and Services Total (ex. Equipment Services)	17,400	8	18,800	20,700	22,600	24,500	26,900	29,300	9			
Professional Services - IS Consulting	3,400 600	4 12	3,500 670	3,600 750	3,800 860	3,900 950	4,100 1,050	4,100 1,150				
- Education & Training - Custom Software	710 2,000	8 -2	770 2,000	840 2,000	900 2,000	970 1,900	1,030 1,900	1,800	-2			
- Application Management	21	36	29	39	48	61	77	90	25			
Systems Integration - Equipment - Application Software	710 200 145	14 6 21	810 210 175	870 180 186	1,000 180 228	1,100 190 274	1,230 200 332	388	11 1 17			
- System Software - Professional Services - Other	300 36	9 7 11	55 320 40	62 420 35	69 480 39	77 500 55	86 550 61	97 610 70	12 14 12			
Systems Operations - Platform Operations - Application Operations - Desktop Services	310 60 180 68	58 15 80 38	490 70 320 94	650 80 430 129	830 90 560 174	1,050 110 710 226	1,250 120 840 290	130 970	24 12 25 31			
Processing Services - Transaction Processing - Utility Processing - Other Processing	1,680 1,390 80 230	8 7 0 13	1,810 1,480 80 250	1,970 1,610 80 290	2,130 1,710 80 330	2,290 1,840 80 370	2,390 1,900 80 420	2,000 80				
Network Services - Electronic Info Svcs - Network Applications - Network Management	1,150 770 250 120	10 34	1,320 850 340 130	1,550 950 460 150	1,860 1,050 650 160	2,220 1,120 910 180	2,660 1,190	3,240 1,260 1,720	8 38			
System Software - Mainframe - Minicomputer - Workstation/PC	3,400 1,550 1,000 870	-4 3	3,600 1,480 1,030 1,070	3,900 1,420 1,100 1,330	3,900 1,320 1,160 1,470	4,000 1,160 1,230 1,640	4,200 1,030 1,290 1,890	1,350	-10 6			
Application Software - Mainframe - Minicomputer - Workstation/PC	2,400 250 680 1,500	-5 10	2,700 240 740 1,700	3,400 230 810 2,300	3,800 220 910 2,700	4,200 210 1,050 2,900	4,900 210 1,220 3,400	200 1,460	-3 15			
Turnkey Systems - Equipment - Application Software - System Software - Professional Services	4,390 2,130 840 297 1,130	0 12 2	4,580 2,130 940 303 1,230	4,840 2,190 1,000 319 1,340	5,290 2,260 1,190 332 1,510	5,680 2,320 1,320 352 1,680	6,190 2,390 1,550 368 1,900	2,450 1,740 384	3 13 5			
Equipment Services - Equipment Maintenance - Environmental Services	4,500 2,800 1,700	-7	4,400 2,600 1,800	4,300 2,400 1,900	4,300 2,300 2,000	4,300 2,200 2,100	4,300 2,100 2,300	i e				
Grand Total Information Service Market	22,000	6	23,000	25,000	27,000	29,000	31,000	34,000	8			

Forecast Database in ECUs

Exhibit H-4

Software and Services Market Forecast in ECUs Germany, 1995-2000

Germany, 1995-2000 ECU Millions (rounded)										
Delivery Modes		94-95			-	and a			95-0	
	1994	(%)	=,1995	1996	1997. 🖘	1998	1999	2000	CAGR(%)	
Software and Services Total (ex. Equipment Services)	14,200	8	15,400	16,900	18,500	19,900	21,900	23,900	9	
Professional Services	2,700	4	2,800	2,900	3,100	3,200	3,300	3,400	3	
- IS Consulting	490	12	550	610	700	780	860	940	11	
- Education & Training - Custom Software	580 1,700	8 -2	630 1,600	680 1,600	740 1,600	790 1,600	840 1 500	890. 1,400		
- Application Management	20	36	20	30	40	50	1,500 60	70	25	
Systems Integration	580	14	660	710	820	890	1,000			
- Equipment	160	6	170	140	150	150	160	180		
- Application Software	118	21	143	152	186	224	271	317		
- System Software	42	9	45	51	56	631	70	79:	12	
- Professional Services	240	7	260	350	390	410	450	500	1	
- Other	29	11	33	29	32	45	50	57	12	
Systems Operations - Platform Operations	250 50	58 15	400 60	530 70	680 80	850	1,020 90	1,190 110	24	
- Application Operations	140	80	260	350	460	90. 580	680	790	12 25	
- Desktop Services	55	38	76	105	142	184	237	300		
Processing Services	1,380	8	1,480	1,620	1,720	1,870	1,960	2,070	7	
- Transaction Processing	1,130	7	1,210	1,320	1,390	1,500	1,550			
- Utility Processing	60	0	60	60	60	60	60	60	0	
- Other Processing	180	13	210	240	270	300	340	380	13	
Network Services	940	15	1,080	1,270	1,520	1,810	2,170		20	
- Electronic Info Svcs	630	10	690	770	860	920	970	1,030	8	
- Network Applications - Network Management	210 100	34 8	280 110	380 120	530 130	740 150	1,020 170		38 14	
System Software	2,800	6	2,900	3,200	3,200					
- Mainframe	1,260	-4	1,210	1,160	1,080	3,300 950	3,400 840	3,500 710	-10	
- Minicomputer	820	3	840	890	950	1,000	1,050			
- Workstation/PC	710	23	870	1,080	1,200	1,340	1,540			
Application Software	1,900	14	2,200	2,700	3,100	3,400	4,000	4,500	15	
- Mainframe	210	-5	190	180	180	170	170	160	-3	
- Minicomputer	550	10	610	660	740	850	1,000			
- Workstation/PC	1,180	18	1,400	1,900	2,190	2,390	2,810	3,130		
Turnkey Systems	3,580	4	3,740	3,950	4,320	4,630	5,050	5,470		
- Equipment - Application Software	1,740 680	0 12	1,740 760	1,790 820	1,840 970	1,890 1,080	1,950 1,260	2,000 1,420	3 13	
- System Software	242	2	247	261	271	287	300	313		
- Professional Services	920	9	1.010	1,090	1,230	1,370	1,550	1,720		
Equipment Services	3,700	-2	3,600	3,500	3,500	3,500	3,500	3,600	0	
- Equipment Maintenance	2,300	-7	2,100	2,000	1,900	1,800	1,700	1,600	-5	
- Environmental Services	1,400	6	1.400	1,500	1,700	1,800	1,800	1,900	6	
Grand Total	18,000	6	19,000	21,000	22,000	23,000	26,000	27,000	8	
Information Service Market										

Information Services Forecast Reconciliation in Local Currency

Exhibit H-5

Forecast Reconciliation, Germany, 1994-1999

Currency: DM Millions		1994 N			idily, 100			1994	1995	
	1994	1995	1994-1	995	1994	1995	1994-	1995	Report	Report
Delivery Mode	Report	Report	Variar	nce	Report	Report	Vana	nce	%CAGR	%CAGR
	(Fcst)	(Act)	(Amount)	(%):	(Fcst)	(Fcst)	(Amount)	(%)	(Fcst)	(Fcst)
Software and Services Total										
(ex Equipment Services)	27,000	27,000	0	0	40,400	41,700	1,300	3	8	9
Professional Services	5,200	5,200	0	0	5,800	6,300	500	9	2	4
- IS Consulting	930	930	0	0	1,590	1,635)	3	11	12
- Education & Training	1,100	1,100	0	0	1,300	1,601	301	23	3	8
- Custom Software	3,150		0	0	2,800	2,900	1 1	1	-2	-2
- Application Management	33	33	0	0	123	120	-3	-2	30	29
Systems Integration	1,150		-50	-4	2,000	1,900	-100	-5	12	12
- Equipment	310		-7	-2	430	305	-125	1	7	0
- Application Software	250	225	-25	-10	770	514	-256	-33	25	18
- System Software - Professional Services	95 470	79 460	-16 -10	-17 -2	145	133 857	-12 257	-8 43	9 5	11 13
- Other	25	56	31	-2 124	600 60	95	257 35	58	19	11
	480	480		0				62	20	32
Systems Operations - Platform Operations	100	100	0	0	1,190 160	1,930 180	7 4 0 20	13	10	12
- Application Operations	275	275	0	0	715	1,300	585		21	36
- Desktop Services	105	105	0	0	315		135		25	34
Processing Services	2,600	2,600	0	0	3,650	3,700	50	1	7	7
- Transaction Processing	2,150		0	0	2,900	2,950	50	2	6	7
- Utility Processing	120	120	0	0	120	120	0	0	0	0
- Other Processing	350	350	0	0	640	645	5	1	13	13
Network Services	1,780	1,780	0	0	4,160	4,120	-40	-1	19	18
- Electronic Info Svcs	1,200	1,200	0	0	1,780	1,850	70	4	8	9
- Network Applications	395			0	2,005			-3	38	38
- Network Management	185	185	0	0	375	325	-50	-13	15	12
System Software	5,300	· ·	0	0	6,200	1	300		3	4
- Mainframe	2,400	2,400	0	0	1,350	1	250		-11	-8
- Minicomputer	1,550		0	0	2,050	· ·	1		6	5
- Workstation/PC	1,350	1,350	0	0	2,800	2,935	135		16	17
Application Software	3,700	3,700	0	0	7,600	ł .	0	0	15	15
- Mainframe - Minicomputer	390 1,050	390 1,050	0	0	330 2,450	3 2 0 1,8 9 5	-10 -555	-3 -23	-3 18	-4 13
- Workstation/PC	2,250	2,250	0	0	4,800	5,335		(16	19
	6,800	6,800	_	0	·	9,600	-200	1	8	7
Turnkey Systems - Equipment	3,300	· ·	0	0	9,800 3,800			1	3	2
- Application Software	1,300	1,300	0	0	2,450	2,400	-50	-2	14	13
- System Software	460	460	0	0	570	5 70	0	0	4	4
- Professional Services	1,750	1,750	0	0	3,000	2,940	-60	-2	11	11
Equipment Services	6,950	6,950	0	0	6,550	6,700	150	2	-1	-1
- Equipment Maintenance	4,360	4,360	0	0	3,350		-151	-5	-5	-6
- Environmental Services	2,590	2,590	0	0	3,185	3,498	313	1 0	4	6
Grand Total	34,000	34,000	0	0	47,000	48,500	1,500	3	7	7





Information Services Industry Forecast Database, 1995-2000 Greece

A

Forecast Database in Local Currency (Dra Millions)

Exhibit I-1

Top Level IT Expenditure, Greece

e de la companya de l					Dra Millior	is			
		94-95							95-0
Sector	1994	- (%)	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	CAGR (%)
Total IT Spending	290,000	5	305,000	325,000	350,000	375,000	400,000	430,000	7
Equipment Sales	59,000	6	62,500	67,500	73,500	79,500	85,500	94,000	9
Mainframe	7,400	-12	6,500	5,800	5,200	4,600	4,000	3,600	-11
Minicomputer	14,500	0	14,500	14,700	14,900	14,900	14,800	15,000	1
PC/Workstation	37,000	12	41,600	47,100	53,400	59,900	66,700	75,600	13
Equipment Services	8,700	-3	8,400	8,000	7,600	7,400	7,100	6,900	-4
Software Products	19,600	13	22,100	26,800	30,200	33,400	38,100	42,500	14
Other Information Services	42,500	9	46,500	52,500	58,500	65,500	74,000	82,500	12
Data Communications	27,000	6	28,700	30,500	32,400	34,500	36,600	38,900	6
Facilities/Administration	30,600	2	31,300	32,000	32,700	33,500	34,300	35,100	2
In-house Staff	101,000	4	105,000	110,000	115,000	120,000	125,000	130,000	4

Exhibit I-2

Information Services Market Forecast by Delivery Mode and Submode Greece, 1995-2000

Greece, 1995-2000 Dra Millions												
Deliver Medee		0405	1		Dra Millioi	ns en e	1.42		۵۲ ۵			
Delivery Modes	1994	94-95	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	95-0 CAGR(%)			
Software and Services Total (ex. Equipment Services)	69,000	10	76,000	87,000	97,000	108,000	·122,000	136,000	12			
Professional Services - IS Consulting - Education & Training - Custom Software - Application Management	19,600 2,250 1,780 15,600	11 6 9	21,400 2,500 1,887 17,000 0	23,400 2,800 2,000 18,600 0	3,150	3,600 2,268	4,100 2,450	4,650 2,646	13 7			
Systems Integration - Equipment - Application Software - System Software - Professional Services - Other	1,200 300 168 96 540 96	5 30 15	1,350 315 219 110 617 110	1,600 318 270 135 739 127	1,800 326 362 145 834 145	330 454 165 950	2,400 383 551 168 1,126 168	413 717 193	6 27 12			
Systems Operations - Platform Operations - Application Operations - Desktop Services	850 230 550 80	17	1,050 270 660 95	1,200 320 760 115	1,400 375 875 140	431 1,004	2,100 500 1,350 245	550 1,550	15			
Processing Services - Transaction Processing - Utility Processing - Other Processing	10,150 8,950 420 800	9 5	11,100 9,800 440 870	12,000 10,600 460 930	13,100 11,600 490 1,010	12,650 510	15,550 13,850 540 1,180	15,100 570				
Network Services - Electronic Info Svcs - Network Applications - Network Management	3,650 2,320 1,190 150		4,250 2,610 1,490 165	5,050 2,980 1,900 180	6,050 3,410 2,420 200	3,900 3,080	8,350 4,300 3,800 265	4,790 4,720	26			
System Software - Mainframe - Minicomputer - Workstation/PC	11,600 4,450 4,100 3,060	-4	12,600 4,250 4,600 3,720	14,200 4,150 5,250 4,840	15,400 4,050 6,000 5,390	3,950 6,850	18,600 3,850 7,850 6,920	3,750 8,950				
Application Software - Mainframe - Minicomputer - Workstation/PC	8,000 590 2,050 5,400	-3 15	9,500 570 2,350 6,560	12,600 560 2,750 9,270	540 3,150	530 3,650	19,500 510 4,200 14,750	500 4 ,850	18 -3 16 21			
Turnkey Systems - Equipment - Application Software - System Software - Professional Services	13,600 6,450 2,900 710 3,500	6 14 6	14,900 6,850 3,300 750 3,950	16,500 7,350 3,800 810 4,550	18,500 7,950 4,400 880 5,250	8,750 5,200 970	24,100 9,650 6,150 1,070 7,200	10,450 7,150 1,160	13 9 17 9 16			
Equipment Services - Equipment Maintenance - Environmental Services	8,700 7,910 800	-5	8,400 7,515 848	8,000 7,064 907	7,600 6,640 971	· ·	7,100 5,992 1,132	6,900 5,693 1,223	-4 -5 8			
Grand Total Information Service Market	77,000	10	85,000	95,000	104,000	115,000	129,000	143,000	11			

В

Forecast Database in U.S. Dollars

Exhibit I-3

Software and Services Market Forecast in Dollars Greece, 1995-2000

		9	reece, 19		\$ Million (ro	ounded)			
Delivery Modes		94-95	-		•	¥: '			95-0
	1994	(%)	1995	1996	.1997	1998	1999	2000	CAGR(%)
Software and Services Total (ex. Equipment Services)	287	10	316	362	403	449	507	565	12
Professional Services - IS Consulting - Education & Training - Custom Software - Application Management	81 9 7 65 0	9 11 6 9 -100	89 10 8 71 0	97 12 8 77 0	106 13 9 84 0	118 15 9 94 0	131 17 10 103 0	144 19 11 114 0	10 13 7 10 0
Systems Integration - Equipment - Application Software - System Software - Professional Services - Other	5 1 1 0 2 0	13 5 30 15 14 15	6 1 1 0 3 0	7; 1 1 1 3 1	8 1 2 1 4	9 1 2 1 4 1	10 2 2 1 5	11 2 3 1 5	15 6 27 12 15 12
Systems Operations - Platform Operations - Application Operations - Desktop Services	4 1 2 0	24 17 20 19	4 1 3 0	5 1 3 0	6 2 4 1	7 2 4 1	9 2 6 1	10 2 6 1	18 15 19 27
Processing Services - Transaction Processing - Utility Processing - Other Processing	42 37 2 3	9 9 5 9	46 41 2 4	50 44 2 4	54 48 2 4	59 53 2 5	65 58 2 5	70 63 2 5	
Network Services - Electronic Info Svcs - Network Applications - Network Management	15 10 5 1	16 13 25 10	18 11 6 1	21 12 8 1	25 14 10 1	30 16 13 1	35 18 16 1	20	i
System Software - Mainframe - Minicomputer - Workstation/PC	48 19 17 13	9 -4 12 22	52 18 19 16	59 17 22 20	64 17 25 22	70 16 29 25	77 16 33 29	37	-2 14
Application Software - Mainframe - Minicomputer - Workstation/PC	33 3 9 22	19 -3 15 21	39 2 10 27	52 2 11 39	62 2 13 46	69 2 15 51	81 2 18 61	92 2 20 70	-3 16
Turnkey Systems - Equipment - Application Software - System Software - Professional Services	57 27 12 3 15	10 6 14 6 13	62 29 14 3 16	69 31 16 3 19	77 33 18 4 22	88 36 22 4 26	100 40 26 4 30	43 30 5	9 17 9
Equipment Services - Equipment Maintenance - Environmental Services	36 33 3	-3 -5 6	35 31 4	33 29 4	32 28 4	31 26 4	30 25 5	24 5	-5 8
Grand Total Information Service Market	320	10	350	390	430	480	540	590	11

C

Forecast Database in ECUs

Exhibit I-4

Software and Services Market Forecast in ECUs Greece, 1995-2000

		ECU Millions (rounded)							
Delivery Modes		94-95							95-0
	1994	(%)	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	CAGR(%)
Software and Services Total (ex. Equipment Services)	234	10	257	295	329	366	413	461	12
Professional Services - IS Consulting - Education & Training	66 8 6	9 11 6	72 9 6	79 10	87 11	96 12 8	106 14 8	118 16 9	10 13
- Custom Software - Application Management	53 0	9 -100	58 0	63 0	69 0	76 0	84 0	93 0	10 0
Systems Integration - Equipment - Application Software - System Software	4 1 1 0	13 5 30 15	5 1 1 0	5 1 1 0	6 1 0	7 1 2 1	8 1 2 1	9 1 2 1	15 6 27 12
- Professional Services - Other	2	14 15	2 0	0	0	1	1	1	15 12
Systems Operations - Platform Operations - Application Operations - Desktop Services	3 1 2 0	24 17 20 19	4 1 2 0	4 1 3 0	5 1 3	5 2 3 1	7 2 5 1	8 2 5 1	18 15 19 27
Processing Services - Transaction Processing - Utility Processing - Other Processing	35 30 1 3	9959	38 33 2 3	41 36 2 3	44 39 2 3	48 43 2 4	53 47 2 4	57 51 2 4	9 9 5 8
Network Services - Electronic Info Svcs - Network Applications - Network Management	12 8 4 1	16 13 25 10	14 9 5 1	17 10 6 1	21 12 8 1	24 13 10 1	28 15 13 1	33 16 16 1	18 13 26 14
System Software - Mainframe - Minicomputer - Workstation/PC	39 15 14 10	9 -4 12 22	43 14 16 13	48 14 18 16	52 14 20 18	57 13 23 20	63 13 27 23	69 13 30 26	10 -2 14 16
Application Software - Mainframe - Minicomputer - Workstation/PC	27 2 7 18	19 -3 15 21	32 2 8 22	43 2 9 31	50 2 11 38	56 2 12 42	66 2 14 50	75 2 16 57	18 -3 16 21
Turnkey Systems - Equipment - Application Software - System Software - Professional Services	46 22 10 2 12	10 6 14 6 13	51 23 11 3 13	56 25 13 3 15	63 27 15 3 18	72 30 18 3 21	82 33 21 4 24	92 35 24 4 28	13 9 17 9 16
Equipment Services - Equipment Maintenance - Environmental Services	29 27 3	-3 -5 6	28 25 3	27 24 3	26 22 3	25 21 4	24 20 4	23 19 4	-4 -5 8
Grand Total Information Service Market	260	10	290	320	350	390	440	480	11

Information Services Forecast Reconciliation in Local Currency

Exhibit I-5

Forecast Reconciliation, Greece, 1994-1999

Currency: Dra Millions		19 9 4 N	Market			1999 N	Market		1994	1995
	1994	1995	1994-1	995	1994	1995	1994-	1995	Report	Report
Delivery Mode	Report	Report	Variar	nce	Report	Report	Varia	nce	%CAGR	%CAGR
	(Fcst)	(Act)	(Amount)	(%)	(Fcst)	(Fcst)	(Amount)	(%)	(Fcst)	(Fcst)
Software and Services Total										
(ex Equipment Services)	70,000	69,000	-1,000	-1	120,000	122,000	2,000	2	11	12
Professional Services	19,600	19,600	0	0	31,000	31,400	1	1	10	10
- IS Consulting	2,250	2,250		0	4,050	4,100		1	12	13
- Education & Training	1,780	1,780		0	2,350	'		4	6	7
- Custom Software	15,600	15,600		0	24,600	_		1	10	10
- Application Management	0	0	0	0	0	0	Ĭ	-100	0	-100
Systems Integration	1,700	1,200	I I	-29	3,400	2,400	1		15	15
- Equipment	460 340	300 168	-160	-35 -51	815		1		12 24	5 27
- Application Software - System Software	130	96	-172 -34	-26	1,010 205	551 168	-459 -37	-45 -18	10	12
- Professional Services	750	540		-28	1,250	1	1	Į.	11	16
- Other	40	96	56	140	100				20	12
Systems Operations	800	850	50	6	1,550	2,100	550	35	14	20
- Platform Operations	450	230	1 1	-49	830	500	-330	-40	13	17
- Application Operations	290	550	260	90	530	1 '	1		13	20
- Desktop Services	70	80	10	14	190	245	55	29	22	25
Processing Services	10,150	10,150	1 1	0	15,350		1	1	9	9
- Transaction Processing	8,950	8,950	i I	0	13,650		1	9	9	9
- Utility Processing	420	420		0	530	1		2	5	5
- Other Processing	800	800	0	0	1,160	'		2	8	8
Network Services	3,700	3,650		-1	8,450				18	18
- Electronic Info Svcs	2,320	2,320		0	4,180			3 2	12 26	13 26
- Network Applications - Network Management	1,190 165	1,190 150	0 -15	0 -9	3,720 530		1	1	26	12
System Software	11,600	11,600	1 1	0	17,900			l	9	10
- Mainframe	4,450	4,450		0	3,850		1	0	-3	-3
- Minicomputer	4,100		, i	0	7,850		1	0	14	14
- Workstation/PC	3,060			0	6,160		I.	i	15	18
Application Software	8,000	8,000	0	0	17,600	19,500	1,900	11	17	20
- Mainframe	590	590		0	500		1		-3	-3
- Minicomputer	2,050	2,050	0	0	4,200	4,200		0	15	15
- Workstation/PC	5,400	5,400	0	0	12,900	14,750	1,850	14	19	22
Turnkey Systems	14,000	13,600		-3	25,200	•	1 '		12	12
- Equipment	6,450		1 1	0	9,700	1			9	8
- Application Software	2,900	I		0	6,300	ŧ.		I	17	16
- System Software	710	1		0 -11	1,070	i .	1	12	9 16	9 16
- Professional Services	3,950				8,150	ļ	1		1	1
Equipment Services	8,700	8,700		0	7,300		1		-3 -5	-4 -5
- Equipment Maintenance - Environmental Services	7,910	7,910 800		0	6,190 1,130	· '	1	-3 0	-5 7	-5 7
				_		l	1	ŀ	10	
Grand Total	78,000	77,000	-1,000	-1	128,000	129,000	1,000	1	10	11





Information Services Industry Forecast Database, 1995-2000 Ireland

A

Forecast Database in Local Currency (IP Millions)

Exhibit J-1

Top Level IT Expenditure, Ireland

	e. W. W.			_	IP Million	S		* * * * *	7 / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / /
		94-95		_					95-0
Sector	1994	(%)	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	CAGR (%)
Total IT Spending	1,130	2	1,150	1,180	1,200	1,230	1,260	1,290	2
Equipment Sales	325	2	330	320	325	320	320	325	0
Mainframe	65	0	65	50	44	39	34	30	-14
Minicomputer	82	-4	79	77	75	73	70	68	-3
PC/Workstation	180	3	185	195	205	210	215	225	4
Equipment Services	70	-1	69	68	67	67	66	66	-1
Software Products	112	6	119	134	143	148	155	160	6
Other Information Services	205	7	220	240	255	280	310	335	9
Data Communications	72	7	77	82	87	93	99	106	7
Facilities/Administration	78	-1	77	76	75	74	73	72	-1
In-house Staff	270	-4	260	260	250	250	240	230	-2

Exhibit J-2

Information Services Market Forecast by Delivery Mode and Submode Ireland, 1995-2000

**************************************	* *	116	eland, 19	33-2000	IP Million	s	* = = =		
Delivery Modes		94-95			n.B.sn		dimention in		95-0
	1994	(%)	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	CAGR(%)
Software and Services Total (ex. Equipment Services)	365	7	390	425	455	485	525	560	8
Professional Services - IS Consulting - Education & Training - Custom Software - Application Management	94 11 9 74 0	2 0 0 3 -100	96 11 9 76 0	101 12 9 80 0	106 12 10 84 0	114 13 10 91 0	14	15 11	7 6 4 7 0
Systems Integration - Equipment - Application Software - System Software - Professional Services - Other	9 2 1 1 4 1	22 0 100 0 25 0	11 2 2 1 5 1	11 2 2 1 5	12 2 2 1 6 1	15 3 3 1 7 1	15 2 4 1 7	17 3 5 1 7	9 8 20 0 7 0
Systems Operations - Platform Operations - Application Operations - Desktop Services	9	22	11	13,	15	17	21	25	18
	5	20	6	7	8	9	11	12	15
	3	33	4	4	5	5	7	9	18
	1	0	1	2	2	3	3	4	32
Processing Services - Transaction Processing - Utility Processing - Other Processing	36	0	36	36	36	36	36	36	0
	27	-4	26	26	25	24	24	23	-2
	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0
	8	6	9	9	10	11	11	12	6
Network Services - Electronic Info Svcs - Network Applications - Network Management	14 8 5 1	14 13 20 0	16 9 6	19 11 7 1	22 12 9	26 14 10 2	29 15 12 2	34 17 15 2	16 14 19 15
System Software - Mainframe - Minicomputer - Workstation/PC	59	2	60	63	65	67	68	68	2
	25	-8	23	22	21	20	18	17	-6
	19	3	20	20	21	22	23	23	3
	15	17	18	22	23	25	27	28	10
Application Software - Mainframe - Minicomputer - Workstation/PC	53	11	59	71	78	81	87	92	9
	5	0	5	4	4	4	3	3	-10
	13	4	14	15	16	17	18	19	7
	35	14	40	52	58	60	6 6	70	12
Turnkey Systems - Equipment - Application Software - System Software - Professional Services	90	11	100	110	120	130	145	155	9
	46	5	49	52	54	57	59	62	5
	19	16	22	25	29	33	37	42	14
	3	0	3	3	3	3	3	3	0
	24	15	28	31	35	40	45	50	13
Equipment Services - Equipment Maintenance - Environmental Services	70	-1	69	68	67	67	66	66	-1
	48	-4	46	44	42	40	38	36	-5
	22	5	23	24	25	27	28	30	5
Grand Total Information Service Market	435	6	460	490	520	555	590	630	6
	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Forecast Database in U.S. Dollars

Exhibit J-3

Software and Services Market Forecast in Dollars Ireland, 1995-2000

			eland, 19		\$ Million (ro	ounded)	- '		
Delivery Modes		94-95	2×			*			95-0
	1994	(%)	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	CAGR(%)
Software and Services Total (ex. Equipment Services)	564	7	603	657	703	750	811	866	8
Professional Services - IS Consulting	145 17	2	148 17	156 18	164 19	176 20	193 22	209 23	7 6
Education & TrainingCustom SoftwareApplication Management	14 114 0	0 3 -100	14 117 0	14 124 0	16 130 0	16 141 0	17 155 0	17 168 0	4 7 0
Systems Integration - Equipment - Application Software - System Software - Professional Services - Other	14 3 2 2 6	22 0 100 0 25	17 3 3 2 8 2	17 3 3 2 8 2	19 3 3 2 9	23 5 5 2 11 2	23 3 6 2 11 2	26 5 8 2 11 2	9 8 20 0 7 0
Systems Operations - Platform Operations - Application Operations - Desktop Services	14 8 5 2	22 20 33 0	17 9 6	20 11 6 3	23 12 8 3	26 14 8 5	33 17 11 5	!	18 15 18 32
Processing Services - Transaction Processing - Utility Processing - Other Processing	56 42 2 12	0 -4 0 6	56 40 2 13	56 40 2 14	56 39 2 15	56 37 2 16	56 37 2 17	56 36 2 18	
Network Services - Electronic Info Svcs - Network Applications - Network Management	22 12 8 2	14 13 20 0	25 14 9 2	29 16 11 2	34 19 13 2	40 21 16 3	45 23 19 3	53 26 22 3	16 14 19 15
System Software - Mainframe - Minicomputer - Workstation/PC	91 39 29 23	2 -8 3 17	93 36 30 27	97 331 31 33	100 32 33 36	103 30 34 39	104 28 35 42	104 26 36 43	-6 3
Application Software - Mainframe - Minicomputer - Workstation/PC	82 8 20 54	11 0 4 14	91 8 21 62	110 6 22 80	121 6 24 90	125 6 26 93	134 5 27 102	142 5 29 108	-10 7
Turnkey Systems - Equipment - Application Software - System Software - Professional Services	139 71 29 5 37	11 5 16 0 15	155 75 34 5 43	170 80 39 5 48	186 84 44 5 54	201 87 50 5 61	224 91 57 5 69	240 95 65 5 77	5
Equipment Services - Equipment Maintenance - Environmental Services	108 74 34	-1 -4 5	107 71 36	105 68 37	104 65 39	104 62 42	102 59 43	102 56 46	-1 -5 5
Grand Total Information Service Market	670	6 0	710 0	760 0	800 0	860 0	910 0	970 0	6 0

C

Forecast Database in ECUs

Exhibit J-4

Software and Services Market Forecast in ECUs Ireland, 1995-2000

			eland, 19		Millions (m	ounded)			
Delivery Modes	1994	94-95 (%)	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	95-0 CAGR(%)
Software and Services Total (ex. Equipment Services)	460	7	491	535	573	611	661	705	8
Professional Services - IS Consulting - Education & Training	118 14 11	2 0 0	121 14 11	127 15 11	134 15 13	144 16 13	157 18 14	170 19 14	7 6
- Custom Software - Application Management	93		96 0	101	106	115 0		137	7 0
Systems Integration - Equipment - Application Software - System Software - Professional Services - Other	11 3 1 1 5 1	22 0 100 0 25 0	14 3 3 1 6	14 3 3 1 6 1	15 3 3 1 8	19 4 4 1 9	19 3 5 1 9	21 4 6 1 9	9 8 20 0 7 0
Systems Operations - Platform Operations - Application Operations - Desktop Services	11 6 4 1	22 20 33 0	14 8 5 1	16 9 5 3	19 10 6 3	21 11 6 4	26 14 9 4	32 15 11 5	18 15 18 32
Processing Services - Transaction Processing - Utility Processing - Other Processing	45 34 1 10	0 - 4 0 6	45 33 1 11	45 33 1 11	45 32 1 12	45 30 1 13	45 30 1 14	45 29 1 15	0 -2 0 6
Network Services - Electronic Info Svcs - Network Applications - Network Management	18 10 6	14 13 20 0	20 11 8 1	24 13 9 1	28 15 11	33 17 13 3	37 19 15 3	43 21 18 3	16 14 19 15
System Software - Mainframe - Minicomputer - Workstation/PC	74 32 24 19	2 -8 3 17	76 29 25 22	79 27 25 27	81 26 26 29	84 25 28 32	85 23 28 34	85 21 29 35	2 -6 3 10
Application Software - Mainframe - Minicomputer - Workstation/PC	67 6 16 44	11 0 4 14	74 6 17 50	89 5 18 66	98 5 20 73	102 5 21 76	110 4 22 83	116 4 23 88	9 -10 7 12
Turnkey Systems - Equipment - Application Software - System Software - Professional Services	113 58 24 4 30	11 5 16 0 15	126 61 28 4 35	139 65 32 4 39	151 68 36 4 44	164 71 41 4 50	183 74 47 4 56	195 78 53 4 63	9 5 14 0 13
Equipment Services - Equipment Maintenance - Environmental Services	88 60 28	-1 -4 5	87 58 29	86 55 30	84 53 31	84 50 34	83 48 35	83 45 38	-1 -5 5
Grand Total Information Service Market	550 0	6	580 0	620 0	650 0	700 0	740 0	790 0	6

Information Services Forecast Reconciliation in Local Currency

Exhibit J-5

Forecast Reconciliation, Ireland, 1994-1999

Currency: IP Millions	u.ca. sijesti - j	1994 N	1	, -	211d, 1004	1999 N	/larket		1994	1995
	1994	1995	1994-1	995	1994	1995	1994-	1995	Report	Report
Delivery Mode	Report	Report	Varia	nce	Report	Report	Varia	nce	%CAGR	%CAGR
	(Fcst)	(Act)	(Amount)	(%)	(Fcst)	(Fcst)	(Amount)	(%)	(Fcst)	(Fcst)
Software and Services Total										
(ex Equipment Services)	365	365	0	0	520	525	5	1	7	8
Professional Services	94	94	0	0	132	125	-7	-5	7	6
- IS Consulting	11	11	0	0	15	14	-1	-7	6	5
- Education & Training	9	9	0	0	11	11		5	3 7	4
- Custom Software - Application Management	74 0	74 0:	0	0	106	100 0	-6 0	-6 -100	0	-100
	7				11	·		36		
Systems Integration - Equipment	7	9	2	29 3	11	15	-1	-26	9 7	11 0
- Application Software	1	1	0	-17	3	4	1	18	23	32
- System Software	1	1	1	100	1	1	0	33	8	0
- Professional Services	3	4	1	25	4	7	3	67	6	12
- Other	0	1	1	9900	0	1	1	9900	0	0
Systems Operations	9	9	0	0	29	21	-8	-28	26	18
- Platform Operations	5	5	0	0	15	11	-4	-27	25	17
- Application Operations	3	3	0	0	11	7	-4	-33	28	18
- Desktop Services] .	1	0	0	4	3	-1	-19 -	30	25
Processing Services	38	36	-2	-5	38	36		-5	0	0
- Transaction Processing - Utility Processing	28	27	-1 0	-4 0	25 1	24	-1	-4 0	-2 0	-2 0
- Other Processing	9	8	-1	-11	12	11	-1	-8	6	7
Network Services	13	14	1	8	27	29		7	16	16
- Electronic Info Svcs	8	8	1	7	14	15	1	7	13	13
- Network Applications	5	5	1	11	11	12	,	9	20	19
- Network Management	1	1	0	0	2	2	0	-9	17	15
System Software	59	59	1	1	64	68	4	6	2	3
- Mainframe	25	25	0	0	18	18		0	-6	-6
- Minicomputer	19	19	1	3	22	23		2	4	3
- Workstation/PC	15	15	0	0 .	24	27	4	15	9	12
Application Software	53	53	0	0	79	87	8	10	8	10
- Mainframe - Minicomputer	5 13	5 13	0	0 4	17	18	0	0 3	-10 6	-10 6
- Windcomputer - Workstation/PC	35	35	0	0	59	66		12	11	14
	90	90	0	0				4	9	10
Turnkey Systems - Equipment	46	46	0	0	140 58	145 59		2	5	5
- Application Software	19	19	1	3	35	37	2	6	14	14
- System Software	3	3	0	0	3	3	0	0	0	0
- Professional Services	24	24	1	2	43	45	2	3	13	13
Equipment Services	70	70	0	0	63	66	3	5	-2	-1
- Equipment Maintenance	48	48	0	0	37	38		4	-5	-5
- Environmental Services	22	22	0	0	27	28	i	6	4	5
Grand Total	435	435	0	0	585	590	5	1	6	6





Information Services Industry Forecast Database, 1995-2000 Italy

A

Forecast Database in Local Currency (Li Billions)

Exhibit K-1

Top Level IT Expenditure, Italy

					Li Billions				\$7 ****# F
		94-95							95-0
Sector	1994	(%)	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	CAGR (%)
Total IT Spending	42,900	1	43,350	44,500	45,750	46,750	48,050	49,650	3
Equipment Sales	8,100	-1	8,050	8,050	8,100	8,150	8,200	8,250	0
Mainframe	890	-15	760	640	540	460	390	330	-15
Minicomputer	1,700	-6	1,605	1,530	1,465	1,380	1,285	1,230	-5
PC/Workstation	5,500	4	5,700	5,900	6,100	6,300	6,500	6,700	3
Equipment Services	3,600	0	3,600	3,600	3,600	3,700	3,700	3,700	1
Software Products	4,500	10	4,940	5,855	6,320	6,655	7,195	7,615	9
Other Information Services	6,700	4	7,000	7,300	7,900	8,600	9,300	10,200	8
Data Communications	3,170	9	3,450	3,700	3,970	4,270	4,530	4,850	7
Facilities/Administration	4,350	-4	4,190	4,080	4,040	4,050	4,040	4,040	-1
In-house Staff	12,500	-3	12,100	11,900	11,800	11,300	11,100	11,000	-2

Exhibit K-2

Information Services Market Forecast by Delivery Mode and Submode Italy, 1995-2000

Li Billions									
Delivery Modes	1994	94-95 (%)	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	95-0 CAGR(%)
Software and Services Total (ex. Equipment Services)	11,850	6	12,600	13,900	14,950	16,000	17,350	18,700	8
Professional Services - IS Consulting - Education & Training	3,400 550 265	0 10 6	3,400 605 280	3,400 630 280	3,500 680 285	3,600 760 310	870	4,000 985 360	3 10 5
- Custom Software - Application Management	2,580 30	-4 10	2,475 33	2,440 35	2,515 40	2,515 50	2,555 63	2,595 80	1 19
Systems Integration - Equipment - Application Software - System Software - Professional Services - Other	535 139 96 37 251 11	9 1 16 11 12 9	585 140 111 41 280 12	640 141 135 45 301 19	710 149 164 50 327 21	795 159 183 56 366 32		980 167 274 69 431 39	11 4 20 11 9 27
Systems Operations - Platform Operations - Application Operations - Desktop Services	430 115 250 65	33 13 40 38	570 130 350 90	720 150 455 115	890 170 570 150	1,060 190 680 190	1,270 210 820 240	1,470 225 940 300	21 12 22 27
Processing Services - Transaction Processing - Utility Processing - Other Processing	1,150 1,035 15 115	0 -2 0 4	1,150 1,010 15 120	1,150 1,000 15 125	1,150 1,020 15 135	1,200 1,040 15 140	1,200 1,050 15 155	1,250 1,065 15 165	2 1 0 7
Network Services - Electronic Info Svcs - Network Applications - Network Management	740 420 260 60	14 5 31 8	845 440 340 65	980 465 440 75	1,140 490 570 80	1,330 510 730 92	1,565 510 950 105	1,845 510 1,205 130	17 3 29 15
System Software - Mainframe - Minicomputer - Workstation/PC	2,400 865 795 740	8 -4 5 24	2,600 830 835 920	2,900 775 885 1,195	3,000 735 915 1,305	3,100 700 940 1,415	665 950	610 965	
Application Software - Mainframe - Minicomputer - Workstation/PC	2,100 146 494 1,460	11 -6 -8 20	2 340 137 456 1,745	2,955 129 466 2,360	3,320 120 474 2,725	3,555 113 471 2,970	107 403	4,315 102 315 3,900	13 -6 -7 17
Turnkey Systems - Equipment - Application Software - System Software - Professional Services	1,080 540 255 13 270	2 3 0 8 2	1,100 555 255 14 275	1,165 580 275 15 295	1,250 605 305 16 325	1,350 630 340 18 360	1,440 650 375 19 395	1,535 670 410 20 435	7 4 10 7 10
Equipment Services - Equipment Maintenance - Environmental Services	3,600 2,355 1,205	0 0 4	3,600 2,355 1,253	3,600 2,331 1,316	3,600 2,262 1,382	3,700 2,194 1,465	2,128	3,700 2,043 1,661	1 -3 6
Grand Total Information Service Market	15,500	3	16,000	17,500	18,500	19,500	21,000	22,500	7

Forecast Database in U.S. Dollars

Exhibit K-3

Software and Services Market Forecast in Dollars Italy, 1995-2000

		:	Italy, 199		\$ Million (ro	ounded)			
Delivery Modes		94-95				- 8-			95-0
	1994	(%)	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	CAGR(%)
Software and Services Total (ex. Equipment Services)	7,300	6	7,800	8,600	9,200	9,900	10,700	11,500	8
Professional Services - IS Consulting - Education & Training - Custom Software - Application Management	2,100 340 160 1,600	10 6	2,100 370 170 1,500 20	2,100 390 170 1,500 22	2,200 420 180 1,600 25	2,200 470 190 1,600 31	2,300 540 210 1,600 39	2,500 610 220 1,600 49	3 10 5 1 19
Systems Integration - Equipment - Application Software - System Software - Professional Services - Other	330 90 59 23 150 7	1 16 11	360 90 69 25 170 7	400 90 83 28 190 12	90 101 31	490 100 113 35 230 20	550 100 136 38 250 22	100 169 43	11 4 20 11 9 27
Systems Operations - Platform Operations - Application Operations - Desktop Services	270 70 150 40	13	350 80 220 56	440 90 280 71	100	650 120 420 117	780 130 510 148	910 140 580 185	21 12 22 27
Processing Services - Transaction Processing - Utility Processing - Other Processing	710 640 10 70	0 -2 0 4	710 620 10 70	710 620 10 80	710 630 10 80	740 640 10 90	740 650 10 100	770 660 10 100	2 1 0 7
Network Services - Electronic Info Svcs - Network Applications - Network Management	460 260 160 40		520 270 210 40	600 290 270 50		820 310 45 0 60	970 310 590 60	310	17 3 29 15
System Software - Mainframe - Minicomputer - Workstation/PC	1,500 530 490 460	-4 5	1,600 510 520 570	1,800 480 550 740	560	1,900 430 580 870	2,000 410 590 970	600	5 -6 3 13
Application Software - Mainframe - Minicomputer - Workstation/PC	1,300 90 300 900	-6 -8	1,400 80 280 1,100	1,800 80 290 1,500	70 290	70 290	70 250	60 190	-6 -7
Turnkey Systems - Equipment - Application Software - System Software - Professional Services	670 330 160 8 170	3	680 340 160 9 170	720 360 170 9 180	190 10	830 390 210 11 220	890 400 230 11 240	12	4
Equipment Services - Equipment Maintenance - Environmental Services	2,200 1,500 700	0 4	2,200 1,500 800	2,200 1,400 800	1,400 900	1,400 900	1,300 1,000	1,000	
Grand Total Information Service Market	10,000	3	10,000	11,000	11,000	12,000	13,000	14,000	7

Forecast Database in ECUs

Exhibit K-4

Software and Services Market Forecast in ECUs Italy, 1995-2000

		-	italy, 199		Millions (ro	ounded)	i jej		
Delivery Modes	1994	94-95 (%)	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	95-0 CAGR(%)
Software and Services Total (ex. Equipment Services)	6,000	6	6,300	7,000	7,500	8,000	8,700	9,400	8
Professional Services - IS Consulting - Education & Training - Custom Software - Application Management	1,700 280 130 1,300 20	0 10 6 -4 10	1,700 300 140 1,200 20	1,700 320 140 1,200 20	140	1,800 380 160 1,300 30	440 170 1,300	49 0 180	10 5
Systems Integration - Equipment - Application Software - System Software - Professional Services - Other	270 70 48 19 130 6	9 1 16 11 12 9	290 70 56 21 140 6	320 70 68 23 150	360 70 82 25 160	400 80 92 28 180 16	80 111 31 200	490 80 138 35 220 20	4 20 11
Systems Operations - Platform Operations - Application Operations - Desktop Services	220 60 130 33	33 13 40 38	290 70 180 45	360 80 230 58	450 90 290 75	530 100 340 95	110 410	740 110 470 151	21 12 22 27
Processing Services - Transaction Processing - Utility Processing - Other Processing	590 520 10 60	0 -2 0 4	580 510 10 60	570 500 10 60	590 510 10 70	600 520 10 70	530 10	630 540 10 80	
Network Services - Electronic Info Svcs - Network Applications - Network Management	370 210 130 30	14 5 31 8	420 220 170 30	490 230 220 40	570 250 290 40	670 260 370 50	260 480		3
System Software - Mainframe - Minicomputer - Workstation/PC	1,200 430 400 370	8 -4 5 24	1,300 420 420 460	1,500 390 440 600	1,500 370 460 660	1,600 350 470 710	330 480	310 480	5 -6 3 13
Application Software - Mainframe - Minicomputer - Workstation/PC	1,100 70 250 730	11 -6 -8 20	1,200 70 230 880	1,500 60 230 1,190	1,700 60 240 1,370	1,800 60 240 1,490	50 200	50 160	13 -6 -7 17
Turnkey Systems - Equipment - Application Software - System Software - Professional Services	540 270 130 7 140	2 3 0 8 2	550 280 130 7 140	590 290 140 8 150	630 300 150 8 160	680 320 170 9 180	330 190 9	340 210 10	4
Equipment Services - Equipment Maintenance - Environmental Services	1,800 1,200 600	0 0 4	1,800 1,200 600	1,800 1,200 700	1,800 1,100 700	1,900 1,100 700	1,100 800	1,000 800	6
Grand Total Information Service Market	8,000	3	8,000	9,000	9,000	10,000	11,000	11,000	7

Information Services Forecast Reconciliation in Local Currency

Exhibit K-5

Forecast Reconciliation, Italy, 1994-1999

Currency: LI Billions		1994 N	/larket			1999 N	farket		1994	1995
	1994	1995	1994-1	995	1994	1995	1994-	995	Report	Report
Delivery Mode	Report	Report	Variar	nce	Report	Report	Varia	nce	%CAGR	2555 446 1995
	(Fcst)	(Act)	(Amount)	(%)	(Fcst)	(Fcst)	(Amount)	(%)	(Fcst)	(Fcst)
Software and Services Total										
(ex Equipment Services)	11,450	11,450	0	0	17,000	15,500	-1,500	-9	8	6
Professional Services	3,460	3,460	0	0	4,100	3,840	-260	-6	3	2
- IS Consulting	500	500	0	0	840	795	-45	-5	11	10
- Education & Training	250	250	0	0	340	315		-7	6	5
- Custom Software	2,680	2,690	10	0	2,840	2,6 6 0		-6	1	0
- Application Management	27	25	-2	-7	80	69	-11	-14	24	23
Systems Integration	515	490	-25	-5	1,130	800	-330	-29	17	-10
- Equipment	140	140	0	0	235	185	-50	-21	11	6
- Application Software	95	95	0	0	400	210		-48	33	17
- System Software	40	40	0	0	80	60	-20	-25	15	8
- Professional Services	230	205	l .	-11	380	330	-50	-13	11	10
- Other	10	10	0	0	36	17	-19	-53	29	11
Systems Operations	350	350	1 1	0	815	890	1 1	9	18	21
- Platform Operations	150	100	-50	-33	320	160	-160	-50	16	10
- Application Operations	190	200		5	450	550	i .	22	19	22
- Desktop Services	15	50	35	233	46	180	134	291	25	29
Processing Services	1,185	1,185	1 1	0	1,420	1,235	1	-13	4	1
- Transaction Processing	1,060	1,060		0	1,245	1,075	_	-14	3	0
- Utility Processing	15	15	0	0	15	15	0	0	0	0
- Other Processing	110	110	0	0	160	145	-15	-9	8	6
Network Services	650	6 50	0	0	1,370	1,320	-50	-4	16	15
- Electronic Info Svcs	400	400	1 1	0	520	480		-8	5	4
- Network Applications	200	200	0	0	675	730		8	28	30
- Network Management	50	50	0	0	175	110		-37	28	17
System Software	2,300	2,300	1 1	0	3,050	2,800	-250	-8	6	4
- Mainframe	905	905		0	635	695		9	-7	-5
- Minicomputer	755	755		0	1,035	905		-13	17	4
- Workstation/PC	640	640	1	0	1,380	1,200	1	-13	17	13
Application Software	1,940	1,940		0	3,590	3,200	1	-11	13	11
- Mainframe	155	155		0	120	114	-6	-5	-5	-6
MinicomputerWorkstation/PC	535	535		0	730	4 36 2, 6 50		-40 -3	6 17	-4 16
	1,250	1,250		1	2,740					
Turnkey Systems	1,050	1,050		0	1,540	1,410			8	6
- Equipment	535	525 255		-2 2	665	630 375			11	4
Application SoftwareSystem Software	250 12	12	5 0	0	425 17	17	-50	- 12	7	8 7
- Professional Services	260	265		2	440	390		-11	11	8
								-3	1	4
Equipment Services - Equipment Maintenance	3,500 2,350			0	3,700 2,130	3,600 2, 0 95			-2	-2
- Equipment Maintenance - Environmental Services	1,150			0	1,570	1,505		-2 -4	6	6
						19,000		-7	6	5
Grand Total	15,000	15,000		0	20,500	13,000	-1,500	-/	1 0	<u> </u>





Information Services Industry Forecast Database, 1995-2000 Netherlands

A

Forecast Database in Local Currency (Dfl Millions)

Exhibit L-1

Top Level IT Expenditure, Netherlands

	*				Dfl Million	S	*	X×	
		94-95	÷			-	i i		95-0
Sector	1994	(%)	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	CAGR (%)
Total IT Spending	24,500	2	25,000	26,000	26,500	27,000	28,500	29,500	3
Equipment Sales	4,800	0	4,800	4,800	4,900	4,900	4,900	5,000	1
Mainframe	900	-11	800	750	700	600	550	500	-9
Minicomputer	1,050	0	1,050	1,000	1,000	950	900	900	-3
PC/Workstation	2,800	4	2,900	3,050	3,200	3,300	3,400	3,550	4
Equipment Services	2,440	1	2,460	2,480	2,500	2,530	2,590	2,650	1
Software Products	2,420	3	2,500	2,820	2,900	3,010	3,100	3,140	5
Other Information Services	5,600	9	6,100	6,600	7,300	7,900	8,800	9,900	10
Data Communications	1,550	10	1,700	1,800	1,950	2,100	2,300	2,500	8
Facilities/Administration	1,900	0	1,900	1,850	1,850	1,800	1,800	1,800	-1
In-house Staff	5,800	-3	5,600	5,400	5,200	5,000	4,900	4,700	-3

Exhibit L-2

Information Services Market Forecast by Delivery Mode and Submode Netherlands, 1995-2000

				i. ii	Dfl Million	\$				
Delivery Modes	1994	94-95 (%)	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	95-0 CAGR(%)	
Software and Services Total (ex. Equipment Services)	8,600	7	9,200	10,000	10,700	11,500	12,500	13,700	8	
Professional Services - IS Consulting - Education & Training - Custom Software - Application Management	3,060 420 360 2,230 45	6 10 7 4 22	3,230 460 385 2,330 55	3,430 505 412 2,440 70		3,870 610 476 2,670 115	4,220 685 514 2,880 145	800 561 3,220	12 8	
Systems Integration - Equipment - Application Software - System Software - Professional Services - Other	310 78 43 25 140 25	13 8 30 12 13 0	350 84 56 28 158 25	405 85 77 32 187 24	460 88 92 37 217 28	520 94 120 37 245 26	580 93 145 41 278 23	103 168 45 303	25 10	
Systems Operations - Platform Operations - Application Operations - Desktop Services	290 80 140 70	21 19 14 36	350 95 160 95	420 110 185 125	505 125 220 160	615 145 260 210	740 165 315 260	185 385	19	
Processing Services - Transaction Processing - Utility Processing - Other Processing	1,030 910 27 94	6 5 0 9	1,090 960 27 102	1,150 1,010 28 110	1,210 1,060 28 120	1,290 1,130 29 130	· .		6 6 2 9	
Network Services - Electronic Info Svcs - Network Applications - Network Management	500 270 200 30	14 7 23 10	570 290 245 33	665 320 310 35	785 355 390 40	930 395 490 45	1,105 435 615 55	475	18 10 25 15	
System Software - Mainframe - Minicomputer - Workstation/PC	1,200 545 345 305	0 -6 1 16	1,200 510 350 355	1,300 490 365 440	1,300 470 380 475	1,400 450 395 510	1,400 420 400 550	395	3 -5 3 10	
Application Software - Mainframe - Minicomputer - Workstation/PC	1,220 95 370 750	7 -5 8 8	1,300 90 400 810	1,520 90 435 990	i I	1,610 80 515 1,010	1,700 80 560 1,060	1,740 75 610 1,050	6 -4 9 5	
Turnkey Systems - Equipment - Application Software - System Software - Professional Services	1,030 470 240 64 260	4 0 10 0 6	1,070 470 265 64 275	1,100 460 285 64 295	1,150 460 315 64 315	1,240 470 355 66 345	1,360 495 405 70 385	1,510 525 470 75 435	7 2 12 3 10	
Equipment Services - Equipment Maintenance - Environmental Services	2,440 1,490 950	1 - 4 8	2,460 1,430 1,026	2,480 1,373 1,108		2,530 1,239 1,292	2,590 1,177 1,409	1,118 1,536	1 -5 8	
Grand Total Information Service Market	11,100	5 0	11,600 0	12,500 0	13,200 0	1 4 ,000 0	15,100 0	16,300 0	7	

В

Forecast Database in U.S. Dollars

Exhibit L-3

Software and Services Market Forecast in Dollars Netherlands, 1995-2000

	Netherlands, 1995-2000 U.S. \$ Million (rounded)										
Delivery Modes		94-95			100000000000000000000000000000000000000	i dan sa			95-0		
	1994	(%)	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	CAGR(%)		
Software and Services Total (ex. Equipment Services)	4,945	7	5,285	5,745	6,150	6,610	7,185	7,875	8		
Professional Services - IS Consulting - Education & Training - Custom Software - Application Management	1,760 242 207 1,280 26	6 10 7 4 22	1,855 265 222 1,340 32	1,970 290 237 1,400 40	2,090 319 254 1,465 52	351 274 1,535	2,425 394 296 1,655 83	460 323 1,850	12 8 7		
Systems Integration - Equipment - Application Software - System Software - Professional Services - Other	178 45 25 14 81	13 8 30 12 13 0	201 49 32 16 91 14	233 49 44 18 108 14	51 53 21	54 69 21 141	334 54 83 24 160	59 97 26	13 4 25 10 14 1		
Systems Operations - Platform Operations - Application Operations - Desktop Services	167 46 81 40	21 19 14 36	201 55 92 55	242 63 107 72	290 72 127 92	84	95	515 107 222 187	14		
Processing Services - Transaction Processing - Utility Processing - Other Processing	592 523 16 54	6 5 0 9	627 552 16 59	661 581 16 63	696 609 16 69	650 17	782 684 17 81	828 724 17 89	6 2		
Network Services - Electronic Info Svcs - Network Applications - Network Management	288 155 115 17	7	328 167 141 19	382 184 178 20	451 204 224 23	227 282	250	273	25		
System Software - Mainframe - Minicomputer - Workstation/PC	690 313 199 176	-6 1	690 293 201 204	745 282 210 253	219	259 227	242 230	227 233	-5		
Application Software - Mainframe - Minicomputer - Workstation/PC	700 55 213 430	-5 8	745. 52 230 465	875 52 250 570	ę.	46 296	46 322	43	-4 9		
Turnkey Systems - Equipment - Application Software - System Software - Professional Services	592 270 138 37 150	0 10 0	615 270 153 37 158	632 265 164 37 170	265 181 37	270 204 38	285 233 40	302 270 43	2 12 3		
Equipment Services - Equipment Maintenance - Environmental Services	1,400 855 545	-4 8	1,415 820 590	1,425 790 635	750 690	710 745	675 810	645 885	-5 8		
Grand Total Information Service Market	6,400	5	6,650	7,200	7,600	8,050	8,700	9,350	7		

C

Forecast Database in ECUs

Exhibit L-4

Software and Services Market Forecast in ECUs Netherlands, 1995-2000

	<u>4' - ' ' 4</u> -	- , :	ierianas,		Millions (n	ounded)		1	
Delivery Modes	1994	94-95 (%)	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	95-0 CAGR(%)
Software and Services Total (ex. Equipment Services)	4,040	7	4,320	4,695	5,025	5,400	5,870	6,430	8
Professional Services - IS Consulting - Education & Training - Custom Software - Application Management	1,435 197 169 1,045 21	10 7	1,515 216 181 1,095 26	1,610 237 194 1,145 33	261 207 1,195	1,815 287 224 1,255 54	322 242	376 264 1,510	12 8 7
Systems Integration - Equipment - Application Software - System Software - Professional Services - Other	146 37 20 12 66 12	13 8 30 12 13	165 40 26 13 74 12	190 40 36 15 88 11	42 43	244 44 56 17 115	273 44 68 19 131	49 79 21	25 10
Systems Operations - Platform Operations - Application Operations - Desktop Services	136 38 66 33	21 19 14 36	165 45 75 45	197 52 87 59	237 59 104 75	289 68 122 99	348 78 148 122	87 181	21 14 19 28
Processing Services - Transaction Processing - Utility Processing - Other Processing	484 427 13 44	6 5 0 9	512 451 13 48	539 474 13 52	567 498 13 57	605 531 14 61	639 559 14 66	592 14	
Network Services - Electronic Info Svcs - Network Applications - Network Management	235 127 94 14	7	268 136 115 16	312 150 146 17	369 167 183 19	437 186 230 21	519 204 289 26	223 357	18 10 25 15
System Software - Mainframe - Minicomputer - Workstation/PC	565 256 162 143	-6 1	565 240 165 167	610 230 172 207	221	655 212 186 240	655 197 188 258	186 190	-5 3
Application Software - Mainframe - Minicomputer - Workstation/PC	575 45 174 352	7 -5 8 8	610 43 188 381	715 43 204 465	40 223	755 38 242 474	800 38 263 498	35 287	-4 9
Turnkey Systems - Equipment - Application Software - System Software - Professional Services	484 221 113 30 122	4 0 10 0 6	503 221 125 30 129	517 216 134 30 139	148 30	582 221 167 31 162	639 233 190 33 181	247 221	7 2 12 3 10
Equipment Services - Equipment Maintenance - Environmental Services Grand Total	1,145 700 445 5,200	-4 8	1,155 670 480 5,450	1,165 645 520 5,850	1,175 615 560 6,200	1,190 580 605 6,550	1,215 555 660 7,100	525 720	1 -5 8 7
Information Service Market	3,200	5	5,450	3,030	0,200	0,550	7,100	7,000	,

Information Services Forecast Reconciliation in Local Currency

Exhibit L-5

Forecast Reconciliation, Netherlands, 1994-1999

Currency: Dfl Millions		1994 N	Market			1999 N	/larket		1994	1995
	1994	1995	1994-1	995	1994	1995	1994-	1995	Report	Report
Delivery Mode	Report	Report	Variar	nce.	Report	Report	Vana	nce	%CAGR	%CAGR
	(Fcst)	(Act)	(Amount)	(%)	(Fcst)	(Fcst)	(Amount)	(%)	(Fcst)	(Fcst)
Software and Services Total										
(ex Equipment Services)	8,700	8,600	-100	-1	12,500	12,500	0	0	8	8
Professional Services	3,050	3,060	10	0	4 ,440			-5	8	7
- IS Consulting	420	420	0	0	720	685		-5	11	10
- Education & Training	360	360	0	0	540	1		-5 -5	8	7 5
- Custom Software - Application Management	2,230 44	2,230 45	1	0	3,040 135	2,880 145		-5 7	6 25	26
	395	310	-85	-22	655			-11	11	13
Systems Integration - Equipment	95	78	-05 -17	-18	135	1	C .	-31	7	4
- Application Software	80	43	-37	-46	240	145	1	-40	25	28
- System Software	30	25	-5	-17	30	41	11	37	0	10
- Professional Services	180	140	-40	-22	235	1		18	5	15
- Other	8	25	17	213	17	23	7	39	16	-2
Systems Operations	290	290	0	0	740	740	1	0	21	21
- Platform Operations	80	80	0	0	155		1	6	14	16
- Application Operations - Desktop Services	140 72	140 70	0 -2	0 -3	350 235	315 260		-10 11	20 27	18 30
		1,030	0	0	1,340	ĺ	1	1 1	5	6
Processing Services - Transaction Processing	1,030 910	910	0	0	1,340	1,360	1	2	5	6
- Utility Processing	27	27	ő	0	29	29	1	0	1	1
- Other Processing	94	94	0	0	140	141	1	1	8	8
Network Services	500	500	0	0	1,120	1,105	-15	-1	18	17
- Electronic Info Svcs	270		0	0	430		1	1	10	10
- Network Applications	200	200	0	0	625	1	1		26	25
- Network Management	30	30	0	0	65	55	1	-15	17	13
System Software	1,200	i i		0	1,280	1,400	1	9	1	3
- Mainframe - Minicomputer	545 345	545 345	0	0	410 390	420 400	1	2	-6 2	-5 3
- Workstation/PC	305	305	0	0	480	550	1	15	9	13
Application Software	1,220		0	0	1,560			9	5	7
- Mainframe	95	1	0	0	80	80	ľ	0	-3	-3
- Minicomputer	370	1	0	0	555	1	1	1	8	9
- Workstation/PC	750	750	0	0	920	1,060	140	15	4	7
Turnkey Systems	1,030	1,030	0	0	1,410	1,360	-50	-4	6	6
- Equipment	470	470	i I	0	515	1		•	2	1
- Application Software	240	240	0	0	420		1		12	11
- System Software - Professional Services	64 260	64 260	0	0	74 405	70 385	1	-5 -5	3 9	2 8
]	1]	ŀ	l	3	4
Equipment Services - Equipment Maintenance	2,440 1,490	1	•	0	2,510 1,170	1	!	3	-5	-5
- Environmental Services	950			0	1,170	1,177	1	5	7	8
Grand Total	11,200	i		-1	15,100				6	6
Ordina Total	11,200	11,100	100		15,100	1 15, 100	L	<u> </u>		





Information Services Industry Forecast Database, 1995-2000 Norway

A

Forecast Database in Local Currency (NK Millions)

Exhibit M-1

Top Level IT Expenditure, Norway

	*		ii. india. M						
	25. H	94-95							95-0
Sector	1994	(%)	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	CAGR (%)
Total IT Spending	36,000	0	36,000	37,000	37,000	38,000	39,000	40,000	2
Equipment Sales	7,100	-1	7,000	6,900	6,900	6,800	6,700	6,700	-1
Mainframe	1,550	-10	1,400	1,300	1,200	1,100	1,000	900	-8
Minicomputer	1,750	-3	1,700	1,650	1,600	1,550	1,500	1,450	-3
PC/Workstation	3,750	3	3,850	3,950	4,050	4,150	4,200	4,350	2
Equipment Services	2,890	0	2,880	2,880	2,880	2,900	2,930	2,960	1
Software Products	2,860	7	3,070	3,620	3,940	4,190	4,610	4,960	10
Other Information Services	8,000	1	8,100	8,400	8,600	9,100	9,500	9,900	4
Data Communications	2,900	5	3,050	3,250	3,500	3,700	4,000	4,300	7
Facilities/Administration	3,100	-3	3,000	3,000	2,950	2,950	2,900	2,850	-1
In-house Staff	8,800	-2	8,600	8,600	8,600	8,600	8,600	8,600	0

Exhibit M-2

Information Services Market Forecast by Delivery Mode and Submode Norway, 1995-2000

	NK Millions											
Delivery Modes	1994	94-95	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	95-0 CAGR(%)			
Software and Services Total (ex. Equipment Services)	11,700	3	12,100	12,900		14,200						
Professional Services - IS Consulting - Education & Training - Custom Software - Application Management	2,900 445 355 2,050 25	4	2,900 465 366 2,050 28	2,950 495 380 2,050 30	3,050 530 399 2,100 35	3,200 570 419 2,150 42	615 440	660 462	3 7 5 1 20			
Systems Integration - Equipment - Application Software - System Software - Professional Services - Other	250 63 35 20 113 20	10 0 26 10 12 -5	275 63 44 22 127	310 68 53 26 143 20	350 67 70 28 165 21	390 67 86 31 184 24	69 103 30 207	73	12 3 22 9 13 5			
Systems Operations - Platform Operations - Application Operations - Desktop Services	265 90 125 50	19 17 16 30	315 105 145 65	370 120 165 85	435 135 190 110	505 150 220 135	170 260	690 185 305 200	17 12 16 25			
Processing Services - Transaction Processing - Utility Processing - Other Processing	3,340 3,050 61 225	0 0 -3 2	3,340 3,050 59 230	3,310 3,020 57 235	3,320 3,020 55 245	3,320 3,020 53 250	3,020 52		-3			
Network Services - Electronic Info Svcs - Network Applications - Network Management	460 275 155 30	7 2 13 10	490 280 175 33	530 290 205 36	600 315 245 40	680 340 295 45	360 345	860 385 410 65	7			
System Software - Mainframe - Minicomputer - Workstation/PC	1,410 585 465 355	4 -4 4 15	1,460 560 485 410	1,590 550 515 520	1,660 545 550 560	1,740 540 590 610	535 630	1,940 530 675 735	6 -1 7 12			
Application Software - Mainframe - Minicomputer - Workstation/PC	1,450 105 410 930	11 -5 6 16	1,610. 100 435 1,075	2,030 100 470 1,460	2,280 100 510 1,670	2,450 100 550 1,800	95 595	3,020 95 645 2,275	13 -1 8 16			
Turnkey Systems - Equipment - Application Software - System Software - Professional Services	1,640 815 325 100 395	4 2 9 0 4	1,700 830 355 100 410	1,760 840 385 105 425	1,820 855 420 105 440	1,930 890 465 110 465	925 515 115	2,140 945 560 115 515	5 3 10 3 5			
Equipment Services - Equipment Maintenance - Environmental Services	2,890 1,780 1,110		2,880 1,744 1,132	2,880 1,710 1,166	1,201	2,900 1, 64 2 1,261	1,593 1,337	2,960 1,545 1,417	-2 5			
Grand Total Information Service Market	14,600	3	15,000	15,700	16,400	17,100	18,000	18,800	5			

В

Forecast Database in U.S. Dollars

Exhibit M-3

Software and Services Market Forecast in Dollars Norway, 1995-2000

		Norway, 1995-2000 U.S. \$ Million (rounded)										
Delivery Modes		94-95				,			95-0			
	1994	(%)	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	CAGR(%)			
Software and Services Total (ex. Equipment Services)	1,730	3	1,790	1,910	1,995	2,100	2,235	2,350	6			
Professional Services - IS Consulting - Education & Training - Custom Software - Application Management	430 66 53 305 4	0 4 3 0 12	430 69 54 305 4	435 73 56 305 4	450 79 59 310 5	475 85 62 320 6	490 91 65 325 8	505 98 69 325 10	7 5 1			
Systems Integration - Equipment - Application Software - System Software - Professional Services - Other	37 10 5 3 17 3	10 0 26 10 12 -5	41 10 7 3 19 3	46 10 8 4 21 3	52 10 10 4 25 3	58 10 13 5 27 4	64 10 15 4 31 3	72 11 18 5 35 4	22 9			
Systems Operations - Platform Operations - Application Operations - Desktop Services	39 14 19 7	19 17 16 30	47 16 22 10	55 18 25 13	65 20 28 16	75 22 33 20	88 25 39 24	102 28 45 30	12 16			
Processing Services - Transaction Processing - Utility Processing - Other Processing	494 451 9 34	0 0 -3 2	494 451 9 34	490 447 9 35	491 447 8 36	491 447 8 37	493 447 8 39	494 447 8 39	0 -3			
Network Services - Electronic Info Svcs - Network Applications - Network Management	68 41 23 5	7 2 13 10	73 42 26 5	79 43 31 6	89 47 36 6	101 51 44 7	113 54 51 8	127 57 61 10				
System Software - Mainframe - Minicomputer - Workstation/PC	210 87 69 53	4 -4 4 15	215 83 72 61	235 82 76 77	245 81 82 83	255 80 88 90	275 79 93 101	285 79 100 109	-1 7			
Application Software - Mainframe - Minicomputer - Workstation/PC	215 16 61 140	-5 6	240 15 65 160	300 15 70 215	335 15 76 245	360 15 82 265	14 88	445 14 96 335	-1 8			
Turnkey Systems - Equipment - Application Software - System Software - Professional Services	243 121 48 15 59	2 9 0	252 123 53 15 61	261 125 57 16 63	269 127 62 16 65	286 132 69 16 69	304 137 76 17 73	317 140 83 17 76	3 10 3			
Equipment Services - Equipment Maintenance - Environmental Services	430 265 165	-2 2	425 260 165	425 255 170	425 250 180	430 245 185	235 200	210	-2 5			
Grand Total Information Service Market	2,150	3	2,200	2,300	2,450	2,550	2,650	2,800	5			

C

Forecast Database in ECUs

Exhibit M-4

Software and Services Market Forecast in ECUs Norway, 1995-2000

			iway, is		Millions (ro	unded)			
Delivery Modes	1994	.94-95 (%)	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	95-0 CAGR(%)
Software and Services Total (ex. Equipment Services)	1,410	3	1,460	1,555	1,630	1,715	1,820	1,920	6
Professional Services	350	0	350	355	370	385	400		3
- IS Consulting - Education & Training	54 43	4 3	56 44	60 46	64 48	69 51	74 53	80 56	7 5
- Custom Software	245	0	245		255	260	265	265	
- Application Management	3	12	4	4	4	5	7	9	20
Systems Integration	30	10	33	38	42	47	52	59	12
- Equipment	8	0	8	8	8	8	9	9	3
- Application Software - System Software	2	26 10	5 3	6 3	8	10 4	12	15 4	22 9
- Professional Services	14	12	16	17	20	22	25	28	13
- Other	2	-5	2	2	3	3	3	3	5
Systems Operations	32	19	38	45	53	61	72	83	17
- Platform Operations	11	17	13	15	17	18	21	23	12
- Application Operations	15	16	18	20	23	27	32	37	16
- Desktop Services	6	30	8	10	13	16	20	24	25
Processing Services - Transaction Processing	403 368	0	403 368	400 365	401 365	401 365	402 365	403 365	0
- Utility Processing	8	-3	300 7	303 7	7	303	303 7	303	-3
- Other Processing	27	2	, 28	29	30	30	32	32	3
Network Services	56	7	59	64	73	82	92	104	12
- Electronic Info Svcs	33	2	34	35	38	41	44	47	7
- Network Applications	19	13	21	25	30	36	42	50	19
- Network Management	4	10	4	5	5	6	7	8	
System Software - Mainframe	170	4	175	1	200	210	225		
- Minicomputer	71 56	-4 4	68 59	67 62	66 67	65 71	65 76	64 82	-1 7
- Workstation/PC	43	15	50	63	68	74	82	89	·
Application Software	175	11	195	245	275	295	335	365	13
- Mainframe	13	-5	12	12	12	12	12	12	-1
- Minicomputer	50	6	53	57	62	67	72	78	8
- Workstation/PC	112	16	130		202	217	250		16
Turnkey Systems	198	4	205		220	233	248	258	5
- Equipment - Application Software	99 39	2 9	100 4 3	102 47	103 51	108 56	112 62	114 68	3 10
- System Software	12	0	12	13	13	13	14:	14	3
- Professional Services	48	4	50	52	53	56	60	62	5
Equipment Services	350	0	345		345	350	355	355	1
- Equipment Maintenance	215	-2	210	205	200	200	190	185	-2
- Environmental Services	135	2	135	140	145	150	160	170	5
Grand Total	1,750	3	1,800	1,900	2,000	2,050	2,150	2,250	5
Information Service Market									

Information Services Forecast Reconciliation in Local Currency

Exhibit M-5

Forecast Reconciliation, Norway, 1994-1999

Currency; NK Millions	1.5	1994 N			way, 1994	1999 N	larket -		1994	1995
	1994	1995	1994-1	995	1994	1995	1994-	1995	Report	Report
Delivery Mode	Report	Report	Variar	nce	Report	Report	Varia	nce	%CAGR	%CAGR
	(Fcst)	(Act)	(Amount)	(%)	(Fcst)	(Fcst)	(Amount)	(%)	(Fcst)	(Fcst)
Software and Services Total										
(ex Equipment Services)	11,800	11,700	-100	-1	15,000	15,100	100	1	5	5
Professional Services	2,900	2,900	0	0	3,250	3,300	50	2	2	3
- IS Consulting	445	445	0	0	660	615	-45	-7	8	7
- Education & Training	355	355		0	460	440	-20	-4	5	4
- Custom Software	2,050	2,050	l i	0	2,050	2,200		7	0	1
- Application Management	25	25	0	0	65	52	-13	-20	21	16
Systems Integration	310	250	-60	-19	550	430		-22	12	11
- Equipment	80	63	-17	-21	120	69	-51	-43	8	2
- Application Software	55	35	-20	-36	165	103	-62	-38	25	24
- System Software	25	20	-5	-20	25	30	5	20	0	8
- Professional Services	145	113	-32	-22	230	207	-23	-10	10	13
- Other	5	20	15	300	10	22	12	120	15	2
Systems Operations	260	265	5	2	620	595	1 1	-4	19	18
- Platform Operations	90	90	0	0	160	170	4 1	6	12	14
- Application Operations	120	125	5	4	300	260	-40	-13	20	16
- Desktop Services	50	50	0	0	160	165		3	26	27
Processing Services	3,340	3,340	0	0	3,330	3,330	1	0	0	0
- Transaction Processing	3,050	3,050	0	0	3,020	3,020		0	0	0
- Utility Processing	61	61	0	0	52	52	0	0	-3	-3
- Other Processing	225	225	0	0	260	260		0	3	3
Network Services	460	460	0	0	810	760	i 1	-6	12	11
- Electronic Info Svcs	275		1	0	380	i e			7	6
- Network Applications	155	155	0	0	365	345	-20	-5	19	17
- Network Management	29	30	1	3	64	53	-11	-17	17	12
System Software	1,410	1,410	0	0	1,810	1,850		2	5	6
- Mainframe	585	585		0	555		1	-4	-1	-2
- Minicomputer	465	465	1 :	0	640	630	4 1	-2	7	6
- Workstation/PC	355	355	0	0	615	680	65	11	12	14
Application Software	1,450			0	2,570			7	12	14
- Mainframe	105	105	1	0	100	95	-5	-5	-1	-2
- Minicomputer	410	410	0	0	600	595		-1	8	8
- Workstation/PC	930	930	0	0	1,870	2,070	200	11	15	17
Turnkey Systems	1,640	1,640	0	0	2,060	2,050		0	5	5
- Equipment	815	815		0	930	l		-1	3	3
- Application Software	325	325		0	520	515		-1	10	10
- System Software	100	100	l .	0	115	115		0	3	3
- Professional Services	395	395	0	0	490	495		1	4	5
Equipment Services	2,890			0	3,110	2,930		-6	1	0
- Equipment Maintenance	1,780		1	0	1,670	1		-5	-1	-2
- Environmental Services	1,110	1,110	0	0	1,440	1,337	-103	-7	5	4
Grand Total	14,700	14,600	-100	-1	18,100	18,000	-100	-1	4	4





Information Services Industry Forecast Database, 1995-2000 Portugal

Α

Forecast Database in Local Currency (Esc Millions)

Exhibit N-1

Top Level IT Expenditure, Portugal

		94-95			-			× 4.4	95-0
Sector	1994	(%)	- 1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	CAGR (%)
Total IT Spending	184,000	8	199,000	216,000	235,000	254,000	269,000	284,000	7
Equipment Sales	48,000	6	51,000	55,000	60,000	64,000	67,000	71,000	7
Mainframe	7,200	-11	6,400	5,800	5,200	4,700	4,000	3,500	-11
Minicomputer	10,300	2	10,500	10,700	11,000	11,100	10,800	10,700	0
PC/Workstation	30,500	11	34,000	38,500	43,500	48,500	52,000	56,500	11
Equipment Services	17,700	4	18,400	19,100	19,900	20,700	21,500	22,400	4
Software Products	8,450	14	9,650	11,750	13,300	14,900	16,500	18,050	13
Other Information Services	19,600	15	22,600	25,800	29,800	34,800	39,600	44,900	15
Data Communications	16,000	13	18,000	20,000	22,500	25,000	27,000	29,000	10
Facilities/Administration	16,500	3	17,000	18,000	19,000	19,500	20,000	20,000	3
In-house Staff	58,000	7	62,000	66,000	70,000	75,000	77,000	79,000	5

Exhibit N-2

Information Services Market Forecast by Delivery Mode and Submode Portugal, 1995-2000

Delivery Modes	1994	94-95 (%)	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	95-0 CAGR(%)
Software and Services Total (ex. Equipment Services)	31,500	14	36,000	41,700	47,600	54,800	61,700	68,900	14
Professional Services - IS Consulting - Education & Training - Custom Software - Application Management	8,200 1,170 900 5,700 460	12 17 12 11 9	9,200 1,370 1,008 6,300 500	10,200 1,600 1,119 6,900 560	1,860 1,242 7,550	12,600 2,170 1,366 8,250 770	2,470 1,503	15,200 2,820 1,638 9,450 1,250	11 16 10 8 20
Systems Integration - Equipment - Application Software - System Software - Professional Services - Other	1,930 482 270 154 867 154	16 11 32 1 18	2,230 535 357 156 1,026 156	2,610 574 444 222 1,200 170	3,000 570 600 240 1,410 180	3,390 610 780 237 1,559 203	3,830 613 919 268 1,800 230	4,290 644 1,116 301 1,975 258	14 4 26 14 14
Systems Operations - Platform Operations - Application Operations - Desktop Services	1,330 405 605 320	20 19 20 20	1,590 480 725 385	1,860 565 835 460	2,175 660 960 555	2,805 760 1,300 745	3,330 860 1,500 970	960	20 15 19 27
Processing Services - Transaction Processing - Utility Processing - Other Processing	3,550 3,100 140 330	13 11 7 15	4,000 3,450 150 380	4,350 3,750 150 440	4,800 4,150 160 500	5,350 4,600 170 580	5,750 4,900 180 650	6,150 5,250 180 730	9 9 4 14
Network Services - Electronic Info Svcs - Network Applications - Network Management	1,750 1,120 470 1 4 5	23 21 34 10	2,150 1,350 630 160	2,700 1,680 860 175	3,450 2,090 1,180 190	4,450 2,600 1,620 220	5,400 3,040 2,110 255		25 21 34 14
System Software - Mainframe - Minicomputer - Workstation/PC	5,250 2,100 1,850 1,290	11 0 14 27	5,850 2,100 2,100 1,640	6,800 2,150 2,400 2,230	2,750	2,250 3,150	2,250 3,500	3,900	12 1 13 20
Application Software - Mainframe - Minicomputer - Workstation/PC	3,200 220 900 2,100	19 5 11 22	3,800 230 1,000 2,560	4,950 240 1,150 3,550	1,300			7,900 280 1,750 5,850	16 4 12 18
Turnkey Systems - Equipment - Application Software - System Software - Professional Services	6,300 2,950 1,330 330 1,700	14 10 20 12 18	7,200 3,250 1,590 370 2,000	8,250 3,550 1,920 420 2,350	3,950 2,330 480			5,350 4,070 700	15 10 21 14 18
Equipment Services - Equipment Maintenance - Environmental Services Grand Total	17,700 12,700 5,000 49,200	4 2 8 11	18,400 12,954 5,400 54,400	19,100 13,213 5,886 60,800		7,057	21,500 13,748 7,763 83,200	22,400 13,886 8,539 91,300	4 1 10 11
Information Service Market	43,200	11	34,400	00,000	07,300	13,300	03,200	31,300	11

В

Forecast Database in U.S. Dollars

Exhibit N-3

Software and Services Market Forecast in Dollars Portugal, 1995-2000

Portugal, 1995-2000 U.S. \$ Million (rounded)											
Polivon Modos		94-95		U.S.	95-0						
Delivery Modes	1994	(%)	1995	···1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	CAGR(%)		
Software and Services Total (ex. Equipment Services)	198	14	226	262	299	344	388	433	14		
Professional Services - IS Consulting - Education & Training - Custom Software - Application Management	52 7 6 36 3	12 17 12 11 9	58 9 6 40 3	64 10 7 43 4	71 12 8 47 4	79 14 9 52 5	87 16 9 56 6	95 18 10 59 8	16 10		
Systems Integration - Equipment - Application Software - System Software - Professional Services - Other	12 3 2 1 5	16 11 32 1 18 1	14 3 2 1 6	16 4 3 1 8 1	19 4 4 2 9	21 4 5 1 10 1	24 4 6 2 11 1	27 4 7 2 12 2	14 4 26 14 14		
Systems Operations - Platform Operations - Application Operations - Desktop Services	8 3 4 2	20 19 20 20	10 3 5 2	12 4 5 3	14 4 6 3	18 5 8 5	21 5 9 6	25 6 11 8	20 15 19 27		
Processing Services - Transaction Processing - Utility Processing - Other Processing	22 20 1 2	13 11 7 15	25 22 1 2	27 24 1 3	30 26 1 3	34 29 1 4	36 31 1 4	39 33 1 5	1		
Network Services - Electronic Info Svcs - Network Applications - Network Management	11 7 3	23 21 34 10	14 9 4 1	17 11 5 1	22 13 7 1	28 16 10 1	34 19 13 2	41 22 17 2	25 21 34 14		
System Software - Mainframe - Minicomputer - Workstation/PC	33 13 12 8	11 0 14 27	37 13 13 10	43 14 15 14	47 14 17 16	53 14 20 19	58 14 22 22	64 14 25 25	1 13		
Application Software - Mainframe - Minicomputer - Workstation/PC	20 1 6 13	19 5 11 22	24 1 6 16	31 2 7 22	36 2 8 26	41 2 9 29	45 2 10 34	50 2 11 37	16 4 12 18		
Turnkey Systems - Equipment - Application Software - System Software - Professional Services	40 19 8 2 11	14 10 20 12 18	45 20 10 2 13	52 22 12 3 15	3	71 28 18 4 21	82 31 22 4 25	93 34 26 4 29	10 21 14		
Equipment Services - Equipment Maintenance - Environmental Services	111 80 31	4 2 8	116 81 34	120 83 37	40	86 44	86 49	87 54	1 10		
Grand Total Information Service Market	310	11	340	380	420	470	520	570			

C

Forecast Database in ECUs

Exhibit N-4

Software and Services Market Forecast in ECUs Portugal, 1995-2000

	ECU Millions (rounded)											
Delivery Modes	1994	94-95 (%)	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	95-0 CAGR(%)			
Software and Services Total (ex. Equipment Services)	161	14	184	214	244	281	316	353				
Professional Services - IS Consulting - Education & Training	42 6 5	12 17 12	47 7 5	52 8 6	58 10 6	11 7	71 13 8	78 1 4 8	16 10			
- Custom Software - Application Management	29	11 9	32 3	35 3	39	42 4	45 5	48 6	8 20			
Systems Integration - Equipment - Application Software - System Software - Professional Services - Other	10 3 1 1 4	16 11 32 1 18	11 3 2 1 5	13 3 2 1 6	15 3 3 1, 7	17 3 4 1 8	20 3 5 1 9	22 3 6 2 10	14 4 26 14 14			
Systems Operations - Platform Operations - Application Operations - Desktop Services	7 2 3 2	20 19 20 20	8 3 4 2	10 3 4 2	11 3, 5;	14 4 7 4	17 4 8 5	20 5 9 6	20 15 19 27			
Processing Services - Transaction Processing - Utility Processing - Other Processing	18 16 1 2	13 11 7 15	20 18 1	22 19 1 2	25 21 1 3	27 24 1 3	29 25 1 3	32 27 1 4	9 9 4 14			
Network Services - Electronic Info Svcs - Network Applications - Network Management	9 6 2	23 21 34 10	11 7 3 1	14 9 4 1	18 11 6	23 13 8 1	28 16 11 1	33 18 14 2	25 21 34 14			
System Software - Mainframe - Minicomputer - Workstation/PC	27 11 10 7	11 0 14 27	30 11 11 8	35 11 12 11	39 11 14 13	43 12 16 16	48 12 18 18	52 12 20 21	12 1 13 20			
Application Software - Mainframe - Minicomputer - Workstation/PC	16 1 5 11	19 5 11 22	19 1 5 13	25 1 6 18	1 7	33 1 8 24	37 1 8 27	40 1 9 30	16 4 12 18			
Turnkey Systems - Equipment - Application Software - System Software - Professional Services	32 15 7 2 9	14 10 20 12 18	37 17 8 2 10	42 18 10 2 12	49 20 12 2 14	58 23 15 3 17	67 25 18 3 21	76 27 21 4 24	15 10 21 14 18			
Equipment Services - Equipment Maintenance - Environmental Services	91 65 26	4 2 8	94 66 28	98 68 30	102 69 33	106 70 36	110 70 40	115 71 44	1 10			
Grand Total Information Service Market	250	11	280	310	350	390	430	4 70	11			

Information Services Forecast Reconciliation in Local Currency

Exhibit N-5

Forecast Reconciliation, Portugal, 1994-1999

Currency: Esc Millions		1994 N		Î _Q yy	ugai, 199	1999 N		1994	1995	
	1994	1995	1994-1	995	1994	1995	1994-1995		Report	Report
Delivery Mode	Report	Report	Variar	nce	Report	Report	Vana	nce	%CAGR	%CAGR
	(Fcst)	(Act)	(Amount)	(%)	(Fcst)	(Fost)	(Amount)	(%)	(Fcst)	(Fcst)
Software and Services Total										
(ex Equipment Services)	31,500	31,500	0	0	61,900	61,700	-200	0	14	14
Professional Services	8,200	8,200	0	0	13,900		1)	-1	11	11
- IS Consulting	1,170	1,170	0	0	2,500	2,470	-30	-1	16	16
- Education & Training	900	900	0	0	1,480	1,503		2	10	11 9
Custom SoftwareApplication Management	5,700 460	5,700 460	0	0	8,950 925	8,850 960	-100 35	-1 4	9 15	16
Systems Integration	1,960	1,930	-30	-2	3,970	3,830		-4	15	15
- Equipment	540	482	-58	-11	970	613	-357	-37	12	5
- Application Software	330	270		-18	1,260	919	-341	-27	31	28
- System Software	170	154	-16	-9	305	268	-37	-12	12	12
- Professional Services	880	867	-13	-1	1,350	1,800	450	33	9	16
- Other	35	154	119	340	85	230	145	171	19	8
Systems Operations	1,330 405	1,330 405	0	0	3,285 810	3,330 860	45 50	1 6	20 15	20 16
- Platform Operations - Application Operations	605	405 605	0	0	1,500	1,500		0	20	20
- Desktop Services	320	320	I - 1	0	975	970		-1	25	25
Processing Services	3,550	3,550	0	0	5,850	5,750	-100	-2	11	10
- Transaction Processing	3,100	3,100		0	5,000	4,900	-100	-2	10	10
- Utility Processing	140	140	0	0	180	180	1	0	5	5
- Other Processing	330	330		0	650	650		0	15	15
Network Services	1,750	1,750		0	5,400	5,400		0	25	25
- Electronic Info Svcs - Network Applications	1,120 470	1,120 470		0	3,030 2,100	3,040 2,110		0	22 35	22 35
- Network Applications - Network Management	145	145	0	0	2,100	2,110	1	-12	15	12
System Software	5,250	5,250	0	0	9,250	9,300		1	12	12
- Mainframe	2,100	2,100		0	2,350	-		-4	2	1
- Minicomputer	1,850	1,850	l .	0	3,650			-4	15	14
- Workstation/PC	1,290	1,290	0	0	3,230	3,530	300	9	20	22
Application Software	3,200	3,200	Į.	0	6,800	7,200		6	16	18
- Mainframe	220 900	220 900	0	0	300	270	1	-10 -6	6 14	12
- Minicomputer - Workstation/PC	2,100	2,100		0	1,700 4,800	1,600 5,350	1	11	18	21
Turnkey Systems	6,300				13,400	13,050		-3	16	16
- Equipment	2,950			0	5,050			-2	11	11
- Application Software	1,330	1,330		0	3,530		1	-2	22	21
- System Software	330	330	0	0	660	630	1	-5	15	14
- Professional Services	1,700		1	0	4,150			-4	20	19
Equipment Services	17,700	17,700		-	21,600	· ·	1	0	4	4
- Equipment Maintenance	12,700			0	13,400		1	3 -5	1 10	2 9
- Environmental Services	5,000	5,000			8,200				İ	
Grand Total	49,200	49,200	0	0	83,500	83,200	-300	0	11	11





Information Services Industry Forecast Database, 1995-2000 Spain

Α

Forecast Database in Local Currency (Ptas Millions)

Exhibit O-1

Top Level IT Expenditure, Spain

	1	. op 200	CITI EXP		<u>'</u>				
					Ptas Millio	ns			
		94-95							95-0
Sector	1994	(%)	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	CAGR (%)
Total IT Spending	1,330,000	1	1,340,000	1,390,000	1,440,000	1,480,000	1,540,000	1,610,000	4
Equipment Sales	300,000	0	300,000	315,000	330,000	340,000	350,000	370,000	4
Mainframe	34,000	-15	29,000	25,000	22,000	19,000	16,000	14,000	-14
Minicomputer	98,000	-3	95,000	95,000	95,000	94,000	92,000	92,000	-1
PC/Workstation	166,000	6	176,000	193,000	211,000	228,000	244,000	266,000	9
Equipment Services	115,500	1	117,000	119,000	121,000	122,500	123,500	125,000	1
Software Products	91,200	9	99,000	116,700	127,500	137,300	153,300	167,400	11
Other Information Services	201,000	6	214,000	232,000	255,000	280,000	308,000	339,000	10
Data Communications	121,900	5	128,200	137,500	147,400	158,000	169,400	181,600	7
Facilities/Administration	124,000	-2	122,000	122,000	122,000	122,000	123,000	123,000	0
In-house Staff	375,000	-5	355,000	345,000	335,000	325,000	315,000	305,000	-3

Exhibit O-2

Information Services Market Forecast by Delivery Mode and Submode Spain, 1995-2000

	-	Spain, 1995-2000 Ptas Millions									
Delivery Modes	7 T. T. T.	94-95		,					95-0		
	1994	(%)	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	CAGR(%)		
Software and Services Total (ex. Equipment Services)	323,000	7	345,000	382,000	416,000	453,000					
Professional Services - IS Consulting - Education & Training - Custom Software - Application Management	91,000 14,000 8,500 68,000 700	4 11 1 3	95,000 15,500 8,585 70,000 770	100,000 17,500 8,843 73,000 890	9,196	117,000 23,000 9,656 83,000 1,330	26,500 10,139	10,747	14 5 6		
Systems Integration - Equipment - Application Software - System Software - Professional Services - Other	19,000 4,750 2,660 1,520 8,550 1,520	11 2 27 11 13 -3	21,100 4,851 3,374 1,687 9,701 1,476	23,800 5,243 4,051 1,906 11,201 1,430	26,700 5,071 5,338 2,135 12,544 1,601	29,600 5,036 6,518 2,370 13,924 1,778	5,356 8,034 2,678	5,829 10,103 2,720	4 25 10 13		
Systems Operations - Platform Operations - Application Operations - Desktop Services	8,400 3,900 3,700 800	19 17 20 20	10,000 4,550 4,450 960	12,100 5,300 5,550 1,200	14,700 6,140 7,000 1,560	17,400 7,060 8,330 2,030	8,000 10,000	12,000	14 22		
Processing Services - Transaction Processing - Utility Processing - Other Processing	34,500 29,400 2,150 2,950	4 4 2 5	35,900 30,600 2,200 3,100	37,100 31,600 2,200 3,250	38,500 32,900 2,200 3,400	40,200 34,300 2,250 3,600	35,800 2,250	E .	4		
Network Services - Electronic Info Svcs - Network Applications - Network Management	22,500 13,800 5,800 2,900	12 9 21 10	25,300 15,100 7,000 3,200	16,800 8,500	18,700	38,500 21,000 12,800 4,650	23,300 15,700	25,000 18,600	11 22		
System Software - Mainframe - Minicomputer - Workstation/PC	49,200 18,300 17,900 13,000	5 -7 4 20	51,500 17,100 18,700 15,650	15,900 19,400	14,800 20,200	59,300 14,100 21,500 23,710	13,400 22,800	12,800 24,200	-6 5		
Application Software - Mainframe - Minicomputer - Workstation/PC	42,000 2,950 11,300 27,500	13 -5 7 19	47,500 2,800 12,100 32,800	2,750 13,200	71,000 2,650 14,400 53,760	78,000 2,600 15,700 59,460	2,500 17,200	18,800	-3 9		
Turnkey Systems - Equipment - Application Software - System Software - Professional Services	56,400 26,500 12,000 3,300 14,600	4 1 8 2 8	58,900 26,800 13,000 3,350 15,700	14,400	15,900	73,000 30,300 17,800 3,950 20,900	20,000 4,150	22,000 4,300	4 11 5		
Equipment Services - Equipment Maintenance - Environmental Services	115,500 75,200 40,300	1 -2 8	117,000 73,696 43,524		50,766		65,236 58,122	62,626 62,191	-3 7		
Grand Total Information Service Market	439,000	5	462,000 0	501,000 0	537,000 0	576,000 0	623,000 0	670,000 0	8 C		

В

Forecast Database in U.S. Dollars

Exhibit O-3

Software and Services Market Forecast in Dollars Spain, 1995-2000

	MY kon.	,	pain, 199	****	\$ Million (ro	ounded)	V:		
Delivery Modes		94-95							95-0
	1994	(%)	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	CAGR(%)
Software and Services Total (ex. Equipment Services)	2,455	7	2,620	2,905	3,160	3,440	3,790	4,140	10
Professional Services - IS Consulting - Education & Training - Custom Software - Application Management	690 107 65 515	4 11 1 3 10	720 118 65 530 6	760 133 67 555 7	820 152 70 595 8	890 175 74 630 10	955 202 77 670 13	1,035 228 82 705 15	7 14 5 6 21
Systems Integration - Equipment - Application Software - System Software - Professional Services - Other	145 36 20 12 65 12	11 2 27 11 13 -3	161 37 26 13 74 11	181 40 31 15 85	203 39 41 16 96 12	225 39 50 18 106 14	255 41 61 20 120 13	296 45 77 21 139 15	13 4 25 10 13 6
Systems Operations - Platform Operations - Application Operations - Desktop Services	64 30 28 6	19 17 20 20	76 35 34 7	92 41 42 9	112 47 53 12	132 54 64 15	158 61 76 20	184 68 91 25	19 14 22 28
Processing Services - Transaction Processing - Utility Processing - Other Processing	262 224 17 23	4 4 2 5	273 233 17 24	282: 240: 17 25	293 250 17 26	306 261 17 28	318 272 17 29	332 284 18 30	4 4 1 5
Network Services - Electronic Info Svcs - Network Applications - Network Management	171 105 44 22	12 9 21 10	192 115 53 25	219 128 65 27	253 142 79 31	293 160 98 36	339 177 120 43	385 190 142 53	15 11 22 17
System Software - Mainframe - Minicomputer - Workstation/PC	375 139 136 99	5 -7 4 20	390) 130 142 119	420 121 148 151	430 113 154 164	450 107 164 180	480 102 174 206	510 98 184 228	5 -6 5 14
Application Software - Mainframe - Minicomputer - Workstation/PC	320 23 86 210	13 -5 7 19	360 22 92 250	465 21 101 345	540 20 110 410	595 20 120 450	685 19 131 535	765 19 143 600	16 -3 9 19
Turnkey Systems - Equipment - Application Software - System Software - Professional Services	429 202 91 25 111	4 1 8 2 8	448 204 99 25 120	480 212 110 27 131	511 219 121 28 143	555 230 136 30 159	603 243 152 32 177	642 250 167 33 192	7 4 11 5 10
Equipment Services - Equipment Maintenance - Environmental Services Grand Total	880 570 305 3,350	-2 8	890 560 330 3,500	905 550 355 3,800	920 530 385 4,100	930 515 415 4,400	940 495 440 4,750	950 475 475 5,100	1 -3 7 8
Information Service Market									

Forecast Database in ECUs

Exhibit O-4

Software and Services Market Forecast in ECUs Spain, 1995-2000

			pain, 198		Millions (m	ounded)			
Delivery Modes		94-95		4000					95-0
	1994	(%)	1995	19 9 6	1997	1998	1999	2000	CAGR(%)
Software and Services Total (ex. Equipment Services)	2,000	7	2,140	2,365	2,575	2,805	3,090	3,375	10
Professional Services	565	4	590	620	670	725	780	845	7
- IS Consulting	87	11	96	109	124	143			
- Education & Training - Custom Software	53 420	1 3	53 435	55 450	57 485	60 515	63 545		5 6
- Application Management	5	10	5	6	7	8	11	13	21
Systems Integration	118	11	131	148	166	184	208		13
- Equipment	30	2	30	33	32	31	33		4
- Application Software	17	27	21	25	33	40	50	63	25
- System Software - Professional Services	9	11 13	10	12 70	13	15 87	17	17	10
- Professional Services - Other	53 9	-3	60 9	70	78 10	11	98 10	113 12	13 6
Systems Operations	52	19	62	75	91	108	129	150	
- Platform Operations	24	17	28	33	38	44	50	55	
- Application Operations	23	20	28	35	44	52	62	75	22
- Desktop Services	5	20	6	7	10	13	16	20	28
Processing Services	214	4	223	230	239	249	259	270	
- Transaction Processing - Utility Processing	182 14	4 2	190 14	196 14	204 14	213	222 14	231	4
- Other Processing	19	5	19	20	21	14 23	23	15 25	5
Network Services	140	12	157	179	206	239	277	314	
- Electronic Info Svcs	86	9	94	104	116	130	145		11
- Network Applications	36	21	44	53	65	80	98	115	22
- Network Management	18	10	20	22	25	29	35	44	17
System Software	305	5	320	340	350	365	390	415	
MainframeMinicomputer	114 111	-7 4	106 116	99 120	92 125	88	83	80 150	-6 5
- Workstation/PC	81	20	97	120	133	133 147	142 168		14
Application Software	260	13	295	380	440	485	560	625	
- Mainframe	19	-5	18	17	17	16	16	15	-3
- Minicomputer	70	7	75	82	89	98	107	117	9
- Workstation/PC	171	19	203	282	333	369	436	491	19
Turnkey Systems	350	4	365	391	417	453	492	524	7
- Equipment - Application Software	164 75	1 8	166 81	173 89	179 99	188 1 11	i		4 11
- System Software	20	2	21	22	23	24	124 26		5
- Professional Services	91	8	98	107	117	130	144	157	10
Equipment Services	715	1	725	735	750	760	765	775	1
- Equipment Maintenance	465	-2	455	445	435	420	405	390	-3
- Environmental Services	250	8	270	290	315	335	360	385	7
Grand Total	2,700	5	2,850	3,100	3,350	3,550	3,850	4,150	8
Information Service Market									

D

Information Services Forecast Reconciliation in Local Currency

Exhibit O-5

Forecast Reconciliation, Spain, 1994-1999

Currency: Ptas Millions		1994 N	/larket	9 (4)		1999 N	larket		1994	1995
	1994	1995	1994-1	995	1994	1995	1994-	1995	Report	Report
Delivery Mode	Report	Report	Variar	nce	Report	Report	Varia	nce	%CAGR	%CAGR
	(Fcst)	(Act)	(Amount)	(%)	(Fost)	(Fcst)	(Amount)	(%)	(Fcst)	(Fost)
Software and Services Total										
(ex Equipment Services)	325,000	323,000	-2,000	-1	516,000	499,000	-17,000	-3	10	9
Professional Services	91,000	91,000	0	0	134,000	126,000	-8,000	-6	8	7
- IS Consulting	14,000	14,000	0:	0	28,000	26,500			15	14
- Education & Training	8,500	8,500		0	10,500	10,139		-3	4	4
- Custom Software	68,000	68,000		0	94,000	88,000		1	7	5
- Application Management	600	700	100	17	1,900	1,660	-240	-13	26	19
Systems Integration	23,600	19,000	-4,600	-19	42,700	33,500	i '	l	13	12
- Equipment	6,100	4,750			9,500	5,356		1	9	2
- Application Software	4,300	2,660	-1,640	-38	12,300	8,034	'	-35	23	25
- System Software	1,900	1,520		-20	3,000	2,678		-11	10	12
- Professional Services	10,800	8,550	i .	-21	16,800	15,734	-1,066	-6	9	13 2
- Other	480	1,520			1,100	1,674		52	18	
Systems Operations	6,400	8,400		31	15,200	20,700		1	19	20
- Platform Operations	3,000	3,900		30	5,250	8,000		52	12	15
- Application Operations	2,800	3,700		32 33	7,500	10,000		33 10	22 32	22 27
- Desktop Services	600	800	200		2,410	2,650	i			
Processing Services	34,500	34,500	i .	0	43,500				5	4
- Transaction Processing	29,400	29,400		0	37,200			-4 -4	5 2	4
- Utility Processing - Other Processing	2,150 2,950	2, 1 50 2,950	1	0	2,350 3,950	2,250 3,750	į.		6	5
Ĭ								ŀ		
Network Services	21,800	22,500	1	3	47,000				17	15 11
- Electronic Info Svcs	13,800	•	1		23,500	I		ī	11 22	22
- Network Applications - Network Management	5,800 2,200	5,800 2,900			15,800 7,700	1		i	28	14
							1	l		
System Software	49,200	49,200 18,300		0	63,600 14,300	1 '		-6	5 -5	5 -6
- Mainframe - Minicomputer	18,300 17,900		1		24,000		ì		6	5
- Workstation/PC	13,000	17,900	•	0	25,300	l '			14	16
Application Software	42,000	42,000		0	86,500	ļ			16	16
- Mainframe	2,950	2,950		0	2,650	l '	1 '	1	-2	-3
- Minicomputer	11,300	11,300		0	18,400	· ·			10	9
- Workstation/PC	27,500	27,500	1	0	65,600		L .	1	19	21
Turnkey Systems	56,400	56,400	1	0	83,900			İ	8	7
- Equipment	26,500		l .	0	33,800	1	1	l .	5	4
- Application Software	12,000	12,000	I	0	21,100		1 '	-5	12	11
- System Software	3,300	3,300	I	0	4,450		4	-7	6	5
- Professional Services	14,600	14,600	1	0	24,500	1	-1,300	-5	11	10
Equipment Services	115,500	115,500	0	0	121,000	123,500	2,500	2	1	1
- Equipment Maintenance	75,200	75,200		0	64,500	65,236		1	-3	-3
- Environmental Services	40,300	40,300	l .	0	56,400	58,122	1,722	3	7	8
Grand Total	440,000	439,000	-1,000	0	637,000	623,000	-14,000	-2	8	7





Information Services Industry Forecast Database, 1995-2000 Sweden

Α

Forecast Database in Local Currency (SK Millions)

Exhibit P-1

Top Level IT Expenditure, Sweden

					SK Million	S	-	-	
		94-95							95-0
Sector	1994	(%)	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	CAGR (%)
Total IT Spending	68,000	1	69,000	72,000	75,000	78,000	82,000	86,000	5
Equipment Sales	11,200	1	11,300	11,500	11,700	12,000	12,100	12,500	2
Mainframe	1,750	-11	1,550	1,350	1,200	1,050	900	800	-12
Minicomputer	2,850	-5	2,700	2,600	2,500	2,400	2,250	2,150	-4
PC/Workstation	6,600	6	7,000	7,500	8,000	8,500	8,900	9,500	6
Equipment Services	5,850	3	6,050	6,350	6,550	6,850	7,100	7,400	4
Software Products	4,810	9	5,230	6,220	6,800	7,220	8,000	8,610	10
Other Information Services	17,800	7	19,100	20,700	22,700	25,200	27,900	30,500	10
Data Communications	5,500	5	5,800	6,100	6,400	6,700	7,100	7,500	5
Facilities/Administration	6,100	-2	6,000	5,900	5,800	5,700	5,600	5,500	-2
In-house Staff	16,500	-3	16,000	15,500	15,000	14,500	14,000	13,500	-3

Exhibit P-2

Information Services Market Forecast by Delivery Mode and Submode Sweden, 1995-2000

	SK Millions								
Delivery Modes		94-95	Maria.	18					95-0
	1994	(%)	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	CAGR(%)
Software and Services Total (ex. Equipment Services)	23,900	7	25,600	28,200	30,900	33,900	37,400	40,700	10
Professional Services	10,100	4	10,500	11,200		13,300	1		8
- IS Consulting	1,110	6	1,180	1,290	1,430	1,600	ľ	1,940	10
- Education & Training	680	5	714	757	817	875	936	1,001	7
- Custom Software - Application Management	8,200 145	3 10	8,450 160	8,950 185	9,650 220	10,550 280	11,400 350	12,100 410	7 21
					1				
Systems Integration - Equipment	370 93	8	400 96	450 98	500 94	550 99	620 99	670 108	11 2
- Application Software	52	23	64	75	94	121	148	175	22
- System Software	30	7	32	36	40	39	43	47	8
- Professional Services	167	8	180	209	239	264			11
- Other	30	-7	28	27	30	28	31	34	4
Systems Operations	2,140	22	2,620	3,185	3,830	4,540	5,350	6,200	19
- Platform Operations	500	18	590	700	820	940	1,050	1,200	15
- Application Operations	1,250	20	1,500	1,800	2,120	2,500	1		18
- Desktop Services	390	36	530	685	890	1,100	1,350	1,600	25
Processing Services	2,850	0	2,850	2,835	2,845	2,860			0
- Transaction Processing	2,570	0	2,560	2,540	2,540	2,540	1		0
- Utility Processing	54	-1	54	52	52	52	51	51	-1
- Other Processing	225	4	235	245	255	270		300	5
Network Services	1,070	12	1,200	1,400	1,640	1,920		2,620	17
- Electronic Info Svcs	550	8	595	665	745	835		1,005	
- Network Applications	370	19 10	440 165	550 180	680	840			23 17
- Network Management	150		165	180	210			360	
System Software - Mainframe	2,310	2 -5	2,360	2,570	2,650			2,990	5 -3
- Minicomputer	1,090 645	-5 4	1,040 670	1,010 710	980 755	950 800	920 850	890 900	-3 6
- Workstation/PC	570	14	650	850	910	980			13
Application Software	2,500	15	2,870	3,650	4,150	4,490			
I- Mainframe	175	-3	170	165	160	155	150	145	-3
- Minicomputer	640	9	700	760					
- Workstation/PC	1,680	19	2,000	2,720	3,160				17
Turnkey Systems	2,600	6	2,750	2,950	3,150	3,500	3,850	4,200	9
- Equipment	1,170	2	1,190	1,230	1,280	1,360	i i	1,500	5
- Application Software	550	10	605	675	755	860	985	1,105	13
- System Software	160	3	165	170	175	185	195	205	4
- Professional Services	700	14	800	850		1,100			12
Equipment Services	5,850	3	6,050	6,350	6,550			7,400	4
- Equipment Maintenance	3,650	0	3,650	3,687	3,723				1
- Environmental Services	2,200	9	2,398	2,638	2,849	3,077	3,323		8
Grand Total	29,800	6	31,600	34,600	37,400	40,700	44,500	48,100	9
Information Service Market									

В

Forecast Database in U.S. Dollars

Exhibit P-3

Software and Services Market Forecast in Dollars Sweden, 1995-2000

	efilt Hig		veaen, 19		\$ Million (ro	ounded)	y		
Delivery Modes		94-95	44.	22	sini ina				95-0
	1994	· (%)	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	CAGR(%)
Software and Services Total		_						5	
(ex. Equipment Services)	3,215	7	3,445	3,795	4,160	4,565	5,035	5,480	
Professional Services	1,360	4	1,415	1,505	1,630	1,790	1,950	2,085	
- IS Consulting - Education & Training	150 92	6 5	159 96	174 102	193 1 10	216 118	240 126	261 135	10 7
- Custom Software	1,105	3	1,135	1,205	1,300	1,420	1,535	1,630	7
- Application Management	20	10	22	25	30	38	47	55	21
Systems Integration	50	8	54	61	68	74	84	90	11
- Equipment	13	3	13	13	13	14	14	15	2
- Application Software	7	23	9	10	13	16	20	24	22
- System Software	4	7	4	5	5	5	6	6	8
- Professional Services - Other	23 4	8 -7	24	28 4	32	36°	40 4	42 5	11 4
	288	22	353	429	516	611	720	835	19
Systems Operations - Platform Operations	68	18	80	429 94	111	127	142	162	15
- Application Operations	168	20	202	243	286	337	397	458	
- Desktop Services	53	36	71	92	120	148	182	215	25
Processing Services	384	0	384	382	383	385	387	391	0
- Transaction Processing	346	0	345	342	342	342	342	343	0
- Utility Processing	8	-1	7	7	7	7	7	7	-1
- Other Processing	31	4	32	33	35	37	39	41	5
Network Services	144	12	162	189	221	259	302	353	1
- Electronic Info Svcs - Network Applications	74 50	8 19	80 59	90 7 4	101 92	113 113	124 139	136 168	1
- Network Management	20	10	22	24	29	33	39	49	17
System Software	310	2	320	345					5
- Mainframe	147	-5	140	136	132	128	124	1	-3
- Minicomputer	87	4	90	96	102	108		1	
- Workstation/PC	77	14	88	115	123	132	150	162	13
Application Software	335	15	385	490	560	605	690	755	
- Mainframe	24	-3	23	22	22	21	20	20	1
- Minicomputer	86 225	9 19	94 270	103 365			133 535	146 590	
- Workstation/PC			ŀ					566	İ
Turnkey Systems - Equipment	350 158	6 2	370 160	397 166	424 173		518 19 4		1
- Application Software	74	10	82	91	102	116	1		l
- System Software	22	3	22	23	24	25		28	4
- Professional Services	94	14	108	115	128	148	168	189	12
Equipment Services	785	3	815				I.	1	1
- Equipment Maintenance	490	0	490	495				515	1
- Environmental Services	295	9	325						8
Grand Total	4,000	6	4,250	4,650	5,050	5,500	6,000	6,450	9
Information Service Market	<u> </u>								

C

Forecast Database in ECUs

Exhibit P-4

Software and Services Market Forecast in ECUs Sweden, 1995-2000

			reaen, 18		Millions (ro	ounded)			
Delivery Modes		94-95			- : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :				95-0
	1994	(%)	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	CAGR(%)
Software and Services Total (ex. Equipment Services)	2,625	7	2,810	3,095	3,390	3,720	4,105	l	
Professional Services - IS Consulting - Education & Training - Custom Software - Application Management	1,110 122 75 900 16	4 6 5 3 10	1,155 130 79 930 18	1,230 142 83 980 21	1,330 157 90 1,060 24	1,460 176 96 1,160 31	1,590 196 103 1,250 39	213 110	10 7 7
Systems Integration - Equipment - Application Software - System Software - Professional Services - Other	41 10 6 3 19	8 3 23 7 8 -7	44 11 7 4 20 3	50 11 8 4 23 3	55 11 10 4 26 3	61 11 13 4 29 3	68 11 16 5 33 3	12 19 5	11 2 22 8 11 4
Systems Operations - Platform Operations - Application Operations - Desktop Services	235 55 137 43	22 18 20 36	288 65 165 58	350 77 198 75	421 90 233 98	499 103 275 121	588 116 324 148	681 132 373 176	18
Processing Services - Transaction Processing - Utility Processing - Other Processing	313 282 6 25	0 0 -1 4	313 281 6 26	312 279 6 27	313 279 6 28	314 279 6 30	316 279 6 32		0 -1
Network Services - Electronic Info Svcs - Network Applications - Network Management	118 61 41 17	12 8 19 10	132 66 49 18	154 73 61 20	180 82 75 23	211 92 92 27	246 101 113 32	111 137	11 23
System Software - Mainframe - Minicomputer - Workstation/PC	255 120 71 63	2 -5 4 14	260 114 74 72	280 111 78 94	290 108 83 100	300 105 88 108	101	98 99	-3 6
Application Software - Mainframe - Minicomputer - Workstation/PC	275 19 71 185	15 -3 9 19	315 19 77 220	400 18 84 299	455 18 91 347	495 17 100 376	560 17 109 437	16 119	-3 9
Turnkey Systems - Equipment - Application Software - System Software - Professional Services	286 129 61 18 77	6 2 10 3 14	302 131 67 18 88	324 135 74 19	346 141 83 19 105	384 150 95 20 121	423 158 108 21 137		5 13 4
Equipment Services - Equipment Maintenance - Environmental Services	640 400 240	3 0 9	665 400 265	695 405 290	720 410 315	750 415 340	365	390	8
Grand Total Information Service Market	3,250	6	3,450	3,800	4,100	4,450	4,900	5,300	9

D

Information Services Forecast Reconciliation in Local Currency

Exhibit P-5

Forecast Reconciliation, Sweden, 1994-1999

Currency: SK Millions		1994 N		,	uen, 199	1999 N	Market		1994	1995
	1994	1995	1994-1	995	1994	1995	1994-	1995	Report	Report
Delivery Mode	Report	Report	Variar	nce	Report	Report	Varia	nce	%CAGR	%CAGR
	(Fcst)	(Act)	(Amount)	(%)	(Fcst)	(Fcst)	(Amount)	(%)	(Fcst)	(Fcst)
Software and Services Total										
(ex Equipment Services)	23,700	23,900	200	1	36,600	37,400	800	2	9	9
Professional Services	10,100	10,100		0	14,600	14,500	1	-1	8	8
- IS Consulting	1,110	1,110	1	0	1,800	1,780		-1	10	10
- Education & Training	680	680	0	0	970	936	-34	-4	7 7	7 7
- Custom Software - Application Management	8,200 125	8,200 145	0 20	0 16	11,500 280	11,400 350	I 1	-1 25	18	19
Systems Integration	640	370	-270	-42	1,140	620		-46	12	11
- Equipment	165	93	-270 -72	-44	240		-141	- 4 0 -59	8	1
- Application Software	135	52	-83	-61	370	148	-222	-60	22	23
- System Software	46	30	-16	-35	69	43	-26	-38	8	7
- Professional Services	275	167	-108	-39	395	296	-99	-25	8	12
- Other	18	30	12	67	61	31	-30	-49	28	1
Systems Operations	1,720	2,140	420	24	4,615	5,350	1	l .	22	20
- Platform Operations	435	500	65	15	875	1,050	1		15	16
- Application Operations	1,000	1,250 390	250 105	25 37	2,690	2,950			22	19 28
- Desktop Services	285				1,050	1,350				
Processing Services - Transaction Processing	2,850 2,570	2,850 2,570	1 1	0	2,840 2,510	2,875 2,540	1	1	0	0
- Utility Processing	2,370 54	2,370 54	1	1	2,310	2,340 51	2	3	-2	-1
- Other Processing	225	225	Ö	0	280	285	1	2	4	5
Network Services	990	1,070	80	8	2,080	2,240	160	8	16	16
- Electronic Info Svcs	550	550	0	0	915			1	11	11
- Network Applications	370	370	0	0	1,010	1,030		2	22	23
- Network Management	70	150	80	114	150	290	140	93	16	14
System Software	2,310		á I	0	2,760	2,880		4	4	5
- Mainframe	1,090	1,090		0	920	920		0	-3	-3
- Minicomputer	645	645	l 1	0	850	850		0	6 12	6 14
- Workstation/PC	570	570	0	0	990	1,110	1			1
Application Software	2,500	2,500 175	0	0	4,590 150	5,120 150	l .	12 0	13	15 -3
- Mainframe - Minicomputer	175 640	640	0	0	965		i .	3	9	9
- Workstation/PC	1,680	1,680	_	0	3,470	1	ľ	ı	16	19
Turnkey Systems	2,600	2,600	1	0	3,950	3,850		!	9	8
- Equipment	1,170			0	1,440	1,440	i	0	4	4
- Application Software	550	550		0	975	985	10	1	12	12
- System Software	160	l	0	0	190	195		3	3	4
- Professional Services	700	700	0	0	1,350	1,250		-7	14	12
Equipment Services	5,800	5,850		1	6,950	7,100	1	2	4	4
- Equipment Maintenance	3,650	3,650	1	0	3,790	1	1	0	1	1
- Environmental Services	2,150	ľ	1	2	3,150	l	1	1	8	9
Grand Total	29,500	29,800	300	1	43,500	44,500	1,000	2	8	8





Information Services Industry Forecast Database, 1995-2000 Switzerland

Α

Forecast Database in Local Currency (SF Millions)

Exhibit Q-1

Top Level IT Expenditure, Switzerland

	SF Millions										
	#5	94-95							95-0		
Sector	1994	- (%)	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	CAGR (%)		
Total IT Spending	15,000	3	15,400	15,900	16,500	17,100	17,800	18,500	4		
Equipment Sales	3,450	3	3,550	3,650	3,850	3,950	4,100	4,300	4		
Mainframe	960	-11	850	750	670	590	510	450	-12		
Minicomputer	610	7	650	710	770	820	870	940	8		
PC/Workstation	1,900	8	2,050	2,200	2,400	2,550	2,700	2,900	7		
Equipment Services	1,360	1	1,380	1,410	1,450	1,480	1,510	1,550	2		
Software Products	1,290	8	1,390	1,595	1,725	1,820	2,005	2,145	9		
Other Information Services	2,250	9	2,450	2,650	2,900	3,300	3,650	4,050	11		
Data Communications	1,250	4	1,300	1,350	1,400	1,450	1,500	1,550	4		
Facilities/Administration	1,000	0	1,000	1,050	1,050	1,100	1,100	1,100	2		
In-house Staff	4,400	-2	4,300	4,200	4,100	4,000	3,900	3,800	-2		

Exhibit Q-2

Information Services Market Forecast by Delivery Mode and Submode Switzerland, 1995-2000

	- { ' ×	SWITZERIAND, 1995-2000 SF Millions									
Delivery Modes		94-95			× ,	÷ ×			95-0		
	1994	(%)	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	CAGR(%)		
Software and Services Total	3.050	0	4.250	4.700	E 100	E 600	. 6 200	6.750	10		
(ex. Equipment Services) Professional Services	3,950 970	8	4,250	4,700 1,050	5,100			i			
- IS Consulting	120	8	1,000 130	1,050 1 4 5	1,120 165	1,210 190	,				
- Education & Training	160	2	163	168	175	184	193	1	5		
- Custom Software	685	2	700	730	770	830)		
- Application Management	6	17	7:	7	8	10	13	15	16		
Systems Integration	210 53	10 0	230 53	250 56	285 54	315 54	345		1		
- Equipment - Application Software	29	21	35	43	54 54	73	56 83	59 96	2 22		
- System Software	17	6	18	18	20	22	24	26	8		
- Professional Services	95	12	106	117	137	149	167	174	10		
- Other	17	6	18	18	20	19	17	15	-4		
Systems Operations	103	19 17	123	150	184 37	226	275	1	22		
- Platform Operations - Application Operations	23 65	20	27 78	32 95	117	43 145	50 175	55 210	15 22		
- Desktop Services	15	20	18	23	30	38	50	62	28		
Processing Services	485	7	520	550	590	630	680	730	7		
- Transaction Processing	420	7	450	475	510	545	585	1	7		
- Utility Processing - Other Processing	17 48	0	17 52	18 57	18 62	18 67	19 7 4	19 80	2 9		
Network Services	265	11	295	345	400	465					
- Electronic Info Svcs	190	8	295	230	260	290					
- Network Applications	65	23	80	100	125	160	l .				
- Network Management	11	9	12	13	15	17	20	23	14		
System Software	760	4	790	845	875	910		1	5		
- Mainframe - Minicomputer	335 240	-4 4	320 250	3 0 5 260	295 275	285 290			-3 6		
- Workstation/PC	185	19	220	280	305	335			1		
Application Software	530	13	600	750	850	910		ļ	13		
- Mainframe	60	-3	58	57	55	53	52	50	-3		
- Minicomputer	150	10	165	180	200	220	240		10		
- Workstation/PC	320	19	380	515	590	635			16		
Turnkey Systems - Equipment	630 335	6 4	670 350	740 375	810 400	910 435	,		11 8		
- Application Software	90	11	100	115	130	150	175		15		
- System Software	35	0	35	40	45	50	55	60	11		
- Professional Services	170	9	185	210	235	270	305		13		
Equipment Services	1,360	1	1,380	1,410	1,450	1,480			2		
- Equipment Maintenance - Environmental Services	775 580	0 5	775 609	775 639	775 671	767 712	760 754	752 80 0	-1 6		
Grand Total	5,300	6	5,600	6,100							
Information Service Market	3,300	U	3,000	0,100	0,550	7,000	7,700	0,500	3		

В

Forecast Database in U.S. Dollars

Exhibit Q-3

Software and Services Market Forecast in Dollars Switzerland, 1995-2000

			zeriana,		Million (ro	ounded)			
Delivery Modes		94-95	4005	* ***	4007	1000	1000	2000	95-0
	1994	(%)	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	CAGR(%)
Software and Services Total (ex. Equipment Services)	3,015	8	3,245	3,590	3,895	4,275	4,735	5,155	10
Professional Services	740	3	765	800	855	925	1,010	1,105	8
- IS Consulting	92	8	99	111	126	145	1,010	195	
- Education & Training	122	2	125	128	134	141	148	156	5
- Custom Software	525	2	535	555	590	635	685	745	
- Application Management	5	17	5	5	6	8	10	11	16
Systems Integration	161	10	176	191	218	241	264	283	10
- Equipment	41	0	41	43	41	41	43	45	2
- Application Software - System Software	22 13	21 6	27 14	33 14	41 15	56) 17	63 18	73 20	22 8
- Professional Services	73	12	81	90	105	114	128	133	
- Other	13	6	14	14	15	15	13	11	-4
Systems Operations	79	19	94	115	141	173	210	250	22
- Platform Operations	18	17	21	25	28	33	38	42	15
- Application Operations	50	20	60	73	90	111	134	161	22
- Desktop Services	11	20	14	18	23	29	38	47	28
Processing Services	370	7	397	420	451	481	519	558	
- Transaction Processing	321	7	344	363	390	416		481	7
- Utility Processing	13 37	0 8	13	14	14 48	14 51	15 57	15 61	2 9
- Other Processing		_	40	44					ļ
Network Services	203 145	11 8	225 157	264 176	306 199	355 222	416 248	481 271	16 12
- Electronic Info Svcs - Network Applications	50	23	61	77	96	122	153	l	1
- Network Management	9	9	9	10	12	13	16	18	
System Software	580	4	605	645	670	695	745	780	5
- Mainframe	256	-4	245	233	225	218		1	
- Minicomputer	183	4	191	199	210	222	237	252	1
- Workstation/PC	141	19	168	214	233	256	294	325	14
Application Software	405	13	460	575	650	695	785	855	
- Mainframe	46	-3	45	44	42	41	40	38	
- Minicomputer	115	10	126	138	153	168	183 560	203 615	1
- Workstation/PC	245	19	290	395	450	485		\	1
Turnkey Systems	481	6	512	565 287	619 306	695 332	i .	848 390	1
- Equipment - Application Software	256 69	4 11	267 77	88	99	115	ł .		l .
- System Software	27	0	27	31	34	38	i .	46	
- Professional Services	130	9	141	161	180	206	1	1	
Equipment Services	1,040	1	1,055	1,075	1,105	1,130	1,155	1,185	2
- Equipment Maintenance	590	0	590	590	590	585	580	575	-1
- Environmental Services	445	5	465	490	510	545	575	610	6
Grand Total	4,050	6	4,250	4,650	5,000	5,400	5,900	6,350	8
Information Service Market									

C

Forecast Database in ECUs

Exhibit Q-4

Software and Services Market Forecast in ECUs Switzerland, 1995-2000

			zeriano,		Millions (n	ounded)	ww.: - Pi		
Delivery Modes	1994	94-95 (%)	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	95-0 CACR(()
Software and Services Total (ex. Equipment Services)	2,470	8	2,655	2,940	3,190				CAGR(%) 10
Professional Services - IS Consulting - Education & Training - Custom Software - Application Management	605 75 100 430 4	3 8 2 2 17	625 82 102 440 5	655 91 105 455 5	700 103 110 480 5	119 11 5	138 121	160 128	
Systems Integration - Equipment - Application Software - System Software - Professional Services - Other	132 33 18 11 60 11	10 0 21 6 12 6	144 33 22 11 67 11	157 35 27 11 73	178 34 34 13 86 13	197 34 46 14 93 12	216 35 52 15 105	60 1 6	10 2 22 8 10 -4
Systems Operations - Platform Operations - Application Operations - Desktop Services	65 15 41 9	19 17 20 20	77 17 49 11	94 20 60 14	115 23 73 19	142 27 91 24	172 32 110 31	205 35 132 39	22 15 22 28
Processing Services - Transaction Processing - Utility Processing - Other Processing	303 263 11 30	7 7 0 8	325 282 11 33	344 297 12 36	369 319 12 39		424 366 12 47	456 394 12 50	
Network Services - Electronic Info Svcs - Network Applications - Network Management	166 119 41 7	11 8 23 9	185 128 50 8	216 144 63 8	250 163 78 10	182	203	157	16 12 26 14
System Software - Mainframe - Minicomputer - Workstation/PC	475 210 150 116	4 -4 4 19	495 200 157 138	530 191 163 175	545 185 172 191	570 178 182 210	175		5 -3 6 14
Application Software - Mainframe - Minicomputer - Workstation/PC	330 38 94 200	13 -3 10 19	375 37 103 238	470 36 113 322	530 35 125 369	33 138	645 33 150 460	32	13 -3 10 16
Turnkey Systems - Equipment - Application Software - System Software - Professional Services	394 210 57 22 107	6 4 11 0 9	419 219 63 22 116	463 235 72 25 132	507 250 82 28 147	569 272 94 31 169	632 297 110 34 191	694 319 125 38 213	15 11
Equipment Services - Equipment Maintenance - Environmental Services	850 485 365	1 0 5	865 485 380	880 485 400	905 485 420	480 445	945 475 470	470 500	- 1 6
Grand Total Information Service Market	3,300	6	3,500	3,800	4,100	4,400	4,800	5,200	8

D

Information Services Forecast Reconciliation in Local Currency

Exhibit Q-5

Forecast Reconciliation, Switzerland, 1994-1999

Currency: SF Millions		1994 N			ilaliu, 13	1999 N	/larket		1994	1995
27	1994	1995	1994-1	995	1994	1995	1994-1	995	Report	Report
Delivery Mode	Report	Report	- Variar	nce	Report	Report	⊹Varia	nce	%CAGR	%CAGR
	(Fcst)	(Act)	(Amount)	(%)	(Fcst)	(Fost)	(Amount)	(%)	(Fcst)	(Fcst)
Software and Services Total										
(ex Equipment Services)	4,000	3,950	-50	-1	6,150	6,200	50	1	9	9
Professional Services	970	970	0	0	1,380	1,320		-4	7	6
- IS Consulting	120	120	0	0	225	220		-2	13	13
- Education & Training	160	160	0	0	205	193		-6	5	4 5
Custom SoftwareApplication Management	685 6	6 85	0	0	935 19	895 13	-40 -6	-4 -32	6 26	17
•	270	210	-60	-22	410	345		-16	9	10
Systems Integration - Equipment	70	53	-00 -17	-22 -24	90	56	-34	-38	5	10
- Application Software	55	29	-26	-47	120	83	-37	-31	17	23
- System Software	22	17	-5	-23	30	24	-6	-20	6	7
- Professional Services	115	95	-20	-17	160	167	7	4	7	12
- Other	6	17	11	183	11	17	6	55	13	0
Systems Operations	103	103		0	241	275	1 1	14	19	22
- Platform Operations	23	23	0	0	41	50	9	22	12	17
- Application Operations	66 14	65 15	-1 1	-2 7	150 50	175 50	25 0	17 0	18 29	22 27
- Desktop Services				,					29	1
Processing Services - Transaction Processing	485 420	485 420	0	0	665 575	680 585	15 10	2 2	6	7 7
- Utility Processing	17	17		0	19	19	ł I	0	2	2
- Other Processing	48	48	0	0	72	74	2	3	8	9
Network Services	265	265	0	0	560	545	-15	-3	16	16
- Electronic Info Svcs	190	190	0	0	320	325		2	11	11
- Network Applications	65	65	0	0	215	200		-7	27	25
- Network Management	11	11	0	0	23	20	-3	-13	16	13
System Software	760	760	0	0	930	975		5	4	5
- Mainframe	335	335	1	0	280	280	1	0	-4 5	-4
- Minicomputer - Workstation/PC	240 185	240 185	0	0	305 345	310 385	l i	2 12	13	5 16
	530	530		0	920	1,030		12	12	14
Application Software - Mainframe	60	60		0	50	1,030	2	4	-4	-3
- Minicomputer	150	150	0	0	230	240		4	9	10
- Workstation/PC	320	320	0	0	640	735	I I	15	15	18
Turnkey Systems	630	630	0	0	1,020	1,010	-10	-1	10	10
- Equipment	335	335	0	0	480	475	1	-1	7	7
- Application Software	90	90	0	0	175	175		0	14	14
- System Software	35	35		0	60	55 305		-8	11	9
- Professional Services	170	170		0	300	305		2	12	12
Equipment Services	1,360	1,360		0	1,470 745	1,510 760	1	3 2	2 -1	2
- Equipment Maintenance - Environmental Services	775 580	775 580	0	0	745	750 754		4	5	0 5
	i		-50	•	7,600			1	7	8
Grand Total	5,350	5,300	-50	-	7,000	1,700	100	1		





Information Services Industry Forecast Database, 1995-2000 UK

A

Forecast Database in Local Currency (Ps Millions)

Exhibit R-1

Top Level IT Expenditure, UK

	-	-			Ps Million	\$			
		94-95							95-0
Sector	1994	(%)	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	CAGR (%)
Total IT Spending	25,000	0	25,000	26,000	26,000	27,000	28,000	28,000	2
Equipment Sales	4,300	-5	4,100	4,000	3,900	3,700	3,600	3,500	-3
Mainframe	850	-6	800	630	540	470	410	350	-15
Minicomputer	1,200	-4	1,150	1,115	1,085	1,040	995	965	-3
PC/Workstation	2,250	-4	2,155	2,220	2,240	2,220	2,240	2,185	0
Equipment Services	2,370	0	2,360	2,345	2,330	2,310	2,290	2,280	-1
Software Products	2,070	11	2,295	2,660	2,865	3,010	3,250	3,390	8
Other Information Services	5,700	12	6,400	7,100	7,800	8,700	9,600	10,600	11
Data Communications	1,670	7	1,785	1,875	1,985	2,080	2,140	2,225	5
Facilities/Administration	2,620	-5	2,490	2,370	2,290	2,255	2,200	2,150	-3
In-house Staff	6,300	-6	5,900	5,550	5,200	4,800	4,500	4,300	-6

Exhibit R-2

Information Services Market Forecast by Delivery Mode and Submode UK, 1995-2000

		-			Ps Million	\$			
Delivery Modes	-	94-95				- ×			95-0
	1994	(%)	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	CAGR(%)
Software and Services Total	0.700	4.0		40.700		40.000	44000	15.000	
(ex. Equipment Services)	8,700	10	9,600	10,700	11,700	12,800	14,000	15,200	10
Professional Services	1,965	3	2,015	2,080	2,130	2,175	2,200	2,230	2
- IS Consulting	450	10 5	495	550	595	655	720		10
- Education & Training - Custom Software	200 1,270	-2	210 1,250	225 1,230	238 1,200	252 1,150	268 1,065		6 -5
- Application Management	45	33	1,230	75	95	1,130	1,005	170	23
Systems Integration	876	14	997	1,146	1,317	1,500	1,696		14
- Equipment	219	5	229	229	250	270	271	309	6
- Application Software	158	20	189	241	303	360	458		23
- System Software	61	15	70	80	92	105	119	135	14
- Professional Services	412	16	479	550	619	690	763		12
- Other	26	15	30	46	53	75	85	97	26
Systems Operations	800	28	1,020	1,290	1,560	1,860	2,180		20
- Platform Operations	220	11	245	280	300	330	360		9
- Application Operations	490	35	660	860	1,075	1,300	1,550	1	22
- Desktop Services	85	29	110	145	180	225	270		24
Processing Services	570	7	610	625	660	690	725	765	5
- Transaction Processing - Utility Processing	430 15	5 0	450 15	450 15	465 15	470 15	480 15	490 15	2
- Other Processing	125	16	145	160	180	205	230		12
Network Services	1,010	16	1,170	1,355	1,565	1,805	2,075		15
- Electronic Info Svcs	650	12	730	815	905	995	1,095	1,170	10
- Network Applications	270	26	340	430	535	665	805	980	24
- Network Management	90	11	100	110	125	145	175	1	17
System Software	1,250	8	1,350	1,480	1,535	1,580	1,660	1,705	5
- Mainframe	500	-5	475	445	430	410	390	355	-6
- Minicomputer	400	10	440	475	500	525	550		
- Workstation/PC	350	24	435	560	605	645	720	770	12
Application Software	820	15	945	1,180		1,430	1,590		12
- Mainframe	62	-5	59	56	52	50	48	46	-5
- Minicomputer	220	9	240	255	275	295	315		7 15
- Workstation/PC	538	20	645	870	1,005	1,085	1,225		15
Turnkey Systems	1,365	6	1,450	1,515	1,600	1,735	1,855	1	7
- Equipment - Application Software	680 230	5 11	715 255	745 260	785 275	835 310	880 330	l I	5 8
- System Software	115	4	120	130	140	150	165		8
- Professional Services	340	6	360	380	400	440	480	530	8
Equipment Services	2,370	0	2,360	2,345	2,330	2,310	2,290		-1
- Equipment Maintenance	1,460	-5	1,387	1,304	1,213	1,128	1,037	954	-7
- Environmental Services	910	7	974	1,042	1,115	1,182	1,253		6
Grand Total	11,000	8	11,900	13,000	14,000	15,100	16,300	17,500	8
Information Service Market									

В

Forecast Database in U.S. Dollars

Exhibit R-3

Software and Services Market Forecast in Dollars UK. 1995-2000

			UK, 1995		2 2 1 1 1 1 7				
	Nil sign - ii	0.4.05		U.S. \$	\$ Million (ro	ounded)	× ×-	- :h - ;;- :h'; -	0.50
Delivery Modes	1994	94-95 (%)	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	95-0 CAGR(%)
Software and Services Total (ex. Equipment Services)	13,600	10	15,000	16,700	18,300	20,000	21,900	23,800	10
Professional Services - IS Consulting - Education & Training	3,100 700 310	3 10 5	3,200 770 330	3,300 860 350	3,300 930 370	3,400 1,030 390	3,400 1,130 420	3,500 1,240 440	2 10 6
- Custom Software - Application Management	2,000 70	-2 33	2,000 94	1,900 117	1,900 149	1,800 188	1,700 227	1,500 266	-5 23
Systems Integration - Equipment - Application Software - System Software - Professional Services - Other	1,370 340 247 95 640 41	14 5 20 15 16 15	1,560 360 296 110 750 47	1,790 360 377 125 860 72	2,060 390 474 144 970 83	2,350 420 563 164 1,080 117	2,650 420 717 186 1,190 133	3,030 480 847 211 1,330 152	14 6 23 14 12 26
Systems Operations - Platform Operations - Application Operations - Desktop Services	1,250 340 770 133	28 11 35 29	1,600 380 1,030 172	2,020 440 1,350 227	2,440 470 1,680 282	2,910 520 2,030 352	3,410 560 2,430 423	3,900 590 2,790 509	20 9 22 24
Processing Services - Transaction Processing - Utility Processing - Other Processing	890 670 20 200	7 5 0 16	950 700 20 230	980 700 20 250	1,030 730 20 280	1,080 740 20 320	1,130 750 20 360	770 20	5 2 0 12
Network Services - Electronic Info Svcs - Network Applications - Network Management	1,580 1,020 420 140	16 12 26 11	1,830 1,140 530 160	2,120 1,280 670 170	2,450 1,420 840 200	2,820 1,560 1,040 230	3,250 1,710 1,260 270	3,700 1,830 1,530 340	10 24
System Software - Mainframe - Minicomputer - Workstation/PC	2,000 780 630 550	8 -5 10 24	2,100 740 690 680	2,300 700 740 880	2,400 670 780 950	2,500 640 820 1,010	2,600 610 860 1,130	910	-6 6
Application Software - Mainframe - Minicomputer - Workstation/PC	1,300 100 340 800	15 -5 9 20	1,500 90 380 1,000	1,800 90 400 1,400	2,100 80 430 1,600	2,200 80 460 1,700	2,500 70 490 1,900	70 530	-5 7
Turnkey Systems - Equipment - Application Software - System Software - Professional Services	2,140 1,060 360 180 530	11 4	2,270 1,120 400 188 560	2,370 1,170 410 203 590	2,500 1,230 430 219 630	2,720 1,310 490 235 690	2,900 1,380 520 258 750	1,450 590 274	5 8 8
Equipment Services - Equipment Maintenance - Environmental Services Grand Total	3,700 2,300 1,400 17,000	-5 7	3,700 2,200 1,500 19,000	3,700 2,000 1,600 20,000	3,600 1,900 1,700 22,000	3,600 1,800 1,800 24,000	3,600 1,600 2,000 26,000	3,600 1,500 2,100 27,000	-1 -7 6
Information Service Market	17,000	0	13,000	20,000	22,000	24,000	20,000	27,000	J

C

Forecast Database in ECUs

Exhibit R-4

Software and Services Market Forecast in ECUs UK, 1995-2000

			UK, 1990		Millions (ro	unded)	:000		
Delivery Modes		94-95		200	TAUMOND (10	onaca)			95-0
7	1994	(%)	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	CAGR(%)
Software and Services Total (ex. Equipment Services)	11,100		12,200	13,600	14,900	16,300	17,900		
Professional Services	2,500	3	2,600	2,700	2,700	2,800	2,800	2,800	2
- IS Consulting	570	10	630	700	760	840	920	1,010	
- Education & Training	260	5 -2	270	290	300	320 4 500	340		
- Custom Software - Application Management	1,600 60	-2 33	1,600 80	1,600 100	1,500 120	1,500 150		1,300 220	
		14	1,270			1,910			
Systems Integration - Equipment	1,120 280	5	290	1,460 290		340	2,160 350	2,470 390	
- Application Software	202	20	241	307	386	459		690	
- System Software	78	15	89	102	117	134	152	172	14
- Professional Services	530	16	610	700	790	880	970	1,090	
- Other	33	15	38	59	68	96	108	124	26
Systems Operations	1,020	28	1,300	1,650	1,990	2,370	2,780	1 '	i
- Platform Operations	280	11	310	360	380	420	460	l .	
- Application Operations	630	35	840	1,100	1,370	1,660	1,980	; ·	
- Desktop Services	108	29	140	185	230	287	344	ł	
Processing Services - Transaction Processing	730 550	7 5	780 570	800 570	840 590	880 600	920 610		
- Utility Processing	20	0	20	20	20	20	20	20	0
- Other Processing	160	16	180	200	230	260		1	
Network Services	1,290	16	1,490	1,730		2,300			
- Electronic Info Svcs	830	12	930	1,040	1,150	1,270	1,400	ı	
- Network Applications	340	26	430	550	1	850	1,030	1	
- Network Management	110	11	130	140	160	180	220	270	17
System Software	1,600	8	1,700	1,900	2,000	2,000	2,100	2,200	
- Mainframe	640	-5	610	570	550	520		Ī	
- Minicomputer	510	10	560	610		670		740	•
- Workstation/PC	450	24	550	710	770	820		980	
Application Software	1,000	15	1,200	1,500	: 1	1,800		1	
- Mainframe - Minicomputer	80 280	-5 9	80 310	70 330	70 350	60 380	l		-5 7
- Workstation/PC	690	20	820	1,110		1,380		l .	15
Turnkey Systems	1,740	6	1,850	1,930		2,210			
- Equipment	870	5	910	950		1,070			
- Application Software	290	11	330	330		400	420		
- System Software	147	4	153	166	179	191	210	223	8
- Professional Services	430	6	460	480	510	560	610	680	8
Equipment Services	3,000	0	3,000	3,000	3,000	2,900	,		
- Equipment Maintenance	1,900		1,800	1,700	1 1	1,400			1
- Environmental Services	1,200	7	1,200	1,300		1,500		1,700	
Grand Total	14,000	8	15,000	17,000	18,000	19,000	21,000	22,000	8
Information Service Market									

D

Information Services Forecast Reconciliation in Local Currency

Exhibit R-5

Forecast Reconciliation, UK, 1994-1999

Currency: Ps Millions		1994.1		,	N, 1994-1	1999 N	/larket		1994	1995
The state of the s	1994	1995	1994-1	995	1994	1995	1994-1	1995	Report	Report
Delivery Mode	Report	Report	Variar	- 1	Report	Report	Varia	nce	%CAGR	150.500
	(Fcst)	(Act)	(Amount)	(%)	(Fcst)	(Fcst)	(Amount)	(%)	(Fcst)	(Fcst)
Software and Services Total										
(ex Equipment Services)	7,650	7,900	250	3	12,550	12,000	-550	-4	10	9
Professional Services	1,850	1,930	80	4	1,780	2,080	300	17	-1	2
- IS Consulting	435	410	-25	-6	630	660		5	8	10
- Education & Training	195	195	0	0	240	215	l i	-10	4	2
- Custom Software	1,190	1,290		8	720	1,080	1 1	50	-10	-3
- Application Management	35	35	0	0	195	125	1	-36	41	29
Systems Integration	735	775		5	1,990	1,335	1 1	-33	22	11
- Equipment	200	200	0	0	410	310		-24	15	9
- Application Software	130	130	0	0	715	395		-45 20	41	25 7
- System Software - Professional Services	60 330	60 370	0 40	0 12	140 665	85 515	1 1	-39 -23	18 15	7
- Other	15	15	0	0	58	28	-30	-23 -52	31	13
Systems Operations	585	590	5	1	1,565	1,635		4	22	23
- Platform Operations	310	150	-160	-52	700	340		-51	18	18
- Application Operations	210	375	165	1	680	1,080	ŧ 1	59	26	24
- Desktop Services	65	65	0	0	190	215		13	24	27
Processing Services	530	530	0	0	785	680	-105	-13	8	5
- Transaction Processing	405	410	5	1	475	460	1 1	-3	3	2
- Utility Processing	15	15	0	0	15	15	0	0	0	0
- Other Processing	110	110	0	0	295	205	-90	-31	22	13
Network Services	850	870	20	2	1,830	1,760	-70	-4	17	15
- Electronic Info Svcs	550	580	30	5	670	980	i i	46	4	11
- Network Applications	225			-4	915			-31	32	24
- Network Management	75	75	0	0	245	150	-95	-39	27	15
System Software	1,150	1,190	1	3	1,650	1	1 (-12	7	4
- Mainframe	485	525	1	8	345	410		19	-7	-5
- Minicomputer	360	365	1	1	510	500		-2	7	6
- Workstation/PC	305			-2	795	540	1		21	12
Application Software	690	730		6	1,150	1	1	10	11	12
- Mainframe	60	65	1	8	45	50	I .	11 16	-6 7	-5 7
- Minicomputer	180 450	205 460	25 10	14 2	250 855	I	I I	9	14	15
- Workstation/PC		1		[1	}			7	
Turnkey Systems	1,270 660	1,290 650	1	-2	1,780 845	1,740 840		-2 -1	5	6 5
- Equipment - Application Software	290	210	-80	-28	450	300	1	-33	9	7
- System Software	16	110		588	21	155		638	6	7
I- Professional Services	305		1	t .	470	450		-4	9	7
Equipment Services	2,450		1		2,560		ł	-13	1	-1
- Equipment Maintenance	1,600	1		1	1,480	1	1	-24	-2	-6
- Environmental Services	850		1	1	1,080	1	l .	4	5	6
Grand Total	10,100	10,300	200	2	15,100	14,200	-900	-6	8	7





Economic Assumptions

INPUT reports are based principally on three strands of research activity conducted throughout the year:

- A vendor research programme with more than 500 interviews with prominent software and services vendors across Europe. This research assesses their attributable revenues in each country by delivery mode and, where possible, by industry sector. INPUT consultants use their own judgement in many cases to categorise revenues into sub-sectors. In particular INPUT excludes revenues considered captive, such as those from a vendor's parent company.
- Several hundred vendor and user interviews across all European market sectors to determine trends and opinions. These interviews are part of the research that INPUT carries out in specific sectors of the software and services market. In 1993, for example, INPUT produced reports on over 20 different software and services market sectors.
- Additionally, INPUT maintains an extensive library and database relating to the information services industry.

All the forecasts from these activities are produced in local currency for each country, then consolidated with common economic and exchange rate data to produce a top level forecast. This is done for software and services in each country and in Europe as a whole. At each stage it is examined for reasonableness and consistency.

The forecasts also benefit from assignments for and feedback from INPUT clients, who include over 100 of the leading vendors of software and services around the world. For example, INPUT supplied an economic model to a market leading client on the potential effect of rising commodity prices on forecast software and services growth rates.

In order to consolidate INPUT's forecasts and vendor data into a consistent set of European analyses each year, it is essential to use a standard set of economic factors. The following pages show the inflation and exchange rates in use for 1995 studies.

A

European Exchange Rates

The following table, Exhibit S-1, shows the standard exchange rates used throughout the 1995 programme to consolidate country market data for overall European forecasts.

Exhibit S-1

US Dollar and ECU Exchange Rates 1995

Country	Currency	US Dollar	ECU
Europe	\$	1	0.815
France	FF	5.34	6.54
Germany	DM	1.55	1.90
United Kingdom	PS	0.639	0.784
Italy	Lira (K)	1.62	1.99
Sweden	Sek	7.43	9.11
Denmark	DK	6.08	7.45
Norway	NK	6.76	8.29
Finland	FM	4.74	5.82
Netherlands	Dfl	1.74	2.13
Belgium	BF	31.8	39.0
Switzerland	SF	1.31	1.6
Austria	Sch	10.9	13.4
Spain	Ptas	131.6	161.4
Ireland	IP	0.647	0.794
Portugal	Esc	159.2	195.2
Greece	Dra	240.6	295.2

Source: Financial Time January 1995

R

European Inflation Rates

Exhibit S-2 shows the average five year inflation assumptions for each reported country and the changes from those used in reports produced in the previous year. All INPUT forecasts include the effects of inflation as well as natural market growth rates. For consistency, the same inflation rates are used throughout all the different market sector research and analysis during the calendar year, unless specified otherwise.

Exhibit S-2

Inflation Assumptions 1994-1999 and 1995-2000

Country	Assumption 1994-1999	Assumption 1995-2000	Change
France	1.9	1.9	_
Germany	2.9	2.4	-0.5
United Kingdom	3.0	2.9	-0.1
Italy	3.2	3.2	_
Sweden	2.0	2.4	0.4
Denmark	2.6	2.8	0.2
Norway	1.5	2.3	0.8
Finland	2.0	3.2	1.2
Netherlands	2.0	2.3	0.3
Belgium	2.2	2.4	0.2
Switzerland	1.7	2.1	0.4
Austria	2.8	3.1	0.3
Spain	3.4	2.6	-0.8
Portugal	4.8	3.8	-1.0
Greece	11.2	5.3	-5.9
Ireland	3.3	2.8	-0.5
Eastern Europe		_	_
European Average	2.8	2.6	-0.2

Source: OECD 1994

The economic growth measurements and predictions from OECD forecasts are listed in Exhibit S-3.

Exhibit S-3

GDP Growth Rate Assumptions

Country	1993 (%)	1994 (%)	1995 (%)	1996 (%)
Austria	-0.3	2.6	3.0	3.1
Belgium	-1.7	2.3	3.0	3.1
Denmark	1.4	4.7	3.3	2.9
Finland	-2.0	3.5	4.8	3.9
France	-1.0	2.2	3.1	3.2
Germany	-1.1	2.8	2.8	3.5
Greece	-0.5	1.0	1.5	2.3
Ireland	4.0	5.0	5.0	4.6
Italy	-0.7	2.2	2.7	2.9
Netherlands	0.4	2.5	2.9	3.2
Norway	2.2	3.6	2.9	2.3
Portugal	-1.1	1.0	2.6	2.9
Spain	-1.0	1.7	2.9	3.3
Sweden	-2.1	2.3	2.3	2.5
Switzerland	-0.9	1.7	2.2	2.7
United Kingdom	2.0	3.5	3.4	3.0
EC	-0.3	2.5	3.0	3.2

Source: OECD 1994

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Forecast Reconciliation

No changes were made in INPUT's Definition of Terms between 1994 and 1995.

The analyses provided continue to show a total for the software and services market which excludes the equipment services sector as well as a total which includes it and which, for convenience, is labelled the information services market. This allows for a comparison with previous INPUT analyses.

Forecast reconciliation tables are provided for each individual country market and for Europe as a whole. These can be found within the country specific Appendices B through Q and for Europe in Appendix A.

Forecast reconciliations are in local currency for each country market, and are the fifth exhibit in each specific country appendix.

For Europe as a whole the forecast reconciliation is contained in Exhibit A in US dollars.

Exhibit T-1 shows the percentage change for each country market resulting from changes in the US dollar exchange rates from those used in 1994.

In overall terms these changes reduce the European market, measured in US dollars, by approximately ten per cent.

The impact on some country markets is considerable, notably for Finland (18.1).

Exhibit T-1

Impact of US Dollar Exchange Rate Changes, 1994-1995

Country	Currency	Percentage decrease in market from exchange rate changes
France	FF	9.5
Germany	DM	10.9
United Kingdom	PS	5.5
Italy	Lira (K)	5.3
Sweden	SEK	10.9
Denmark	DK	10.5
Norway	NK	10.1
Finland	FM	18.1
Netherlands	Dfl	10.3
Belgium	BF	12.0
Switzerland	SF	5.8
Austria	Sch	10.6
Spain	Ptas	7.9
Ireland	IP	3.5
Portugal	Esc	8.9
Greece	Dra	9.9

Source: Financial Time January 1995



Definition of Terms

A

Introduction

INPUT's *Definition of Terms* provides the framework for all of INPUT's market analyses and forecasts of the information services industry. The structure is defined in Exhibit V-1.

One of the strengths of INPUT's market analysis services is the consistency of the underlying market sizing and forecast data. Each year INPUT reviews its industry structure and makes changes if they are required. When changes are made they are carefully documented and the new definitions and forecasts reconciled to the prior definitions and forecasts. INPUT clients have the benefit of being able to track market forecast data from year to year against a proven and consistent foundation of definitions.

B

Overall Definitions and Analytical Framework

1. Information Services

Information Services are computer/telecommunications-related products and services that are oriented toward the development or use of information systems. Information services typically involve one or more of the following:

- Use of vendor-provided computer processing services to develop or run applications or provide services such as disaster recovery or data entry (called *Processing Services*)
- A combination of computer equipment, packaged software and associated support services which will meet an application systems need (called *Turnkey Systems*)

- Packaged software products, including systems software or applications software products (called *Software Products*)
- People services that support users in developing and operating their own information systems (called *Professional Services*)
- The combination of products (software and equipment) and services where the vendor assumes total responsibility for the development of a custom integrated solution to an information systems need (called *Systems Integration*)
- Services that provide operation and management of all or a significant part of a user's information systems functions under a long-term contract (called *Systems Operations*)
- Services that support the delivery of information in electronic form
 — typically network-oriented services such as value-added
 networks, electronic mail and document interchange (called
 Network Applications)
- Services that support the access and use of public and proprietary information such as on-line databases and news services (called *Electronic Information Services*)
- Services that support the operation of computer and digital communication equipment (called *Equipment Services*).

In general, the market for information services does not involve providing equipment to users. The exception is where the equipment is part of an overall service offering such as a turnkey system, a systems operations contract or a systems integration project.

The information services market also excludes pure data transport services (i.e., data or voice communications circuits). However, where information transport is associated with a network-based service (e.g., electronic data interchange services), or cannot be feasibly separated from other bundled services (e.g., some systems operations contracts), the transport costs are included as part of the services market.

The analytical framework of the information services industry consists of the following interacting factors: overall and industry-specific business environment (trends, events and issues); technology environment; user information system requirements; size and structure of information services markets; vendors and their products, services and revenues; distribution channels; and competitive issues.

2. Market Forecasts/User Expenditures

All information services market forecasts are estimates of *User Expenditures* for information services. When questions arise about the proper place to count these expenditures, INPUT addresses them from the user's viewpoint: expenditures are categorised according to what users perceive they are buying.

By focusing on user expenditures, INPUT avoids two problems which are related to the distribution channels for various categories of services:

- Double-counting, which can occur by estimating total vendor revenues when there is significant reselling within the industry (e.g., software sales to turnkey vendors for repackaging and resale to end users)
- Missed counting, which can occur when sales to end users go through indirect channels such as mail order retailers.

Captive Information Services User Expenditures are expenditures for products and services provided by a vendor that is part of the same parent corporation as the user. These expenditures are not included in INPUT forecasts.

Noncaptive Information Services User Expenditures are expenditures that go to vendors that have a different parent corporation than the user. It is these expenditures which constitute the information services market analysed by INPUT and that are included in INPUT forecasts.

3. Delivery Modes

Delivery Modes are defined as specific products and services that satisfy a given user need. While Market Sectors specify who the buyer is, Delivery Modes specify what the user is buying.

Of the nine delivery modes defined by INPUT, six are considered primary products or services:

- Processing Services
- Network Services
- Professional Services
- Applications Software Products
- Systems Software Products
- Equipment Services.

The remaining three delivery modes represent combinations of these products and services, combined with equipment, management and/or other services:

- Turnkey Systems
- Systems Operations
- Systems Integration.

Section C describes the delivery modes and their structure in more detail.

4. Market Sectors

Market Sectors are groupings or categories of the buyers of information services. There are three types of user markets:

- Vertical Industry markets, such as Banking, Transportation, Utilities, etc. These are called "industry-specific" markets.
- Functional Application markets, such as Human Resources, Accounting, etc. These are called "cross-industry" markets.
- Other markets, which are neither industry- nor applicationspecific, such as the market for systems software products and much of the on-line database market.

Specific market sectors used by INPUT are defined in Section E below.

5. Trading Communities

Information technology is playing a major role in business reengineering, not just companies but the value chain or *Trading Communities* in which these companies operate. This reengineering is resulting in electronic commerce emerging where interorganisational electronic systems facilitate the business processes of the trading community.

- A trading community is the group or organisations commercial and non-commercial involved in producing goods or services
- Electronic commerce and trading communities are addressed in INPUT's EDI and Electronic Commerce Program.

6. Outsourcing

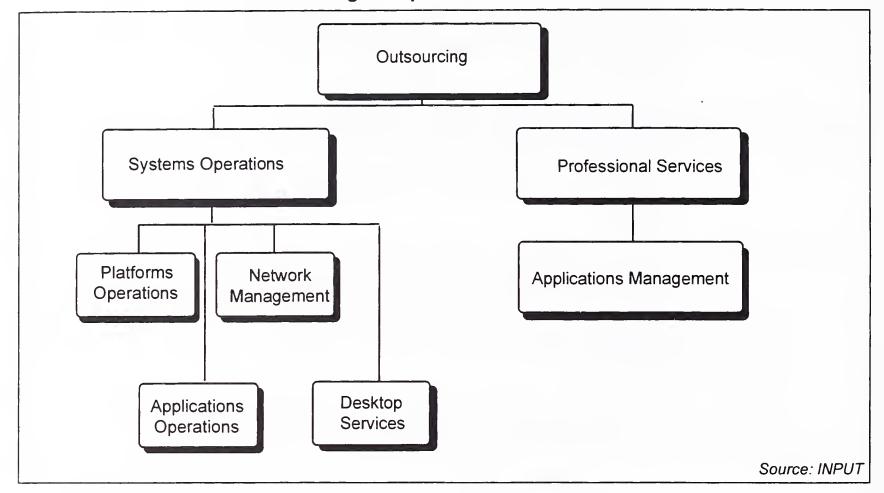
Over the past few years a major change has occurred in the way clients are buying some information services. The shift has been labelled *outsourcing*.

INPUT views outsourcing as a change in the form of the client/vendor relationship. Under an outsourcing relationship, all or a major portion of the information systems function is contracted to a vendor in a long-term relationship. The vendor is responsible for the performance of the function.

INPUT considers the following submodes to be outsourcing-type relationships and in aggregate to represent the outsourcing market. See Exhibit V-1. Complete definitions are provided in Section C of this document. INPUT provides these forecasts as part of the corresponding delivery modes.

- Platform Systems Operations The vendor is responsible for managing and operating the client's computer systems.
- Applications System Operations The vendor is responsible for developing and/or maintaining a client's applications as well as operating the computer systems.
- Network Management The vendor assumes full responsibility for operating and managing the client's data communications systems. This may also include the voice communications of the client.

Outsourcing Components — INPUT's View



- Applications Management/Maintenance The professional services vendor has full responsibility for developing and/or maintaining some or all of the applications systems that a client uses to support business operations. The services are provided on a long-term contractual basis.
- Desktop Services The vendor assumes responsibility for the deployment, maintenance and connectivity between the personal computers and/or intelligent workstations in the client organisation. The services may also include performing the help-desk function. The services are provided on a long-term contractual basis.

C

Delivery Modes and Submodes

Exhibit V-2 provides the overall structure of the information services industry as defined and used by INPUT. This section of *Definition of Terms* provides definitions for each of the delivery modes and their submodes or components.

1. Software Products

INPUT divides the software products market into two delivery modes: systems software and applications software. The two delivery modes have many similarities. Both involve purchases of software packages for inhouse computer systems. Included are both lease and purchase expenditures, as well as expenditures for work performed by the vendor to implement or maintain the package at the user's sites. Vendor-provided training or support in operation and use of the package, if part of the software pricing, is also included here.

Expenditures for work performed by organisations other than the package vendor are counted in the professional services delivery mode. Fees for work related to education, consulting, and/or custom modification of software products are also counted as professional services, provided such fees are charged separately from the price of the software product itself.

a. Systems Software Products

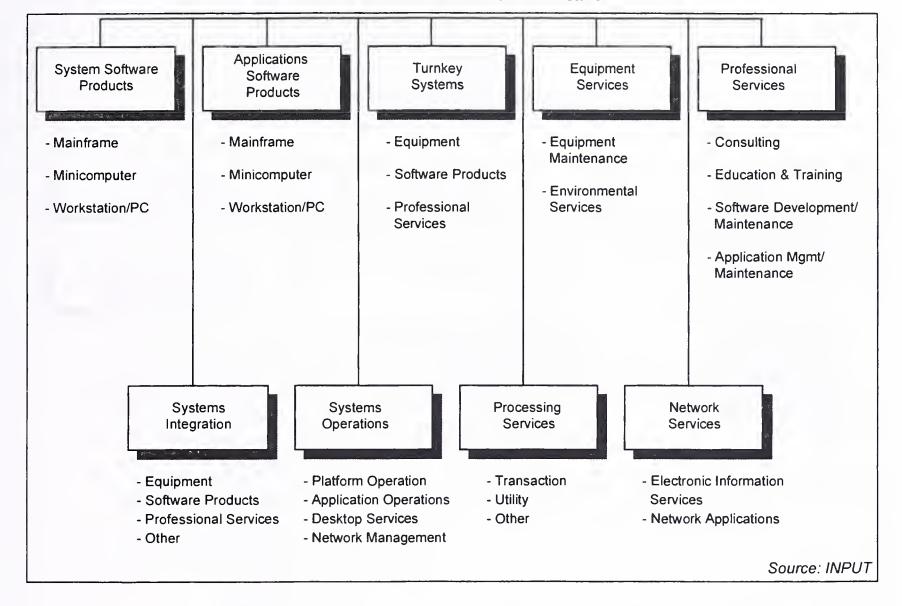
Systems software products enable the computer/communications system to perform basic machine-oriented or user interface functions. INPUT divides systems software products into three submodes. See Exhibit V-3.

- Systems Control Products Software programs that manage computer system resources and control the execution of programs. These products include operating systems, emulators, network control, library control, windowing, access control and spoolers.
- Operations Management Tools Software programs used by operations personnel to manage the computer system and/or network resources and personnel more effectively. Included are performance measurement, job accounting, computer operation scheduling, disk management utilities and capacity management.

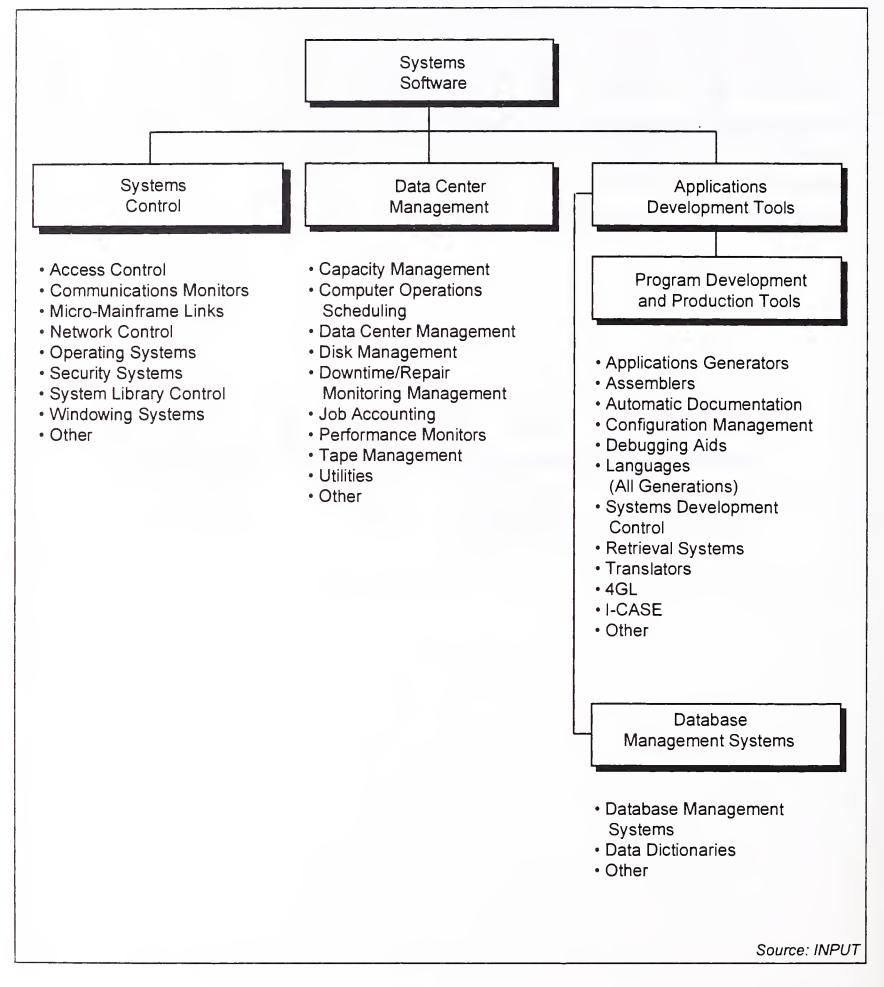
• Applications Development Tools — Software programs used to prepare applications for execution by assisting in designing, programming, testing, and related functions. Included are traditional programming languages, 4GLs, data dictionaries, database management systems, report writers, project control systems, CASE systems and other development productivity aids.

INPUT forecasts the systems software products delivery mode by platform level: mainframe, minicomputer and workstation/PC.

Information Services Structure



Systems Software Products Market Structure



b. Applications Software Products

Applications software products enable a user or group of users to support an operational or administrative process within an organisation. Examples include accounts payable, order entry, project management and office systems. INPUT categorises applications software products into two groups of market sectors. (See Exhibit V-4)

- Industry Applications Software Products Software products that perform functions related to fulfilling business or organisational needs unique to a specific industry (vertical) market and sold to that market only. Examples include demand deposit accounting, MRPII, medical record keeping, automobile dealer parts inventory, etc.
- Cross-Industry Applications Software Products Software products that perform a specific function that is applicable to a wide range of industry sectors. Examples include payroll and human resource systems, accounting systems, word processing and graphics systems, spreadsheets, etc.

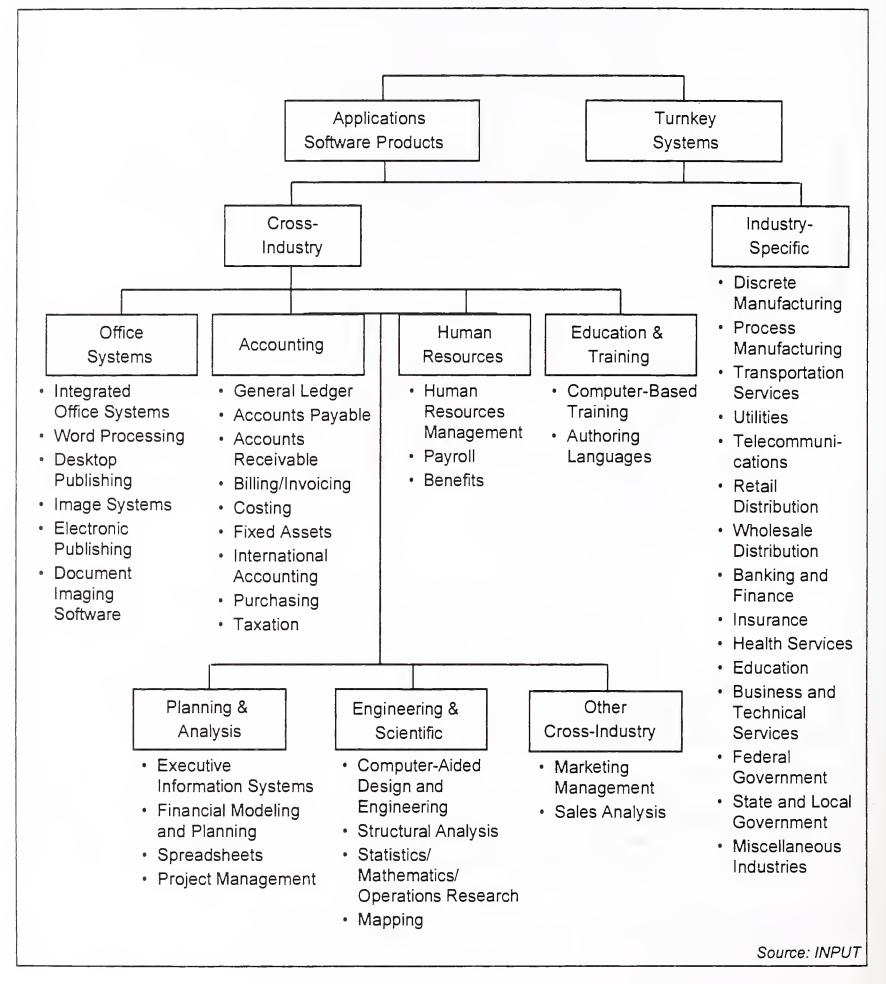
INPUT also forecasts the applications software products delivery mode by platform level: mainframe, minicomputer and workstation/PC.

2. Turnkey Systems

A turnkey system is an integration of equipment (CPU, peripherals, etc.), systems software, and packaged applications software into a single product developed to meet a specific set of user requirements. Value added by the turnkey system vendor is primarily in the software and professional services provided. INPUT categorises turnkey systems into two groups of market sectors as it does for applications software products. (See Exhibit V-4)

Most CAD/CAM systems and many small business systems are turnkey systems. Turnkey systems utilise standard computers and do not include specialised hardware such as word processors, cash registers, process control systems or embedded computer systems for military applications.

Application Products and Turnkey Systems



Computer manufacturers (e.g., IBM or DEC) that combine software with their own general-purpose hardware are not classified by INPUT as turnkey vendors. Their software revenues are included in the appropriate software category.

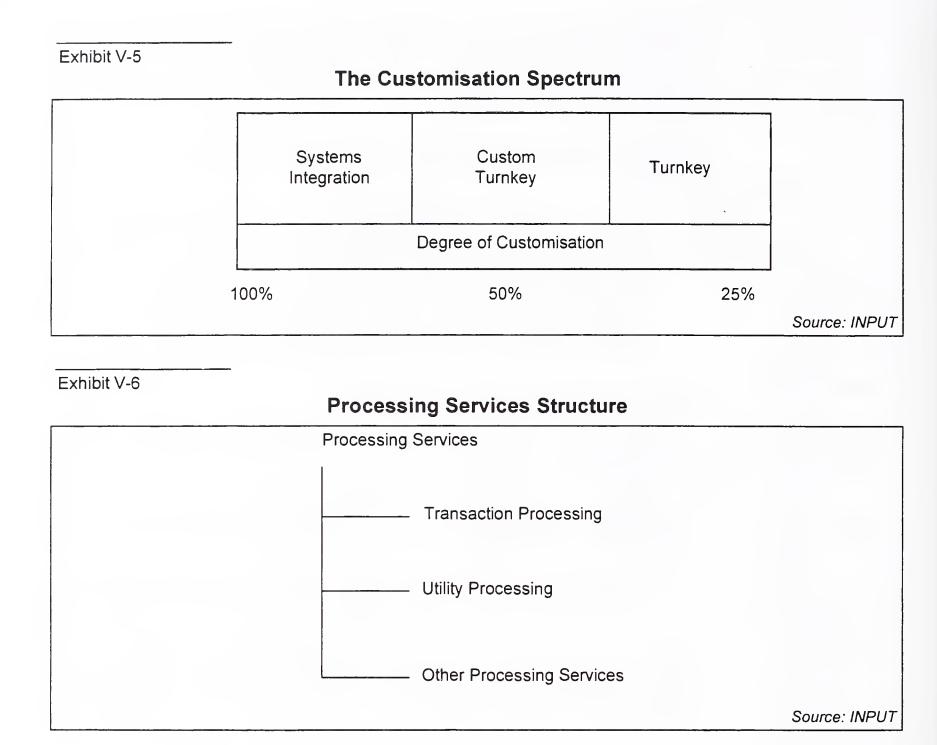
Most turnkey systems are sold through channels known as value-added resellers.

• Value-Added Reseller (VAR): A VAR adds value to computer hardware and/or software and then resells it to an end user. The major value added is usually applications software for a vertical or cross-industry market, but also includes many of the other components of a turnkey systems solution, such as professional services, software support, and applications upgrades.

Turnkey systems have three components:

- Equipment computer hardware supplied as part of the turnkey system
- Software products pre-packaged systems and applications software products
- Professional services services to install or customise the system or train the user, provided as part of the turnkey system sale.

Exhibit V-5 contrasts turnkey systems with systems integration. Turnkey systems are based on available software products that a vendor may modify to a modest degree.



3. Processing Services

This delivery mode includes three submodes: transaction processing, utility processing, and "other" processing services. (See Exhibit V-6)

• Transaction Processing — Client uses vendor-provided information systems — including hardware, software and/or data networks — at the vendor site or customer site to process specific applications and update client databases. The application software is typically provided by the vendor.

- Utility Processing Vendor provides basic software tools (language compilers, assemblers, DBMSs, graphics packages, mathematical models, scientific library routines, etc.), enabling clients to develop and/or operate their own programs or process data on the vendor's system.
- Other Processing Services Vendor provides service usually at the vendor site such as scanning and other data entry services, laser printing, computer output microfilm (COM), CD preparation and other data output services, backup and disaster recovery, etc.

4. Systems Operations

Systems operations as a delivery mode was introduced in the 1990 Market Analysis and Systems Operations programmes. Previously called Facilities Management, this delivery mode was created by taking the Systems Operations submode out of both Processing Services and Professional Services. Since 1992 the submodes have been defined as follows.

Systems operations involves the operation and management of all or a significant part of the client's information systems functions under a long-term contract. These services can be provided in either of four distinct submodes where the difference is whether the support of applications, as well as data centre operations, is included.

- *Platform systems operations* The vendor manages and operates the computer systems, to perform the client's business functions, without taking responsibility for the client's application systems.
- Applications systems operations The vendor manages and operates the computer systems to perform the client's business functions, and is also responsible for maintaining, or developing and maintaining, the client's application systems.
- Network Management The vendor assumes responsibility for operating and managing the client's data communications systems. This may also include the voice communications of the client.
 A network management outsourcing contract may include only the management services or the full costs of the communications services and equipment plus the management services.

• Desktop Services — The vendor assumes responsibility for the deployment, maintenance and connectivity among the personal computers and/or workstations in the client organisation. The services may also include performing the help-desk function. Equipment as well as services can be part of a desktop services outsourcing contract.

Note: This type of client service can also be provided through traditional professional services where the contractual criteria of outsourcing are not present.

Systems operations vendors now provide a wide variety of services in support of existing information systems. The vendor can plan, control, provide, operate, maintain and manage any or all components of the client's information systems environment (equipment, networks, applications systems), either at the client's site or the vendor's site.

Note: In the federal government market, systems operation services are also defined by equipment ownership with the terms "COCO" (Contractor-Owned, Contractor-Operated), and "GOCO" (Government-Owned, Contractor-Operated).

5. Systems Integration (SI)

Systems integration is a vendor service that provides a complete solution to an information system, networking or automation development requirement through the custom selection and implementation of a variety of information system products and services. A systems integrator is responsible for the overall management of a systems integration contract and is the single point of contact and responsibility to the buyer for the delivery of the specified system function, on schedule and at the contracted price. (Refer to Exhibit V-7)

The components of a systems integration project are the following:

- Equipment information processing and communications equipment required to build the systems solution. This component may include custom as well as off-the-shelf equipment to meet the unique needs of the project. The systems integration equipment category excludes turnkey systems by definition
- *Software products* pre-packaged applications and systems software products
- Professional services the value-added component that adapts the equipment and develops, assembles, or modifies the software and hardware to meet the system's requirements. It includes all of the professional services activities required to develop, implement, and if included in the contract, operate an information system, including consulting, program/project management, design and integration, software development, education and training, documentation, and systems operations and maintenance
- Other services most systems integration contracts include other services and product expenditures that are not classified elsewhere. This category includes miscellaneous items such as engineering services, automation equipment, computer supplies, business support services and supplies, and other items required for a smooth development effort.

Products/Services in Systems Integration Projects

Equipment

- Information systems
- Communications

Software Products

- Systems software
- Applications software

Professional Services

- Consulting
 - Feasibility and trade-off studies
 - Selection of equipment, network and software
- Program/project management
- Design/integration
 - Systems design
 - Installation of equipment, network, and software
 - Demonstration and testing
- Software development
 - Modification of software packages
 - Modification of existing software
 - Custom development of software
- Education/training and documentation
- Systems operations/maintenance

Other Miscellaneous Products/Services

- Site preparation
- Data processing supplies
- Processing/network services
- Data/voice communication services

Source: INPUT

6. Professional Services

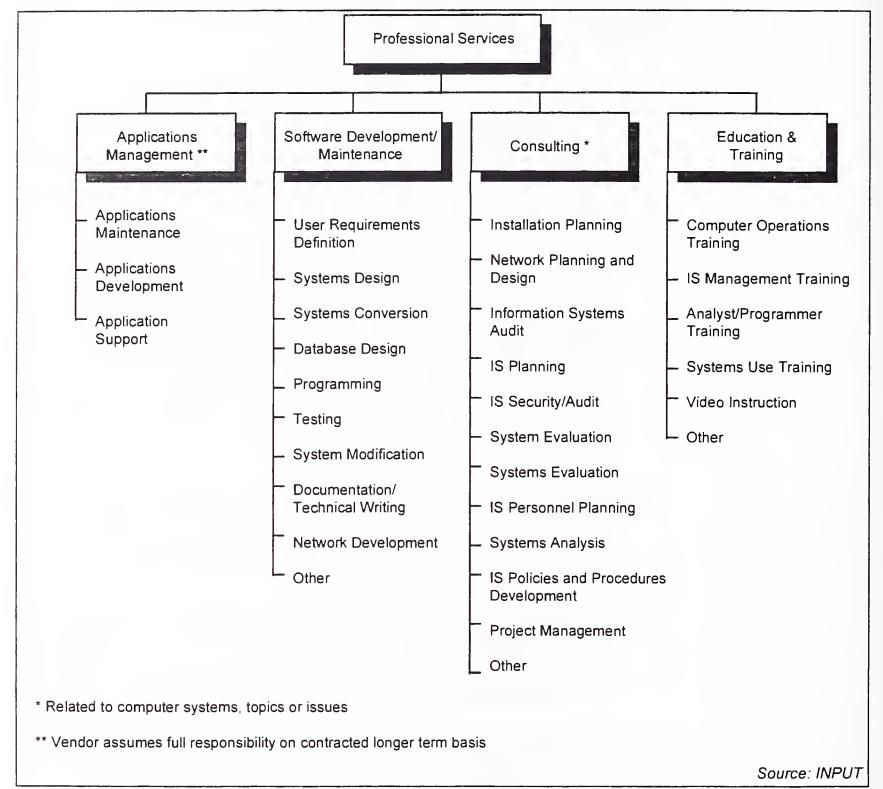
This category includes four submodes: consulting, education and training, software development and applications management. Exhibit V-8 provides additional detail.

- Consulting: Services include management consulting (related to information systems), information systems reengineering, information systems consulting, feasibility analysis and cost-effectiveness studies and project management assistance. Services may be related to any aspect of the information system, including equipment, software, networks and systems operations.
- Education and Training: Services that provide training and
 education or the development of training materials related to
 information systems and services for the information systems
 professional and the user, including computer-aided instruction,
 computer-based education and vendor instruction of user personnel
 in operations, design, programming, and documentation.
 Education and training provided by school systems is not included.
 General education and training products are included as a crossindustry market sector.
- Software Development: Services include user requirements definition, systems design, contract programming, documentation, and implementation of software performed on a custom basis. Conversion and maintenance services are also included.
- Applications Management: The vendor has full responsibility for maintaining and upgrading some or all of the application systems that a client uses to support business operations and may develop and implement new application systems for the client.

An applications management contract differs from traditional software development in the form of the client/vendor relationship. Under traditional software development services the relationship is project based. Under applications management it is time and function based.

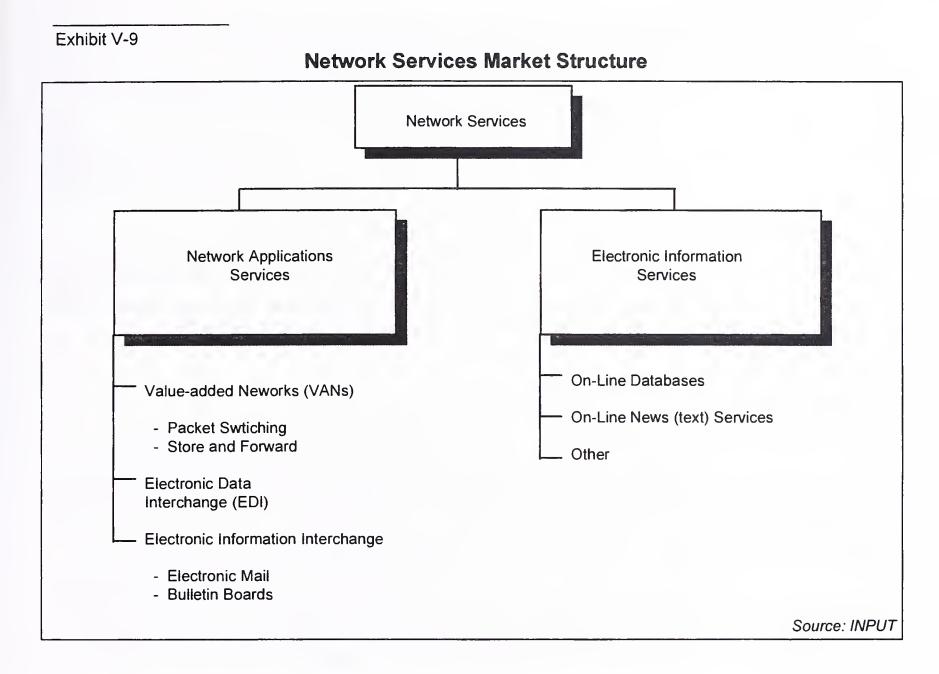
These services may be provided in combination or separately from platform systems operations.

Professional Services Market Structure



7. Network Services

Network services are a variety of telecommunications-based functions and operations. Network service includes two submodes, as shown in Exhibit V-9.



a. Electronic Information Services

Electronic information services are databases that provide specific information via terminal or computer-based inquiry, including items such as stock prices, legal precedents, economic indicators, periodical literature, medical diagnosis, airline schedules, automobile valuations, etc. The terminals used may be computers themselves, such as communications servers or personal computers.

Users inquire into and extract information from the databases. They may load extracted data into their own computer systems; the vendor does not provide data processing or manipulation capability as part of the electronic information service and users cannot update the vendor's databases. However, the vendor may offer other services (network applications or processing services) that do offer processing or manipulation capability.

The two kinds of electronic information services are:

- On-line Databases Structured, primarily numerical data on economic and demographic trends, financial instruments, companies, products, materials, etc.
- Unstructured, primarily textual information on people, companies, events, etc. These are often news services.

While electronic information services have traditionally been delivered via networks, there is a growing trend toward the use of CD ROM optical disks to support or supplant on-line services, and these optical disk-based systems are included in the definition of this delivery mode.

b. Network Applications

Value-Added Network Services (VAN Services) — VAN services are enhanced transport services which involve adding such functions as automatic error detection and correction, protocol conversion, and storeand-forward message switching to the provision of basic network circuits.

While VAN services were originally provided only by specialised VAN carriers (Tymnet, Telenet, etc.), today these services are also offered by traditional common carriers (AT&T, BT, Sprint, etc.). Meanwhile, the VAN carriers have also branched into the traditional common carriers' markets and are offering unenhanced basic network circuits as well.

Electronic Data Interchange (EDI) — Application-to-application electronic exchange of business data between trade partners or facilitators using a telecommunications network.

Electronic Information Interchange — The transmission of messages across an electronic network managed by a services vendor, including electronic mail, voice mail, voice messaging and access to Telex, TWX, and other messaging services. This also includes bulletin board services.

8. Equipment Services

The equipment services delivery mode includes two submodes. Both deal with the support and maintenance of computer equipment:

Equipment Maintenance — Services provided to repair, diagnose problems and provide preventive maintenance both on-site and off-site for computer equipment. The costs of parts, media and other supplies are excluded. These services are typically provided on a contract basis

Environmental Services — Composed of equipment and data centre related special services such as cabling, air conditioning and power supply, equipment relocation and similar services.

D

Computer Equipment

These definitions have been included to provide the basis for market segmentation in the software products markets.

- Computer Equipment Includes all computer and telecommunications equipment that can be separately acquired with or without installation by the vendor and not acquired as part of an integrated system. Unless otherwise noted in an INPUT forecast, computer equipment is only included where it is part of the purchase of services or software products (e.g., turnkey systems and systems integration).
- *Peripherals* Includes all input, output, communications, and storage devices (other than main memory) that can be channel connected to a processor, and generally cannot be included in other categories such as terminals.
- *Input Devices* Includes keyboards, numeric pads, card readers, light pens and track balls, tape readers, position and motion sensors, and analogue-to-digital converters.
- Output Devices Includes printers, CRTs, projection television screens, micro graphics processors, digital graphics, and plotters.
- Communication Devices Includes modem, encryption equipment, special interfaces, and error control.
- Storage Devices Includes magnetic tape (reel, cartridge, and cassette), floppy and hard disks, solid state (integrated circuits), and bubble and optical memories.
- Computer Systems Includes all processors from personal computers to supercomputers. Computer systems may require type- or model-unique operating software to be functional, but this category excludes applications software and peripheral devices and processors or CPUs not provided as part of an integrated (turnkey) system.

- Personal computers Smaller computers using 8-, 16-, or 32-bit computer technology. Generally designed to sit on a desktop and are portable for individual use. Price generally less than \$5,000.
- Workstations High-performance, desktop, single-user computers often employing Reduced Instruction Set Computing (RISC). Workstations provide integrated, high-speed, local network-based services such as database access, file storage and back-up, remote communications, and peripheral support. These products usually cost from \$5,000 to \$15,000.
- Minicomputer or midsize computers Minicomputers are generally priced from \$15,000 to \$350,000. Many of the emerging client/server computers are in this category.
- Mainframe or large computers Traditional mainframe and supercomputers costing more than \$350,000.
- Client/server computing Client/server is an architecture that assembles applications software and databases, systems software, and computer and networking equipment into a usable form for the purpose of leveraging information technology investments.

Broadly defined, it can include any kind of server, such as file servers and network servers, that are accessed by any kind of client, including a non-intelligent terminal. INPUT has elected to use the narrower and newer definition, by which application and data processing is shared between a client and a server. It is through the act of sharing that the greatest benefit is derived in terms of leveraging information technology investments. It is also the cause of the greatest change for vendors and users.

E

Sector Definitions

1. Industry Sector Definitions

INPUT structures the information services market into industry sectors such as process manufacturing, insurance, transportation, etc. The definitions of these sectors are based on the 1987 revision of the Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) code system. The specific industries (and their SIC codes) included under these industry sectors are detailed in Exhibit V-10.

INPUT includes all delivery modes except systems software products and equipment services in industry market sectors. See Exhibit V-9 and section E-3 (Delivery Mode Reporting by Sector).

Note: SIC code 88 is Personal Households. INPUT does not currently analyse or forecast information services in this market sector.

2. Cross-Industry Sector Definitions

INPUT has identified seven cross-industry market sectors. These sectors or markets involve multi-industry applications such as human resource systems, accounting systems, etc.

- In order to be included in an industry sector, the service or product delivered must be specific to that sector only. If a service or product is used in more than one industry sector, it is counted as cross-industry.
- INPUT only includes the turnkey systems, applications software products, and transaction processing services in the cross-industry sectors.

Industry Sector Definitions

Industry Sector	SIC Code	Description
Discrete Manufacturing	23xx	Apparel and other finished products Furniture and fixtures
	25xx 27xx	1
	31xx	Printing, publishing and allied industries Leather and leather products
	34xx	Fabricated metal products, except machinery and
	3422	transportation equipment
	35xx	Industrial and commercial machinery and computer equipment
	36xx	Electronic and other electrical equipment and components, except computer equipment
	37xx	Transportation equipment
	38xx	Instruments; photo/med/optical goods; watches/clocks
	39xx	Miscellaneous manufacturing industry
Process Manufacturing	10xx	Metal mining
	12xx	Coal mining
	13xx	Oil and gas extraction
	14xx	Mining/quarrying non-metalic minerals
	20xx	Food and kindred products
	21xx	Tobacco products
	22xx	Textile mill products
	24xx	Lumber and wood products, except furniture
	26xx	Paper and allied products
	28xx	Chemicals and allied products
	29xx	Petroleum refining and related industries
	30xx	Rubber and miscellaneous plastic products
	32xx	Stone, clay, glass and concrete products
	33xx	Primary metal industries
Transportation Services	40xx	Railroad transport
	41xx	Public transit/transport
	42xx	Motor freight transport/warehousing
	43xx	US Postal services
	44xx	Water transportation
	45xx	Air transportation (including airline resevation services in 4512)
	46xx	Pipelines, except natural gas
	47xx	Transportation services (including 472x, arrangement of passenger transportation)
Telecommunications	48xx	Communications
Utilities	49xx	Electric, gas and sanitary services

Exhibit V-10 (Cont'd)

Industry Sector Definitions (Cont'd)

Industry Sector	SIC Code	Description	
Retail Distribution	52xx 53xx 54xx 55xx 56xx 56xx 57xx 58xx 59xx	Building materials General merchandise stores Food stores Automotive dealers, gas stations Apparel and accessory stores Home furniture, furnishings and accessory stores Eating and drinking places Miscellaneous retail	
Wholesale Distribution	50xx 51xx	Wholesale trade-durable goods Wholesale trade-non-durable goods	
Banking and Finance	60xx 61xx 62xx 67xx	Depository institutions Non-depository credit institutions security and commodity brokers, dealers, exchanges and services Holding and other investment offices	
Insurance	63xx 64xx	Insurance carriers Insurance agents, brokers and services	
Health Services	80xx	Health services	
Education	82xx	Educational services	
Business Services	65xx 70xx 72xx 73xx 7389x	Real estate Hotels, rooming houses, camps and other lodging places Personal services Business services (except hotel reservation services in 7389) Hotel reservation services	
	75xx 76xx	Automotive repair, services and parking Miscellaneous repair services	
	78xx 79xx 81xx	Motion pictures Amusement and recreation services Legal services	
	83xx 84xx 87xx 89xx	Social services Museums, art galleries and botanical/zoological gardens membership organisations Engineering, accounting, research, management and related services Miscellaneous services	

Exhibit V-10 (Cont'd)

Industry Sector Definitions (Cont'd)

Industry Sector	SIC Code	Description
Federal Government	9xxx	
State and Local Government	9xxx	
Miscellaneous Industries	01xx 02xx 07xx 08xx 09xx 15xx 16xx 17xx	Agricultural production – crops Agricultural production – livestock/animals Agricultural services Forestry Fishing, hunting and trapping Building construction – general contractors, operative builders Heavy construction – contractors Construction – special trade contractors

Source: INPUT

The seven cross-industry markets are:

Accounting — consists of applications software products and information services that serve such functions as:

- General ledger
- Financial management
- Accounts payable
- Accounts receivable
- Billing/invoicing
- Fixed assets
- International accounting
- Purchasing
- Taxation
- Financial consolidation.

Excluded are accounting products and services directed to a specific industry, such as tax processing services for CPAs and accountants within the business services industry sector.

Human Resources — consists of application solutions purchased by multiple industry sectors to serve the functions of human resources management and payroll. Examples of specific applications within these two major functions are:

- Employee relations
- Benefits administration
- Government compliance
- Manpower planning
- Compensation administration
- Applicant tracking
- Position control
- Payroll processing.

Education and Training — consists of education and training for information systems professionals and users of information systems delivered as a software product, turnkey system or through processing services. The market for computer-based training tools for the training of any employee on any subject is also included.

Office Systems consists of the following six categories:

Integrated Office Systems (IOSs) — IOSs integrate the applications that perform common office tasks. Typically these tasks include the following core applications, all of which are accessed from the same terminal, microcomputer or workstation:

- Electronic mail
- Decision support systems
- Time management
- Filing systems.

IOSs enable office workers to utilise applications that are resident on a number of hosts or servers, thus creating a corporate communication environment through integrating line-of-business software with personal software productivity tools. IOSs capitalise on the cross-platform architectures of major vendors. Major hardware vendors such as IBM, Data General, Digital, Hewlett-Packard and NCR all offer IOSs.

Work flow and groupware products are also included within the IOS definition.

Word Processing — Word processing is the most common microcomputer application and is a basic application within the office systems sector. Word processing addresses several levels of functionality, from the production of simple correspondence to large document generation where many people within different departments have input.

Desktop Publishing (DTP) — Desktop publishing refers to the page-design software programs that allow small and mid-sized organisations to publish printed documents (brochures, catalogues, newsletters, reports, etc.) from the desktop. The primary functions of DPT software include the manipulation of the following functions:

- Layout and design of columns
- Text manipulation (font type)
- Graphic manipulation
- Print Control (colour type, paper type).

Electronic Publishing — Electronic publishing includes composition, printing, and editing software for documents containing multiple typefaces and graphics including charts, diagrams, computer-aided design (CAD) drawings, line art, and photographs. Electronic publishing products may also have different data formats such as text, graphs, images, voice and video.

The fundamental difference between electronic publishing and desktop publishing is that electronic publishing encompasses a method of document management and control from a single point regardless of how many authors/locations work on a document. Desktop publishing (DTP) on the other hand, is considered a personal productivity tool and is generally a lower-end product residing on a personal computer.

Graphics — Graphics packages that are used for presentations or freehand drawings and/or are ancillary to desktop publishing are part of office systems. Thus, the graphics component of office systems sector includes the following elements:

- Presentation graphics represent the bulk of office systems graphics. Most presentations involve a combination of graphs and text. They are used to communicate a series of messages to an audience rather than to analyse data.
- Paint and line art drawing programs are used for illustrations while page layout programs are used to integrate text and graphics.
- Electronic form programs allow users to create and print forms inhouse. Some applications work with OCR scanners allowing users to scan pictures and logos directly on the forms.

Document Imaging Software — The software that allows users to manipulate (store, retrieve, print) images that have been scanned from paper documents. The applications that imaging software generates include full text retrieval, document management, and database management. Document imaging software is a component of an imaging system. Hardware components of imaging systems include scanners, image servers, workstations, optical drives, printers, and storage devices.

Engineering and Scientific encompasses the following applications:

- Computer-aided design and engineering (CAD and CAE)
- Structural analysis
- Statistics/mathematics/operations research
- Mapping/GIS.
- Computer-aided manufacturing (CAM) or CAD that is integrated with CAM is excluded from the cross-industry sector as it is specific to the manufacturing industries. CAD or CAE that is dedicated to integrated circuit design is also excluded because it is specific to the semiconductor industry.

Planning and Analysis consists of software products and information services in four application areas:

- Executive Information Systems (EIS)
- Financial modelling or planning systems
- Spreadsheets
- Project management.

Other encompasses marketing/sales and electronic publishing application solutions such as:

- Sales analysis
- Marketing management
- Demographic market planning models.

3. Delivery Mode Reporting by Sector

This section describes how the delivery mode forecasts relate to the market sector forecasts. Exhibit V-11 summarises the relationships.

- Processing services The transaction processing services submode
 is forecasted for each industry and cross-industry market sector.
 The utility and other processing services submodes are forecasted
 in total for the general market sector.
- *Turnkey systems* Turnkey systems is forecasted for the 15 industry and 7 cross-industry sectors. Each component of turnkey systems is forecasted in each sector.
- Applications software products The applications software products delivery mode is forecasted for the 15 industry and 7 cross-industry sectors. In addition, each forecast is broken down by platform level: mainframe, minicomputer and workstation/PC.
- Systems operations Each of the systems operations submodes is forecasted for each of the 15 industry sectors.
- Systems integration Systems integration and each of the components of systems integration are forecasted for each of the 15 industry sectors.
- *Professional services* Professional services and each of the submodes is forecasted for each of the 15 industry sectors.
- *Network services* The network applications submode of network services forecasted for each of the 15 industry sectors.

Industry and cross-industry electronic information services are forecast in relevant market sectors. The remainder of electronic information services is forecasted in total for the general market sector.

- Systems software products Systems software products and its submodes are forecasted in total for the general market sector.
 Each submode forecast is broken down by platform level: mainframe, minicomputer and workstation/PC.
- Equipment services Equipment services and its submodes are forecasted in total in the general market sectors.

Exhibit V-11

Delivery Mode versus Market Sector Forecast Content

		Market Sectors		
Delivery Mode	Submode	Industry Sectors	Cross-Industry Sectors	General
Processing Services	Transaction Utility Other	X	X	X
Turnkey Systems		Х	X	
Applications Software Products	-	X	X	
Systems Operations	Platform Applications	X		
Systems Integration		Х		
Professional Services		Х		
Network Services	Network Applications Electronic Information Services	X		Х
Systems Software Products				Х
Equipment Services				X

Source: INPUT

F

Vendor Revenue and User Expenditure Conversion

The size of the information services market may be viewed from two perspectives: vendor (producer) revenues and user expenditures. INPUT defines and forecasts the information services market in terms of user expenditures. User expenditures reflect the mark-up in producer sales when a product such as software is delivered through indirect distribution channels (such as original equipment manufacturers (OEMs), retailers and distributors). The focus on user expenditure also eliminates the double counting of revenues that would occur if sales were tabulated for both producer (e.g., Lotus) and distributor (e.g., ComputerLand).

For most delivery modes, vendor revenues and user expenditures are fairly close. However, there are some areas of significant difference. Many microcomputer software products, for example, are marketed through distribution channels. To capture the valued added through these distribution channels, adjustment factors are used to convert estimated information services vendor revenues to user expenditures.

For some delivery modes, including software products, systems integration and turnkey systems, there is a significant volume of intraindustry sales. For example, systems integrators purchase software and subcontract the services of other professional services vendors. Turnkey vendors incorporate purchased software into the systems they sell to users.

To account for such intra-industry transactions, INPUT uses conversion ratios to derive the estimate of end-user expenditures.

Exhibit V-12 summarises the net effect of the various ratios used by INPUT to convert vendor revenues to user expenditure (market size) figures for each delivery mode.

Exhibit V-12

Vendor Revenue to User Expenditure Conversion

Delivery Mode	Vendor Revenue Multiplier		
Applications Software Products	1.18		
Systems Software Products	1.10		
Systems Operations	0.95		
Systems Integration	0.95		
Professional Services	0.99		
Network Services	0.99		
Processing Services	0.99		
Turnkey Systems	0.95		
Equipment Services	0.99		

Source: INPUT

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