Interim Report/Worksession

ANALYSIS OF THE BUSINESS MANAGEMENT ORGANIZATION

Prepared for

Litton Computer Services

July 6, 1994

Prepare by

## INPUT

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## STUDY OUTLINE

- 1. What are the key issues?
- 2. How have similarly-situated companies addressed these issues? What can LCS learn from their experience (discussion)?
- 3. What are the positives and negatives of major alternatives for LCS?
- 4. INPUT recommendations
- 1 and 2: Addressed on July 6
- 3 and 4: Addressed on July 25



# OBJECTIVE: SET UP AN ORGANIZATION THAT OPTIMIZES THE MAJOR FACTORS

#### **Factors**

- Customer contact functions
- · Prior customer relationships
- Services offered (current, potential)
- · Vendor skills and capabilities
- Geography
- Organizational culture



## CUSTOMER CONTACT FUNCTIONS

Function	Time Duration	Characteristics of Role	
Sales	Generally Finite	•	Transaction-oriented
Service Delivery	Finite or Ongoing (depends on service)	• •	Project/process management Content-oriented
Relationship Management	On-going	•	Large and/or complex and/or high-potential accounts
		·	Generally, non-technical: Define solutions
		•	Aim as high in client organization as possible

LITTON COMPUTER SERVICES



## CUSTOMER CONTACT ORGANIZATIONAL ISSUES

- The organization structure
  - Define responsibilities of the jobs that carry out each function
  - Show relationships between functions
- This is critical, affects day-to-day operations and ultimate success
  - Functional "hand-offs" as customers cross "boundaries" (customers should not be aware of the process - the process should seem natural, occurring as a result of their needs)
  - Cooperation between functions
  - Areas of potential conflict or unnecessary overlap should be identified and managed

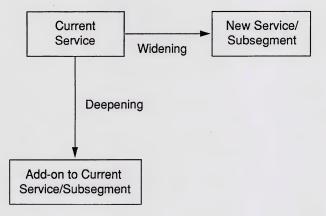


## **BUILDING ON PRIOR CUSTOMER RELATIONSHIPS**

- "Deepening" vs. "Widening"
- · "Deepening": Often feasible to rely primarily on project managers
- · "Widening": Tricky issue. Handling depends on
  - Size, direction of account
  - Capabilities and positioning of project manager
  - Size and criticality of opportunity (to both vendor and customer)



# Deepening and Widening Customer Relationships





### SERVICES AND SERVICE SUBSEGMENTS

#### (Subbasements can overlap)

Professional services/SI

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- Primarily technically-driven (e.g., networks)
- Primarily driven by business function needs (e.g., reservation systems)

Data center outsourcing

- "Traditional" (cycles)
- Ongoing vs. transitional
- Follow-on to building new system

Desktop services

- Due to their cost, these are rarely offered separately. [This could change in the future if and when desktop services become more standard and proceduralized.]
- Desktop services are assumed to be offered in conjunction with another service

Generally speaking, offering

- The same subsegment to the same customer is "deepening"
- A different subsegment to the same customer is "broadening"



## VENDOR SKILLS AND CAPABILITIES: IMPACT ON ORGANIZATION

- · Criticality of customer perception
- Technical skills
- Functional/vertical/applications knowledge
- Ability to manage and mobilize skills
- Partnering
- Leveraging skills of key individuals [if there is not a good fit for a key performer, then the proposed organization should be reexamined]



## GEOGRAPHY

- Strategic issues: E.g.
  - California focus
  - Vertical specializations (national, worldwide)
  - Tactical issues: E.g.,

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- Territorial assignments vs. account management



## ORGANIZATIONAL CULTURE

- Some organizational and operational decisions are applicable to certain cultures and situations.
- Example: EDS and Andersen recruitment/expectation practices

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- Hire bright college grads with no particular technical or industry background
- Main way they prove themselves is by long hours and willingness to accept frequent, long-term transfers.
- This affects types of projects accepted, use of technology, geographic organization and promotion policies (among others)



## HOW HAVE SIMILARLY-SITUATED COMPANIES ADDRESSED THESE ISSUES?

- How is each vendor organized?
- How are key issues addressed by each vendor?
- What are the strengths and weaknesses of their respective approaches?
- Why did each one take the approach that it did? Were there specific objectives involved? What are the unique factors?
- · What are similarities and differences across vendors



# Summary Profile of Andersen Consulting

Business Offerings:	Andersen provides a full line of services ranging from business process re-engineering to applications management. Their marketing approaches emphasizes 'business integration' — the linkage of core business components. They view these services as a continuum, but have recently placed more emphasis on BPR and change management as an entry strategy for new customers. Although Andersen considered a full fledged entry into outsourcing in the early 1990's, changes in strategy and partnership at the top levels have essentially reduced focus in that area. However, Andresne still considers outsourcing of processing activities as part of the spectrum of services; and has made substantial commitments to network services and processing centers to support its outsourcing clients. It would prefer however, to have facilities or network management agreements tied to substantial professional services contracts involving applications development and maintenance. In addition to the full spectrum of IT consulting and systems related services Andersen Consulting actively promotes the sale/licensing of internally developed software and methodologies, and almost invariably proposes the use of these offerings as part of a typical SI proposal.
Target Markets:	Andersen commits major resources to six industry practice groups, and considers industry focus key to remaining relevant to the marketplace. It is truly a global organization with national practice offices in 47 countries. Over half of its annual revenues now come from outside the United States, and it claims that more than 70% of its work involves the application of C/S technology.
Organization:	Andersen has over 151 offices and 26,000 employees worldwide. The line organization consists of three major groups, Americas, Europe/Middle East/Africa/India and Asia Pacific. Unlike most of the other "Big 6", Andersen maintains a substantial corporate staff to support technology initiatives, practice strategy, market development, education and training, quality management and technology services. Market development is key, housing managing directors for each major vertical market segment as well as the managing partners for functional areas such as products, change management and strategic services.



Summary Profile -Andersen Consulting

## Sales and Marketing Approach

Issue	How Addressed	Comments
Customer Contacts:		
- Sales	As with most consulting partnerships, sales is the direct responsibility of line operations and a chief occupation of cach partner. Andersen makes more use of the direct reports to partners in this process than most of the "Big 6", but the process is essentially the same. Sophisticated processes are employed by staff specialists for the analysis of large or risky deals, and specialists exist to support line managers in the preparation of "engagement letters" (proposals).	Corporate networking, an extensive use of an intelligence network developed for LOTUS Notes, client forums and annual meetings are used to develop both existing and prospective clients. Andersen probably conducts more market research in support of sales than any other major systems integrator.
	Multinational deals are generally put together by the partners themselves, setting the framework for their respective offices' participation in such engagements.	Deals are what they are. Assumption of risk and split of the pie can all be negotiated.
- Delivery	Outside of executive level strategy consulting, most engagements are actually delivered by an Andersen "manager", one level below partner, although partners hold the final responsibility and will participate in a planning and review role. Managers are expected to be involved, generally on site, on a day to day basis and maintain close client contact.	Multi-disciplinary teams may be drawn from through the partnership regardless of geography. Andersen has a unique system built on LOTUS notes which allows team members to seek solutions and specific expertise throughout the partnership.
	Andersen software products (and those of its alliances are actively promoted) where appropriate and implementation is generally conducted by Andersen personnel.	While not known for their programming skills, Andersen generally has a good reputation for delivery.
<ul> <li>Relationship Management</li> </ul>	Relationship management is a tri-cornered hat, in most instances involving the geographic partner, the industry expert partner and the on-site project manager.	Upon project completion, responsibility for follow-on, if no additional work is immediately at hand will fall to the partner with geographic responsibility
- Management of Process	The partner in charge of the account manages both the sales and implementation process through the assigned manager. Strict adherence to Andersen's processes is the rule	Andersen is well known for its military style approach to training. Everyone knows the process by the time they are assigned to an engagement.



Summary Profile -Andersen Consulting

Issue	How Addressed	Comments
Current Customers	Partners generally have responsibility for more than one account and actively pursue the extension of services in each account. On-site implementation managers generally move on to the next assignment once a specific engagement is completed.	Partners responsible for a given account encourage on-going meetings, participation in industry and Andersen forums and other activities to maintain an account presence.
New Customers	Other than the initial sales contact, new customers and current customers are managed in a similar manner. Although, new customers, particularly during cultivation are likely to get more on-site attention from senior partners than established accounts.	Andersen Consulting is expert at assembling the "right" personnel to win a contract. They will use a tiered approach to attack the account on several levels, CEO, CIO, etc.
Industry Specialization Geography	Industries: All — but truly significant in Financial Services, Healthcare, Utilities, Telecom, Produest and Government. Specialization: BPR, C/S Migration, manufacturing systems. Geography: Worldwide	In terms of specialization Andersen has developed a number of applications packages and operates several Business Integration Centers for R&D and marketing purposes

#### Sales and Marketing Approach (Continued)

Team Mobilization:

Andersen draws upon resources from multiple geographies and organizations to form the required sales and implementation teams. Knowledge Exchange, an internal LOTUS Notes based system, facilitates the identification of individuals and solutions required to meet client requirements. According to internal resources, teams can be assembled within one to two days to address most situations. Everyone is expected to get on the plane and go!

As is the case with most other partnerships, fees for the services performed by personnel not directly under the account manager are paid for via transfer charges. In Andersen's case rates may actually be negotiated between partners.

The six Business Integration Centers (Logistics 2000, Process 2000, Smart Store, Retail Place, Hospital of the Future and the Technology Integration Center) may become partners as part of a team effort.



Partnering:

Andersen has too many partners and alliances to enumerate here. Relationships cover the full gamu of business arrangements. To manage this myriad of or relationships Andersen has created the Business Integration Partnership for establishing and managing business relationships with third party providers of hardware, software and specialized services. This unit is also responsible for developing alternative channels and the generation of margin from the sale of thirdparty products.



## Organization Chart Andersen Consulting



- Market Development has partners and supporting organizations for each major vertical industry group.
- \*\* Technology services houses training, CIO function and applications software
- · Regional practice areas have vertical industry partners
- · Regional practice areas have technology partners.

Shaded boxes indicate principal organizations involved in marketing, sales and account management for the commerical market place.



## Summary Profile of CSC

#### **Business Offerings:**

Serving government and commercial clients, CSC provides strategy and management consulting, business re-engineering, information technology consulting, requirements analysis, software development systems integration and outsourcing services.

In addition, CSC has a number of industry specific applications software and turnkey systems packages which it markets directly or in conjunction with SI engagements.

Target Markets: CSC maintains a dominant position federal market place which contributes about half of its total revenues. It targets Fortune 1000 companies in the commercial market place and has moved increasingly to a vertical industry focus; although not nearly as strongly as EDS or the "Big 6". It has a significant position in European markets, and also operates in Australia.

Organization: The company is organized into five major groups. The Systems Group is primarily focused on the federal government. The Consulting Group provides management consulting, systems integration and technology consulting services to the commercial marketplace. CSC Europe provides consulting services to public and private businesses in Europe. The Industry Services Group serves vertical markets with industryspecific services primarily directed at the healthcare, consumer finance and insurance market. And, the Technology Management Group is responsible for overseeing all commercial outsourcing-related activities in the U.S.

> The consulting group consists of four units. CSC consulting is the largest organization and is the primary deliverer of commercial SI services. CSC Index focuses on BPR and CSC Intelicom on telecommunications consulting. The fourth unit, CSC Research and Advisory Services supports the others with research services and the development of methodologies and best practices.



Summary Profile -CSC

Issue	How Addressed	Comments
Customer Contacts:		
- Sales	The sales activity varies by product line. SI and BPR services are sold directly by partners within CSC Consulting units. The approach is similar to Andersen's or other "Big 6" organizations.	For accounts that require both S1 and outsourcing services, it is necessary for each group to seek out the appropriate resources from the other to support the sales process. This process is facilitated by the
	The Outsourcing Marketing Division provides a centralized marketing and sales resources to identify and pursue industry-specific outsourcing opportunities in the commercial and government markets Not unlike EDS, when outsourcing deals are closed, account management responsibility moves directly to an account manager who organizationally reports to the operations side.	Outsourcing Marketing Division.
- Delivery	Project organizations are formed and headed up by the account manager. Staffing for development efforts typically comes from CSC Consulting, but occasionally alliances with either outside firms or CSC's federal arm are formed to put the right group together. If outsourcing is involved in addition to SI services, the Technology Management Division will frequently act as a subcontractor to the consulting organization.	To a large extent deals that require participation from both major delivery organizations are put together on a custom basis. But the unwritten rule is that however they are put together, they will come under the management of one account manager. Revenue splits between the divisions are agreed to in advance.
	When outsourcing accounts require consulting services, the outsourcing account manager will subcontract to the consulting group for services	
<ul> <li>Relationship Management</li> </ul>	Relationship management is under the control of the account manager.	The Outsourcing Marketing Division maintains key programs with both suppliers and customers.
<ul> <li>Management of Process</li> </ul>	As is the case with other industry participants, CSC has formalized processes methodologies and tools that is uses in both sales and delivery.	

## Sales and Marketing Approach



#### Sales and Marketing Approach (Continued)

Issue	How Addressed	Comments	
Current Customers	Current customers are totally the responsibility of account managers		
New Customers	Depending on whether they come into CSC from the outsourcing or consulting side, they are likely to be handled differently.	(See comments in Sales above.)	
Industry Specialization Geography	Industries: Federal government, and most other vertical sectors. Specialization: C/S-based systems integration Geography: Primarily U.S. & Europe		

Team Mobilization: Teams are built on a custom basis to meet client needs. For large deals involving outsourcing the Outsourcing Marketing Division acts as a catalyst to bring together the most appropriate information technology experts and technologies across CSC to solve individual client problems.

Partnering: CSC has alliances or agreements with a number of suppliers of hardware and software, but usually uses its own resources in implementation engagements.



#### Organization Chart Computer Sciences Corporation



Shaded boxes indicate principal organizations involved in marketing, sales and account management for the commerical market place.



## Summary Profile of Deloitte & Touche

Business Offerings: D&T's Information Technology Practice consists of a full spectrum of offerings ranging from BPR (Business Process Re-Engineering), through systems integration, development and implementation. D&T will do applications maintenance on an on-going basis. But it is not considered a primary line of business. These offerings are supported by a variety of methodology and software tools packaged under the name of **4Front**. They have recently added a new set of tools to support business process re-engineering under the name of **ROI**. Although these products may be licensed to clients their primary objective is support of the core service practice.

Target Markets: Focus is on multi-national corporations (MNCs) and large national entities (LNEs).

Organization: Overall direction and strategy is managed by a global practice office composed of partners who head up major world geographies. Technology partners and some partners with specific vertical industry expertise also operate at this level. U.S. operations is managed out of a national practice office composed of regional managing partners and partners who head up COEs (Centers of Expertise). At present their are four such centers with a fifth being currently implemented:

- Cross Industry Applications
- SAP
- Telecomm
- Systems Integration
- Information Management Studies (In development)

U.S. organization is divided into three regional practices. Each region has senior partners with specific vertical industry expertise.



Summary Profile - Deloitte & Touche

#### Comments How Addressed Issue Customer Contacts: D&T is very effective at using - Sales Essentially conducted by regional practice industry sources for new leads. partners. Sources of leads include referrals, Gain insight through annual CIO national vertical industry practice managers, survey. Heavy commitments made deliberately planned ongoing contact with existing customers. Proposal preparation, risk to industry association speaking assessment supported by specialist at regional engagements. or local office level. A partner is assigned to every engagement. If Multi-disciplinary teams may be - Delivery drawn from through the partnership BPR is involved partner my come from regardless of geography. COE staff industry-specialist ranks. Emphasis is on multi-disciplinary teams for consulting and and industry specialists usually included. Development work design phases. Much of the implementation contracted out only to firms trained work will go to local D&T personnel or be contracted out to traditional professional in D&T methodology/tools services firms. Delivery for multinational engagements is centrally managed in the client headquarters country. Upon project completion, the lead - Relationship Usually the relationship is managed by the partner remains assigned to the Management selling partner to achieve continuity. account for further business However, exceptions are made. development purposes The composition of team members The partner in charge of the account manages - Management of both the sales and implementation process will usually vary over time Process depending on the phase of the through a team approach relationship. Partners may have responsibility for more than Partner account managers facilitate Current Customers account participation in D&T one account depending on account size. technology research and industry Account plans are maintained for each existing account. forums. New Customers Account plans are developed to assess long term account potential at initial engagement. Industries: Manufacturing, Healthcare, Industry Finance, Public Sector, Utilities Specialization Specialization: BPR, C/S Migration, Geography manufacturing systems. Geography: Worldwide, recent emphasis on European markets.

#### Sales and Marketing Approach



#### Team Mobilization:

As is the case with most of the "Big 6", D&T draws upon resources from multiple geographies to form the required sales and implementation teams. Internal information systems assist project managers in identifying unique applications or technology skills regardless of location. COEs are used extensively for these resources, and D&T relies on a uniform approach to training to ensure familiarity of team members with standard methodologies and tools.

It is the responsibility of the account manager to "negotiate" with other partners in the firm to secure the services of professionals for participation on an engagement. Internal per diem or hourly charges are processed in the formal of accounting transfers to handle keep "score" on the financial performance for partners' individual practices.

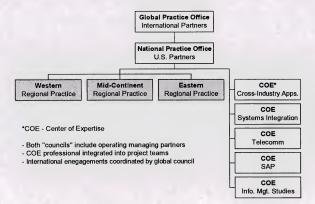
Partnering: D&T has only a few strategic alliances. They specifically state that they are not in the business of selling hardware, software or development tools. However, they do maintain some alliances:

- SAP (Manufacturing systems)
- Oracle (Distributed Relational DB Management Systems)
- IBM (Business Recovery and Systems Integration)
- Texas Instruments (IEF)
- Dun & Bradstreet Software (Mainframe Applications)
- Software 2000

Working relationships have developed with all of these organizations over time, and in all instances, these firms either provide services or software as a subcontractor to D&T. Contractual and other business relationships are largely pre-determined through the alliance arcrements.



#### Organization Chart Deloitte & Touche



Shaded boxes indicate principal organizations involved in marketing, sales and account management for the commerical market place.



#### Summary Profile of EDS

#### Business Offerings:

Until a few years ago EDS was primarily known as a facilities management and processing services company. Today it provides a full spectrum of services (business consulting, systems design & development, systems integration, systems management, and business process management. Unlike the "Big 6" and because of its heritage as a facilities management provider, EDS has extensive infrastructure worldwide to give it economy of scale in terms of providing ongoing network, outsourcing and processing services. However, in recent years it has elected to focus its attention on being a supplier of business solutions and has made significant inroads into the systems integration market place.

Target Markets: EDS' target markets are global in scope and include all industry groups. In the early 90s it organized along industry lines, and began to make significant investments in the creation of a consulting organization to compete in the high-end management consulting market.

Organization: EDS is a subsidiary of GM, but its stock is traded publicly. Strategy and direction are established by the "leadership council". Individual members of the council usually have both line and staff activities reporting to them, and units are interchanged between council members on a fairly regular basis. From the point of view of marketing, sales and delivery of its services, EDS is organized into strategic business units (SBUs). Each SBU has a marketing, sales, systems and operations activity and relies on strategic support units (SSUs) within the organization to provide specific types of services to customers in a matrixed manner. SBUs develop applications software to support their areas of industry focus. Major SBUs include, manufacturing, General Motors, financial, transportation, communications, energy and insurance. Both SBUs and strategic support units are expected to make a profit; the former from customer contracts, the latter from support charges to the SBUs.



Sales a	nd Marketing	Approach
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Issue	How Addressed	Comments
Customer Contacts:		
- Sales	The sales activity is the responsibility of each SBU. Large SBUs, such as manufacturing, may have specialized sales units to support specific sub-industries such as high-tech manufacturing. Multiple sales functions exist in the financial services and other SBUs as well.	EDS, despite its outward corporate formality is fundamentally an organization of self-motivated individuals and teams. People are frequently given assignments beyond the scope of their authority or organizational resources and measured on their ability of vol it".
	Sales organizations are extremely knowledgeable in their SBU's industry sectors. New hires are mentored by "old pros". They are well paid, and are financially motivated to support each other in closing large accounts.	In sales, the winners "do it" by working the organization and assembling the right resources to get the deal done.
	During the sales process, sales personnel linc up the appropriate internal resources to assist in proposal generations, etc., but by and large, they close the deal — using whatever other resources are required.	EDS has been able to get this approach to work in both the sale of as SI and professional services as ell as its traditional outsourcing services.
- Delivery	When an account is considered a high probability close a search is conducted within the SBU to identify a potential account manager. Since most of EDS' deals involved long-term operational commitments, this selection is critical and may represent a career shift and/or relocation for the candidate. Account managers come from operations.	Delivery for most of EDS' deals involves longer term commitments than the typical development project. People joining the delivery team frequently make an organizational change for the opportunity.
	Delivery teams are pulled together from within the SBUs, but frequently people will migrate over from support services units such as C/S or network management to join the team.	Project or account teams make every effort possible to "move in" with the customer, becoming, in effect, part of the clients organization.
	Once a deal is closed, the account manager is king. He or she will call on sales for potential extensions to the contract/etc., but the account managers authority is seldom questioned.	1.0
<ul> <li>Relationship Management</li> </ul>	Relationship management is under the control of the account manager. Only a major failure in delivery or a direct request from the customer could undermine this authority	Account managers report to the operations unit within the SBU.
<ul> <li>Management of Process</li> </ul>	EDS has extensive and well developed processes to support all of its offerings, these may be tailored to the specific account.	Measurement processes are much more clearly defined in EDS contracts than with other firms.

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Sales	and	Marketing	Approach
		(Continued)	

Issue	How Addressed	Comments
Current Customers	Current customers are totally the responsibility of account managers	
New Customers	When a new customer is brought on board, sales may remain part of the team until the account has stabilized.	
Industry Specialization Geography	Industries: All — particularly strong in manufacturing, and financial services Specialization: Transitional outsourcing where client is migrating to C/S. Geography: Worldwide	Growing presence according to competitors in healthcare

Team Mobilization:

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Since sales offices are generally co-located with the support services necessary to allow the sales process to proceed with little corporate involvement. To the extent possible delivery teams are built through internal networking and the integration of client personnel. As a result team mobilization tends to be more local than it is with the typical partnership organization. However, individuals are recruited on a long term or "consulting" basis from throughout the organization. And, consistent with EDS' practices, can elect or reject the option of a long term relocation (organizationally and/or physically) with relatively little fear of organizational reprisal.

Partnering: EDS has various ongoing relationships with more than 5,000 vendors worldwide. A sampling of current joint ventures, joint development and other agreements includes the following:

> Joint Ventures: Sony, Hughes Aircraft, 3Com, Compaq, Orion Pritzker, Olivetti, Beijing Municipal Government, Telefonica, China Management Systems, Lucky Goldstar, CAMI Automotive, STM (Korea), Hitachi Data Systems Holding Corporation, Apple Computer, and Emperion

> Joint Development: AT&T, IBM, Sun Microsystems, France Telecom, and CADAM

Agreements: Interpractice Systems, Hewlett-Packard, Intergraph, CGI Systems, Apple Computer.

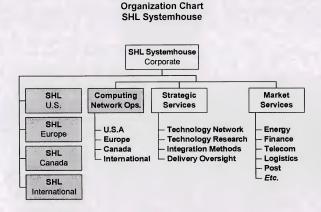




Shaded boxes indicate principal organizations involved in marketing, sales and account management for the commerical market place.

- · Each group executive may have multiple business units and/or support units.
- · Some corporate staff functions, such as marketing belong to group executives.
- · Strategic support units support multiple industry groups.





Shaded boxes indicate principal organizations involved in marketing, sales and account management for the commerical market place.



# SUMMARY OF ORGANIZATIONAL PRACTICES: SALES (GENERAL)

1.	Summary of Practice	es	
Vendo	or	He	ow Addressed
Ander	sen	•	Partners take lead; process managed by geographic partner
CSC		•	Separate sales forces by product line
Deloit	te	•	Partners take lead: process managed by geographic partner
EDS		•	Sales people within each SBU
2.	Overall Comments		

- No "best practice"
- Primarily driven by vendor history



# SUMMARY OF ORGANIZATIONAL PRACTICES: SALES (NEW CUSTOMERS)

Vendor	H	ow Addressed
Andersen	•	Receive disproportionate partner attention
CSC		Separate sales forces for outcoursing and consulting
CSC .	•	Separate sales forces for outsourcing and consulting
Deloitte	•	Geographic and/or specialist partner develops opportunity
EDS		Separate sales force

- 2. Overall Comments
- Trend is toward a separate sales organization focussed on new business.



## SUMMARY OF ORGANIZATIONAL PRACTICES: SALES (CURRENT CUSTOMERS)

Vendor	How Addressed
Andersen	Geographic partner mines account; supported by on-site project managers
CSC	Account manager mines account
Deloitte	"Delivery" partner mines account
EDS	Mined by account manager (who calls in other resources)

- 2. Overall Comments
- · Accounts are "mined" by a hands-on person



#### SUMMARY OF ORGANIZATIONAL PRACTICES: DELIVERY FUNCTIONS

Vendor	How Addressed
Andersen	<ul> <li>On-site project manager (Senior Manager or Associate Partner)</li> </ul>
	Oversight by geographic partner
CSC	CSC Consulting (old Index unit) takes lead and appointed     account manager
Deloitte	• Partner or senior manager (depending on size of job)
	Specialist partner may take lead
EDS	Account manager is key person
	<ul> <li>Appointed at the time proposal shows high probability of success</li> </ul>

- 2. Overall Comments
- · "Resident" manager assumes responsibility



#### SUMMARY OF ORGANIZATIONAL PRACTICES: RELATIONSHIP MANAGEMENT

## 1. Summary of Practices

How Addressed
Geographic partner, on-site project manager and matrixed     "expert" partner
Account managers
Managed by selling partner
<ul> <li>Account managers (and assistant account managers for large and/or complex accounts)</li> </ul>

## 2. Overall Comments

· Relationship management is a key function in all vendors.



#### SUMMARY OF ORGANIZATIONAL PRACTICES: SERVICES COORDINATION

Vendor	How Addressed
Andersen	Outsourcing is a minor activity
CSC	CSC breaking down barriers between autonomous product
	units
Deloitte	Outsourcing is a minor activity
EDS	<ul> <li>Account manager is king (product mix is relatively transparent)</li> </ul>

- 2. Overall Comments
- EDS is a good conceptual model



# SUMMARY OF ORGANIZATIONAL PRACTICES: VERTICAL INDUSTRY

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Vendor	How Addressed
Andersen	Matrixed; geographic partner generally controls
	Very deep vertically-oriented organization
CSC	Vertical organizations still in formative stages
Deloitte	• Key verticals are supported by specialist partners
	(matrixed)
EDS	• Vertically-oriented SBUs are dominant

1. Summary of Practices

# 2. Overall Comments

Vertical knowledge/sales becoming critical differentiator



# SUMMARY OF ORGANIZATIONAL PRACTICES: GEOGRAPHIC

1. Summary of Fractices	
Vendor	How Addressed
Andersen	Geographic partner takes lead
CSC	Geography not an important factor
cae	• Geography not an important factor
Deloitte	Geographic partner usually takes lead or plays key role
EDS	• Geography not an important factor (within U.S.)

2. Overall Comments

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- Geographic organization becoming less important as industry/application knowledge becomes more important.
- · Relationship management usually has a geographic flavor
- IBM has shown weaknesses of geographic approach



# SUMMARY OF ORGANIZATIONAL PRACTICES: ORGANIZING TEAMS

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Vendor	How Addressed
Andersen	• Geographic partner and "expert" partner(s) negotiate
	Strong cultural bias to meet client needs
CSC	Ad hoc, usually effective
Deloitte	• Similar to Andersen, but less depth in-house
	More likely to subcontract
EDS	SBUs are self-contained and buy services from each other
ED3	
	Strong cultural bias to meet-client needs

2. Overall Comments

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Summary of Practices

· Team organization is critical for carrying out large, complex projects









## INTERNATIONAL IT INTELLIGENCE SERVICES

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- · EDI/Electronic Commerce
- U.S. Federal Government IT Markets
- IT Customer Services Directions (Europe)

## SERVICE FEATURES

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- · Immediate answers to questions
- · On-site presentations

#### DATABASES

- Software and Services Market Forecasts
- · Software and Services Vendors
- U.S. Federal Government
   Procurement Plans (PAR,
  - APR)
  - Forecasts
  - Awards (FAIT )

# CUSTOM PROJECTS

#### For Vendors-analyze:

- · Market strategies and tactics
- · Product/service opportunities
- · Customer satisfaction levels
- · Competitive positioning
- · Acquisition targets

#### For Buyers-evaluate:

- · Specific vendor capabilities
- · Outsourcing options
- · Systems plans
- Peer position

# OTHER SERVICES

Acquisition/partnership searches

# INPUT WORLDWIDE

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M&S 459/01 11/94

