

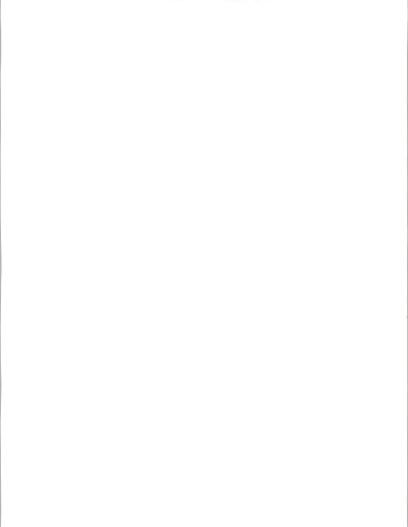
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Annual Presentation to IMI Systems

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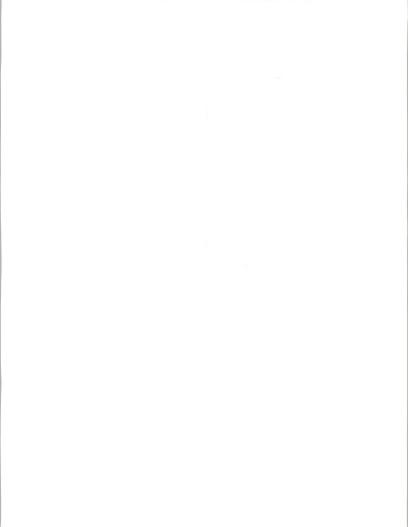
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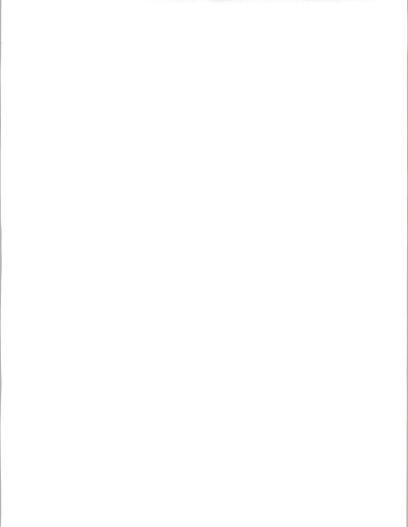
Annual Presentation to IMI Systems

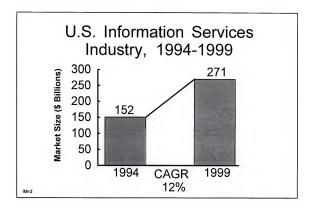
Peter Cunningham President INPUT



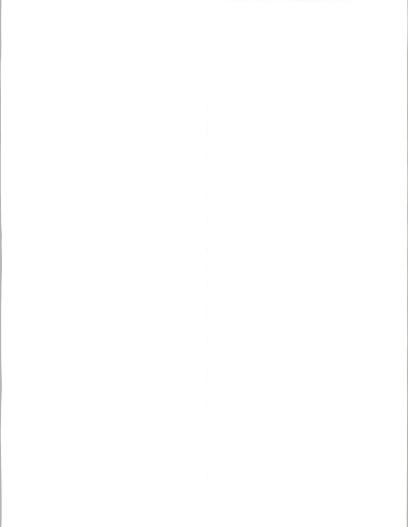


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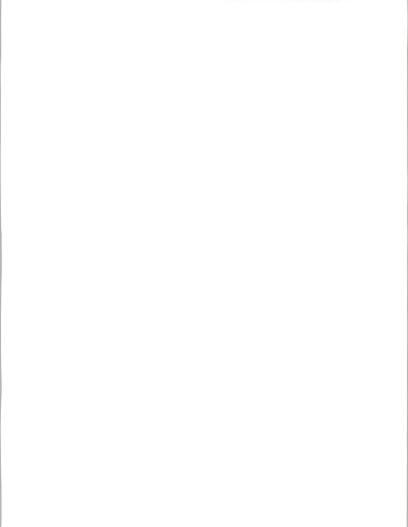






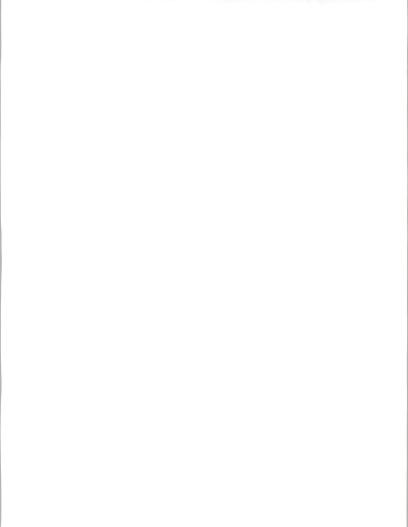
Hot Industries in 1999					
1999 IMI					
Industry	Size (\$ B)	Ranking	Expertise		
Discrete mfg.	32.6	1	Х		
Banking/finance 28.3 2 X					
Federal gov't.	16.8	3			
Process mfg.	16.4	4	Х		
State/local gov't.	15.2	5	Х		
Telecommunications 11.2 6 X					
IMF3					

Notes:			



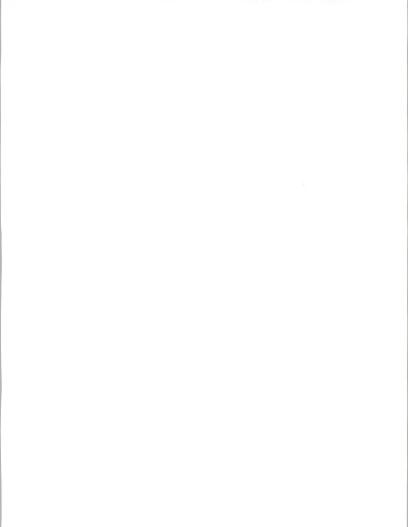
Top Five-Year Growth Rates 1994-1999						
1994-1999 IMI						
Industry	CAGR (%)					
Telecommunications	19	1	Х			
Retail distribution	16	2				
Process mfg.	15	3	Х			
Discrete mfg.	15	3	Х			
State and local gov't. 14 5 X						
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Notes:		



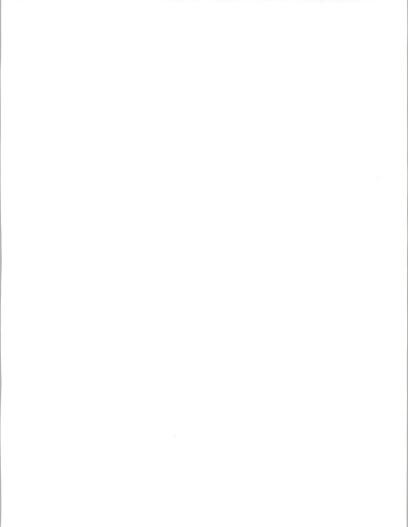
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State and Local 2,324 5,572						
Telecomm.	1,519	4,021				
Overall Market						
IMI-5						

Notes:		



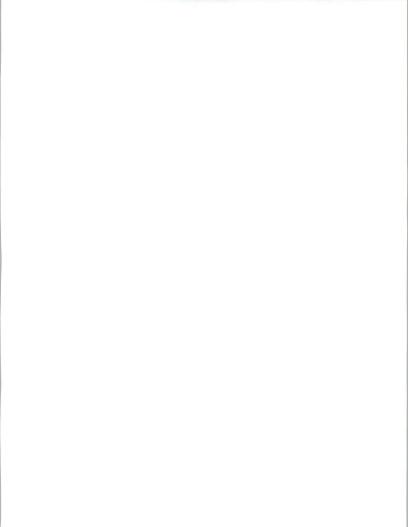
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State and Local 1,161 2,047				
Telecomm.	364	1,086		
Overall Market	11,184	22,673		
IMI-6				

Notes:			



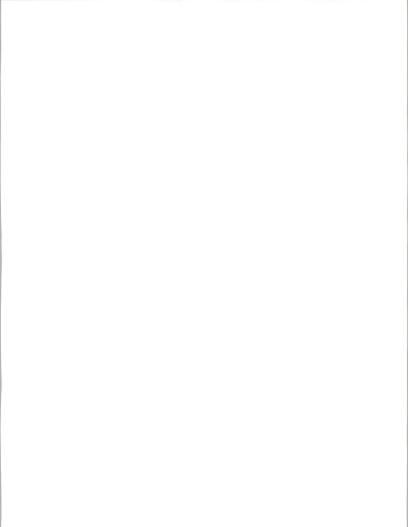
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Industry	Industry PS (%) SI (%)				
Banking	8	21			
Discrete Mfg. 7 21					
Process Mfg. 15 15					
State and Local	19	12			
Telecomm.	21	24			
Overall Market 11 15					
IMI-7					

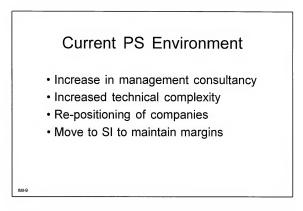
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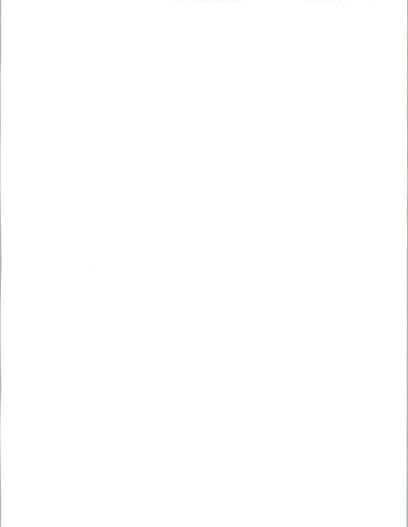
Service Market Opportunity				
Service	Market Size	Est. Market Growth (%)		
Management Consultancy	Small	+20		
Project Services	Medium	10-15		
Staff Augmentation	Large	5-10		
IMI-S				

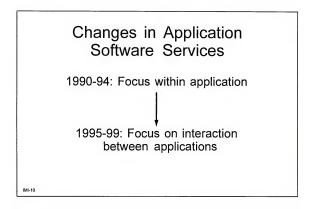
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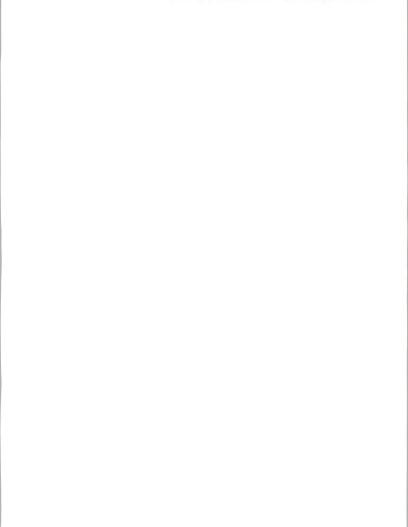


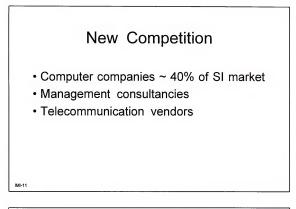
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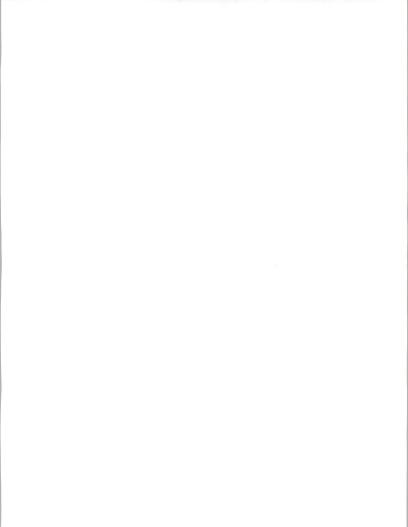


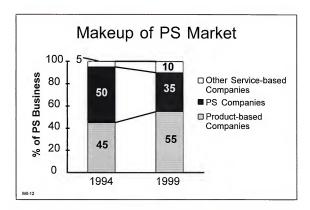
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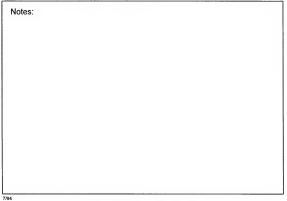


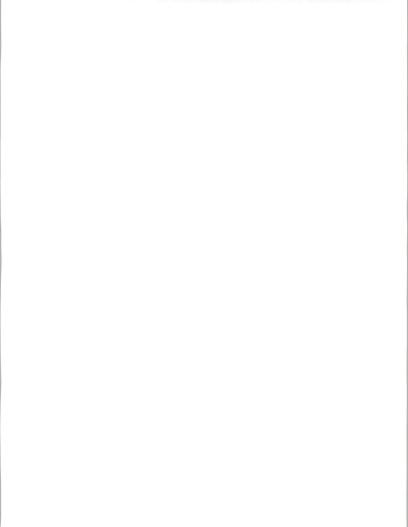


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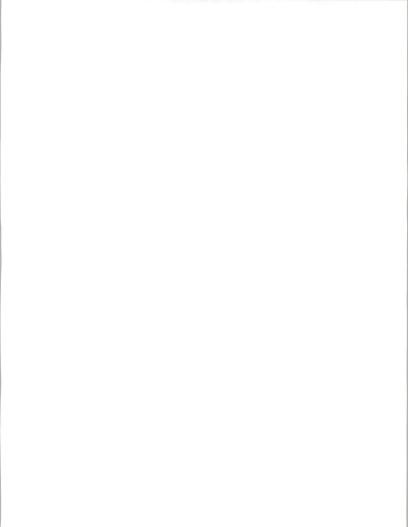


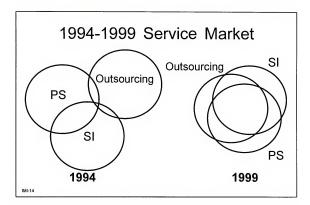




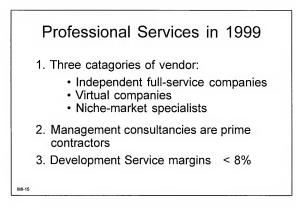
Moving into Consultancy				
Positive/Optimism Neutral Negative/Caution				
High Reward	High Risk			
Competitive Advantage	Customer Perception			
Customer Partnership	Increased Skill Req.			
Vendor				

Notes:	

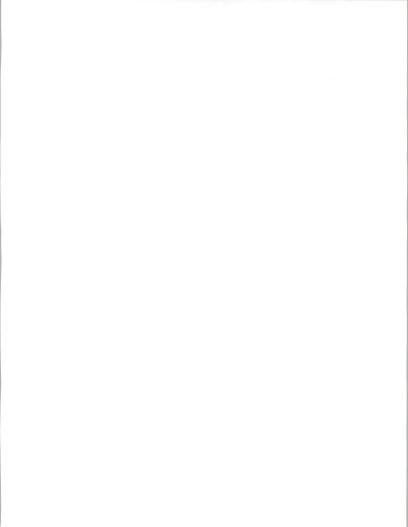








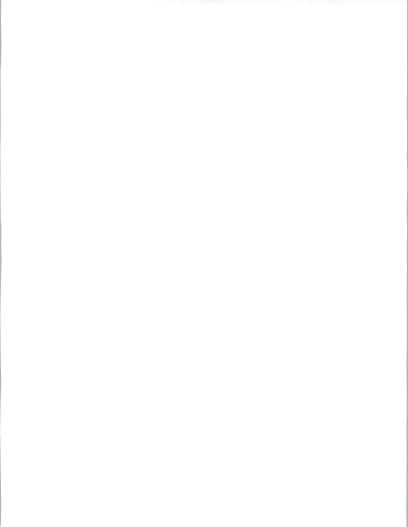
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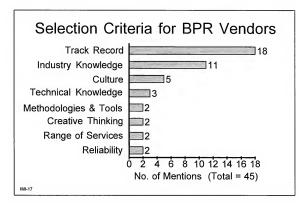


Criteria for SI Vendor Selection				
Selection Criteria	Importance*			
Experience with similar systems	4.3			
Proposal and discussions with vendors	4.2			
Image of vendor as agent of change	4.1			
Experience with industry and application	4.1			
Pricing	4.1			
Guarantees, penalties	4.1			
Ability to work with functional users	4.0			
*Rating: 1 = Low, 5 = High ™-™				

Notes:			

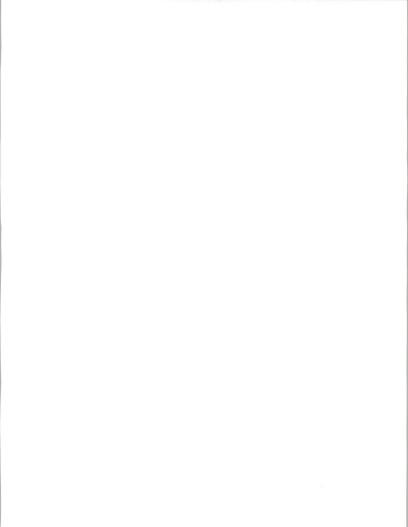
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C/S Prime Vendor Considerations

Server Equipment

- Business issue* - Replacement cost

- Technology issue - Capacity

Server Operating System

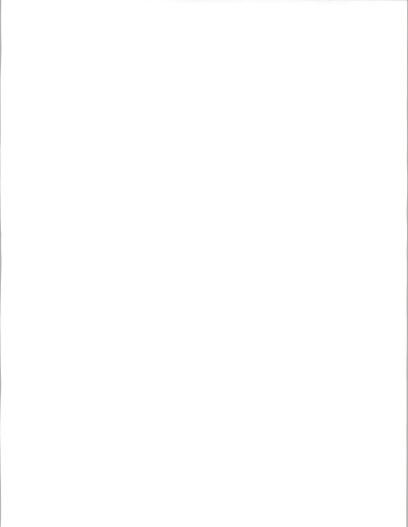
- Business issue* - Training cost

- Technology issue - Multiprocessing capability

* Indicates issue taking precedence in selection process

IMI-18

Notes:



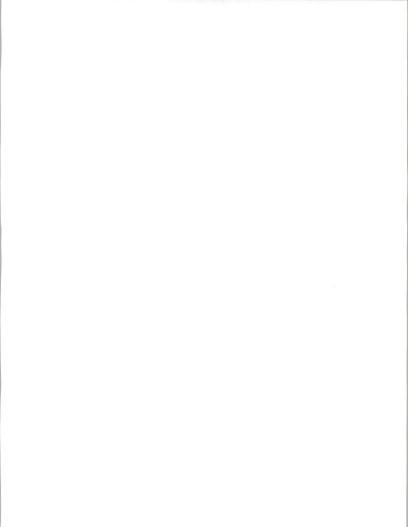
C/S Prime Vendor Considerations

- Client Operating System
 - Business issue* Investment in base
 - Technology issue Capacity
- Network Operating System
 - Business issue* Investment in base (Netware)
 - Technology issue NT integration

* Indicates issue taking precedence in selection process

IMI-19

Notes:



C/S Prime Vendor Considerations

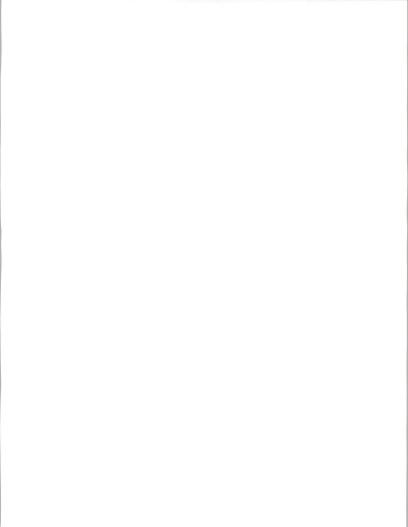
DB Management Software

- Business issue Cost of change
- Technology issue* -Interface and portability
- Application Development Tools
 - Business issue Investment and cost
 - Technology issue* New tools

* Indicates issue taking precedence in selection process

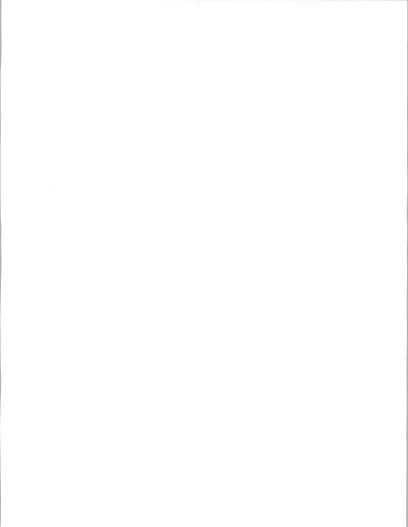
IMI-20

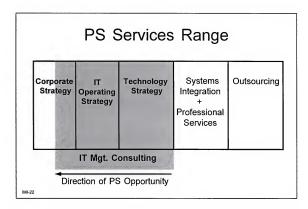
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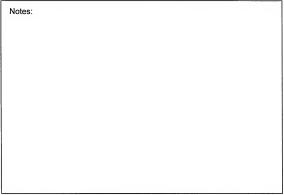


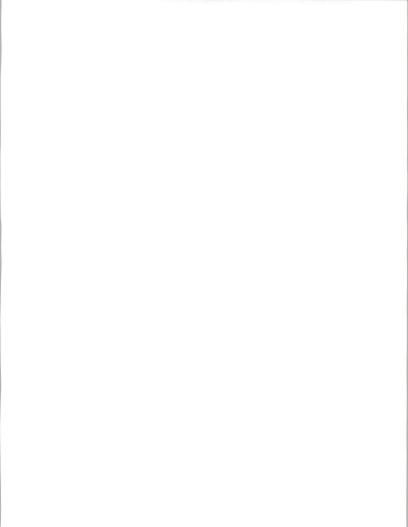
	Influence of IT Decision Makers 1983-1998			
	Level of Influence			
	Function	1983	1993	1998
	Individual User	Low	Medium	Medium
	Functional Mid-Mgt.	Low	Medium	High
	Funct. Exec.	Medium	High	High
	IS Mid. Mgt.	High	Low	Low
	CIO	High	Medium	Low
	CEO/COO	High	High	High
IMI	-21			

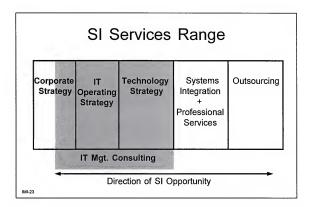
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7/94		



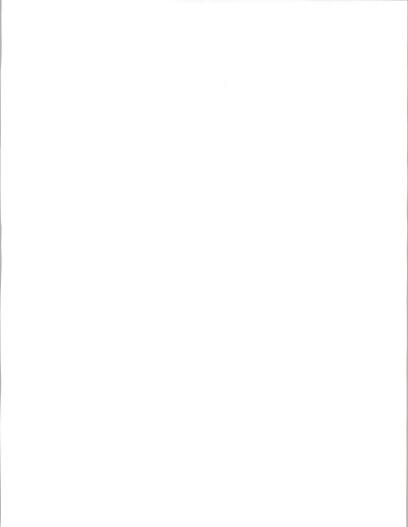


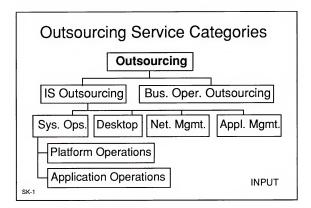


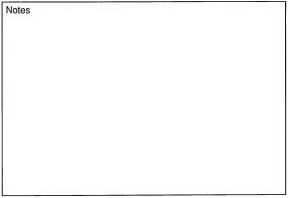


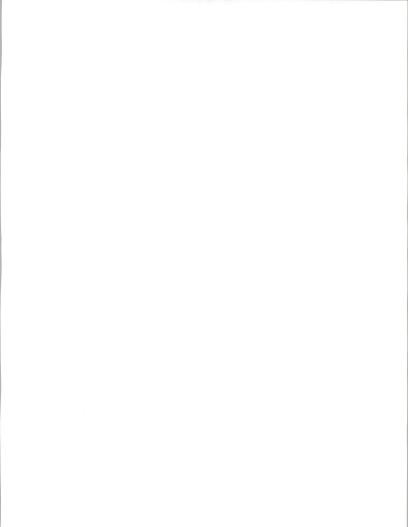


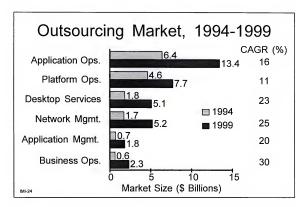




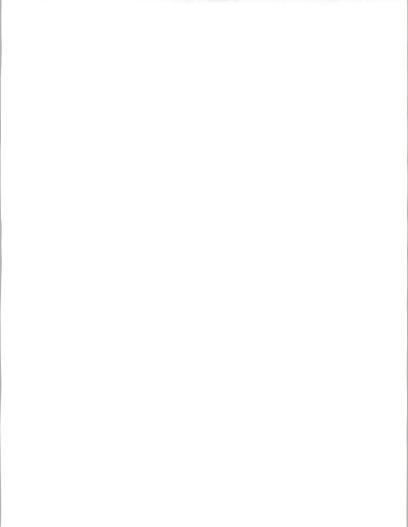








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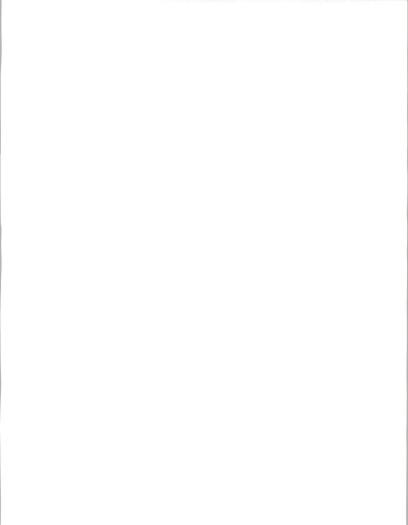


ISSC–Current

Strengths	Weaknesses
Data Center outsourcing	IBM bias
Size	Corporate confusion
Advantis alliance	Solution selling
Market awareness	Client/Server
	I

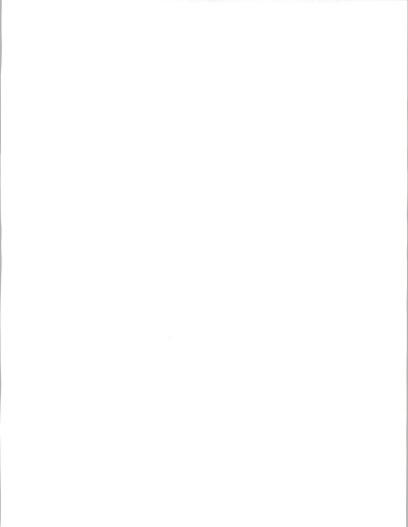
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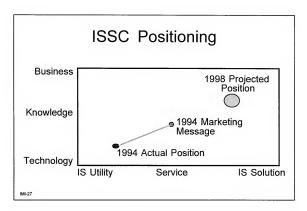
IMI-25

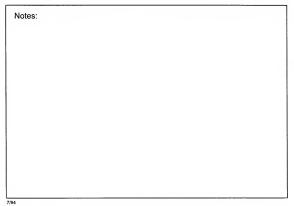


ISSC-Future (1998+)			
Strengths	Weaknesses		
IS solutions	Business process solutions		
Technology	IBM bias		
IT resources	Profitability		
Market awareness Sales strategy			
IM-26			

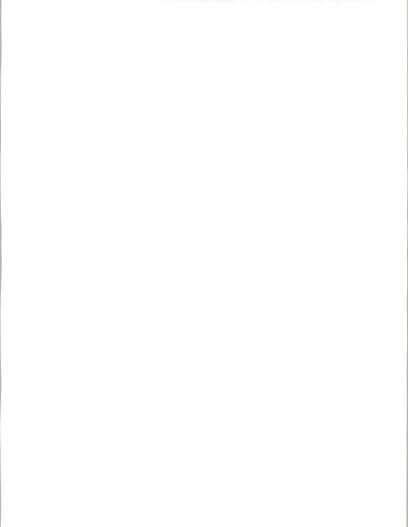
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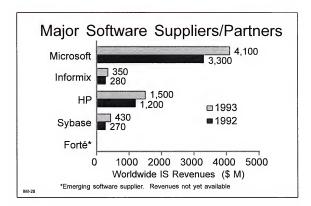




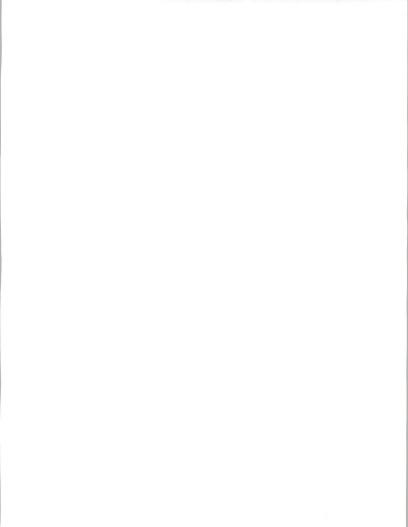


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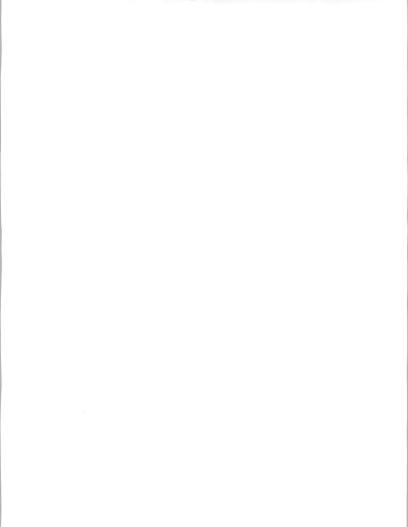




IMI Fit With Partner Strengths			
	IMI Benefit	Partner	
Microsoft	Future platforms	Databases tools	

	Microsoft	Future platforms	Databases, tools					
	Informix	Vertical leads	VAR program					
	HP	Object platforms	Large accounts					
	Sybase	Mainframe access	VAR program					
	Forté	Rapid deployment	Technology					
IN	IMI-29							

Notes:		



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Clients make informed decisions more quickly and economically by using INPUT's services. Since 1974, information technology (IT) users and vendors throughout the world have relied on INPUT for data, research, objective analysis and insightful opinions to prepare their plans, market assessments and business directions, particularly in computer software and services.

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- · Research-based reports on trends, etc. (Over 100 in-depth reports a year)
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- · Immediate answers to questions
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- · Annual conference

DATABASES

- · Software and Services Market Forecasts
- Software and Services Vendors
- U.S. Federal Government
 - Procurement Plans (PAR)
 - Forecasts
 - Awards (FAIT)
- Commercial Application (LEADS)

CUSTOM PROJECTS

For Vendors-analyze:

- · Market strategies and tactics
- · Product/service opportunities
- Customer satisfaction levels
- Competitive positioning
- Acquisition targets

For Buvers-evaluate:

- Specific vendor capabilities
- · Outsourcing options
- · Systems plans
- Peer position

OTHER SERVICES

Acquisition/partnership searches

INPLIT WORLDWIDE

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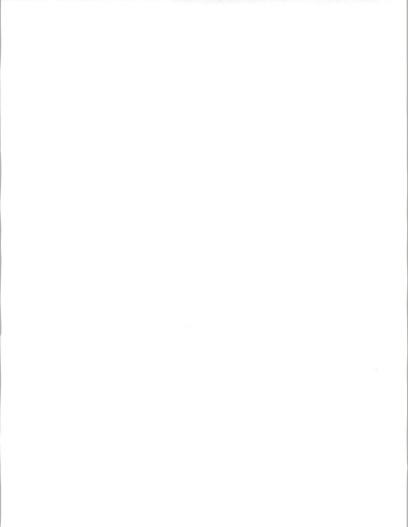
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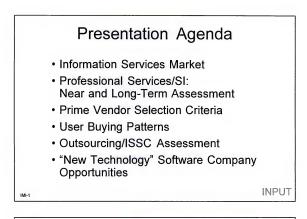
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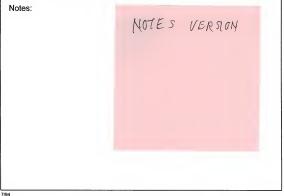
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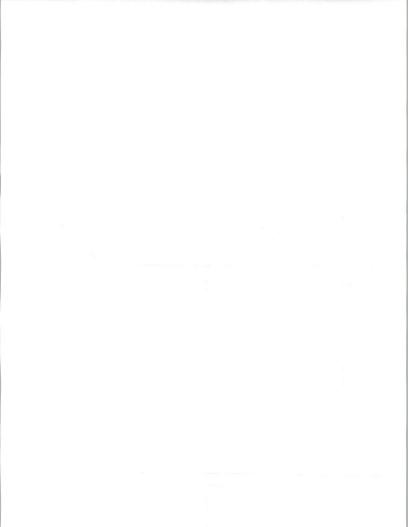
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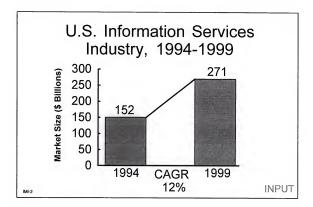






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Notes:

The overall 1994 information services industry will grow 1% more than was forecast in 1993.

U.S. economy is gaining strength with 1994 inflations estimated at a low 2.3%

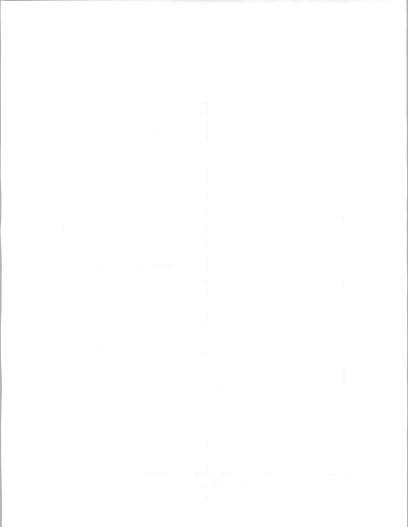
1994 before-tax corporate profits will be at 10%+

IS long-range growth is unchanged at 12%, reflecting a stabilization of overall user expenditures resulting from the organization/structural changes of the last 2-3 years.

- Downsizing Acquisitions Networking
- Outsouricng Global awareness Client/server

Growth will be driven by:

- Growing need for telecom resources (Internet)
- Critical skill requirements (technology, applications, SI)
- Willingness to outsource IT functions

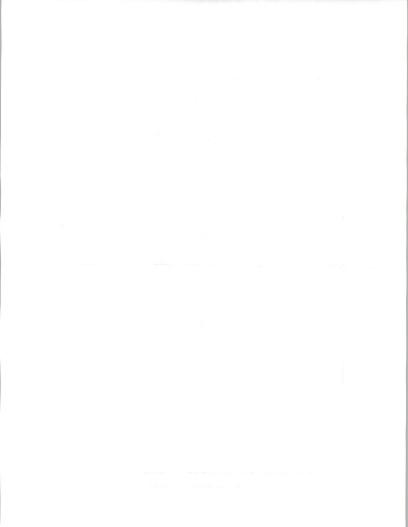


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Federal gov't.	16.8	3		
Process mfg.	16.4	4	X	
State/local gov't.	15.2	5	X	
Telecommunications	11.2	6	Х	
IMI-3			INPUT	

Total information services expenditures. Ranked in order of size. IMI expertise means that IMI sells to these industries

IMI serves 5 of the top 6 industries followed by INPUT (In terms of total information services expenditures in 1999). PS, SI and outsourcing IS expenditures will be detailed later.

Together, these five industries represent 38% of the 1999 information services market. (\$103.7 billion of \$270.7 billion)

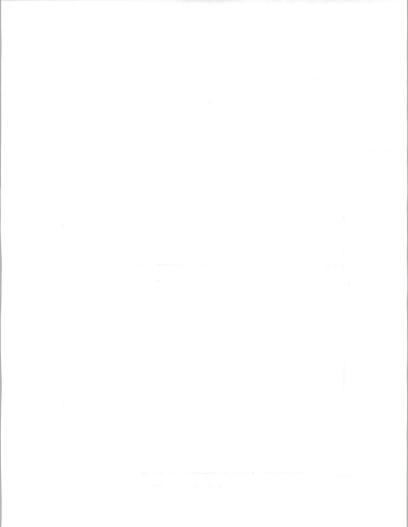


Top Five-Year Growth Rates 1994-1999				
1994-1999 IMI				
Industry	CAGR (%)	Ranking		
Telecommunications	19	1	Х	
Retail distribution	16	2		
Process mfg.	15	3	Х	
Discrete mfg.	15	3	Х	
State and local gov't.	14	5	Х	
INPUT				

IMI also serves 4 of the top 5 growth industries for information services, as measured by 1995-1999 CAGRs.

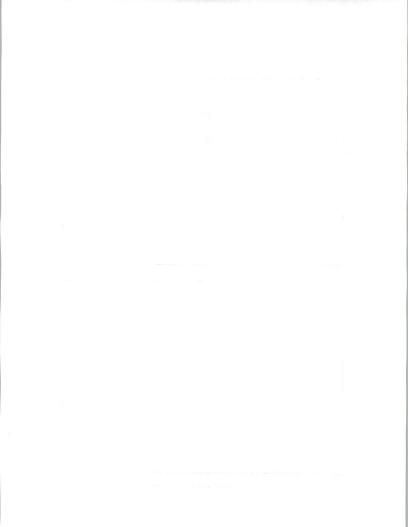
Ranked in order of 5-year growth rates for total information services expenditures. (Process and discrete mig, tied for 3rd place). IMI expertise = IMI sells to these industries.

The message here is that from a market size and growth rate perspective, IMI is well positioned.



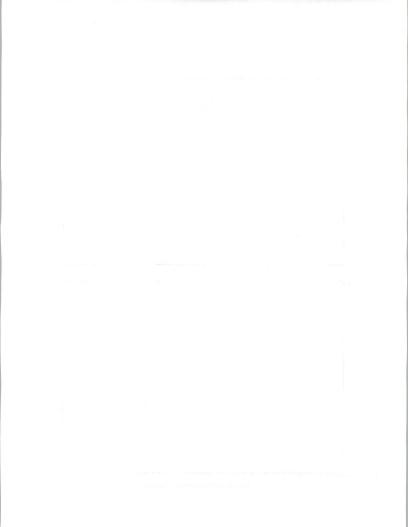
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IMI-5		INPUT			

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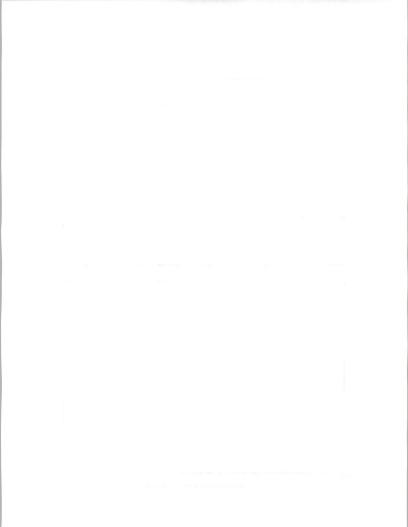
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Discrete Mfg.	7	21				
Process Mfg.	15	15				
State and Local	19	12				
Telecomm.	21	24				
Overall Market	11	15				
IMI-7			INPUT			

otes:	Profess	ional Sen	vices	Systems In	tegration	
Industry	1994 (\$M)	1999 (\$M)	CAGR (%)	1994 (\$M)		CAGR (%)
Banking	2885	4333	8	685	1786	21
Discrete Manufacturing	5580	7869	7	1948	4977	21
Process Manufacturing	2936	5856	15	505	1019	15
State & Local Gov.	2324	5572	19	1161	2047	12
Telecommunications	1519	4021	21	364	1086	24
Overall	22090	37994	11	11184	22673	15

This provides an indication of how to position the company in each of the markets.

It should be remembered that the relatively small size of the Banking Process Manufacturing and Telecomm. SI markets distort the figures for growth.

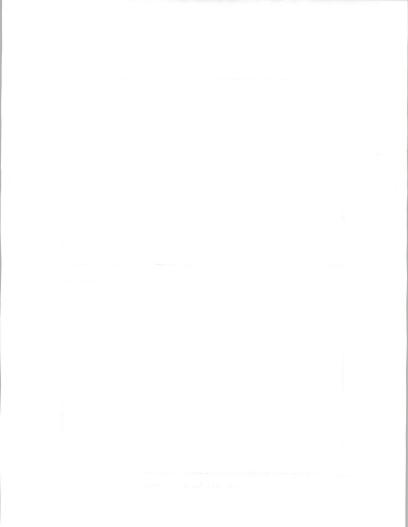
Discrete: SI driven by consolidation of traditional islands of automation. S & LOC: Tends to control projects from within, therefore Si lower than PS.

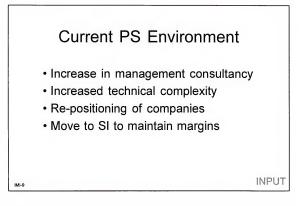


Service Mark	ket Oppo	rtunity
Service	Market Size	Est. Market Growth (%)
Management Consultancy	Small	+20
Project Services	Medium	10-15
Staff Augmentation	Large	5-10
IM-8		INPUT

Although not broken down to vertical market level, these estimates of relative growth in each of the service areas will help identify the optimum service mix.

The margins in each of the service areas are coincidentally equivalent to the growth figures.

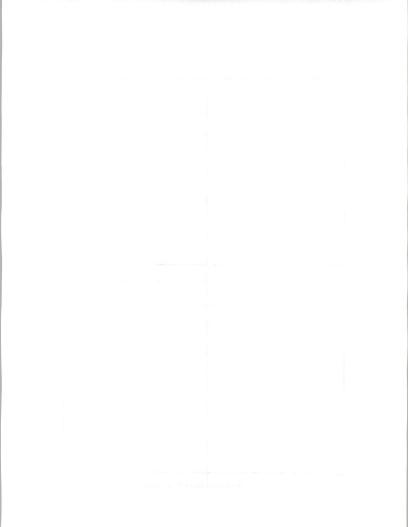


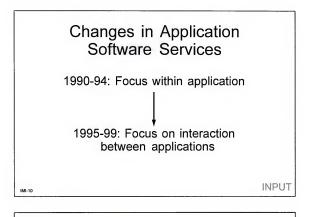


The increase in technical complexity has impact on not just skills but also on project risk. Recent research on risk management indicated that vendors view technical complexity as the number 1 risk factor yet this was not identified as a factor by users.

This enhanced complexity generates additional demand for external assistance.

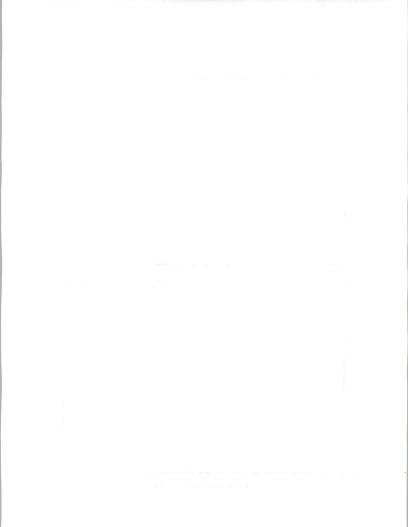
In an attempt to maintain, or raise, margins many PS companies are moving into SI. Average margins for SI are in the 15-20% range but only 10-15% for PS. Management consultancy demands the top margins with 20-25% average.

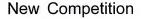




There is a reduction in demand for software package modification due to the plethora of parameter-driven packages available in the market. At the same time there is an increasing demand for services to allow interaction and flow of data among packages. In addition, the introduction of packed software into an environment populated with homegrown software generates further demand for information integration.

Satisfaction of this demand will become a focus of service attention over the next five years.





- Computer companies ~ 40% of SI market
- Management consultancies
- Telecommunication vendors

INPUT

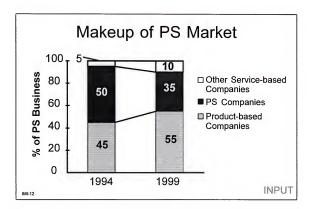
IMI-11

All major computer manufacturers are in, or going into, the PS and SI markets. They are each claiming to have a solution focus. We estimate they currently have approximately 40% of the SI market.

Traditional management consultancies are moving into the SI business and extending their range of services thus often becoming direct competitors with the IT-related PS companies.

In areas such as telecommunications, the product vendors are moving into the services arena. This is bringing another meaning to "application services". No longer is the term used solely for computer based applications but now it must be associated with specific usage of IT and non-IT technology.





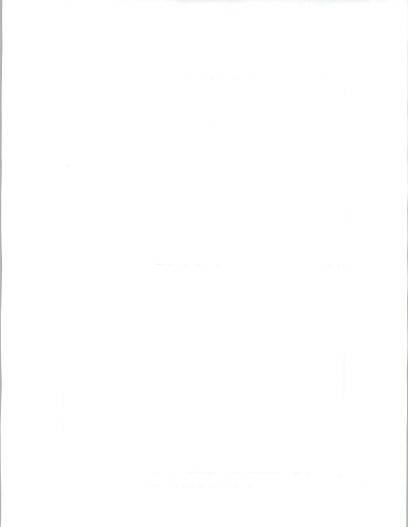
The key message from this chart is the migration of services from the traditional PS vendors to other vendors in the market. For example, hardware and software vendors will continue to encroach upon the PS market and grab additional market share over the next few years.

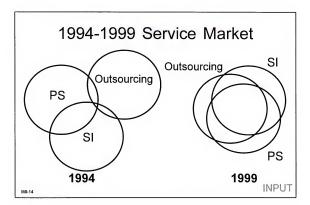
Today's PS vendor who wants to expand must due so by seeking additional markets and/or increasing the range of services offered. PS vendors who look to expand on the basis of winning additional business from the same services will be squeezed.

Moving into	Consultancy
Positive/Optimism Neu	utral —— Negative/Caution
High Reward	High Risk
Competitive Advantage	Customer Perception
Customer Partnership	Increased Skill Req.
Ve ^{IMI-13}	ndor INPUT

The inclusion of Management Consultancy services can be a double-edged sword. The positive factors must be considered in conjunction with the negatives.

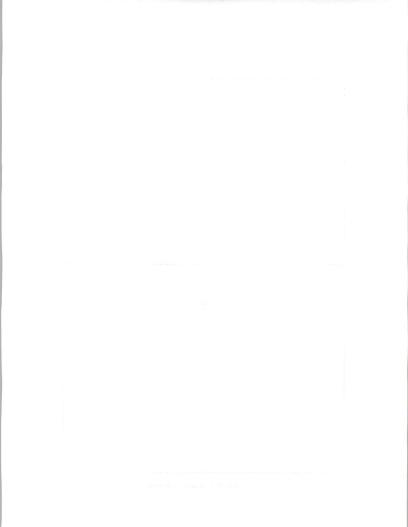
The high risk stems from the complexity of tasks and the change in skills, sales techniques, marketing etc. that are required. In addition, prospects may not perceive recent entrants into this market as viable vendors.





In the 1994 services market there is overlap between PS, SI and Outsourcing. This picture will dramatically change by 1999 as the degree of overlap becomes extensive. Users will look more and more for their vendors to be capable of offering a complete range of services. The delivery capability need not always be present within one vendor but may be spread across several who then sell and deliver as one - a 'virtual company'.

This point regarding alliances will be discussed later in more detail.





Virtual companies = independent vendors working together as one.

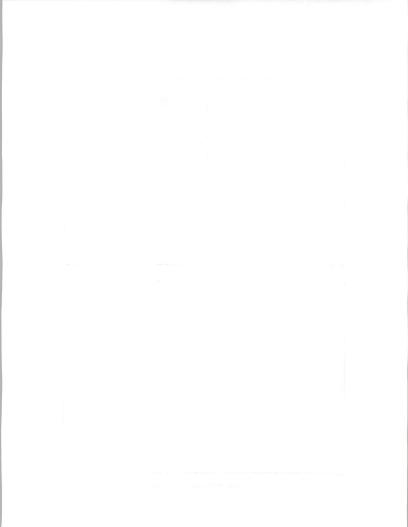
The role of prime contractor will move from the integrator of today to the management consultant. This will be driven by the move to include BPR as starting point for change and the need to have overall control within the hands of the strategist.

This does not necessarily mean a new set of companies will assume prime responsibility but that today's SI vendor must include a management Consultancy service if they are retain prime status.

The availability of development services from a wide range of software, hardware and services companies (including independent consultants) will drive down the price and margins for this service area.

This erosion of margins started with hardware and is now hitting software. Development services will soon be affected. They are the next layer in a "solution hierarchy".

Peter: you may want to hand draw this "hierarchy" as it would be a good way to get audience participation.

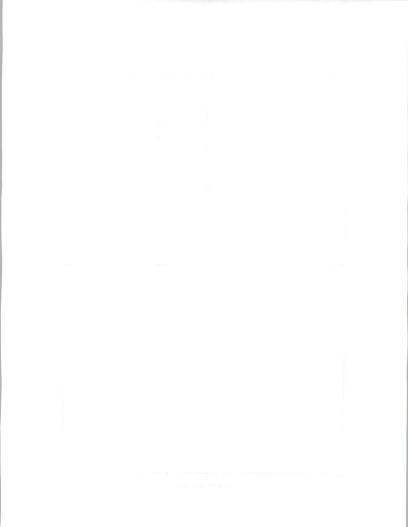


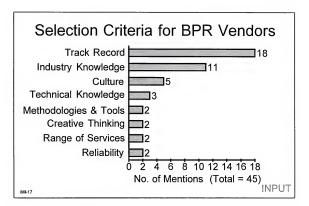
Criteria for SI Vendor Se	ection
Selection Criteria	Importance*
Experience with similar systems	4.3
Proposal and discussions with vendors	4.2
Image of vendor as agent of change	4.1
Experience with industry and application	4.1
Pricing	4.1
Guarantees, penalties	4.1
Ability to work with functional users	4.0
*Rating: 1 = Low, 5 = High	INPUT

These criteria came from the SI Market Forecast, 1993-1998 report.

Note that all the ratings shown are 4.0 or above.

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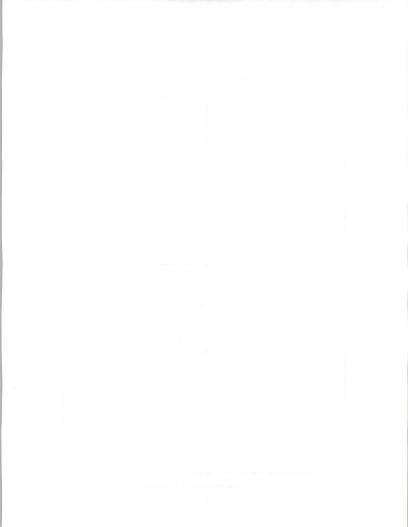


This data is from the report on BPR and SI relationship.

Note that Pricing is not mentioned.

"Creative Thinking" means the users wanted the BPR consultant to challenge them to consider new areas. Also expressed as "out-of-the-box" thinking.

This data indicates another reason for PS vendors to consider carefully before embarking on management consultancy services such as BPR. The market for these services is very different from the traditional IT PS market.



C/S Prime Vendor Considerations

Server Equipment

- Business issue* - Replacement cost

- Technology issue - Capacity

Server Operating System

- Business issue* - Training cost

- Technology issue - Multiprocessing capability

* Indicates issue taking precedence in selection process

IMI-18

INPUT

Notes:

The next 3 charts are included as IMI are probably delivering products and services to users moving or considering moving to Client/Server systems. The notes show the expanded chart fromClient/Server Explosion - How Users Choose Platforms' report.

C/S Component	Business	Issues	Technology Issues
Server Equipment	expensive heavy invo	talled base, e to replace, plus estment in training etc.	Capability of existing equipment to handle growing number of applications
Server Operating System	training fo	restment in or changeover to particularly to	Large DOS installed base does not have multiprocessing capability, could be solved by NT, UNIX or OS/2

(*) indicates issue taking precedence in selection process



C/S Prime Vendor Considerations

- Client Operating System
 - Business issue* Investment in base
 - Technology issue Capacity
- Network Operating System
 - Business issue* Investment in base (Netware)

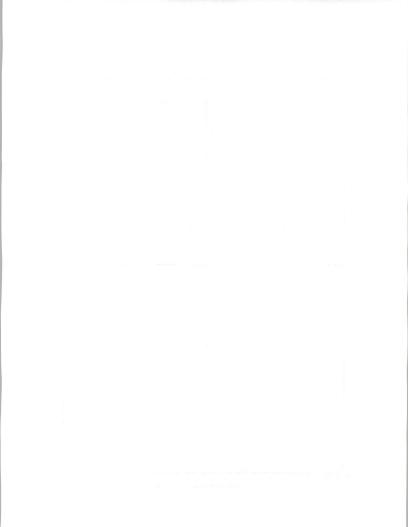
INPUT

- Technology issue - NT integration

* Indicates issue taking precedence in selection process

IMI-19

C/S Component		Business Issues	Technology Issues
Client Equipment Operating System		Huge investment in installed PC base, Windows and associated user training	Potential capacity problems and curren weakness in the DOS/Windows environments fault management
Network Operating System		Large installed base (NetWare), investment in training and technical support	NetWare considered state of the art but there are concerns about integration with NT
(*) indicates issue takin	ng prece	dence in selection process	



C/S Prime Vendor Considerations

- DB Management Software
 - Business issue Cost of change
 - Technology issue* -Interface and portability

INPUT

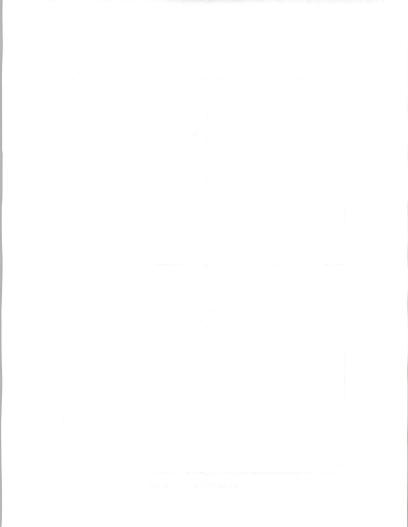
- Application Development Tools
 - Business issue Investment and cost
 - Technology issue* New tools

* Indicates issue taking precedence in selection process

IMI-20

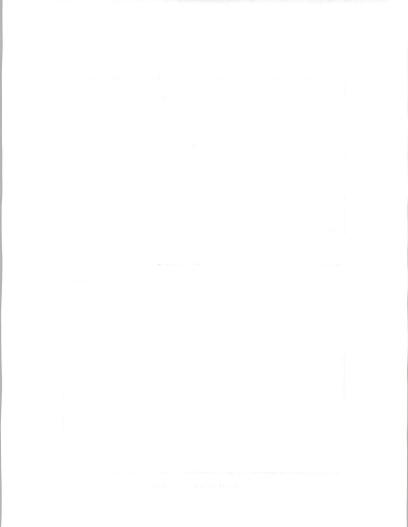
C/S Component	Business Issues	Technology Issues
DB Management Software	Significant investment to move to distributed relational, both training and licensing	Provides primary interface to application and portability across multiple platforms
Application Development Tools	Costly to outfit designers with new tools, plus significant investment in current tools and training	Tools must match C/S applications architecture, critical to rapid developme and re-engineering

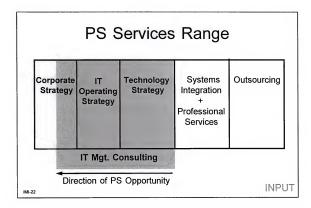
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Influence of IT Decision Makers 1983-1998				
	Level of Influence			
Function	1983	1993	1998	
Individual User	Low	Medium	Medium	
Functional Mid-Mgt.	Low	Medium	High	
Funct. Exec.	Medium	High	High	
IS Mid. Mgt.	High	Low	Low	
CIO	High	Medium	Low	
CEO/COO	High	High	High	
IMI-21			INPUT	

Buying power is shifting away from the IT department and to the functional departments. the functional executives and senior corporate management are becoming key decision makers. This especially true in BPR environment where active participation by occupants of the executive suite is a prerequisite for success.

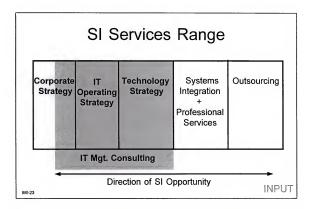




Consider the spectrum of potential services. Traditionally, SI and PS have been focused on implementation of strategy but the move to management consulting is changing this role.

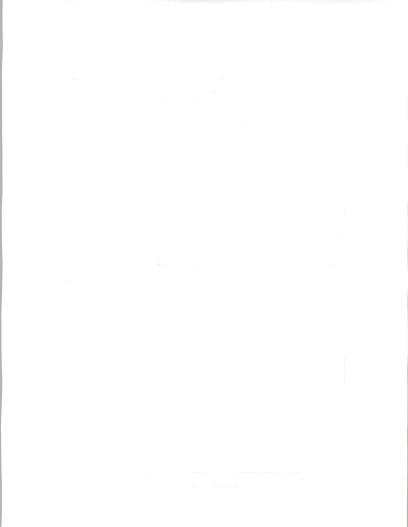
Primary opportunity for growth for the PS vendor is towards strategy-based services.

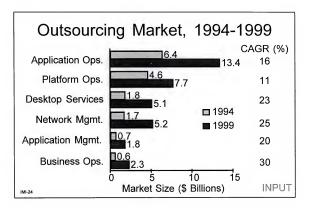
The shaded area shows the range of consulting services contained within the INPUT Business Integration program.



SI vendors consider a broader spectrum of services than PS vendors. The increasing overlap of SI and Outsourcing demands that SI vendors consider Outsourcing as an extension to their services range and that Outsourcers consider the SI market.

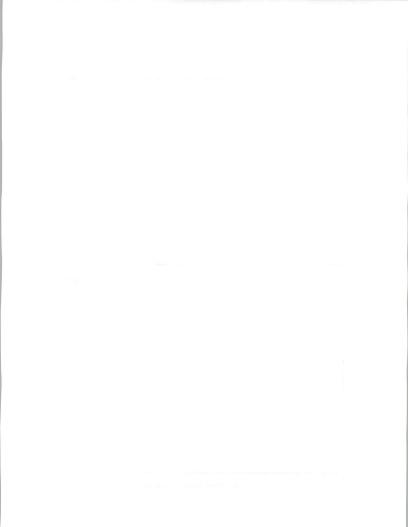
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Notes:			

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ISSC–Current

Strengths	Weaknesses
Data Center outsourcing	IBM bias
Size	Corporate confusion
Advantis alliance	Solution selling
Market awareness	Client/Server
	I



Notes:

IMI-25

Most of ISSC's current contracts are either Platform or Application Operations

A key ISSC strength is infrastructure (facilities and, with Advantis, network) and a large number of data center operations personnel

Advantis is a key asset for bidding on mega contracts that require extensive network management capabilities

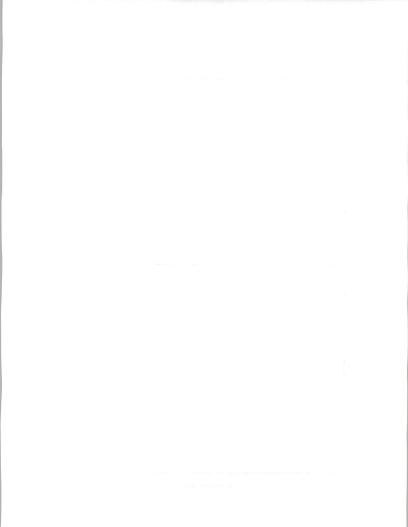
The IBM name still is marketable, especially for "IBM Shops"

The IBM bias is still an issue for some clients, especially in multivendor environments

IBM's constant reorganization is confusing. Who sells service? ISSC? The Trading Areas? Industry Solutions Group? Who delivers consulting? SI?

IBM is beginning a vertical sales/solution thrust for all IBM solutions under Denie Welsh's management. This group is projected to be merged into ISSC.

IBM has pockets of expertise in Client/Server but the market perception is that IBM/ISSC's strength is mainframes and not Client/Server



ISSC-F	Future (1998+)
Strengths	Weaknesses
IS solutions	Business process solutions
Technology	IBM bias
IT resources	Profitability
Market awareness	Sales strategy
IML26	INPU ⁻

ISSC is moving towards IS solutions. The projected incorporation of the Industry Solutions group into ISSC will expand their capability in this area.

Technology will continue to be a strength of both IBM and by inferences, ISSC. Customer's will look to IBM for technological leadership.

Similarly, ISSC will have the people, facilities, products and services that support their technological leadership.

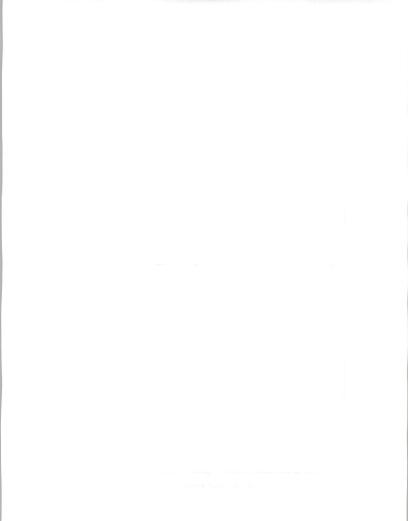
The IBM name will continue to be a key asset.

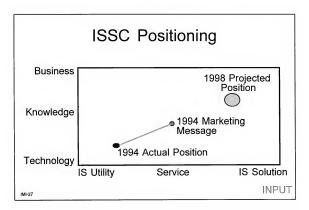
ISSC will not participate directly in the Business Operations (Business Process Mgt) market

The perceived IBM bias will remain an obstacle to some prospects

The question of ISSC's profitability has already been asked by IBM management. As ISSC grows to induce all aspects of service solutions, the importance of profitability will increase. ISSC's visibility to the investment community will increase as a key component to IBM's total financial performance and as such, it will receive increased scrutiny.

IBM tends to have a "sales strategy de jour". In the future, ISSC will have their own sales force. How they work with the other areas of IBM will continue to be an issue. Partnerships with other service providers will become more important and thiswill also cloud the sales picture.





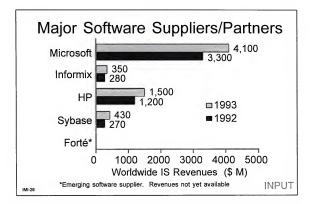
ISSC is marketing themselves as IS solution vendors

Actually, most of their activity is in Platform and Application Operation outsourcing.

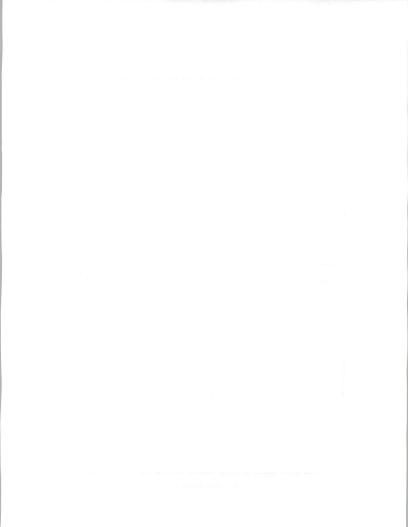
ISSC is including some SI and development activity, this will increase in the future, with the projected inclusion of their Industry Solutions Group

ISSC remains technology driven. In the future, there will be a more application orientation but business process management will never be a strength





Notes:	
	Background Data
Microsoft	making major thrust into enterprise and database markets,
	strong developer program
	provides visibility into future development environments and platforms
Informix	strong vertical market and value-added reseller program
	heavy UNIX market presence
Hewlett-Packard	strong value-added reseller program
	heavy emphasis on objects
Sybase	strong partnering program
	IBM mainframe connectivity for a relational database vendor
	Gain's Momentum development tool is strong for multimedia
Forté	revenues not yet available
	emerging vendor of distributed development tool for screen creation and DBMS interconnections across Mac, Windows and UNIX platforms
	useful where users interact with each other in real time



IMI Fit With Partner Strengths

	IMI Benefit	Partner
Microsoft	Future platforms	Databases, tools
Informix	Vertical leads	VAR program
HP	Object platforms	Large accounts
Sybase	Mainframe access	VAR program
Forté	Rapid deployment	Technology
	1	

IMI-29

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Notes:

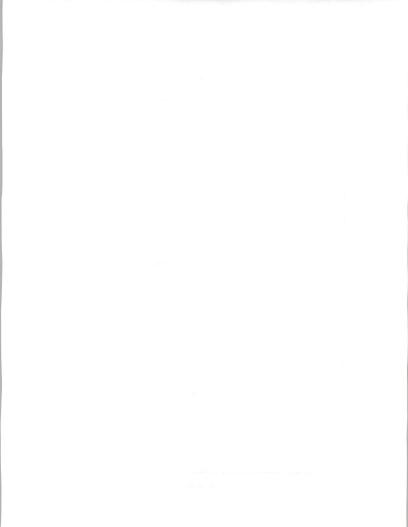
Microsoft provides a new platform opporunity as it targets major corporations with databases. Also it provides pre-release software for new platforms and excellent developer support.

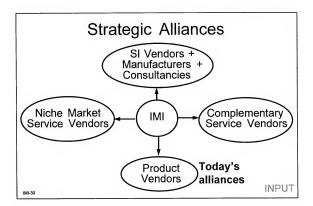
Informix can provide vertical market leads and open systems expertise.

HP provides hardware, but more importantly a range of object-oriented platforms such as Taligent and OpenStep.

Sybase is moving into lower-end databases as well as having strong interfaces to legacy data. Sybase has a strong program for partners.

Forte is an emerging vendor that has distributed software development tools. These are worth considering for new applications development. It provides IMI with advanced technology and supplements. Powersoft's product for lower end systems.



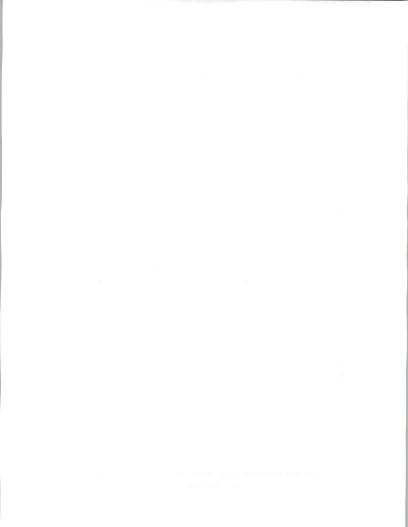


4 dimensions of alliance:

- SI vendors/manufacturers/large consultancies this provides IMI with a route for software sales as well as access to corporate accounts "owned" by these other vendors.
- Complementary Service Vendors relationships with vendors offering different services yet to customers similar to IMI's. This will provide viable competition to full-service providers such as Andersen/CSC/ISSC/Unisys etc. These partnerships can be seen as "virtual companies" that leverage off each others activities.
- 3. Niche Market Service Vendors providing a source of specialist skills when required
- Product Vendors this has been the focus of IMI attention to date. Following slides review this topic.



IMI have traditionally considered strategic alliances from the standpoint of product. While this view is important, and discussed in following slides, is a mistake to ignore other types of strategic alliances and partnerships.



Selecting Partners

- Technology suppliers
 - Hardware manufacturers
 - Software vendors
 - System integrators
- · Corporate investors
- · Prime contractors
- · Major accounts

IMI-31

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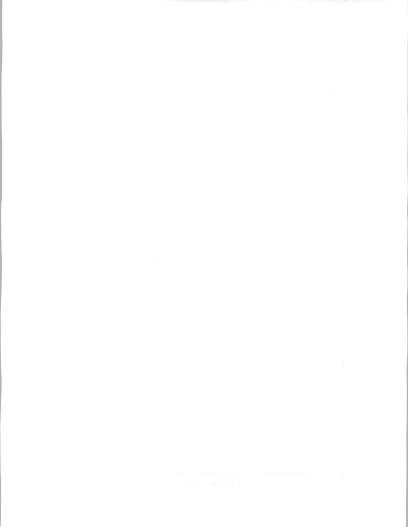
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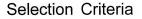
IMI needs to find other partners besides technology partners

It needs financial and marketing strength to complement its services

It must encourage partners to commit not just resources but invest in people that support IMI.

IMI needs to create a positioning statement that explains why it can attract these partners. It could be based on IMI's expertise in managing technical teams and having applications expertise.





- · World class reputation
- · Financial and marketing muscle
- Non-competitive
- IMI is critical to partner's success
- · Partner's senior management supports IMI

IMI-32

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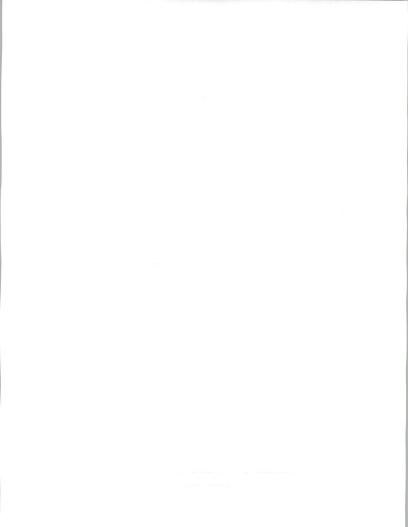
World class reputation - technology or market leader that can bring IMI to new customers.

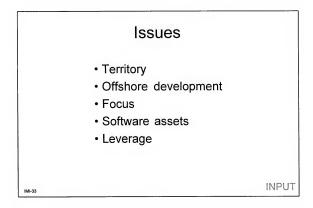
Financial and marketing - both must be present.

Example: IBM partners who went with OS/2 initially. IBM had financial investments in some companies, but the marketing installed base was not there to make a successful business.

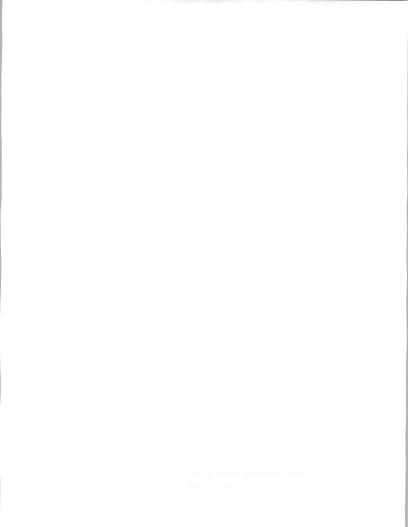
Non-competitive - Compaq is currently working out how it can sell to major accounts directly without impacting dealers. Traditionally Compaq has been very focused and not competed with its resellers. Powersoft is leveraging its distribution and is not competing with its resellers - a reason to continue to support Powersoft.

Partner needs to depend on IMI - it is easy for a major corporation or software supplier to view IMI as one of many resellers. It is essential that IMI finds partners who without IMI will see considerable business loss.





Notes:	



Territory

- How can IMI support large multinationals?
- Will partners sell into select markets?
 Geographical, verticals, applications
- · How does IMI intend to grow internationally?
- · Should IMI focus on a local region?

		-34	

INPUT

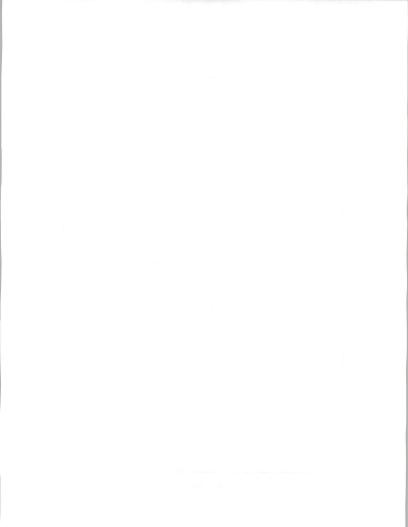
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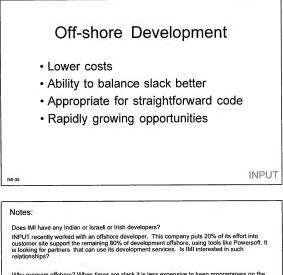
Sequent resells its hardware to Unitys. As Sequent sells more to users it becomes less dependent on Unitys. Also Unitys has alternative hardware sources. However there are some countries that Sequent cannot reach and for these countries Unitys can gain additional business reselling Sequent machines. Large customers may ward overseas support for their systems. Can IMI provide this? Are there additional partners that IMI can work with to provide multinationals with the support that they need?

Resellers of software are often regionally focused. IMI needs to be differentiated in the territories it selects and find complementary partners in other markets from which it can get referrals.

Another way to differentiate the business is to become a leader in vertical markets such as telecommunications. Since this is a large market (client/server software designed for telecommunications and cable companies is estimated to reach \$4B by 1998) there is opportunity for product platforms that can be readily customized.

Which towns (or Edge Cities) is IMI really focused on - examples Route 287 NJ - AT&T, BellCore or in California Pleasanton/San Ramon.

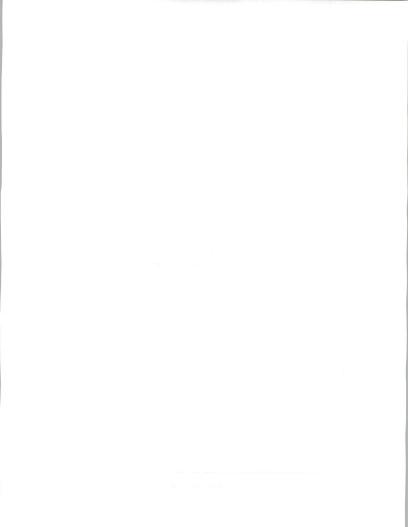


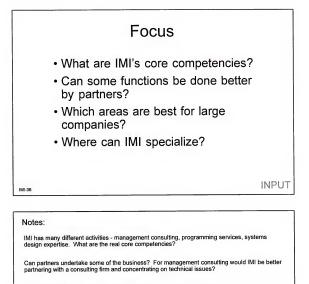


Why program offshore? When times are slack it is less expensive to keep programmers on the payroll overseas than in the US. These times can be used to develop standard products and learn new tools.

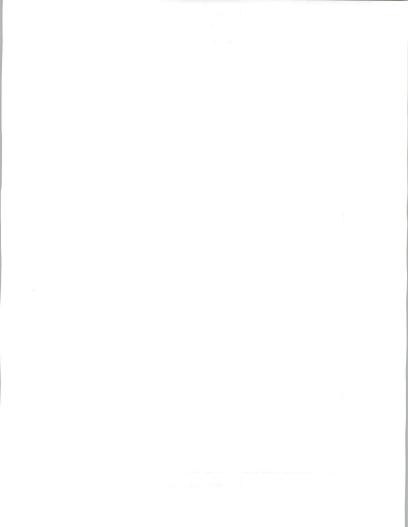
What should be programmed offshore? Relatively straightforward projects.

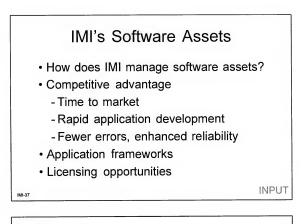
Where are the offshore opportunities? India, Israel, Ireland, Russia What are the issues? Management, language, payment (may need to barter).





The telephone billing area is suitable for both large and small companies, providing the right area is selected. How does IMI work or compete with Keane, CBIS, GTE, Bellcore, AT&T Bell Labs? How is the market changing?





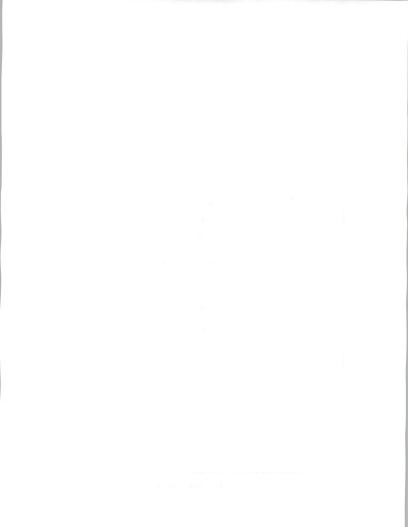
Managing software assets - how is the software protected - patent, trade secret or copyright?

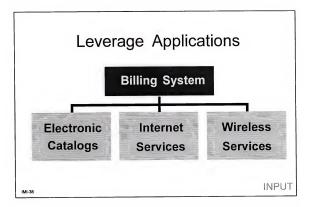
Powersoft is a good fit for IMI it gives it rapid application development, fast time to market. However this is a minimum. How does IMI manage code re-use, software assets, version control and team development to ensure that its code can be leveraged into other clients?

Does IMI have a competitive edge that enables it to sell products it creates using Powersoft? These may be simple utilities. If IMI does not sell such code should it license it to someone who can sell it?

Examples - Covia Technologies - sells middleware software for transaction processing - spun out of the airline reservation system business as a separate company.

DataEase a database vendor - sold enterprise client/server software tools to Symantec.





IMI can leverage its application expertise. Take billing systems as an example. New services are demanding new kinds of billing systems (Visa cannot do it all). Even if Visa and Mastercard process bills the service provider still has to send information to them and get its own records. Niche the market and expand into emerging but related areas that need billing systems.

Expertise in billing systems can be applied to emerging markets

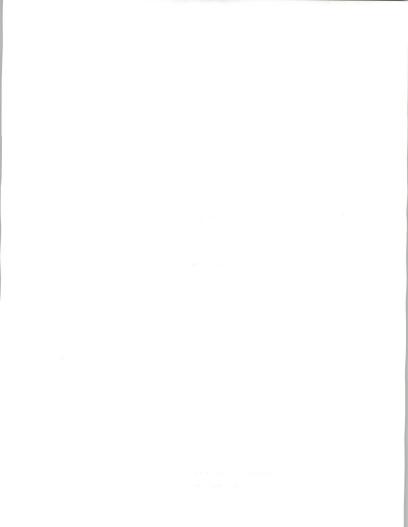
Electronic catalogs - many retailers will require interfaces to their billing systems

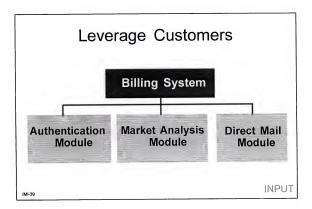
Internet services - content providers on the internet require billing

Wireless services - local and wide-area service

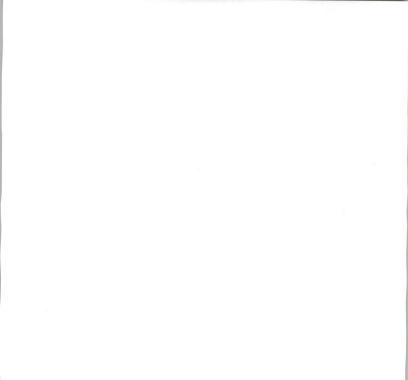
IMI needs to select one or two new markets where it can partner with suppliers and use its billing system expertise in emerging applications.

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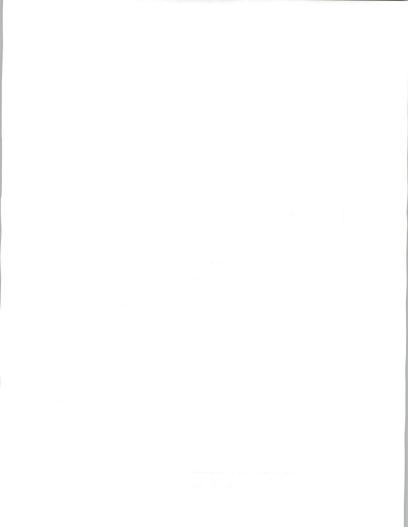
Notes:
Adding new customers is expensive - IMI can sell more to its existing customers.
Retaining customers lowers the cost of sales
Consider other modules that can be added to existing installations
Security is a key concern

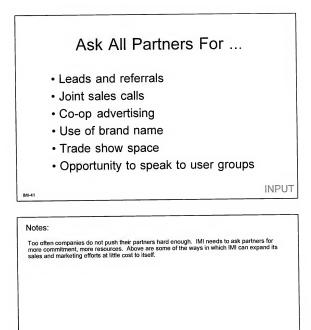


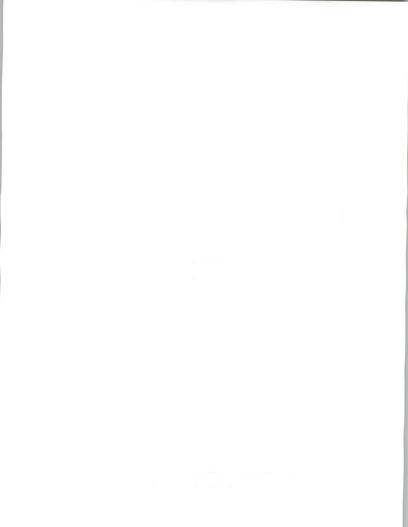
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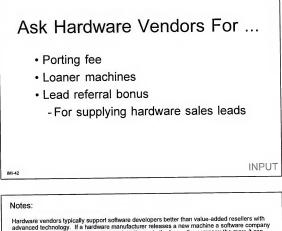
What IMI Needs From Partners			
	IMI	Partners	
Direct sales	Small direct force	Large direct force	
Marketing	Public relations	Co-op marketing	
Tech support	Clients via E-mail	For major users	
Training	Franchise	Train users	
Expertise	Applications	Major accounts	
Contracting	Usually sub	Usually prime	
IMI-40		INPUT	

Notes:						
IMI nee	ds to draw up a	a similar chart	to this for eac	h of its partner	s to understand	I if the fit is good.









advanced technology. If a hardware manufacturer releases a new machine a software company will typically ask for a porting fee to complete the port, the larger the company the more it can ask. VARs and system integrators need to ask hardware manufacturers to support their software development efforts more, so that the VAR is not late to market.

IMI can refer leads to hardware manufacturers for a fee. These deals may be worked out with local sales offices. Local sales offices of hardware manufacturers are also a good source of leads for IMI. Joint sales calls may be worked out locally, then a national agreement may be sought.





- Developer support
 - Microsoft Devcon
- · Early software releases
- · Access to latest bug fixes
- Programmer training

INPUT

Notes:

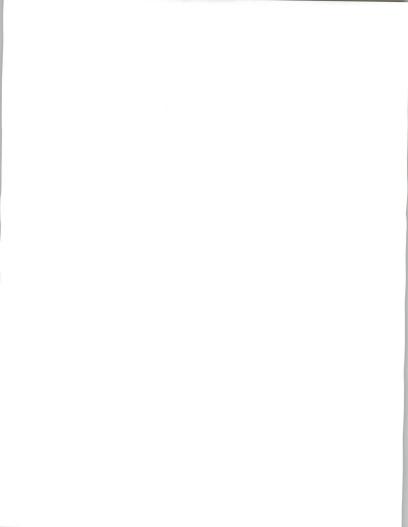
IMI-43

Microsoft has one of the best developer programs - but it starts to cost. The Devcon is a satellite transmission of future information. Microsoft's CD-ROMs are invaluable for technical information from these events. Also developers can use online forums like Compuserve to get support.

IMI can benefit from early software releases as it helps get the product to market early and ensures that software has a modern look and feel. The risks are unproven code which can delay development. IMI has to decide which code it is worth testing early (such as Windows 4.0 Chicago) vs. which it is better waiting for until it is released and seeing if the market takes off (Taliagent - joint IBM-Apple development with object frameworks).

Does IMI connect into software developer's bug reporting systems electronically? To what extent will the software vendor support electronic connections. Does the software vendor email bug fixes automatically to IMI?

Programmer training - does the software vendor give IMI breaks on its training prices?

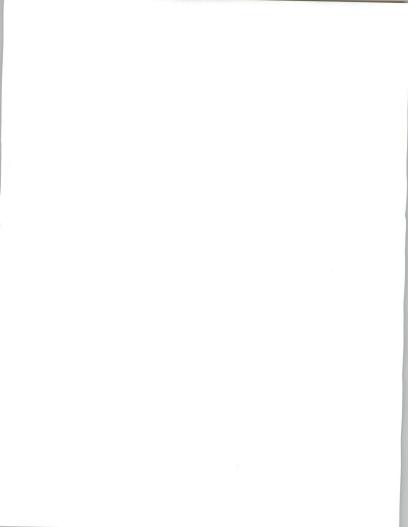


Is Powersoft a Good Partner?				
	IMI	Powersoft		
Direct sales Marketing Tech support Training Expertise Contracting	Sells direct Low visibility For application Opportunity Applications Yes	Wants resellers High visibility First rate Supports trainers Packaged tools No		
1MI-44		INPUT		

Notes:

This is an excellent opportunity for IMI. However there are many other Powersoft resellers so IMI must further differentiate its expertise.

Powersoft provides excellent support for its training companies and has over 60 of them. Powersoft prefers to train the trainers rather than support a large in-house staff. In contrast Knowledgeware has 90 staff involved in training and consulting and make \$12M. If IMI is not a Powersoft training partner it may represent a further opportunity.

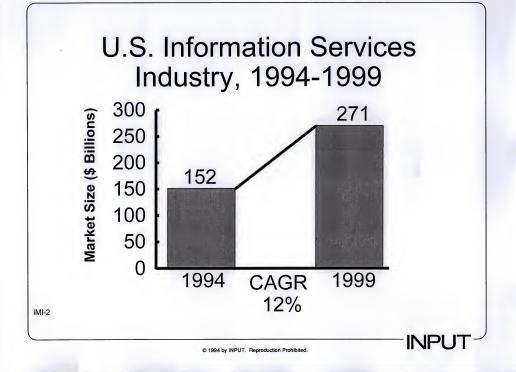


Presentation Agenda

- Information Services Market
- Professional Services/SI: Near and Long-Term Assessment
- Prime Vendor Selection Criteria
- User Buying Patterns
- Outsourcing/ISSC Assessment
- "New Technology" Software Company
 Opportunities

IMI-1







Hot Industries in 1999			
199	9	IMI	
Size (\$ B)	Ranking		
32.6	1	Х	
28.3	2	Х	
16.8	3		
16.4	4	Х	
15.2	5	Х	
11.2	6	Х	
	199 Size (\$ B) 32.6 28.3 16.8 16.4 15.2	1999 Size (\$ B) Ranking 32.6 1 28.3 2 16.8 3 16.4 4 15.2 5	

IMI-3

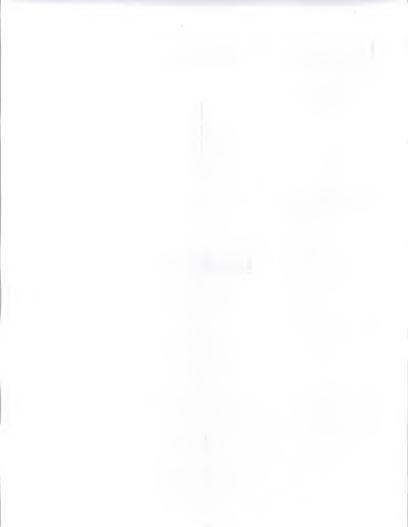
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Top Five-Year Growth Rates 1994-1999			
1994-1999 IMI			
Industry	CAGR (%)	Ranking	
Telecommunications	19	1	Х
Retail distribution	16	2	
Process mfg.	15	3	Х
Discrete mfg.	15	3	Х
State and local gov't.	14	5	Х

IMI-4

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IMI Market Size, 1994-1999 Professional Services

Industry	1994 (\$ M)	1999 (\$ M)
Banking	2,885	4,333
Discrete Mfg.	5,580	7,869
Process Mfg.	2,936	5,856
State and Local	2,324	5,572
Telecomm.	1,519	4,021
Overall Market	22,090	37,994

IMI-5



IMI Market Size, 1994-1999 Systems Integration

Industry	1994 (\$ M)	1999 (\$ M)
Banking	689	1,786
Discrete Mfg.	1,948	4,977
Process Mfg.	505	1,019
State and Local	1,161	2,047
Telecomm.	364	1,086
Overall Market	11,184	22,673

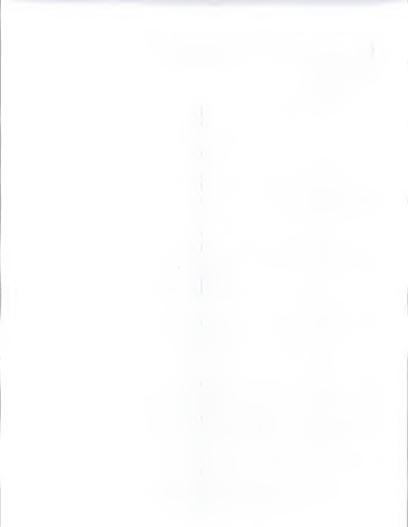
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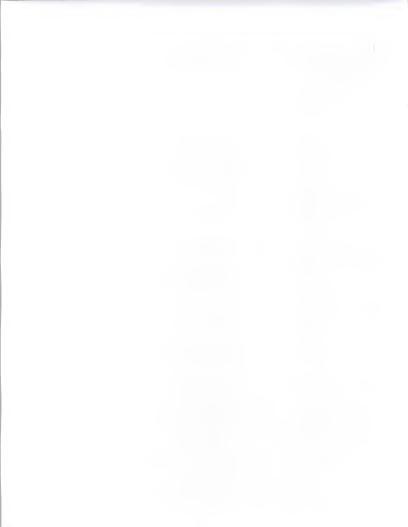
IMI-6



IMI Market Growth, 1994-1999			
Industry	PS (%)	SI (%)	
Banking	8	21	
Discrete Mfg.	7	21	
Process Mfg.	15	15	
State and Loca	I 19	12	
Telecomm.	21	24	
Overall Market	11	15	
MI-7			
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Service Market Opportunity				
Service	Market Size	Est. Market Growth (%)		
Management Consultancy	Small	+20		
Project Services	Medium	10-15		
Staff Augmentation	Large	5-10		
IMI-8				

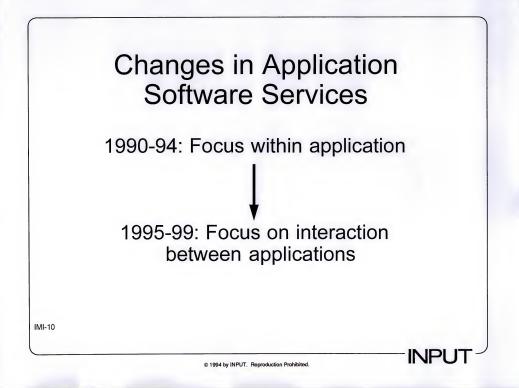


Current PS Environment

- Increase in management consultancy
- Increased technical complexity
- Re-positioning of companies
- Move to SI to maintain margins

IMI-9







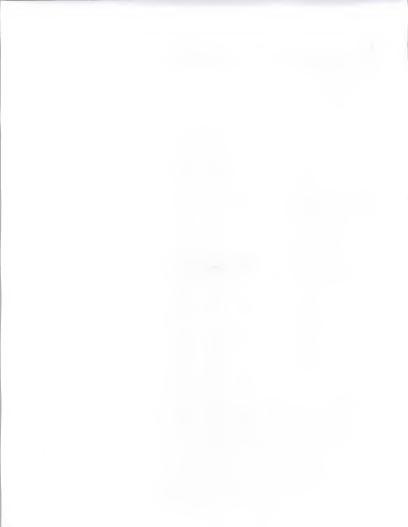
New Competition

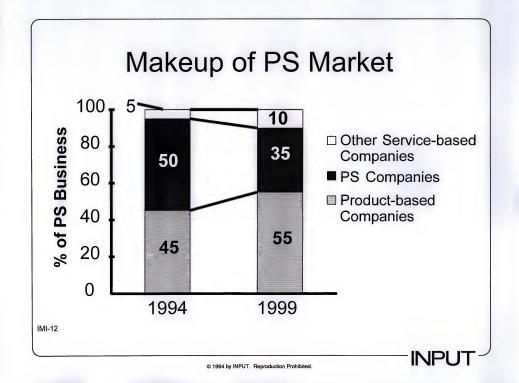
- Computer companies ~ 40% of SI market
- Management consultancies
- Telecommunication vendors

IMI-11

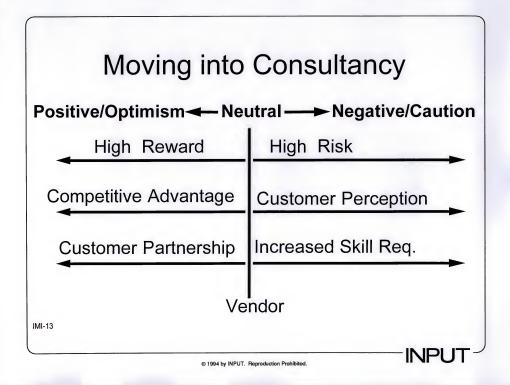
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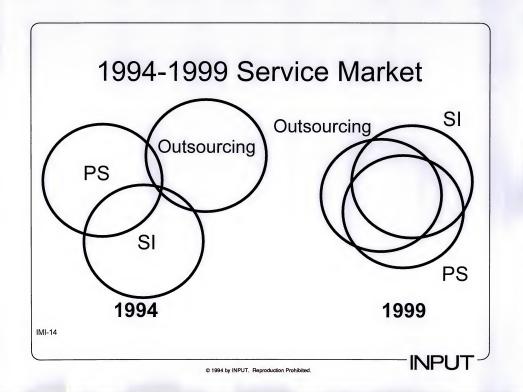














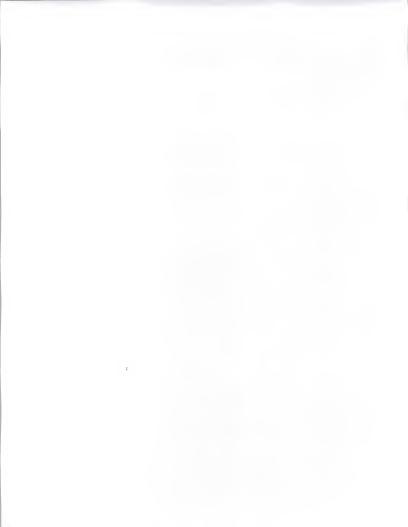
Professional Services in 1999

- 1. Three catagories of vendor:
 - Independent full-service companies
 - Virtual companies
 - Niche-market specialists
- 2. Management consultancies are prime contractors
- 3. Development Service margins < 8%

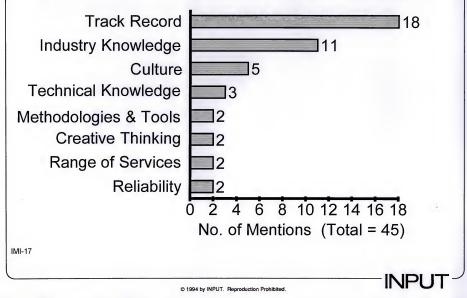
IMI-15



Criteria for SI Vendor Selection		
Selection Criteria	Importance*	
Experience with similar systems	4.3	
Proposal and discussions with vendors	4.2	
Image of vendor as agent of change	4.1	
Experience with industry and application	4.1	
Pricing	4.1	
Guarantees, penalties	4.1	
Ability to work with functional users	4.0	
*Rating: 1 = Low, 5 = High		
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Selection Criteria for BPR Vendors





C/S Prime Vendor Considerations

- Server Equipment
 - Business issue* Replacement cost
 - Technology issue Capacity
- Server Operating System
 - Business issue* Training cost
 - Technology issue Multiprocessing capability

* Indicates issue taking precedence in selection process

IMI-18



C/S Prime Vendor Considerations

- Client Operating System
 - Business issue* Investment in base
 - Technology issue Capacity
- Network Operating System
 - Business issue* Investment in base (Netware)
 - Technology issue NT integration

* Indicates issue taking precedence in selection process

IMI-19



C/S Prime Vendor Considerations

- DB Management Software
 - Business issue Cost of change
 - Technology issue* Interface and portability
- Application Development Tools
 - Business issue Investment and cost
 - Technology issue* New tools

* Indicates issue taking precedence in selection process

IMI-20



Influence of IT Decision Makers 1983-1998				
	Level of Influence			
Function	1983	1993	1998	
Individual User	Low	Medium	Medium	
Functional Mid-Mgt.	Low	Medium	High	
Funct. Exec.	Medium	High	High	
IS Mid. Mgt.	High	Low	Low	

IMI-21

CIO

CEO/COO

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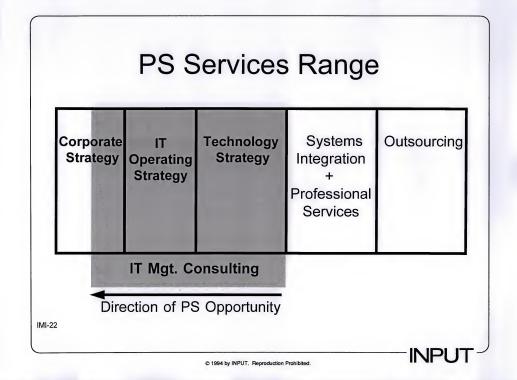
High

High

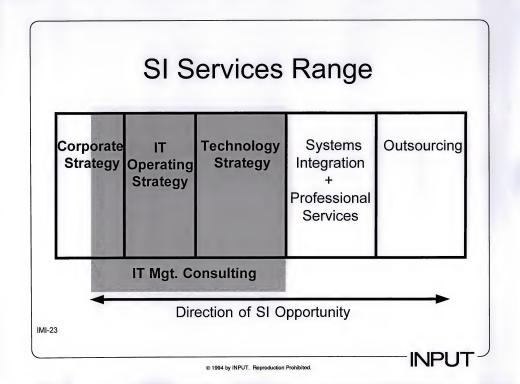
Medium Low High High

INPL

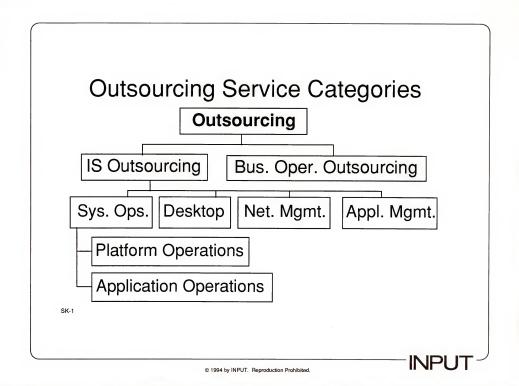


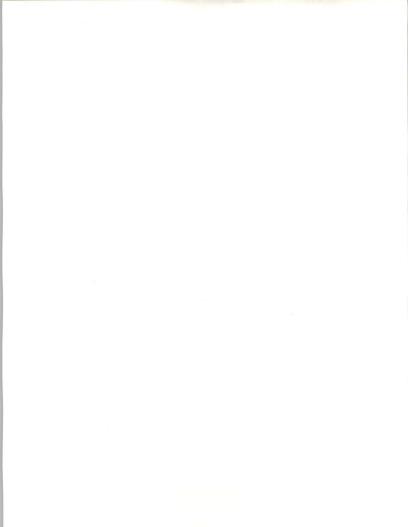




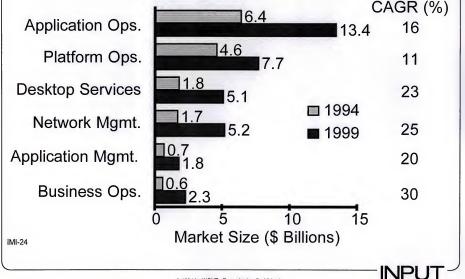








Outsourcing Market, 1994-1999





ISSC–Current

Strengths	Weaknesses
Data Center outsourcing	IBM bias
Size	Corporate confusion
Advantis alliance	Solution selling
Market awareness	Client/Server

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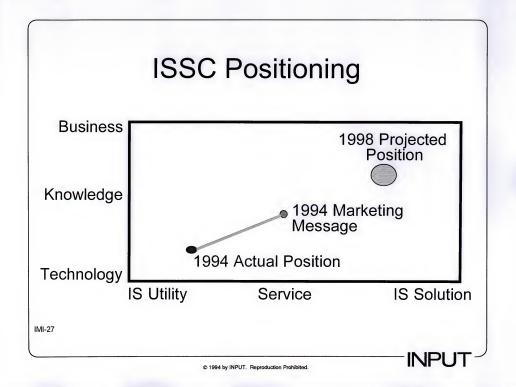
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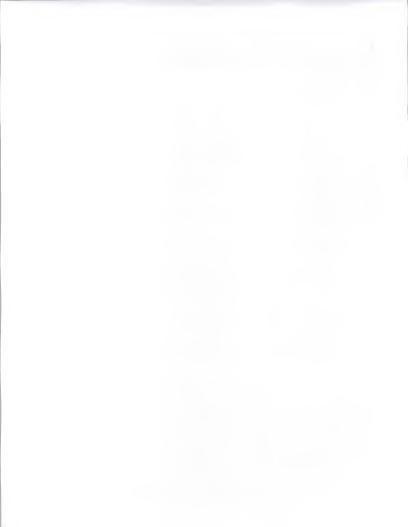


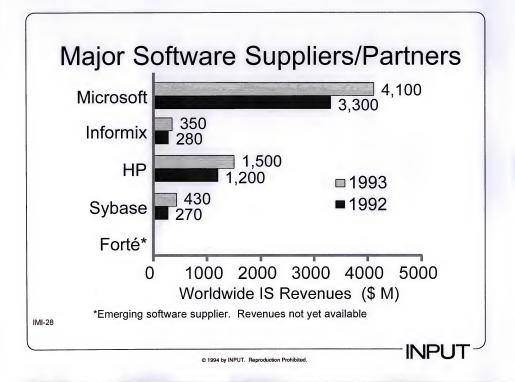
ISSC-Future (1998+)

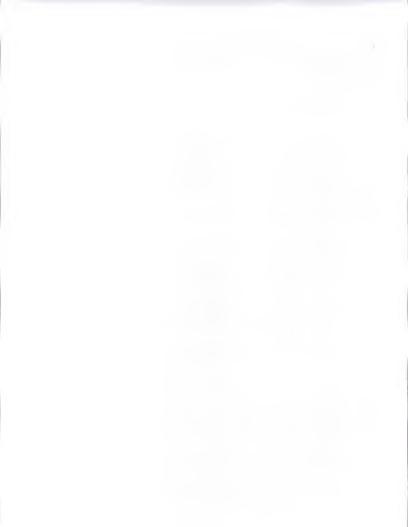
Strengths	Weaknesses	
IS solutions	Business process solutions	
Technology	IBM bias	
IT resources	Profitability	
Market awareness	Sales strategy	
IMI-26		
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IMI Fit With Partner Strengths

	IMI Benefit	Partner
Microsoft	Future platforms	Databases, tools
Informix	Vertical leads	VAR program
HP	Object platforms	Large accounts
Sybase	Mainframe access	VAR program
Forté	Rapid deployment	Technology

IMI-29

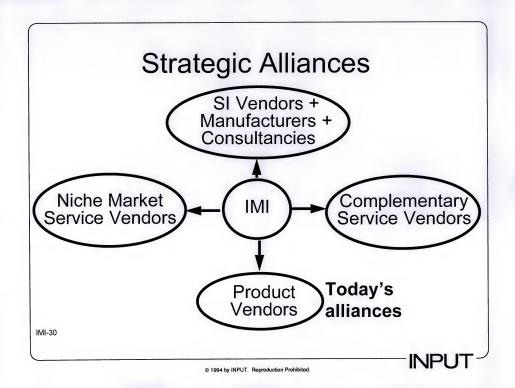
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OPTLOHAL SEC. PART







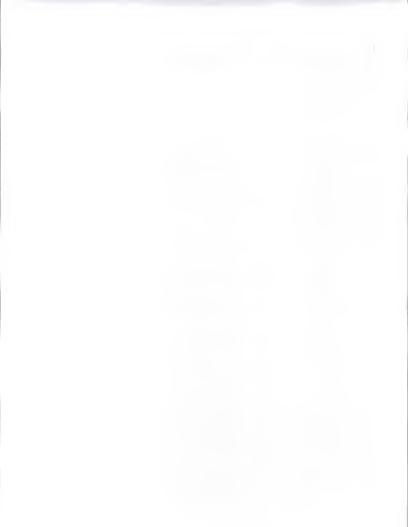
Selecting Partners Technology suppliers - Hardware manufacturers Software vendors - System integrators Corporate investors Prime contractors Major accounts IMI-31 © 1994 by INPUT. Reproduction Prohibited



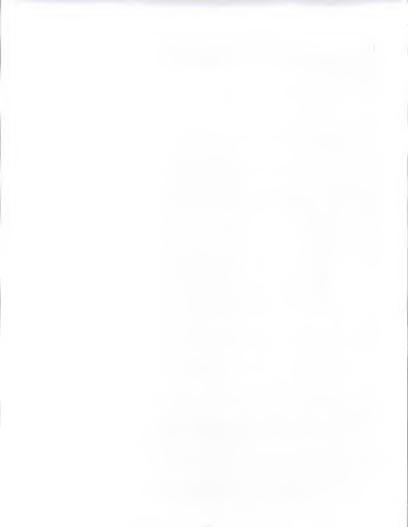
Selection Criteria

- World class reputation
- · Financial and marketing muscle
- Non-competitive
- IMI is critical to partner's success
- Partner's senior management supports IMI

IMI-32







Territory

- How can IMI support large multinationals?
- Will partners sell into select markets?
 Geographical, verticals, applications
- · How does IMI intend to grow internationally?
- Should IMI focus on a local region?

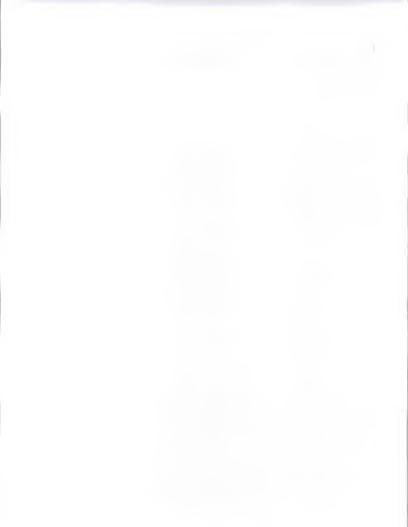
IMI-34



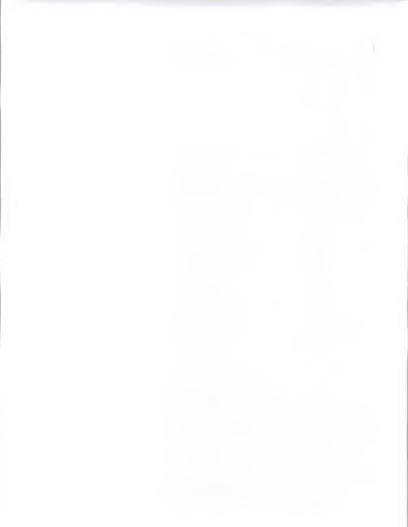
Off-shore Development

- Lower costs
- Ability to balance slack better
- Appropriate for straightforward code
- Rapidly growing opportunities

IMI-35



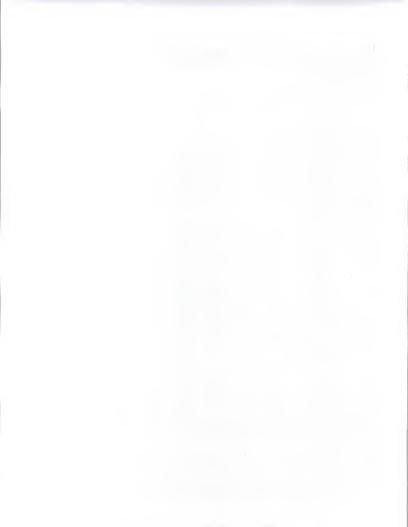
Focus What are IMI's core competencies? Can some functions be done better by partners? Which areas are best for large companies? Where can IMI specialize? IMI-36

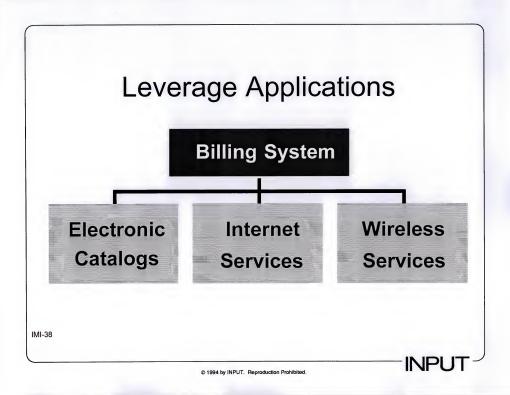


IMI's Software Assets

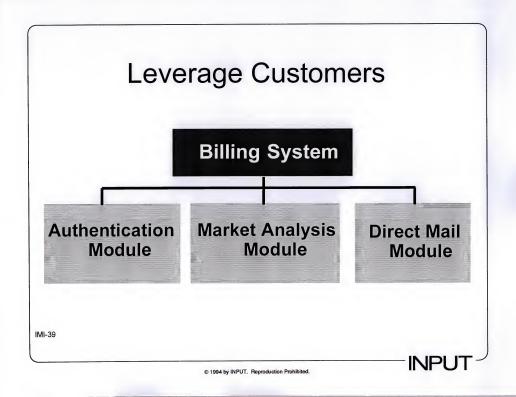
- How does IMI manage software assets?
- Competitive advantage
 - Time to market
 - Rapid application development
 - Fewer errors, enhanced reliability
- Application frameworks
- Licensing opportunities

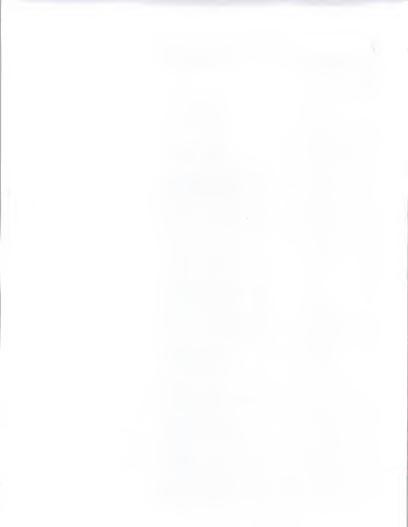
IMI-37











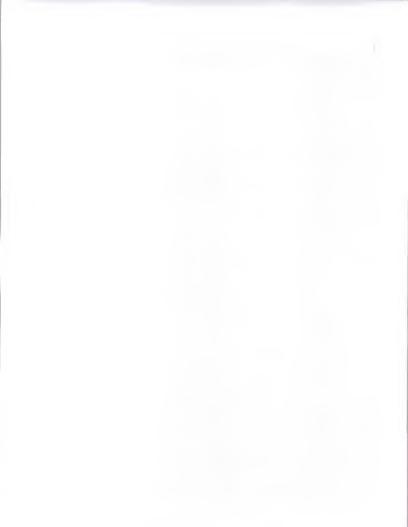
What IMI Needs From Partners

	IMI	Partners
Direct sales	Small direct force	Large direct force
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Tech support	Clients via E-mail	For major users
Training	Franchise	Train users
Expertise	Applications	Major accounts
Contracting	Usually sub	Usually prime

IMI-40

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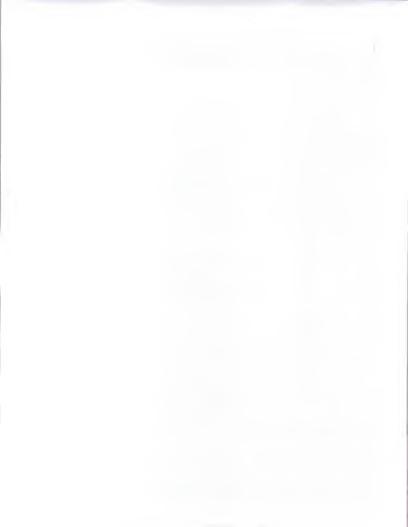
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Ask All Partners For ...

- Leads and referrals
- Joint sales calls
- Co-op advertising
- Use of brand name
- Trade show space
- Opportunity to speak to user groups

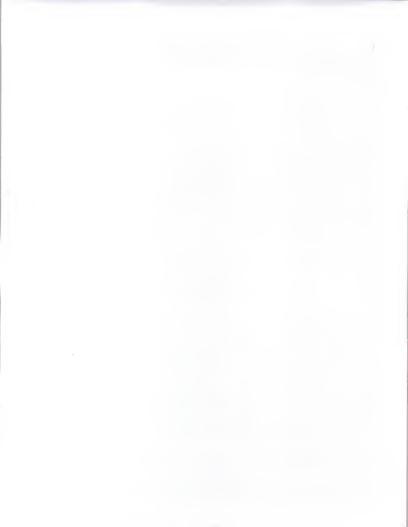
IMI-41



Ask Hardware Vendors For ...

- Porting fee
- Loaner machines
- Lead referral bonus
 - For supplying hardware sales leads

IMI-42



Ask Software Partners For ...

- Developer support
 - Microsoft Devcon
- Early software releases
- Access to latest bug fixes
- Programmer training

IMI-43



Is Powersoft a Good Partner?

	IMI	Powersoft
Direct sales	Sells direct	Wants resellers
Marketing	Low visibility	High visibility
Tech support	For application	First rate
Training	Opportunity	Supports trainers
Expertise	Applications	Packaged tools
Contracting	Yes	No

IMI-44

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INP

